

**BRECON AND  
MONMOUTHSHIRE CANAL  
MONUMENTS RECORD CARD**

**Monument Number:  
MB163  
LLANOVER**

**Monument Name:** Bridge 82

**Map Reference:** 330649 208402

**Official Status:** National Park  
Listed Grade II – Ref. 87142

**Description:**

**Listing Description:**

History The Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal was promoted in 1792 to connect the upper Usk valley to the Monmouthshire Canal at Pontymoile and from there to the sea at Newport. Construction began in 1797, with Thomas Dadford Jnr. as engineer, and the first section, from Gilwern to Llangynidr was completed in that year, with the stretch as far as Brecon following in 1800. Work then stopped for a time with the result that the section to the Blaenavon Road east of Govilon was not completed until 1805, now with Thomas Cartwright as engineer. Further funds had to be raised and the last section from west of Llanfoist to Pontymoile was completed between 1809 and 1812, with William Crossley as engineer. Linked to the tramroads the canal was an important artery for trade in iron, lime and coal. In 1865 the Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal Company merged with the Monmouthshire Railway and Canal Company who owned the connecting canal from Pontymoile to Newport. Later still in 1880 the MR&CC was bought out by the Great Western Railway and gradually the canal was run down until it was abandoned finally in 1962. Restoration work was begun in 1964, and the canal is once again open between Pontymoile and Brecon with the title Monmouthshire and Brecon Canal.

Exterior: Accommodation and access bridge on a slight skew over the Monmouthshire and Brecon Canal. Semi-elliptical arch with voussoirs; squared, faced and coursed local sandstone; parapet with cock-and-hen coping, probably rebuilt in late C19; curving abutments. Bridge number on south face of arch. Towpath runs beneath bridge arch on east side.

Reason: Included for its special interest as one of the unaltered surviving early C19 Brecknock and Abergavenny canal bridges.

The bridge measures 5.500m along the towpath.

Images:





Condition:

Good but detailed survey of stonework desirable.

References:

Nicholson's Guides to the Waterways, Vol 3, South-west, pps 49-55.

R A Stevens, Brecknock and Abergavenny and Monmouthshire Canals (Towpath Guide No 2), Cambridge, 1974, p 55.

D Morgan Rees, The Industrial Archaeology of Wales, 1975, p 269.

John Newman, The Buildings of Wales, Gwent/Monmouthshire, Penguin Books, 2000, p333.

Notes: