BRECON AND MONMOUTHSHIRE CANAL MONUMENTS RECORD CARD

Monument Number: MB 162 LLANOVER

Monument Name:	Overflow between Bridges 82 and 83
Map Reference:	330632 208429
Official Status:	National Park
	Listed Grade II - Ref.87179

Description:

Listing Description:

History The Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal was promoted in 1792 to connect the upper Usk valley to the Monmouthshire Canal at Pontymoile and from there to the sea at Newport. Construction began in 1797, with Thomas Dadford Jnr. as engineer, and the first section, from Gilwern to Llangynidr was completed in that year, with the stretch as far as Brecon following in 1800. Work then stopped for a time with the result that the section to the Blaenavon Road east of Govilon was not completed until 1805, now with Thomas Cartwright as engineer. Further funds had to be raised and the last section from west of Llanfoist to Pontymoile was completed betwen 1809 and 1812, with William Crossley as engineer. Linked to the tramroads the canal was an important artery for trade in iron, lime and coal. In 1865 the Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal Company merged with the Monmouthshire Railway and Canal Company who owned the connecting canal from Pontymoile to Newport. Later still in 1880 the MR&CC was bought out by the Great Western Railway and gradually the canal was run down until it was abandoned finally in 1962. Restoration work was begun in 1964, and the canal is once again open between Pontymoile and Brecon with the title Monmouthshire and Brecon Canal.

Exterior Constructed of local sandstone rubble. The overflow is in the form of a D-shaped pond backing onto the towpath. There is a low curved wall about 1m high onto the towpath and this protects a drop the walling of which contains the sluices. Low wing wall beyond surrounding the paved pond.

Reason Included for its special interest as one of the unaltered surviving early C19 engineering features on the Brecknock and Abergavenny canal, an unusual and attractive feature.







Plate 31 Overflow weir and drain sluice north of bridge 82. The towing path is beyond the wall and the water in the upper pond is at canal level. It is connected to the canal by a culvert under the path. Water passing over the weir or through the drain sluice leaves the lower pond via culverts in the background and foreground.

Stevens' Picture

Condition: Good.

References:

Nicholson's Guides to the Waterways, Vol 3, South-west, pps 49-55. R A Stevens, Brecknock and Abergavenny and Monmouthshire Canals (Towpath Guide No 2), Cambridge, 1974, p 55.

D Morgan Rees, The Industrial Archaeology of Wales, 1975, p 269.	
Notes:	