# **GWYNEDD UPLAND SURVEY 1994 - 5**

# MOEL BRONMIOD G1199

Jones, S. 1995

REPORT AND GAZETTEER

Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Gwynedd Gwynedd Archaeological Trust

Report no. 149

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Survey work has been undertaken in 1994 -95 on a block of c. 6 square kilometres centred on Moel Bronmiod, east of Llanaelhaearn, on the north side of the neck of the Llŷn peninsula, as part of the Uplands Initiative funded by the Royal Commission on Ancient and Historical Monuments in Wales.

The area departs from those previously surveyed by the Trust in a number of ways. The main reasons for its selection were (1) it lies outside the main areas of upland survey already carried out in Gwynedd, (2) it represents a quite different 'type' of upland area from those already investigated, (3) it represents about half of a discreet block of upland with the potential for completion in future seasons and (4) at the start of the project, several archaeological sites within the area, including three scheduled ancient monuments (Cn52, Cn111 and Cn112), were recorded on the Sites and Monuments Record, and it was known (from information supplied by Cadw's field monument warden and one of the landowners) that several further sites of interest existed along the southern fringes of the area. The potential of the work for discovering further archaeological and historical sites therefore appeared considerable.

#### 2. BACKGROUND TO THE AREA

#### 2.1 General

The area covered by the survey comprises about 6 square kilometres and lies c. 3 kilometres east of Llanaelhaearn, Caernarfonshire (centred on SH4246), on the south-facing slopes of the mountain massif that falls down to the north coast. It lies within the district of Dwyfor, and extends over parts of Clynnog and Llanaelhaearn communities and the parishes of Clynnog and Llanaelhaearn. In the medieval period the area was in the administrative bounds of the Cantref of Arfon and the Commote of Uwch Gwyrfai and it encompasses part of the medieval Township of Cwm. Former common land within the survey area was enclosed in 1812.

#### 2.2 Geology and soils

The geology of the area is dominated by igneous intrusions of rhyolite which form the peaks of Moel Bronmiod and Pen-y-Gaer. To the north the Clipiau ridge is formed by siltstones and thin, fine grained sandstones (Roberts, 1979, 8). Bedded tuffs and andesite lavas (Caradoc) intrude in the south-west corner of the area, as does granodiorite which forms the peaks Gyrn Ddu and Gyrn Goch in the north-west. Blue and grey slates (Arenig - Llanvirn) are found in the valleys north of Moel Bronmiod and Pen-y- Gaer (Roberts, *ibid*). Such geological conditions have resulted in the presence of quantities of manganese which were exploited in the nineteenth century, as demonstrated by the number of trials and levels still found at the foot of Gyrn Ddu and north of Cwm Farm.

The soils are generally poor, the best land being situated along the southern frings of the area (where the 'best' archaeology was found), and already at the beginning of the nineteenth century Hyde Hall had pointed out that 'The eastern and higher parts of the parish consist chiefly of peat ground' (Hyde Hall, 1952, 216).

#### 2.3 Topography

The area of the survey covers the southern half of a relatively small, isolated, block of upland to the east of Llanaelhaearn on the Ll\(^\ext{p}\)n Peninsula. It is about 660 hectares in extent and characterised by four peaks up to 500m in height, with much of the land lying between 240m and 400m. Between the peaks are river valleys opening onto moorland cols. All of the land within the area is enclosed by stone walls. These have formed small fields on the lower slopes where three farms border the survey area, while the higher slopes of moorland or rough grassland are divided into large sheepwalks enclosed by stone walls and fences. In the north-east of the area there is a

bog, Corsddalfa. Numerous sheepfolds of recent and older origins are dotted about the area at most altitudes. A public footpath crosses the north-west of the area, while a small number of farm tracks are present on the lower slopes.

#### 2.4 Vegetation

The vegetation of the area is shown on map 4. Below the 300m contour most of the survey area is well-grazed 'improved' pasture, although some of it is quite wet, with lying surface water for much of the year. Above this height there is rough pasture of tussocky grass, becoming moorland over 350m, especially to the north of the area. The rough pasture and moorland tend to be naturally stony, as do the slopes of the four peaks which are largely scree slopes in places. In such areas of partially grass-covered scree and boulders, identification of archaeological sites, as opposed to naturally-formed features, is problematic.

To the east and north-east of Moel Bronmiod the valley is wet and peaty, showing evidence of attempts of drainage in the form of a complex network of artificial drainage ditches. However, to the north-east of Moel Bronmiod this has proved unsuccessful, and the area is very wet and covered in juncus, bog cotton and sphagnum moss, rendering the area virtually impossible to survey. Peat growth and coarse grass also cover the area around Corsddalfa and the eastern base of Gyrn Goch. The Clipiau outcrops are much drier, supporting gorse around their slopes.

#### 3. PROJECT METHODOLOGY SUMMARY

#### 3.1 Archive search

#### 3.1.1 Sources

Information about known sites in the area was obtained from Gwynedd Sites and Monuments Record, held by the Trust, and Royal Commission records in Aberystwyth. The Llanaelhaearn and Clynnog town/area index cards at the Gwynedd Archive Service in Caernarfon were also investigated. These revealed land ownership, industrial and other miscellaneous information. Copies of the 1:10,000 maps for the area were contained in the SMR, while the copies of the 1887 1:2500 (2nd and 1917 editions), along with the 1888 1:10560 (six inch) were consulted at the Gwynedd Archive Services, as was the tithe map and schedule of 1839, part of which is reproduced in appendix III and on map 3. There are no estate plans, maps or papers relating to the area.

#### 3.1.2 Known archaeology

At the outset of the project (summer 1994), the SMR recorded twenty-six archaeological sites within the area (see list below and map 1), of which seven were Scheduled Ancient Monuments (PRNs 99, 1314, 1316, 1322, 1323, 1324 and 1696). These sites demonstrated considerable variety in type and period, and included hut groups, field systems, long houses, pillow mounds, a medieval boundary bank, cairns and a hillfort.

PRN	NGR	Description
86	SH41744666	Medieval linear earthwork - Clawdd Seri
94	SH43574624	Medieval long hut
95	SH43514603	Medieval long hut
96	SH43444594	Enclosed hut group
97	SH43374582	Round hut
99	SH40584669	Cairns, summit of Gyrn Ddu
100	SH43434614	Cairn, possibly Bronze Age
119	SH43054607	Romano-British huts and enclosure
568	SH43304600	Trackway
572	SH43354590	Stone enclosure

573	SH43654603	Round huts and enclosure
876	SH43744633	Mine workings
1314	SH42904550	Pen-y-Gaer hillfort
1315	SH40704647	Stone enclosure
1316	SH40414570	Enclosed hut group and field system
1319	SH40694630	Long hut
1320	SH40764533	Long hut
1321	SH40804551	Hut and fields
1322	SH42204515	Enclosed hut group
1323	SH42704514	Enclosed hut group
1324	SH42774505	Medieval platform house
1325	SH42734556	Round hut
1326	SH40494564	Pillow mounds
1396	SH40604540	Enclosed hut group
1696	SH40584667	Cairn
2766	SH424-457-	?Ring cairn

From a more recent period sheepfolds, abandoned farm buildings and evidence for manganese mining activity were also known to be present, and the Cadw field monument warden visits had reported that there were a number of additional sites in the area.

#### 3.2 Aerial survey

In preparation for the project, the area was flown and photographed from the air in June 1994. The area was crossed several times and both general, 'landscape', photographs as well as site specific photographs (mainly black and white, but also colour transparancies) were taken. These photographs were studied before actual field walking was undertaken, and the general views allowed areas of greater and lesser potential to be drawn up, and subsequently fieldwork effort concentrated on the areas with greater potential. Several 'new' sites which had been photographed were noted on the fieldwalking maps, and all were subsequently checked during the fieldwork stage.

The availability of these aerial photographs also aided the actual fieldwork, allowing identified sites (from both archive and photographic sources) to be more easily located, especially those situated in featureless areas. They also helped orientation on the ground and informed decisions about how to tackle certain blocks of land.

The negatives and photographs are deposited in the Gwynedd Sites and Monuments Record, under the project number G1199.

#### 3.3 Field survey

Fieldwork was undertaken in October and November 1994, in mostly dry conditions with occasional squally showers. The survey was carried out by two members of Trust staff who systematically walked the area, enclosure by enclosure, concentrating on areas of greater potential which had been identified from aerial photographs. All physical indications of human activity in the landscape were recorded using a two-tier recording system (see appendix II). What were perceived as 'major' sites or monuments, such as settlements and associated enclosures, were recorded on full page site visit forms, allowing a range of detailed observations and sketch plans to be made in conjunction with a checklist of pre-determined criteria. Other, 'minor', 'land-scape' features such as field walls, banks, ditches, trackways and clearance cairns were recorded on a short form record which itemised basic information about the features.

All features were spot-located on 1:5000 scale base maps in the field. However, the detailed recorded of complex multi-phase or extensive field systems, such as the one north-east of Cwm-coryn Farm (survey no. 398), was considered to be outside the remit of this project. Such areas should be the subject of more detailed recording and interpretation in the future.

#### 3.4 Post-field survey work and database structure

The new survey information has been transferred from paper record to a computerised database, modified from previous years to allow greater compatability with the Gwynedd SMR (and thus with END), which comprises twenty four fields. This now forms a part of the Gwynedd SMR, and a copy of the site gazetteer is included as Appendix I. The structure of the project database is as follows:

Structure for database: C:SMR/G1199.dbf

Number of data records: Date of last update:

Field Field Name Width Type PRN Numeric 2 5 **NPRN** Numeric 3 SURVEY\_NO 5 Numeric 4 50 SITENAME Character 5 NGR Numeric 11 6 **OSMAP** 13 Character 7 ALTITUDE 4 Numeric 8 21 DISTRICT Character 9 50 COMMCOUNC Character 10 STATUS\_NO Character 8 5 11 SITESTAT Character 8 12 AREASTAT Character 13 CLASS 30 Character 14 SITETYPE Character 40 15 PERIOD 15 Character 16 **PERIODSPEC** 20 Character 17 7 CENTURY Character 25 18 **FORM** Character 19 DESCTYPE Character 50 20 **CROSSREFS** 30 Character 21 PERSON 20 Character 22 DATE Character 4 23 UPDATE Character 20 24 NOTES Memo 10

Maps of the survey area showing the pre-existing PRNs, new field survey sites, the vegetation of the area and the tithe map boundaries with related schedule numbers were produced by digitising the 1:10,000 OS map (1979) using AutoCAD and FastCAD 2D programs. The 'new' sites were then transferred directly from the database to the CAD-drawn maps, using grid references, saving time and eliminating human error. With the layer facility of the FastCAD 2D program different types of information can be shown with other information or hidden if required. This facility assisted in the visible manipulation of the data and allows for future alteration or addition to the data, as well as producing a soft computer copy of the data for future work or consultation.

All original fieldwork forms and other material compiled during the survey is archived in the SMR under the project number, G1199.

<sup>\*</sup>Total\*\*

#### 4. SUMMARY OF RESULTS AND OVERVIEW

#### 4.1 Site types

The gazetteer (appendix I) includes 467 records. The major group of sites consists of clearance cairns (forming 12% of the total), with field walls forming the second largest group (11%). The remaining records represent activity dating from the late prehistoric period to the modern period consisting of features associated with agricultural activities (lynchets, pillow mounds, sheepfolds and drains); domestic sites (hut circles, hut platforms, burnt mounds, long houses and derelict farmhouses); ceremonial sites (standing stones, possible cairns); and industrial sites (manganese mining, sandstone quarrying and peat cutting).

#### 4.2 Early settlement

The evidence for the earliest activity in the survey area appears to be the three possible standing stones, two of which are on the present route of the public footpath which crosses the north-western part of the survey area. Fourteen possible cairns were also identified, most of which were found between the 250m and 350m contours. These may indicate prehistoric ceremonial activity in the area.

The identification of a number of burnt mounds in the valley between Moel Bronmiod and Peny-Gaer reflects the dispersed scatter of single and groups of burnt mounds recorded elsewhere on the Ll\u00e4n Peninsula and in Snowdonia, largely between the 75m and 220m contours (Kelly, 1990, 117). Such mounds of burnt stone are normally located on the edges of marshes or by the side of streams. Their exact purpose is still a matter of debate, but the general consensus is that they were primarily cooking places. The excavation of one such mound at Graeanog, c. 5km northeast of Moel Bronmiod, indicated a Bronze Age date (Kelly, 1990, 120).

The existence of a number of hut group settlements and a small hillfort within the area indicate that the area covered by the survey has been occupied on a reasonably intensive level since at least the late prehistoric period. This is confirmed by a number of round huts of a type usually associated with the late prehistoric period found at both low and relatively high altitudes. Round huts were also identified with associated sub-rectangular structures, an association which is thought to have occurred during the Romano-British period.

A larger number of possible long huts and rectangular platforms suggests considerable medieval settlement, and field systems of lynchets and the presence of pillow mounds in the area may date from this period. Areas particularly suited for occupation and cultivation (i.e. along the lower, southern, fringes of the area) show a great deal of continuity, notably the multi-phase settlement at the south-western foot of Pen-y-Gaer, which includes prehistoric enclosed hut groups, a medieval long house and multi-period field systems. A number of rectangular or sub-rectangular sites, at higher altitude and especially above the 350m contour, may be construed as hafodty rather than permanent dwellings.

#### 4.3 The medieval township of Cwm

During the medieval period the survey area came within the administrative bounds of the Cantref of Arfon and the Commote of Uwch Gwyrfai. Within this system the main unit of settlement was the township, which was either free or bond. Bond townships tended to consist of groupings of houses resembling small villages, rather than the scattered communities of the free townships (Bassett *et al* 1972, 97). Much of the area surveyed is known to have been within the township of Cwm, whose limits were thought to have been defined by natural boundaries such as streams, and possibly by the large bank and ditch known as Clawdd Seri (PRN 86). Although the date of the construction of this impressive earthwork is not known, similar boundaries are found in Meirionnydd and are thought to be early medieval in date (Gresham 1983, 342). As a result of the project a 300m length of bank with associated ditches (survey no 194) was located to the east of the southern extent of Clawdd Seri and was considered to be a possible continuation of the medieval bank.

#### 4.4 Ecclesiastical connections

Bond townships were often granted to ecclesiastical foundations and indeed in the early thirteenth century Llywelyn ab Iorwerth granted Cwm township, along with townships in the Conwy Valley, to the Cistercian order. Cistercian land use was based on the monastic farm or grange which usually consisted of farm buildings and residential accommodation, sometimes with a surrounding precinct wall. The existence of monastic land to the north-west of the present farm of Cwm is confirmed by the field name 'Monachdy' (or belonging to the monastery) recorded on the 1839 Tithe Map.

In his discussion on the description of the Cistercian grange near the township of Ardda in the thirteenth century Aberconwy Charter, Gresham notes the occurrence of the word 'claud', meaning bank or ditch, several times in the text. Although it is not clear whether this refers to individual field boundaries or the boundaries of the whole grange, its description as '..a low earth bank' with spoil ditches either side, is reminiscent of Clawdd Seri (Gresham, 1939).

#### 4.5 Recent ownership

After the Dissolution of the Monasteries in the 1530s, the Cistercian land of Aberconwy was sold to Sir John Puleston (Gresham 1983, 343). However, when his son died without issue in 1563, the land reverted to the Crown and was broken up, with the Cwm lands being leased to a Thomas ap Gryffydd.

The 1839 Tithe Map revealed that the main landowner in that part of the survey area which lies in Clynnog Parish at that time was a J. Griff Griffiths Esq., who owned the land farmed by Cwm Farm. The *ffridd* was owned by a T. Parry Jones. The area of the survey within Llanaelhaearn Parish had a less straightfoward ownership, with an R. Evans owning the land worked by Cwmcoryn Farm, Lord Newborough owning one small pasture to the south of the area, and T. Assheton-Smith, owner of Vaynol and a keen promoter of the enclosure of Common land, owning Clogwyn Mawr pasture.

## 4.6 Mining Activities

Exploitation of manganese deposits on the Llyn Peninsula was first recorded in 1827 at Benallt, near Rhiw (Griffith, 1989). It continued, generally on a small scale, across the peninsula, throughout the nineteenth century and into the early twentieth century, with production increasing during the First World War before its ultimate demise.

Actual extraction generally consisted of small-scale open-cast workings, with the mountainous nature of the area allowing for most of the deposits to be worked by levels driven into the mountainside, rather than by vertical shafts (Foster-Smith 1977, 8). This appears to have been the case in the surveyed area, with evidence of small-scale extraction by levels present in three areas with a notable concentration at the south-east base of Gyrn Goch (survey nos 406, 416 and 417). Documentary evidence for this area confirms the mining activities and states that in 1872 the output from these workings (SH 407461) consisted of 50 tons of ore (Reports of Field Excursions of Welsh Mining Enthusiasts Group, 1985). Also, water draining off the mountainside in this area appears to have been controlled by a series of artificial channels and pools, possibly being used for basic processing of the ore (SH 40454600).

The survey also confirmed the report from 1985 that one of the levels on the south-east slopes of Gyrn Ddu had been 'blown up' and was no longer accessible (Reports of Field Excursions of Welsh Mining Enthusiasts Group, 1985). Some still remain open, but most have been partly backfilled and re-seeded in recent years. The identification of a possible stone cannon (survey no 414) in this area may well be related to the mining activities, as such devices were used by quarrymen to celebrate local and national events, such as weddings or royal visits. Evidence for the quarrying of the fine-grained sandstones of the Clipiau ridge (survey nos 130 -136) suggests that it was carried out on a relatively small scale. The sandstone's destination or use is not clear.

The topography of the survey area has, to a large extent, dictated the form and location of many of the sites. For example, most of the areas identified as rough pasture are very stony, especially the slopes of the four peaks. As a result field clearance for arable purpose would have been very difficult in any period. However, the number of the clearance cairns in the survey record does show determined attempts to improve the land at a lower level, even if not necessarily for arable purposes. Approximately 70% of all the sites were located between the 250m and 350m contours, with only twelve sites recorded above 400m.

The stony areas often included natural scree gullies which had been utilised to build low, heaped stone walls, forming long narrow field boundaries running downslope. The abundance of stone has allowed for the construction of numerous stone sheepfolds, while a large number of small shelters were identified excavated into the scree slopes. The stony nature of some areas made the identification of very denuded stone features extremely difficult.

In the valley to the north-east of Moel Bronmiod there is an extremely wet, marshy area which proved very difficult to survey satisfactorily as visibility and mobility were severely restricted by chest-high grass and juncus, substantial peat growth and the large number of drainage ditches which cross the area. Interestingly, this extremely wet area was the 'Free Land' allotted to the poor of the parish of Llanaelhaearn when the area was enclosed (Bassett 1972, 146). More successful attempts have been made to drain the wetter parts of the valley to the south and southeast.

There is also evidence for the exploitation of peat in this poorly-drained area in the form of a number of possible peat stacks. Such activity in the area appears to be confirmed by the field name 'Fuel Ground' noted in the 1839 Tithe Map schedule (see appendix III).

At the present time sheep farming is the only farming activity carried out within the survey area. However, physical and documentary evidence does survive to indicate that some of the lower slopes, notably around the farms, have supported crops in the past. Lynchets have been identified around the settlements at Cwm-coryn, Cwm Cilio and Cwm Farm, although none have been identified above the 300m contour. Many of the small fields enclosed by drystone walls around these farms have older banks underlying the actual stone walls, representing earlier field enclosures. Place-name evidence also indicates arable farming on the lower slopes; for example, cultivation is indicated in the names 'Caeau gleision nesa? llethar du' (green fields next to the steep slope), and 'Caeau gleision newydd' (new green fields).

Several dry-stone built farmhouses and outbuildings, most notably 'Yr allt' and the two 'Farm Yards', survive in derelict form in the west of the area, reflecting the modern agricultural decline since the end of the nineteenth century. The most notable feature at these farms was a water wheel pit at the southern-most 'Farm Yard' (survey no 431). Such water power has been used for a variety of purposes, including agriculture and land and mine drainage.

The survey identified evidence for the changing patterns of land use and occupation within the area. The exploitation of the higher ground (over 300m) during the late prehistoric period was confirmed by a number of domestic sites. The location of the hillfort and subsequently the medieval township of Cwm suggest a relatively high population in the lower reaches of the area during the past, with the presence of possible 'hafodty' in the higher areas suggesting a transhumant lifestyle, with small cleared fields supporting arable farming on the lower slopes and large open grazing areas above 300m.

The nineteenth century saw the enclosure of the common land, forming the large sheepwalks of today. The agricultural decline since the end of the nineteenth century resulted in the abandonment of some of the smaller farms, with the small-scale exploitation of the manganese deposits representing the last burst of activity in the area.

#### 5. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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The archive search was undertaken by S.G. Jones and P.T. Muckle. The field survey was carried out by S.G. Jones and A.D. Smith. The maps were digitised from the OS 1:10,000 maps enlarged to 1:5000 by S.G. Jones, using AutoCAD and processed using the FastCAD 2D program. The database structure was designed by K. Geary, and the text and editing was done by S.G. Jones.

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# APPENDIX I - SITE GAZETTEER

#### APPENDIX I: SITE GAZETTEER

SURVEY	SITENAME
NO	

- LONG HUT; N. OF CWM FARM

  WITHIN A VERY STONY AREA ARE THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE LONG HUT.

  APPROXIMATELY 6M BY 17M AND SUB-DIVIDED INTO FOUR INTERNAL COMPARTMENTS.

  IT LAYS ON A NE-SW AXIS AND HAS AN ENCLOSED PADDOCK TO THE NE WHICH IS APPROXIMATELY 10M BY 18M. IT IS SITUATED APPROXIMATELY 75M SW OF A SPRING.
- OVAL ENCLOSURE; N. OF CWM FARM

  SH43594597

  AN OVAL, STONE DEFINED ENCLOSURE WITHIN A STONY AREA. TERRACED DOWNSLOPE

  SLIGHTLY WITH A FRAGMENTARY TERRACED STONE BANK RUNNING S SW FROM THE

  ENCLOSURE. A SECOND STONE BANK RUNS IN A W DIRECTION FROM THE NORTH END OF

  THE ENCLOSURE. THE ENCLOSURE IS APPROXIMATELY 3M BY 4M.
- 3 CAIRN; N. OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-CIRCULAR STONY MOUND UP TO 1M HIGH IN PLACES WITH A POSSIBLE STONE

  KERB ON THE SE SIDE. A DENUDED STONE AND EARTH BANK RUNS TOWARDS THE

  CAIRN ON THE SW SIDE.
- 4 ?HUT SCOOP; N OF CWM FARM SH43604596
  A TRIANGULAR SCOOP DEFINED ON THE S AND E SIDES BY TWO FIELD WALLS.
  APPROXIMATELY 5M IN DIAMETER AND IS LINED ON ITS SIDES BY SOME STONES.
- TRACKWAY; N OF CWM FARM
  SH43594598C

  WITHIN A STONY AREA THERE IS A LINEAR CLEARING 2M WIDE, RUNNING IN A SW NE
  DIRECTION ACROSS THE SLOPE. TO THE WEST THE STONE SPREAD HAS ENCROACHED
  SLIGHTLY ONTO THE TRACKWAY. IT IS APPROXIMATELY 20M LONG.
- 6 HUT PLATFORM; N OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. THE STONE
  TERRACE CONTINUES PASSED THE ENCLOSURE IN A N-S DIRECTION. IT IS 5M BY 2M AND
  LAYS ON A NE-SW AXIS.
- 7 WALL/CLEARANCE CAIRN; N OF CWM FARM
  SH43624609
  A LOW DENUDED DRY STONE WALL 0.4M HIGH, 1.5M WIDE AND 21M LONG, NOW PARTLY
  GRASSED OVER. RUNNING IN A E-W DIRECTION IT CURVES S SLIGHTLY TOWARDS THE E
  END. AT THE WEST END IT TERMINATES AT A FIELD CLEARANCE CAIRN WHICH CONSISTS
  OF A LARGE BOULDER SURROUNDED BY SMALLER STONES.
- 8 CLEARANCE CAIRNS; N OF CWM FARM SH43624612 FIVE LARGE (IM IN DIAMETER) BOULDERS SURROUNDED BY SMALLER STONES.
- 9 ?HUT SCOOP; N OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR SCOOP CUT INTO THE BOTTOM OF A SLOPE, ON A NATURAL
  RIDGE. THE N AND WEST LIMITS ARE DEFINED BY LOW STONE BANKS WHICH PARTLY
  EXPLOIT A NATURAL BOULDER. THE S LIMIT IS DEFINED BY A LARGE NATURAL
  BOULDER. THE INTERNAL DIMENSIONS ARE 3M BY 2M AND IT IS ON A W-E AXIS. 25M TO
  THE E IS A STREAM.
- 10 CAIRNFIELD; N OF CWM FARM

  A FIELD CONTAINING APPROXIMATELY 45 SMALL, LOW CLEARANCE CAIRNS. BETWEEN
  0.5M AND IM IN DIAMETER AND 0.3M TO 0.4M HIGH, CONSISTING OF PILES OF SMALLISH
  STONES (<0.2M BY 0.2M IN SIZE) OFTEN SURROUNDING SLIGHTLY LARGER UPRIGHT
  STONES.

- TRACKWAY; NNE OF CWM FARM

  A TRACKWAY 1.5M TO 2M WIDE WITH UP AND DOWN SLOPE BANKS IM WIDE. IT IS
  SLIGHTLY CUT INTO THE SLOPE, RUNNING IN A SSW NNE DIRECTION AT AN ANGLE
  ACROSS AND DOWN THE SLOPE. APPROXIMATELY 45M LONG, FORKS AS IT APPROACHES
  THE GATE IN THE FIELD WALL.
- 12 MINE WORKINGS; N OF CWM FARM

  TWO ADJACENT MINING SHAFTS (1.5M AND 2M IN DIAMETER AND AT LEAST 6M DEEP
  WITH ASSOCIATED SPOIL TIPS DOWN SLOPE. THEY APPEAR TO CONNECT BENEATH THE
  SURFACE. TO THE SOUTH WEST THERE IS A SHALLOW DEPRESSION POSSIBLY A TRIAL.
- HUT CIRCLE AND RECTANG.ENCLOSURE; N OF CWM FARM

  SH43654605

  A VERY DENUDED RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE 5M BY 2M, DEFINED BY RUINEOUS LOW

  STONE WALLS, 0.4M TO 0.5M WIDE, WHICH EXPLOIT TWO LARGE NATURAL BOULDERS.

  DIRECTLY TO THE S IS A NEGATIVE CIRCULAR SCOOP, DEFINED BY STONES WITH AN

  INTERNAL DIAMETER OF 4M. A DRYSTONE FIELD WALL CUTS THE SCOOP TO THE S.

  BOTH SITES ARE DIRECTLY S OF A STREAM.
- WALL; N. OF CWM FARM

  SH43554627

  A VERY LOW PARTLY GRASSED-OVER STONE WALL 13M LONG, O.4M WIDE AND 0.1M HIGH,

  RUNNING N-S FROM THE NW CORNER OF THE NORTHERN MOST LONG HUT (PRN 94).
- 15 RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; N OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL, 1.4M BY 2.2M, RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION CUT INTO GRASSED COVERED

  SCREE WITH A SLIGHTLY RAISED SURROUNDING BANK. ANNEXED TO THE W IS A
  POSSIBLE SUB-RECTANGULAR FEATURE AT A SLIGHTLY HIGHER LEVEL.
- QUARRYING?; N. OF CWM FARM

  LINEAR DEPRESSIONS CUT INTO GRASSED-OVER SCREE LEAVING AN ISLAND OF SCREE
  3M BY 10M. 2M IN DIAMETER DEPRESSIONS ALSO DEFINED THIS 'ISLAND'. DIRECTLY
  ADJACENT TO ONE OF THESE DEPRESSIONS TO THE NORTH IS A LOOSE PILE OF SCREE
  1.5M IN DIAMETER.
- 17 SHELTER; N. OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SCREE SLOPE, 3M BY 2M. DOWNSLOPE,

  THE STONE REMOVED HAS BEEN BUILT UP FORMING TERRACING AND A WALL 0.8M

  HIGH.
- LONG HUT?; N OF CWM FARM

  A VERY DENUDED RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE. 13M BY 2.5M IN SIZE AND SUBDIVIDED INTO TWO POSSIBLY THREE INTERNAL COMPARTMENTS. 5M FROM THE W END OF THE HOUSE THERE IS A 1.2M WIDE DIVIDING WALL. TO THE S END OF THE HUT IS A CIRCULAR STONE FEATURE CONTAINED BY A STONE KERB. THE AXIS OF THE HUT LAYS IN A E-W DIRECTION FOLLOWING THE NATURAL SLOPE.
- HUT CIRCLE?; NNW OF CWM FARM

  A LARGE NEGATIVE CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 9M IN DIAMETER, REVETTED DOWNSLOPE TO
  A HEIGHT OF 0.9M. DEFINED BY A LOW CIRCULAR WALL OF STONES, SOME OF WHICH
  ARE SET UPRIGHT. THE W SIDE OF THE CIRCULAR WALL MERGES WITH A MODERN N S
  RUNNING FIELD WALL WHICH DIVERTS FROM ITS GENERALLY STRAIGHT ROUTE
  REFLECTING THE CURVED NATURE OF THE CIRCULAR FEATURE. TO THE W OF THE
  MODERN FIELD WALL ARE THE FRAGMENTARY REMAINS OF A SEMI CIRCULAR
  DEPRESSION WITH DEFINING STONE WALL WHICH MAY REPRESENT A LARGER ORIGINAL
  EXTENT OF THE HUT CIRCLE.

- 7	h 1	•	
- 1		. 1	

20	WALL	, NNW	OF	CWM F	ARM						SH43464608
	STONE	WALL	OF	LARGE	(0.811	BY	0.8M)	BOULDERS,	PARTIALLY	GRASSED	OVER.
	ORIENT	ATTON	NF -	SW							

- 21 STONE ENCLOSURE; NNW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL SQUARE ENCLOSURE/STRUCTURE, 5M BY 5M, WITHIN AN AREA OF FIELD
  SYSTEMS (SURVEY NO. 22).
- FIELD SYSTEM; NNW OF CWM FARM

  AN AREA OF FIELD SYSTEMS APPROXIMATELY 36M BY 26M. IT APPEARS TO BE DIVIDED

  INTO LONG RECTANGULAR PLOTS, 24M BY 5M, BY MUCH DENUDED STONE WALLS. THE

  AREA IS LITTERED WITH STONES, BUT OTHER POSSIBLE FEATURES CAN BE DISCERNED.
- 23 WALL; NNW OF CWM FARM

  REMAINS OF ROBBED OUT STONE WALL, 13M LONG AND 0.1M HIGH. ORIENTATION NNE SSW.
- 24 SMALL RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; N OF CWM FARM
  SH43554625

  A SMALL, RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 3M BY 2.5M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED
  DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATION N S. A POSSIBLE FIELD BANK RUNS IN A S DIRECTION
  FROM THE PLATFORM. POSSIBLY ASSOCIATED WITH PRN 94.
- 25 BANK; N OF CWM FARM SH43574625 TURF GROWN CURVILINEAR BANK ASSOCIATED WITH LONG HOUSE (PRN 94).
- 26 SETTLEMENT?; N OF CWM FARM
  PLOUGHED OUT REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE SETTLEMENT. REPRESENTED BY AN AREA OF
  HOLLOWS AND UNDULATIONS.
- 27 BARN; NW OF CWM FARM

  A DRY-STONE CONSTRUCTED BARN, 15M BY 7M. IT HAS TWO ENTRANCES, ONE ON THE N
  SIDE AND ONE ON THE E SIDE. A TURF COVERED PLATFORM 15M BY 11M IS ADJACENT
  TO THE SW.
- 29 WALL/CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF CWM FARM

  REMAINS OF A STONE WALL RUNNING PARALLEL WITH PRESENT FIELD WALL.

  ORIENTATION NE SW. FIELD CLEARANCE MATERIAL HAS BEEN DEPOSITED BETWEEN
  THE TWO WALLS.
- 30 LYNCHETS; WNW OF CWM FARM SH43354580C TRACES OF LYNCHETS RUNNING ALONG THE SLOPE IN A NE - SW DIRECTION AND COVERING AN AREA OF APPROXIMATELY 128M BY 50M.
- 31 CLEARANCE CAIRNS; WSW OF CWM FARM

  FIELD CLEARANCE CAIRNS ADJACENT TO THE FIELD BOUNDARY. 2M TO 3M IN

  DIAMETER.
- 32 WALL; WSW OF CWM FARM
  SH43264573C
  STONE AND TURF WALL WITH LATER DRYSTONE WALLING BUILT ON TOP. ORIENTATION
  NW SE, 110M LONG AND 2M WIDE.
- 33 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF CWM FARM

  FOURTEEN AMORPHOUS CLEARANCE CAIRNS TO THE NORTH OF HOMESTEAD (PRN 96).

  IM TO 2M IN DIAMETER.

# SURVEY SITENAME NO.

35

36

37

47

CLEARANCE CAIRNS; NW OF CWM FARM

A GROUP OF 7 SCATTERED CLEARANCE CAIRNS.

TWO HUT CIRCLES?; W OF CWM FARM

DIAMETER, MARKED BY SHALLOW SCOOPS.

APPROXIMATELY 100M LONG AND 0.4M WIDE.

DITCH: SSW OF CWM FARM

NO. 46). ORIENTATION NE - SW.

WALL; SW OF CWM FARM

AND 2M WIDE.

38	BANK; SW OF CWM FARM  THE REMAINS OF A LOW, SLIGHTLY CURVING BANK. ORIENTATION E - W, 200M LONG AND IM TO 2M WIDE.
39	TRACKWAY; SW OF CWM FARM  A 'HOLLOWED OUT' TRACKWAY, 2.5M WIDE AND APPROXIMATELY 50M LONG, BEFORE BECOMING INDISTINCT. ORIENTATION NW - SE.
40	STONE PILE; WSW OF CWM FARM SH43444564 STONE DUMPING WITHIN A TRIANGULAR SCOOP IN THE SLOPE. POSSIBLY UPCAST FROM ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE DITCH.
41	CLEARANCE CAIRN; SW OF CWM FARM  MODERN FIELD CLEARANCE CAIRN CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE ROCKS DEPOSITED AT THE FOOT OF A SET BOULDER.
42	CLEARANCE CAIRN; SW OF CWM FARM  A LINEAR PILE OF STONES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE MODERN FIELD WALL. 0.3M TO 0.4M HIGH, 150M LONG AND BETWEEN 2M TO 7M WIDE. ORIENTATED E - W.
43	ENCLOSED HUT?; SW OF CWM FARM  DENUDED REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE HUT CIRCLE, 8M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. TO THE N THERE IS A POSSIBLE ENCLOSURE WALL, WHILE TO THE S THERE ARE THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE PADDOCK, 13M BY 11M.
44	LYNCHETS; SW OF CWM FARM  A SERIES OF LYNCHETS COVERING THE WHOLE OF THE FIELD RUNNING ACROSS THE SLOPE IN A N - S DIRECTION.
45	SHEEPFOLD; SW OF CWM FARM  AN 'U'- SHAPED DRY-STONE ENCLOSURE, 20M BY 6M. THE WALLS ARE CONSTRUCTED OF SMALL STONES IN A 'HERRINGBONE' STYLE AND CAPPED BY TURF. ORIENTATION NNW - SSE.
46	WALL; SSW OF CWM FARM  A LOW STONE WALL, PARTIALLY GRASSED OVER. ORIENTATION NW - SE,

STONE WALL CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE BOULDERS. ORIENTATION NE - SW, 25M LONG

REMAINS OF TWO POSSIBLY CONJOINED HUT CIRCLES, BOTH APPROXIMATELY 6M IN

SH43424550C

SH43434564

SH43414566

SH43384544

A SLIGHTLY CURVING DITCH, TERMINATES IN AN AREA OF BOULDERS (END OF SURVEY

# SURVEY SITENAME NO.

- PLATFORM; SW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 4M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. SOME
  STONES ARE VISIBLE PROTRUDING THROUGH THE TURF, POSSIBLY FACING STONES.

  ORIENTATION N S AND 13M TO 14M SW FROM 49.
- 49 PLATFORM; SW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 5M BY 3M. POSSIBLE FACING STONES
  VISIBLE. ORIENTATION N S AND 13M TO 14M NE OF 48.
- 50 HUT CIRCLE; SW OF CWM FARM SH43354535
  THE REMAINS OF A HUT CIRCLE SLIGHTLY OVAL IN SHAPE, 8M BY 7M. THE WALLS SHOW
  AS TURF COVERED STONES, 1.1M WIDE AND UP TO 0.2M HIGH. NO ENTRANCE IS VISIBLE.
- SHEEPFOLD; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR, DRY-STONE WALLED SHEEPFOLD, 2M BY 1.5M, BUILT ON A
  NEGATIVE PLATFORM. A SHEEPCREEP IN THE E WALL LEADS INTO A 'D' SHAPED
  ENCLOSURE, 9M BY 2M; WITHIN WHICH IS A POSSIBLE SUB-CIRCULAR STONE FEATURE,
  APPROXIMATELY 3M IN DIAMETER AND AN ENCLOSURE WHICH FORMS PART OF THE 'D' SHAPED ENCLOSURE.
- 52 WALL; NW OF CWM FARM

  A LOW DENUDED STONE WALL APPROXIMATELY 230M LONG. DOES NOT RUN IN

  STRAIGHT LINE. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 53 STONE SPREAD; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE SPREAD, 6M BY 3M. A POSSIBLE KERB VISIBLE AT THE

  NORTERN EDGE. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 54 PLATFORM; NNW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL POSSIBLE PLATFORM, 4M BY 2.5M. CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED

  SLIGHTLY DOWNSLOPE, WITH POSSIBLE STONE EDGING. 2.5M N OF THE FIELD WALL.

  ORIENTATION WSW ENE.
- 55 PLATFORM; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 3M BY 2M, WITH STONE REVETTING DOWNSLOPE

  AND A STONE RETAINING WALL UPSLOPE. ORINETATION NW SE.
- TRACKWAY; NW OF CWM FARM

  A 1.5M TO 2.5M WIDE TRACK RUNNING DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE FIELD BETWEEN TWO

  GATES. SCARPED INTO SLOPE WITH A STONE BANK DOWNSLOPE.
- 57 HUT CIRCLE?; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SMALL, CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 2M IN DIAMETER. ITS LIMITS ARE DEFINED BY LARGE
  BOULDERS. A POSSIBLE VERY DENUDED STONE BANK ADJACENT TO THE PLATFORM TO
  THE NE.
- 58 SHEEPFOLD?; NNW OF CWM FARM

  A RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 7M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AT THE CORNER

  OF TWO FIELD WALLS. THERE IS A POSSIBLE INTERNAL DIVISION AND BLOCKED

  ENTRANCE TO THE S.
- 59 WALL; NW OF CWM FARM
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL. ORIENTATION WNW ESE.

  SH43354612C
- 60 SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM?; NW OF CWM FARM SH43424610
  A POSSIBLE SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 2M IN DIAMETER, EDGED WITH STONES.

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- 61 HUT CIRCLE?; NW OF CWM FARM

  A FRAGMENTARY SUB-CIRCLE OF STONES, 7M BY 6M, VERY SLIGHTLY TERRACED

  DOWNSLOPE. A SHEEP TRACK RUNS THROUGH IT.
- 62 WALL; NW OF CWN FARM
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL. ORIENTATION NW SE.

  SH43334596C
- 63 WALL; NW OF CWM FARM
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL. ORIENTATION NW SE.

  SH43224605C
- 64 STONE ENCLOSURE, NW OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG

  A STONE ENCLOSURE, 5M BY 2.5M, FORMED BY THREE MASSIVE BOULDERS UP TO 2M BY

  2M IN SIZE, WITH CORE OF SMALLER STONES. THERE IS ONE POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO

  THE SE. ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 65 HUT CIRCLE?; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 4.2M BY 3.2M, WITH STONE EDGES/WALLS. THE NW OF

  CIRCLE HAS BEEN DISTURBED AND FLATTENED BY TRACKWAY 56.
- 66 WALL; NW OF CWM FARM
  A LOW, DENUDED STONE WALL, PART OF ROMANO-BRITISH SETTLEMENT? (PRN 199).
  ORIENTATION WNW ESE.
- 67 ?HUT CIRCLE; NW OF CWM FARM SH43374612 A CIRCULAR SETTING OF SMALLISH STONES, 3M FROM THE EDGE OF A NATURAL RIDGE. TO THE NW IS A SMALL, 1.5M BY 1M, RECTANGULAR STONE EGDED PLATFORM.
- 68 STONE BANK; N OF CWM FARM

  A STONE BANK PARALLEL WITH A DRY-STONE FIELD WALL, POSSIBLY OLD FOOTINGS FOR
  THE WALL AS THE PRESENT WALL MAY HAVE BEEN REBUILT AT THIS POINT.

  ORIENTATION N S.
- 69 SHELTER; NW OF CWM FARM
  SH43094607
  STONE HAS BEEN EXCAVATED FROM A NATURAL SCREE SLOPE TO FORM A CIRCULAR
  HOLLOW. THE STONE REMOVED HAS BEEN USED TO BUILD-UP THE DOWNSLOPE SIDE
  OF THE HOLLOW.
- 70 STONE BANK; SSW OF CWM FARM SH43354536
  A LOW, GRASSED OVER STONE BANK, CURVING SLIGHTLY TO THE N. POSSIBLY PART OF
  AN ENCLOSURE WALL FOR ASSOCIATED HUT CIRCLE (SURVEY NO. 50).
- 71 SHEEPFOLD; SW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR, DRY-STONE WALLED ENCLOSURE, 7M BY 4M, WITH LARGE
  BOULDERS FORMING THE FIRST COURSE. A FIELD WALL FORMS THE W SIDE.
  ENTRANCE IS TO THE SSW WITH WALL COLLASPE AT THE NE END. ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 72 HUT PLATFORMS; SW OF CWM FARM SH43264534

  TWO SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORMS, 3M BY 2.5M AND 3M BY 2M.

  APPROXIMATELY 6M APART CUT INTO THE SLOPE. ORIENTATION N S.
- DITCH; W TO SW OF CWM FARM

  A NARROW LINEAR FEATURE, 275M LONG, RUNNING DIAGONALY ACROSS THE SLOPE.

  0.4M WIDE AND SEEMINGLY CUT INTO THE TURF WITH THE UPCAST PILED DOWNSLOPE
  TO FORM A SMALL BANK, 0.05M TO 0.1M HIGH. ORIENTATION SE NW.

SSW.

NO.		
74	MINE WORKINGS; W OF CWM FARM  MANGANESE WORKING FORMING A LINEAR DEPRESSION VARYING IN DEPTH AND WAPPROXIMATELY 225M IN LENGTH AND AT ITS WIDEST HALFWAY ALONG.  GRASSED OVER SPOIL TIPS ARE PRESENT ALONG THE SIDE OF THE DEPRESENTATION NW - SE.	THREE
75	CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF CWM FARM RECTANGULAR FIELD CLEARANCE CAIRN. ORIENTATION NW - SE.	SH42854580
76	CAIRN?; WNW OF CWM FARM A CIRCULAR PILE OF STONES, SOME SET UPRIGHT, 5M IN DIAMETER. A POSSIBLE OR HUT, PROBABLY THE FORMER DUE TO THE AMOUNT OF STONE WITHIN.	SH43074581 CAIRN
77	BANK/DITCH; WSW OF CWM FARM A DITCH, 0.8M DEEP, WITH UPCAST BANKS EITHER SIDE. ORIENTATED WNW - ESE.	SH43224569C
78	TERRACING; W OF CWM FARM AREA OF RIDGES, PROBABLY NATURAL.	SH43224569C
79	TERRACING; W OF CWM FARM AREA OF RIDGES, PROBABLY NATURAL.	SH43084580
80	TERRACING; W OF CWM FARM AREA OF RIDGES, PROBABLY NATURAL.	SH43064578
81	CLEARANCE CAIRN; WNW OF CWM FARM SMALL RECTANGULAR PILE OF STONES, 2M BY IM. ORIENTATION NW - SE.	SH43074587
82	AREA OF SCOOPS AND GULLIES; NW OF CWM FARM AN AREA, APPROXIMATELY 130M BY 50M, OF SCOOPS AND GULLIES VARYING IN SIZE. PROBABLY NATURAL FEATURES.	SH43044590C SHAPE
83	DITCH; W OF CWM FARM  A DRAINAGE DITCH EMINATING FROM THE MINE WORKINGS (SURVEY NO ORIENTATION NW - SE.	SH42954575C ). 74).
84	DITCH; W OF CWM FARM  A FACED CULVERT BUILT INTO THE FIELD WALL. DITCH SURVEY NO. 83 F THROUGH IT.	SH42884582 PASSES
85	LINEAR DEPRESSIONS; N OF PEN Y GAER LINEAR DEPRESSIONS RUNNING DOWN SLOPE, PROBABLY NATURAL.	SH42824583
86	TURF GROWN MOUNDS; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER TWO TURF GROWN MOUNDS, APPROXIMATELY 15M APART. ONE 7M LONG BY 2M AND 0.3M HIGH. THE OTHER ONE LESS WELL DEFINED, 5M LONG, 2M AND 0.3M BOTH NEAR A SMALL STREAM, POSSIBLE PILLOW MOUNDS OR PEAT ST. ORIENTATION N - S.	HIGH.
87	RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE; N OF PEN-Y-GAER A ROUGHLY SQUARE DRY-STONE BUILT STRUCTURE, 5M BY 4M, WALLS SURVIVING	SH42924608 G TO A

HEIGHT OF 0.9M. THE NE CORNER HAS PARTIALLY COLLASPED. ORIENTATION NNE -

NO.		
88	MINING ACTIVITY; NNW OF PEN Y GAER CONTINUATION OF THE MANGANESE MINE WORKING 74.	SH42734610C
89	SETTLEMENT; NW OF CWM FARM TWO JOINED STONE BUILT, SUB-CIRCULAR STRUCTURES, 4M BY 4M AND 3M BY 3M. ARE SITUATED ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE LARGE ENCLOSURE PRN 119.	SH43044618 THEY
90	SHELTER; N OF PEN-Y-GAER A SMALL CRESENT-SHAPED WALL, 2M IN DIAMTER, WITHIN AN AREA OF BOULDERS.	SH42944620
91	SHELTER; N OF PEN-Y-GAER A SHELTER, 1.5M BY 1M, BUILT AROUND A NATURAL LARGE BOULDER CONSISTING FEW STONES PLACED ALONG THE TOP OF THE NATURAL BOULDER TO CREATE A R WALL, 0.2M HIGH. TO THE SOUTH IS A STONE WALL 0.9M HIGH AND 1M LONG.	
92	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER A SMALL LOW PILE OF STONES, PARTIALLY GRASSED OVER. POSSIBLY ASSOCIATED THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE NEARBY STONE WALL.	SH42374666 WITH
93	CIRCULAR PLATFORM; E OF CLIPIAU A CIRCULAR PLATFORM CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE NATURAL SLOPE.	SH42094653
94	?HUT PLATFORM; CLIPIAU A POSSIBLE HUT PLATFORM CUT INTO SLOPE, 6M BY 4M. ORIENTATED NW - SE.	SH42594664
95	HAFOD?; CENTRAL CLIPIAU  THE REMAINS OF A SUBSTANTIAL RECTANGUALR BUILDING, 8M BY 5.5M. THE COVERED, DRY-STONE WALLS ARE BETWEEN 0.95M AND IM THICK AND UP TO HIGH. THEY HAVE INNER AND OUTER FACING STONES OF LARGE BOULDERS SMALLER STONE FILL. AN ENTRANCE, 0.8M WIDE, IS PRESENT IN THE W ORIENTATION N - S.	0.7M WITH
96	WALL; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER A 25M LENGTH OF LARGE STONES FORMING A CURVING LINEAR STONE WALL A THE EDGE OF THE RIVER BANK. ORIENTATION SW - NE.	SH42314610 LONG
97	BANK; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER A CURVING GRASSED OVER BANK, APPROXIMATELY 196M LONG, BETWEEN 0.4M TO WIDE AND BETWEEN 0.1M TO 0.5M HIGH. IT FOLLOWS THE RIVER BANK FOR 25M TURNS TO THE W, RUNNING PARALLEL WITH THE FIELD WALL BEFORE TURNIN BELOW THE FIELD WALL AND ON INTO THE NEXT FIELD WHERE IT JOINS WITH 194.	THEN
98	SHEEPFOLD; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER AN IMPRESSIVE SHEEPFOLD, 12.5M BY 6.5M, BUILT OF LARGE UPRIGHTS AND A COL SMALLER STONES. IT HAS AN ENTRANCE IN THE E WALL, 0.6M TO 0.7M WIDE, WHI FLANKED BY TWO LARGE ORTHOSTATS.	
99	SHEEPFOLD; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER A SEMI-CIRCULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 6M BY 4M, ADJACENT TO THE FIELD WA. APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN BUILT UP TO THIS FIELD WALL. TWO ORTHOSTATS MARK LIKELY POSITION OF THE ENTRANCE.	
100	?NATURAL SHELVES; S OF CLIPIAU A SERIES OF PROBABLY NATURAL SHELVES, FREE OF GORSE IN AN OTHERWISE OF	SH41704618 GORSE

COVERED AREA.

NO.

- HUT PLATFORM AND ENCLOSURE; NW OF CWM FARM

  WITHIN AN AREA OF SCREE ARE THE REMAINS OF A LARGE STONE ENCLOSURE WHICH

  APPEARS TO FORM THE SE PART OF A LARGER ENCLOSURE WHICH IS PRESENT TO THE

  NW OF THE MODERN FIELD WALL. A HUT PLATFORM? TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A

  HEIGHT OF 0.4M IS PRESENT TO THE ESE OF THE LOWER LARGER ENCLOSURE.
- SHEEPFOLD; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR DRY-STONE ENCLOSURE, APPROXIMATELY 6.7M BY 3.7M, WITH A
  DRY-STONE SPUR TO THE SE 3.5M LONG. THE SUB-RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE IS BUILT
  ON A PLATFORM AND IS SUB-DIVIDED INTO THREE INTERNAL COMPARTMENTS. THE
  SMALLEST, APPROXMATELY 1.5M BY 1.5M, HAS A CORBELLED STONE ROOF AND IS
  ENTERED FROM THE SW COMPARTMENT THROUGH A LINTELLED ENTRANCE 0.5M HIGH.
  ORIENTATION SE NW.
- SHELTER; NW OF CWM FARM

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR, DRY-STONE WALLED PLATFORM, 4M BY 6M, CUT INTO SCREE AND
  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.6M ORIENTATION SW NE.
- 104 SHEEPFOLD; NW OF CWM FARM SH43134625

  A RECTANGULAR DRY-STONE CONSTRUCTED SHEEPFOLD, 12M BY 3.2M. TWO PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION ARE VISIBLE. ORIENTATED N S.
- SHELTER; NW OF CWM FARM
  SH43124629
  STONES REMOVED FROM A NATURAL SCREE GULLY TO PRODUCE A SUB-CIRCULAR
  DEPRESSION AND USED TO BUILD UP REVETTING DOWNSLOPE.
- LONG HUT?; E OF CLIPIAU

  A FRAGMENTARY RECTANGULAR STONE EDGED ENCLOSURE, 6M BY 3M. NO WALLS
  SURVIVE TO MORE THAN ONE COURSE; IT IS SLIGHTLY TERRACED DOWNSLOPE WHERE
  THERE IS A SMALLER INTERNAL SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 2.5M BY 2M.
- 107 ENCLOSURES?; N OF PEN Y GAER

  VERY LOW BANKS FORMING A SERIES OF POSSIBLE ENCLOSURES WITHIN AN AREA OF
  APPROXIMATELY 100M BY 50M.

  SH42794641
- 108 ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE?; NW OF CWM FARM

  A LOW, ONE COURSE HIGH, VERY DENUDED STONE WALL RUNS NW SE (CONTINUATION OF SURVEY NO. 110) ACROSS THE NATURAL SLOPE FORMING A SERIES OF ENCLOSURES ONE OF WHICH INCORPORATES A CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 2M IN DIAMETER, WITHIN A SCREE GULLY. APPROXIMATELY 35M TO THE N OF THIS PLATFORM IS AN AMORPHOUS ENCLOSURE DIVIDED INTO TWO COMPARTMENTS.
- 109 HUT PLATFORM?; NW OF CWM FARM SH43084630

  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 2.5M IN DIAMETER, BUILT INTO AN AREA OF SCREE AND
  TERRACED SLIGHTLY DOWNSLOPE. EDGE DEFINED BY SINGLE COURSE OF STONES.
- 110 WALL; N OF PEN Y GAER

  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL, RUNS IN A NE DIRECTION FROM THE ENCLOSURE OF PRN 119, CURVING NW SLIGHTLY AS IT APPROACHES THE MODERN FIELD WALL WHERE IT VIRTUALLY DISAPPEARS. ALTHOUGH NOT CLEARLY VISIBLE TO THE NORTH OF THE FIELD WALL, IT IS IN LINE WITH THE ENCLOSURE WALL OF 108.
- 111 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NNW OF PEN Y GAER
  A SUB-CIRCULAR CLEARANCE CAIRN, 2M IN DIAMETER AND 0.6M HIGH.

  SH42614625

NO.

- 112 CIRCULAR SCOOP; SE OF CLIPIAU SH42494633
  A SHALLOW SUB-CIRCULAR SCOOP, 4M BY 5M, CUT INTO A MODERATE SLOPE.
- ENCLOSURE?; SE OF CLIPIAU

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 4M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. IT IS SEPARATED FROM A SHEEPFOLD TO THE SE BY A FIELD WALL, POSSIBLY THEY ORINGINALLY FORMED A SINGLE FEATURE. THERE IS AT LEAST ONE POSSIBLE SMALL ENCLOSED PLATFORM TO THE NW. ADJACENT TO STREAM. ORIENTATION E W.
- PLATFORM; SE OF CLIPIAU

  ON THE E EDGE OF A STONY AREA NEAR A STREAM, IS A SUB-RECTANGULAR CLEARING
  CUT INTO THE SLOPE, EDGED WITH LARGE STONES AND REVETTED BY SMALL STONES.
  2M BY 2M, ORIENTATION E W.
- HUT SCOOP?; SE OF CLIPIAU

  A SHALLOW OVAL DEPRESSION, 3.5M BY 2.5M, WITH A VERY SLIGHT BANK ACTING AS REVETTING DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- DEPRESSION?; SE OF CLIPIAU

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 1.75M BY 1.5M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DEPTH OF

  0.4M. THERE IS A FLAT AREA IMMEDIATELY DOWNSLOPE.
- 117 ENCLOSURE AND RECTANGULAR HUT?; E OF CLIPIAU SH42714665

  A FRAGMENTARY RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 6M BY 6M, SITUATED ON A RIDGE. WITHIN

  IT ARE THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF SMALL RECTANGULAR STONE LINED FEATURE, 2.5M

  BY 2M. IN THE SW CORNER OF THE LARGER ENCLOSURE IS A POSSIBLE CLEARANCE

  CAIRN.
- SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; SSE OF CLIPIAU

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR FLAT AREA, APPROXIMATELY 4M BY 3M, ADJACENT TO A STREAM

  AND ENCLOSED TO THE E BY A GRASSED OVER BANK, UP TO 0.8M HIGH. ORIENTATION N

   S.
- ?WALL; NW OF PEN Y GAER

  A LINEAR ARRANGEMENT OF STONES WITH AN AMORPHOUS PILE OF STONE AT THE

  WEST END. 11M LONG, 1.5M TO 2M WIDE AND 0.3M HIGH. ORIENTATION E W.
- 120 RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; NW SLOPE OF CLIPIAU SH41624660

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 12M BY 4M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH POSSIBLE

  SLIGHT TERRACING DOWNSLOPE. APPROXIMATELY 100M W OF CLAWDD SERI.

  ORIENTATION N S.
- 121 SCOOP; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41584627

  A SMALL CIRCULAR SCOOP, 4M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. POSSIBLE
  TERRACING DOWNSLOPE.
- 122 ?PEAT CUTTING; NNE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42444647
  AN AMORPHOUS DEPRESSION WITH FAIRLY VERTICAL SIDES.
- 123 CIRCLE OF STONES; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41604617
  A CIRCLE OF LARGE STONES, 5M IN DIAMETER. THE STONES ARE BETWEEN 0.4M BY 0.4M
  TO 0.6M BY 0.6M IN SIZE.

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124	TRACKWAY?; SW SLOPE OF CLIPIAU	SH41544612
	A NARROW PLATFORM, 13M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH POSSIBLE T	TERRACING
	DOWNSLOPE. MAY BE PART OF A TRACKWAY AS IT IS IN LINE WITH A GATEW	VAY IN THE
	FIFLD WALL TO THE SOUTH	

- 25 ?CAIRNFIELD; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41644600C THIRTY TO FORTY SUB-CIRCULAR TO OVAL VEGETATION COVERED MOUNDS WITHIN A VERY WET AREA, 300M BY 100M. THEY ARE APPROXIMATELY 3M BY 2M IN SIZE AND 0.4M TO 0.7M HIGH AND ROUGHLY 20M APART.
- STANDING STONE?; NNE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  AN UPRIGHT STONE (1.75M HIGH) INCORPORATED INTO THE FIELD WALL. THERE IS ONE

  1.11 IN DIAMETER HOLE IN THE EAST FACING SIDE BUT THERE IS NO SIGN OF A GATE IN

  THE WALL HERE. IT STANDS ON THE MAIN TRACK ACROSS THE AREA WHICH IS A PUBLIC
  FOOTPATH.
- 127 SCOOP; NE OF CLIPIAU

  A SLIGHT CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 4M IN DIAMETER, WITH A POSSIBLE LOW BANK TO THE

  W. THE AREA IS VERY WET AND THE FEATURE IS PROBABLY A NATURAL FEATURE

  ASSOCIATED WITH PEAT GROWTH.
- 128 SCOOP; N OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41294612

  AN SHALLOW OVAL SCOOP, 4M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND PROBABLY NATURAL.

  ORIENTATION N S.
- 129 SCOOP; N OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41314615

  A SHALLOW SUB-RECTANGULAR SCOOP, 6M BY 5M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH A
  FLATTISH AREA DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATION NE SW.
- QUARRYING; SW SLOPE OF CLIPIAU

  A QUARRYED OUT HOLLOW NEAR THE TOP OF CLIPIAU, 20M E OF CLAWDD SERI. IT IS
  LOCATED NEXT TO A ROCK OUTCROP, 8M BY 4M, WITH A BANK 3M WIDE AND 1.1M HIGH
  ENCLOSING IT.
- QUARRYING?; WEST SUMMIT OF CLIPIAU

  EXCAVATED AREA NEAR THE SUMMIT OF CLIPIAU 7M BY 8M AND 1.4M DEEP. PROBABLY
  QUARRYING.

  SH41774648
- 132 QUARRYING; WEST SUMMIT OF CLIPIAU SH41784644 SMALL SCOOPS AND SPOIL HEAPS RUNNING IN A N S DIRECTION.
- 133 QUARRYING; WEST SUMMIT OF CLIPIAU SH41764658 AN AREA OF OVAL SCOOPS 4M BY 5M IN SIZE AND 1.2M TO 1.4M DEEP.
- QUARRY; WEST SUMMIT OF CLIPIAU
  A QUARRY SCOOP APPROXIMATELY 7M IN DIAMETER AND 1.5M TO 1.8M DEEP.

  SH41784659
- TRACKWAY; NW OF CLIPIAU

  SH41424695

  A TRACKWAY, 130M IN LENGTH, RUNNING ALONG THE W SIDE OF STEEP STREAM BANK IN

  A N S DIRECTION. IT IS CUT INTO THE STREAM BANK BETWEEN 1.1M AND 1.2M WIDE

  AND TERRACED SLIGHTLY DOWNSLOPE. IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO TRACE THE ORIGIN OR

  CONCLUSION OF THE TRACKWAY DUE TO VEGETATION.
- QUARRY?; NW OF CLIPIAU

  A ROUGHLY CIRCULAR SCOOP APPROXIMATELY 6M IN DIAMETER AND 1.2M DEEP.

  LOCATED AT THE END OF THE TRACKWAY 135.

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137 PEAT CUTTING?; NW OF CLIPIAU

AN IRREGULARLY SIDED DEPRESSION 0.2M DEEP.

SH41444685

- 138 LEAT?; NW OF CLIPIAU SH41464691

  A SLIGHTLY CURCVING LINEAR BANK WITH A SHALLOW DITCH, APPROXIMATELY 17M

  LONG, RUNNING ALONG RIVER BANK TO THE EAST OF TRACKWAY NO. 135. ORIENTATION

  N S.
- 140 CAIRN?; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A GRASSED OVER MOUND OF EARTH AND STONES, 6M BY 5M AND 0.5M HIGH. LOCATED

  ON A STEEP E FACING SLOPE, APPEARS TO BE MAN-MADE. THE GROUND TO THE W

  APPEARS TO BE HOLLOWED OUT. OIRENTATION SSE NNW.
- 141 PLATFORM; E OF PEN Y GAER

  A SMALL NEGATIVE PLATFORM WITH SOME STONES AROUND THE OUTER EDGE.

  POSSIBLY NATURAL.
- HUT PLATFORM?; E OF PEN-Y-GAER

  TWO VERY LARGE BOULDERS AND A LINE OF ROUGHLY PLACED BOULDERS FORMING A
  CIRCULAR PLATFORM, C. 5M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED
  DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.6M. NO ENTRANCE IS DISCERNABLE. ADJACENT TO AN
  E W RUNNING FIELD WALL.
- 143 SHEEPFOLD; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER
  A COMPLEX, MULTI-PERIOD DRY-STONE CONSTRUCTED SHEEPFOLD. WALLS SURVIVING
  TO BETWEEN 0.8M TO 1.4M IN HEIGHT.
- WALL; SE OF PEN Y GAER

  REMAINS OF A DRY-STONE WALL, CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE BOULDERS WITH SMALLER
  STONES PLACED BETWEEN. THE MODERN STONE WALL CROSSES OVER IT. ORIENTATION
  ENE WSW.
- 145 ENCLOSURE; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL ENCLOSURE, 6M LONG BY BETWEEN 2M AND 4M WIDE, DEFINED BY A ROUGHLY
  BUILT STONE WALL FORMING A SEMI-CIRCLE AROUND A LARGE BOULDER. A POSSIBLE
  FURTHER ENCLOSURE OR HUT CIRCLE? TO THE SE.
- WALL; SE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A LINE OF LARGE BOULDERS, C. 25M LONG, AT THE BOTTOM OF A SCREE SLOPE
  ORIENTATED N S ACROSS THE SLOPE, IT THEN TURNS UPSLOPE FOR 25 M BECOMING A
  LINE OF SMALL STONES PILED 0.4M HIGH ENCLOSING THE SCREE.
- WALL; SE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A WALL CONSTRUCTED OF LARGISH STONES, RUNNING DOWN SLOPE IN A NNW SSE

  DIRECTION. SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF BETWEEN 0.15M TO 0.4M. THE WALL IS 18M SW

  OF AND PARALLEL TO NO. 146, WITH THE AREA BETWEEN HAVING BEEN CLEARED OF

  STONE.
- HUT SCOOP?; SE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 3M IN DIAMETER AND 0.1M DEEP. 2M E OF NO. 147,
  MID WAY ALONG ITS LENGTH
- WALL; SE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A STONE WALL, RUNNING IN A SE NW DIRECTION, FOLLOWS A SCREE GULLY, BUT
  CONTINUES DOWNSLOPE WHEN THE GULLY TURNS TO THE SW.

NO.

- 150 CLEARANCE CAIRN; SSE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH43004511
  A SMALL SUB-CIRCULAR TURF COVERED PILE OF STONE, 3M IN DIAMETER AND 0.3M
  HIGH, SITUATED IN AN AREA RELATIVELY FREE OF STONE.
- SHELTER; S OF PEN Y GAER

  EXCAVATED HOLLOW IN SCREE SLOPE. THE SCREE FROM THE CENTRE HAS BEEN PLACED ROUGHLY AROUND THE SIDES.

  SH42914516
- HUT CIRCLE?; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  SH42744524

  THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE HUT CIRCLE, C. 6M IN DIAMETER, DEFINED BY COLLASPED

  STONE WALLS, 0.9M HIGH, WITH A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE E. IT APPEARS TO BE

  BUILT ON A SLIGHTLY LARGER PLATFORM WHICH MAY BE OF AN EARLIER DATE. TWO

  SMALLER, 4M IN DIAMETER, SCOOPS TO THE S AND SW MAY REPRESENT THE REMAINS

  OF OTHER HUTS.
- 153 RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER SH42684515

  A ROUGHLY RECTANGULAR PLATFORM 9M LONG BY 5M WIDE AND 0.6M HIGH AT W END.

  UPCAST FROM A DRAINAGE DITCH OBSCURES THE E END OF THE PLATFORM. JUST

  NORTH OF PRN 1324/1323. ORIENTATION SE NW.
- RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; SSW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, APPROXIMATELY 8M BY 4M, WITH THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A WALL SURVIVING AS A TURF COVERED BANK, RUNNING ALONG THE E END OF THE PLATFORM, 0.5M WIDE AND 0.1M HIGH. APPROXIMATELY 36M ESE OF NO. 153.
- 155 FIELD SYSTEM; SSW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  AN AREA, APPROXIMATELY 90M BY 50M, OF VERY DISTURBED GROUND SHOWING SIGNS
  OF STONE AND TURF COVERED STONE WALLS AND PROBABLY WALLS LYING IN A SE NW
  DIRECTION. THEY ARE APPROXIMATELY 1.2M WIDE AND 0.4M TO 0.5M HIGH.
- 156 HUT PLATFORM, N OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG SH43574622

  A DENUDED LONG HUT, 14.4M BY 4.5, WITH ONE INTERNAL CROSS-WALL. IT IS SITUATED

  ON A LEVEL SHELF WITH A 'GARDEN PLOT', 30M BY 10M, TO THE SOUTH.
- 157 HUT PLATFORM, N OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG

  A LONG HUT, 6.3M BY 3.9M, LOCATED ON A SMALL LEVEL SHELF. AT EACH THERE IS AN

  EXTENSION, APPROXIMATELY 2.7M LONG AND PROBABLY LATER. THERE IS AN

  ENTRANCE ON THE N SIDE.
- 158 CAIRN, NW OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG SH43434614

  A ROUND STONY PLATFORM 6M IN DIAMETER, RAISED SLIGHTLY ABOVE THE SURROUNDING GRASSY SLOPES.
- 159 HUT GROUP (ENCLOSED), N OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG SH43434593
  THE TRACES OF A SLIGHTLY LEVELLED OVAL ENCLOSURE, 28.5M LONG AND 15M WIDE.
  WITHIN, ON THE S AND NE SIDES ARE TRACES OF ROUND HUTS APPROXIMATELY 8.1M
  AND 5.4M IN DIAMETER RESPECTIVELY.
- SHELTERS; SSW OF PEN Y GAER

  FOUR HOLLOWS EXCAVATED INTO THE SCREE SLOPE, UP TO 0.9M DEEP AND APPROXIMATELY IM IN DIAMETER.

  SH42854535
- 2 PHUT CIRCLE AND ?CAIRN; N OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41224626

  A FRAGMENTARY CIRCLE OF STONES IN A SLIGHT DEPRESSION, WITH A POSSIBLE CLEARANCE CAIRN ADJACENT TO THE E.

NO.

162 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF CLIPIAU

AN OVAL MOUND 4M BY 2M AND 0.2M HIGH.

SH41204665

- ENCLOSURE; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  AN OVAL STONE ENCLOSURE, STANDING TO APPROXIMATELY THREE COURSES IN PLACES. CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE ROUND TO WELL ROUNDED WATER-WORN STONES, ALSO INCORPORATES NATURAL BOULDERS. THERE IS ONE POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE E WHICH OPENS DIRECTLY ONTO A STREAM WHICH RUNS DOWN THE E SIDE. THERE IS ALSO A GAP IN THE SE OF THE ENCLOSURE. THE FEATURE ENCLOSES WHAT APPEARS TO BE A NATURAL MOUND. ORIENTATION NE SW. OPPOSITE A BURNT MOUND SURVEY NO. 164.
- BURNT MOUND; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A KIDNEY-SHAPED STONY MOUND, IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO A STREAM. EXPOSED

  STONE APPEARS SHATTERED AND REDDISH IN COLOUR. OPPOSITE THE STONE
  ENCLOSURE NO. 163.
- 165 HUT CIRCLE; NW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM WITH THE REMAINS OF A HUT, 3.5M BY 3M, CONSTRUCTED

  OF ROUGHLY FACED WALLING 0.6M WIDE AND 0.3M HIGH. ADJOINING IT ON THE E IS A

  SMALL RECTANGULAR STONE STRUCTURE, 4M BY 2.5M, OF SIMILAR CONSTRUCTION.
- 166 PLATFORM; WNW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER SH42694558
  A SMALL, SUB-CIRCULAR STONY PLATFORM CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE SLOPE AT ONE END
  OF A POSSIBLE VERY DENUDED STONE WALL, ORIENTATED E W.
- 167 ENCLOSURE; W SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 3M BY IM, IMMEDIATELY

  UPSLOPE OF A DRY-STONE FIELD WALL WHICH FORMS ONE SIDE. LARGE STONES FORM

  A REVETTING WALL UPSLOPE, C. IM HIGH. ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 168 ENCLOSURE; W SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A TRIANGULAR PLATFORM, 3M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. LARGISH STONES FORM A
  REVETTING WALL UPSLOPE, 1.5M HIGH. THE FIELD WALL FORMS THE W SIDE OF THE
  ENCLOSURE. A ROUGH STONE WALL RUNS UPSLOPE FROM THE S END OF THE
  ENCLOSURE, TURNING N FOR 4M.
- 169 ENCLOSURE; W SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL TRIANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 3M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE. THE FIELD WALL
  FORMS THE W SIDE (DOWNSLOPE), WITH LARGE BOULDERS REVETTING THE UPSLOPE.
- 170 CAIRN?; N SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  THE REMAINS OF A SUB-CIRCULAR PILE OF STONES, 25.M BY 2M AND 0.4M HIGH. IT
  APPEARS THAT HALF OF THE STONES TO THE NW HAVE BEEN REMOVED, A
  FRAGMENTARY KERB REMAINS TO SUGGEST THE ORIGINAL SIZE.
- 171 CLEARANCE CAIRN; N OF PEN Y GAER

  A PARTLY GRASSED OVER PILE OF STONE SURROUNDING AN UPRIGHT STONE. 2.5M IN DIAMETER.

# SURVEY SITENAME NO.

- RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; NE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 5M BY 3.75M, CUT INTO A SCREE SLOPE AND TERRACED OUT FROM BETWEEN 0.75M TO 1M FROM THE NATURAL SLOPE. THE TERRACING IS 0.9M HIGH, WITH SURVIVING OUTER FACING VISIBLE, THOUGH SOME COLLASPE HAS TAKEN PLACE TO THE S. COLLASPE HAS ALSO TAKEN PLACE UPSLOPE, HOWEVER, FRAGMENTARY EVIDENCE OF STONE REVETTING IS VISIBLE. AN ORTHOSTAT AND ONE POSSIBLE FALLEN ORTHOSTAT MARK THE PROBABLY ENTRANCE AT THE S END. ATTACHED TO THE NW CORNER OF THE PLATFORM IS A SMALLER PLATFORM, 2.2M BY 1M, AGAIN CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND REVETTED UPSLOPE AND TERRACED DOWNSLOPE, WITH A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE S. ORIENTATION N S.
- 173 SHELTER; SE OF PEN Y GAER

  A HOLLOW DUG INTO THE SCREE SLOPE, REVETTED DOWNSLOPE BY DRY-STONE
  WALLING. APPROXIMATELY IM IN DIAMETER.
- SHEEPFOLD; NE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL SQUARE DRY-STONE BUILDING, WITH SURVIVING GABLE END WALLS AND A
  SUB-CIRCULAR STONE ENCLOSURE ATTACHED TO THE E FROM WHICH A STONE
  ENCLOSING WALL EMANATES AND TERRACING RUNNING NE FOR 14M. A SIMILAR
  TERRACED WALL EMINATES FROM THE NW OF THE SQUARE BUILDING. THE SUBCIRCULAR ENCLOSURE APPEARS TO BE THE EARLIEST STRUCTURE.
- 175 SHELTER; SE SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 2M BY 1.8M, FORMED BY THE REMOVAL OF STONE FROM THE SURROUNDING SCREE GULLY. TWO TO THREE COURSES OF DRY-STONE WALLING 0.4M HIGH, DEFINE THE LIMITS OF THE FEATURE. ALTHOUGH SOME OF THE WALLING LOOKS RECENT THERE APPEARS TO BE AN EARLIER PHASE.
- HUT CIRCLE?/SHEEPFOLD; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SUB-CIRCULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, POSSIBLY A HUT CIRCLE (4M BY 4M) WITHIN WHICH APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN BUILT A 'L'- SHAPED STRUCTURE, POSSIBLY A SHEEP PEN. THE WALLS OF THE SUB-CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE ARE IM THICK AND SURVIVE TO A HIEGHT OF 0.4M OR TWO TO THREE COURSES. A SMALL STONE PLATFORM, IM BY 0.5M, IS SITUATED ON THE NW CORNER OF THE ENCLOSURE.
- 177 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER
  A SUB-CIRCULAR PILE OF STONES WITH A POSSIBLE KERB. 2M IN DIAMETER.
  SH42514593
- 178 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER
  A LOW KERB OF STONES, SOME STONES WITHIN. IM IN DIAMETER.

  SH42544591
- 179 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER

  A LINEAR GROUP OF STONES PLACED ON TOP OF NATURAL BOULDERS. 2M BY 0.75M

  AND 0.2M HIGH.
- 180 RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER SH42624595

  A STONE EDGED POSITIVE PLATFORM, 1.6M BY 1.5M, WITHIN AN AREA OF GRASSED

  COVER SCREE. A SECOND POSSIBLE PLATFORM, 1M BY 0.6M, CONNECTED TO THE NW.

  ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 181 WALL? NW OF PEN Y GAER

  A 5M LONG LINE OF STONES, SOME ORTHOSTATS. ORIENTATION W E.

  SH42604595

# SURVEY SITENAME NO.

182	ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR STONE AND EARTH ENCLOSURE, 9.2M BY 9M, WITH WALLS SURV TO A HEIGHT OF 0.2M TO 0.3M AND 1M TO 2M WIDE. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ENTRAN THE SE. WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE TO THE SW IS A SMALLER STONE SUB-CIRC ENCLOSURE, 2M IN DIAMETER, WITH ITS W SIDE EITHER INCORPORATED OR OVER THE LARGER ENCLOSURE WALL. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO TH PREVIOUSLY RECORDED AS A POSSIBLE RING CAIRN (PRN 2766).	CE TO CULAR LYING
183	?HUT CIRCLE; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER A FRAGMENTARY, SUB-CIRCULAR FEATURE OF STONES, 3M IN DIAMETER AND 0.5M WIDE. A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE NW.	SH42384593 UP TO
184	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR GROUP OF STONES ONE SIDE OF A LARGE BOULDER. IM IN DIAM	SH42524581 ETER.
185	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER A CIRCULAR KERB OF STONES WITH GRASSED OVER STONES WITHIN. 2M IN DIAME	SH42534580 TER.
186	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW PEN Y GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR KERB OF STONES WITH PARTLY GRASSED OVER STONES WITHIN. IN DIAMETER.	SH42524579 2.5M
187	CLEARANCE CAIRN?; NW OF PEN Y GAER A SEMI-CIRCULAR DRY STONES STRUCTURE, THREE COURSES HIGH. 2M BY 0.5M.	SH42474580
188	?HUT CIRCLE; NW OF PE-Y-GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR, SLIGHTLY RAISED PLATFORM, 2M BY 1.2M. INNER AND OUTER IS STONE WALLS EXPLOIT A LARGE NATURAL BOULDER TO THE SW. THERE ENTRANCE TO THE S AND A SMALL CIRCULAR STONE LINED FEATURE WITHIN ENCLOSURE. ATTATCHED TO THE NW ARE THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE RECTANCE ENCLOSURE, 1.78M BY 1.75M.	IS AN N THE
189	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER A PARTLY GRASSED OVER MOUND. 2.75M IN DIAMETER.	SH42414584
190	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NW OF PEN Y GAER A WELL SET CIRCLE OF STONES SURROUNDING AN ORTHOSTAT.	SH42234587
191	SHEEPFOLD; WNW OF PEN Y GAER A DRY-STONE CONSTRUCTED RECTANGULAR SHEEPFOLD, 6M BY 5M.	SH42044568
192	CLEARANCE CAIRN; WNW OF PEN Y GAER A LINEAR GROUPING OF LOOSELY PILED STONES. 8M BY 1.5M.	SH42084569
193	HUT CIRCLE?; WNW OF PEN-Y-GAER A FRAGMENTARY, SUB-CIRCULAR RING OF STONES, 4M IN DIAMETER, ON A FLA RIDGE ABOVE A STREAM.	SH42094568 ATTISH
194	BANK AND DITCH; NW OF PEN-Y-GAER  A FLAT TOPPED TURF COVERED BANK, 0.3M HIGH AND 2M WIDE. DOWNSLOPE THE A SHALLOW DITCH, 0.2M DEEP AND 1M TO 1.2M WIDE. ORIENTATED ROUGHLY E IS NOT CLEAR WHERE IT ORIGINATES TO THE E, WHILE TO THE W IT CONTINUE OVER 300M BEFORE BECOMING LOST IN HIGH REEDS AND MARSHY TERRAIN. AP TO CONTINUE IN THE DIRECTION OF CLAWDD SERI (PRN 86) THEY MAY, THEREFO RELATED. APPROXIMATELY 40M FROM THE E END, 097 APPROACHES FROM THE N	- W. IT IS FOR PEARS PRE BE

MERGES WITH THE BANK.

195	BURNT MOUND; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD							SH42024602		
	A KIDNEY	SHAPED	STONY,	TURF	COVERED	MOUND	ADJACENT	TO	A	STREAM.
	APPROXIM.	ATELY 10M	BY 6M AT	VD UP T	O IM HIGH.	FLAT TO	PPED.			

- 196 BANK; NW OF PEN Y GAER SH42064589
  A GRASSED OVER BANK, APPROXIMATELY 250M LONG AND 1.75. WIDE, ORIENTATED NNE
   SSW, PARALLEL WITH THE DRYSTONE FIELD WALL.
- BURNT MOUND; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A 'C'-SHAPED STONY, TURF GROWN MOUND ADJACENT TO A STREAM AND 4M E OF THE
  BURNT MOUND 195. APPROXIMATELY 8.75M BY 4.5 AND UP TO 0.6M HIGH. FLAT
  TOPPED.
- BURNT MOUND?; NE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42034599

  A DENUDED 'C'-SHAPED STONY, TURF GROWN MOUND, 3M FROM A STREAM.

  APPROXIMATELY 5M BY 3.5M IN SIZE AND UP TO 0.55M HIGH. FLAT TOPPED.
- 199 ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE; W OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42084557

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE OF LARGE BOULDERS, APPROXIMATELY 8.5M

  BY 4M, SITUATED ON FLAT GROUND, AT THE FOOT OF A SLOPE, ADJACENT TO A STREAM.

  IN THE SE CORNER IS A PROBABLY HUT CIRCLE, SURVIVING AS A SINGLE COURSE OF STONES, 2.5M BY 1.75M IN SIZE.
- 200 CLEARANCE CAIRN; S OF PEN Y GAER
  A SMALL PILE OF STONES. 0.8M IN DIAMETER.
  SH42814508
- 201 ?QUARRYING; S OF PEN Y GAER SH42874503 TWO IRREGULAR SCOOPS. POSSIBLY STONE QUARRIES FOR NEARBY FIELD WALL.
- WALL; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  ROUGHLY PILED BOULDERS FORMING AN IRREGULAR WALL 0.9M HIGH, 0.6M TO 0.8M

  WIDE AND APPROXIMATELY 39M LONG. SITUATED IN A BOULDER STREWN AREA,

  TERMINATES CLEARLY AT THE E END, BUT BECOMES CONFUSED AT THE W END.

  ORIENTATION E W.
- WALL; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  ROUGHLY PILED BOULDERS FORMING A W E RUNNING WALL, 0.4M TO 0.5M WIDE, 0.5M

  HIGH AND APPROXIMATELY 48M LONG. CURVES AROUND UPSLOPE TOWARDS A ROCK

  OUTCROP, BEFORE BECOMING INDISTINCT. VERY SIMILAR TO WALL 202 AND IS PERHAPS

  A CONTINUATION OF IT.
- 204 BANK AND DITCH; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A TUFF COVERED BANK, 0.25M WIDE AND 0.8M HIGH, WITH A DITCH ON THE W SIDE.

  ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 205 FIELD SYSTEM; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  AN AREA APPROXIMATELY 100M BY 150M, DEFINED BY A LARGE BANK AND DITCH TO
  THE NW, THE REMAINS OF A BANK TO THE SW AND A STONE AND BOULDER FACED BANK
  TO THE NE, SE AND E. POSSIBLE EVIDENCE FOR RIDGE AND FURROW ACTIVITY.
- WALL; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A LENGTH OF ROUGHLY PILED STONES, 0.7M HIGH, 0.5M WIDE AND APPROXIMATELY
  65M LONG, FORMING AN 'U'-SHAPED ENCLOSURE. SITUATED IN A BOULDER STREWN
  AREA AND BUILT BETWEEN LARGE BOULDERS.

- 74	-7		`	
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207	WALL; SSE OF PEN-Y-GAER	SH43084501C
	A WALL CONSTRUCTED WITH LARGE BOULDERS 15M LONG, 0.5M HIGH AND 0.61	M WIDE.
	ORIENTATED NW - SE AND 50M WNW OF WALL 206, MAY BE A CONTINUATION	OF THIS
	WALL.	

- 208 LYNCHET?; SE OF PEN Y GAER SH43284500
  A PLOUGHED OUT SLIGHT RISE IN THE GROUND, 0.3M HIGH. ORIENTATED NE SW.
- 209 POND; SE OF PEN Y GAER
  A NATURAL? POND, EDGED BY STONES.

  SH43424510
- WALL; SE OF PEN-Y-GAER SH43434509

  AN EARTH COVERED BANK, 2.5M WIDE, WITH STONE FACING ON THE N SIDE 1M HIGH.
- 211 WALL; SW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A STONE WALL, 41M LONG, PARTLY GRASSED COVERED WITH

  SOME BREAKS IN IT. FORKS OFF AT NE END WHERE IT BECOMES LESS DISTINCT,

  POSSIBLY JOINING WITH THE ENCLOSURE TO THE NE. ORIENTATED NE SW.
- 212 ENCLOSURE; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SQUARE ENCLOSURE OF WALLS UP TO 0.65M HIGH BUILT WITH LARGE FLAT FACED

  STONES SET UPRIGHT FORMING INNER AND OUTER FACING WITH RUBBLE CORE.

  THERE IS ALSO A FAIRLY RUINESS SHEEPFOLD AT THE NE CORNER.
- 213 RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL RECTANGULAR HUT/ENCLOSURE, 3.5M BY 3M, ON A PLATFORM CUT INTO THE

  SLOPE. THE WALLS ARE MOSTLY GONE, APART FOR THE N AND E SIDES WHICH ARE

  ROUGHLY BUILT OF STONE, SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 0.8M IN PLACES. NO ENTRANCE

  IS DISCERNABLE. DIRECTLY TO THE W ARE THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A STONE

  ENCLOSURE, 7M BY 5M. ORIENTATED N S.
- 214 SQUARE STRUCTURE; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER
  A SMALL SQUARE STRUCTURE, 5M BY 5M, SURVIVES AS TURF COVERED STONE WALLS IM
  WIDE AND 0.2M HIGH. LOCATED ON A NATURAL SHELF, THERE IS NO IDENTIFIABLE
  ENTRANCE.
- 215 ENCLOSURE?; WSW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A 6M LENGTH OF STONE WALLING, ORIENTATED N S, 0.6M HIGH AND 0.5M WIDE.

  TRACES OF STONE WALLING ARE PRESENT AT EITHER END, POSSIBLY FORMING AN

  ENCLOSURE APPROXIMATE 6M BY 6M. LOCATED ON A NATURAL SHELF, 18M TO THE NE

  OF SURVEY NO. 214.
- 216 SHEEPFOLD; SW OF PEN Y GAER
  A SHEEPFOLD WITH A PAVED ENTRANCE.
  SH42614537
- QUARRY; SW SLOPE OF PEN Y GAER

  A RECTANGULAR EXCAVATED DEPRESSION, ADJACENT TO FIELD WALL. ORIENTATED

  ENE WSW.
- 218 SHELTER; W SLOPE OF PEN Y GAER

  A RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION EXCAVATED OUT OF NATURAL SCREE, 1.8M BY 1.1M. THE

  STONES REMOVED HAVE BEEN BUILT UP FORMING A ROUGH LOW WALL DOWNSLOPE.

  ORIENTATED N S.

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- 219 SHELTER; W SLOPES OF PEN Y GAER

  A RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 2M BY IM, EXCAVATED OUT OF NATURAL SCREE.

  REMOVED STONES FORM A LOW, ROUGH WALL DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATED SE NW. 16M

  TO NW OF 218.
- 220 WALL; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER SH42644543
  A SHORT, 12M LONG, LENGTH OF COLLAPSED STONE WALLING RUNNING DOWNSLOPE IN
  AN E W DIRECTION.
- 221 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER

  A WELL GRASSED OVER SUB-RECTANGULAR GROUPING OF STONE ON THE EDGE OF A
  CLEARED AREA, 7M BY 5M. ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 222 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER
  A GRASSED OVER MOUND, 3.5M IN DIAMETER.
  SH42524545
- 223 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR GROUP OF STONES AROUND A LARGER STONE. 6M BY 3.5M,
  ORIETATION E W.
- 224 CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR GROUP OF SMALL STONES, DEFINED BY THE REMAINS OF A KERB.

  SOME RECENT DUMPING OF STONE ON THE SITE HAS TAKEN PLACE. ORIENTATION N S.
- 225 CLEARANCE CAIRN; WSW OF PEN Y GAER

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR TURF COVERED MOUND, 3.5M BY 2M AND 0.6M TO 0.7M HIGH.

  ORIENTATION NNE SSW.
- 227 RING CAIRN?; WNW OF PEN Y GAER SH42534558
  A RING OF STONES APPROXIMATELY 4M IN DIAMETER AND 0.5M TO 1M WIDE. THE
  CENTRE OF THE CAIRN IS SLIGHTLY LOWER WITH SOME STONE PRESENT.
- 228 CAIRN?; WNW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A CAIRN. SURVIVES AS AN OVAL RING OF STONES, 7M BY
  3.5M, SOME SET AT RIGHT ANGLES ESPECIALLY IN THE CENTRE.
- FIELD SYSTEM; SW OF PEN-Y-GAER

  THE REMAINS OF STONE FIELD WALLS, BANKS OF STONES 2M WIDE AND UP TO 0.7M

  HIGH, FORMING SMALL FIELDS. ASSOCIATED WITH THE HUT GROUPS OF PRN 1323.
- 230 HUT CIRCLE + FIELD SYSTEM, NW OF CWM FARM, CLYNNOG SH43374582
  PLOUGHED OUT REMAINS OF TWO DEFINATE AND ONE POSSIBLE HUT WITH AN
  ENCLOSURE AND LYNCHETS UPSLOPE.
- PEN Y GAER HILLFORT, LLANAELHAEARN

  A SMALL FORT OCCUPYING THE TOP OF AN ISOLATED HILL RISING. THE SIDES ARE
  STEEP, WITH NUMEROUS ROCKY OUTCROPS ON THE SUMMIT AND E SLOPES. THE
  DEFENCES CONSIST OF DRY-STONE BUILT WALLS, BEST PRESERVED ON THE W SIDE.
  THERE IS AN ENTRANCE ON THE W SIDE. WITHIN THE ENCLOSURE THERE ARE ABOUT A
  DOZEN RATHER ILL-DEFINED TERRACED PLATFORMS, APPROXIMATELY 6M IN
  DIAMETER.
- PLATFORM HOUSE, TYDDYN MAWR, LLANAELHAEARN
  SH42764504
  A PLATFORM HOUSE, 12M BY 9M, WITH A HOOD WALL. THE WALLS ARE BEST PRESERVED
  ON THE SW SIDE AND ARE FORMED BY LARGE ANGULAR BOULDERS LAID FLAT. IT IS
  BISECTED BY A MODERN WALL. ORIENTATION NW SE.

# SURVEY SITENAME NO.

- HUT GROUP, TYDDYN MAWR, LLANAELHAEARN
  SH42704514
  A TRAPEZOIDAL ENCLOSURE CONTAINING TRACES OF THREE ROUND AND ONE OR TWO
  SUB-RECTANGULAR BUILDINGS. THE SITE IS MUCH RUINED, WITH THE ENTRANCE
  PROBABLY ON THE S SIDE. TO THE NW ARE THREE HUTS APPEARING AS HOLLOWS, 6M IN
  DIAMETER.
- 235 HUT GROUP (ENCLOSED), CWM CEILIOG

  AN ENCLOSED HUT GROUP. A MUCH RUINED, ROUGHLY CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE
  APPARENTLY CONTAINING ONE OR TWO SUB-RECTANGULAR AND THREE CIRCULAR
  BUILDINGS. A SYSTEM OF SMALL TERRACED FIELDS EXTENDS N AND S, COVERING AN
  AREA OF APPROXIMATELY 5 ACRES.
- 236 CLAWDD SERI MEDIEVAL BOUNDARY, CLIPIAU, CLYNNOG SH41744666C

  A LINEAR EARTHWORK, 1670 YDS. LONG WHICH RUNS N FROM A SWAMP AT THE HEAD OF

  CWM CEILIOG TO A SWAMP SW OF SELER DDU. IT VARIES IN SCALE AND CHARACTER,

  SOMETIMES WITH A DITCH ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BANK, TO THE BANK DISAPPEARING

  ALTOGETHER AND THE DITCHES MERGING INTO ONE LARGE DITCH.
- 237 LONG HUT, SE OF GYRN DDU

  A LONG HUT, 7.2M BY 13.3M. THE WALLS ARE CONSTRUCTED WITH LARGE BOULDERS

  AND ARE BETWEEN 0.9M AND 0.6M THICK AND 0.6M HIGH. THERE IS AN ENTRANCE AT

  THE E END OF THE N WALL AND A WALL RUNS FROM THE NE CORNER, PERHAPS ONE

  SIDE OF AN ENCLOSURE. ORIENTATION E W.
- PILLOW MOUNDS (POSS), NE OF CWM CORYN

  SH40494564

  TWO MOUNDS, RECTANGULAR IN PLAN RISING TO A BLUNT AXIAL RIDGE, 10.5M LONG,
  3.6M WIDE AND 0.9M HIGH AND 10.8M LONG, 2.7M WIDE AND 0.6M HIGH RESPECTIVELY.
- 240 HUT GROUP (ENCLOSED), S OF FARM YARD, LLANAELHAEARN SH40414570
  STRIP LYNCHETS, 100M TO 200M BROAD, FORMING WELL-MARKED CULTIVATION
  TERRACES. THEY APPEAR TO FORM THREE GROUPS AND ARE GENERALLY 0.9M HIGH,
  BUT REACH 3M IN HEIGHT IN PLACES.
  A MUCH ROBBED ENCLOSED HUT-GROUP BUILT OF STONE AND EARTH, CONSISTING OF
  TWO CIRCULAR HUTS AND ONE OR TWO SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORMS. TWO OTHER
  RECTANGULAR BUILDINGS APPEAR TO BE LATER IN DATE.
- 241 HUT GROUP (ENCLOSED), E OF CWM CORYN

  A MUCH ROBBED ENCLOSED HUT GROUP OF AT LEAST TWO HUT CIRCLES. THE N HUT

  HAS BEEN SCARPED INTO THE HILLSIDE AND IS FAIRLY WELL PRESERVED. MODERN

  FIELD WALLS BISECT THE SITE.
- 251 RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42064561

  ADJACENT TO A STREAM, A SUB-CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE DEFINED BY LARGE BOULDERS.

  THE SIDE OF THE ENCLOSURE NEXT TO THE STREAM HAS BEEN BUILT UP WITH STONE.

  THE ENCLOSURE IS 5M BY 5M IN SIZE AND THERE IS A POSSIBLE VERY DENUDED WALL

  TO THE W, RUNNING IN A W E DIRECTION.
- FARMSTEAD?; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  MARKED AS A SHEEPFOLD ON THE 1:10,000 MAP, THIS COMPLEX CONSISTS OF THREE

  JOINED COMPARTMENTS, THE CENTRAL ONE CONTAINS AN ENTRANCE, SHEEPCREEP

  AND POSSIBLE CHIMNEY. TWO SMALLER ANNEXES ARE PRESENT TO THE SE AND TO THE

  SW THERE IS AN ARTIFICIAL POND AND STONE CHANNEL COLLECTING WATER FROM A

  STREAM.

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253	BANK?; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41964564	40
	A LOW GRASSES OVER BANK, SOME STONES ARE VISIBLE, WITH POSSIBLE STONE FACING	
	DOWNSLOPE AT ONE POINT. BETWEEN 0.2M AND 0.5M HIGH AND APPROXIMATELY 120M	
	LONG, CURVING ACROSS THE SLOPE IN A ROUGHLY NW - SE DIRECTION.	

- 254 DITCH; NW OF PEN Y GAER
  A SHALLOW LINEAR FEATURE, JOINS WITH MAIN DRAIN. ORIENTATION SSW NNE.
- 255 NEGATIVE PLATFORM; NE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41564595
  A NEGATIVE PLATFORM, CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 6M BY 3M. DEFINED BY THE REMAINS OF
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL OF LARGISH STONES. FULL OF RUSHES. ORIENTATED
  NW SE.
- HUT PLATFORM; NE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A NEGATIVE PLATFORM, CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 7M BY 6.75M. ITS SIDES HAVE BEEN
  BUILT UP INTO BANKS, BETWEEN IM AND 1.25M WIDE AND BETWEEN 0.6M AND 2M HIGH.
  THE BANK AT THE REAR (UPSLOPE) HAS A PROBABLE DRAINAGE HOOD. DOWNSLOPE,
  THE PLATFORM HAS BEEN SLIGHTLY BUILT UP, APPROXIMATELY 0.2M HIGH.
  ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 257 LYNCHET?; W OF PEN Y GAER
  A SLIGHTLY TERRACED LINEAR FEATURE. ORIENTATION NNW SSE.

  SH42064543C
- 258 LYNCHET; W OF PEN Y GAER
  SLIGHT TERRACING RUNNING ACROSS THE SLOPE. ORIENTATION NNW SSE.

  SH42034547C
- 259 BANK; SW OF PEN Y GAER

  A TURF COVERED BANK, RUNNING AT A SLIGHT ANGLE OFF THE PRESENT BOUNDARY
  WALL. ORIENTATION SW NE.
- 260 CLEARANCE CAIRNS; WSW PEN Y GAER

  EIGHT SMALL CLEARANCE CAIRNS, 1.2M IN DIAMETER.

  SH42104545C
- PLATFORM; SE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH42134518

  A SUB-CIRCULAR NEGATIVE PLATFORM, 6M BY 5M, CUT INTO A SCREE SLOPE AND
  SLIGHTLY TERRACED DOWNSLOPE (0.4M HIGH). POSSIBLY QUARRYING FOR THE NEARBY
  FIELD WALL.
- 262 SHELTER; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42174508
  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 2.25M BY 2M, LOCATED AT THE FOOT OF AN OUTCROP IN A
  VERY STONY AREA. IT IS TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 1M BY LARGE STONES.
  THE PLATFORM IS PARTIALLY FILLED BY TUMBLE. PROBABLY A SHEPHERD SHELTER.
- 263 SHELTER?; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SMALL, 2M BY IM, NEGATIVE SCOOP CUT INTO A SCREE SLOPE AND BUILT UP
  DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF IM. DIRECTLY ADJACENT TO E W FIELD WALL. POSSIBLY
  A SHEPHERD'S SHELTER.
- 264 SHELTER; N OF CWM CILIO FARM

  AN EXCAVATED HOLLOW IN THE SCREE SLOPE, LOCATED AT THE BASE OF AN OUTCROP

  AND REVETTED DOWNSLOPE.
- 265 CIRCULAR DEPRESSION; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42194503

  A SMALL, 1.5M IN DIAMETER, CIRCULAR DEPRESSION DEFINED BY A FRAGMENTARY

  CIRCLE OF STONES AND POSSIBLY TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. ALSO, TO THE NW IS A

  POSSIBLE, VERY DENUDED, 1.5M LENGTH OF STONE WALL.

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- 267 CLEARANCE CAIRN; SW OF PEN Y GAER
  A SUB-CIRCULAR PILE OF STONES, PARTLY GRASSED OVER.
  SH42134502
- SUB-RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE; SE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A 'U'-SHAPED FEATURE OF GRASSED OVER STONE BANKS, 7M BY 4M, 1M WIDE AND BETWEEN 0.1M AND 0.4M HIGH. THE NE SIDE MAY HAVE BEEN DESTROYED. LOCATED AT THE BASE OF A NATURAL RIDGE AND POSSIBLY TERRACED DOWNSLOPE, WITH A SMALL STONY PATCH TO THE W.
- 269 BANK; SW OF PEN Y GAER

  A BANK 2.5M WIDE AND 0.4M HIGH, BECOMING INDISTINCT HALF WAY DOWN FIELD.

  ORIENTATION WNW ESE.
- 270 WALL; SW OF PEN Y GAER

  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL OF STONES SET ON EDGE, PARALLEL WITH THE ADJACENT STREAM. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 271 WALL; W OF PEN Y GAER

  A STONE WALL GRASSED OVER WHICH FOLLOWS THE BASE OF THE SLOPE ALONG THE STREAM. ORIENTATION N S.
- 272 ?HUT CIRCLE; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH42144542

  A FRAGMENTARY CIRCLE OF STONES SOME ON EDGE, 4M IN DIAMETER, TERRACED

  SLIGHTLY TO THE S, W AND N. DIRECTLY TO THE S, AT A SLIGHTLY LOWER LEVEL, IS A

  SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE FEATURE, 2M BY IM.
- BURNT MOUND; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A 'C'-SHAPED GRASSED OVER, STONY MOUND 4M FROM A STREAM. THE N ARM HAS
  BEEN TRUNCATED 3M FROM THE E END BY A STREAM, LEAVING A SMALL, 3M IN
  DIAMETER, GRASSED OVER, STONY MOUND. APPROXIMATELY 8M BY 8M IN SIZE AND UP
  TO 0.5M HIGH.
- 274 RECTANGULAR KERBS; SW OF PEN Y GAER

  TWO SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE KERBS, PARTLY GRASSED OVER WITH NO INTERNAL STONES. 1M BY 0.8M.
- 275 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER
  SMALL STONES PLACED ON TOP OF LARGER NATURAL SCREE, 1M IN DLAMETER.
  SH42404545
- 276 CLEARANCE CAIRN; W OF PEN Y GAER

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR, PARTIALLY GRASSED OVER GROUPING OF STONES UPSLOPE OF A
  LARGER BOULDER. 1. IM BY 0.6M.
- SHEEPFOLD; E OF MOEL BRONMIOD
  SH42234558
  RUINESS STONE WALLING CONCTRUCTED OF LARGE BOULDERS, SURVIVING UP TO TWO
  COURSES (0.3M HIGH) IN A FEW PLACES, FORMS AN ENCLOSURE WITH A STREAM TO THE
  W AND THE FIELD WALL TO THE N. THE AREA ENCLOSED GRADUALLY SLOPES DOWN TO
  THE STREAM. ORIENTATED N S.
- PLATFORM HOUSE?; NE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41554595

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 4M BY 3M, DEFINED BY FRAGMENTARY, DENUDED

  BOULDER CONSTRUCTED WALLS. CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY TERRACED

  DOWNSLOPE, WITH A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE NW. APPROXIMATELY 15M SW FROM

  THE N S FIELD WALL, ORIENTATED NW SE.

- HUT CIRCLE AND TERRACING; E SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41824564

  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 3.5M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY

  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. STONES ARE VISIBLE AROUND THE EDGE. THIS DEPRESSION IS

  SITUATED AT THE SE END OF A LYNCHET/TERRACE, RUNNING IN A ESE WNW

  DIRECTION, 20M LONG AND 0.4M HIGH. IT IS 6M NW OF THE LYNCHET ASSOCIATED

  WITH HUT CIRCLE 285.
- 285 HUT CIRCLE AND TERRACING; E SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41844563
  A CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 7M IN DIAMETER, WITH A 1M HIGH, 1.5M WIDE SEMICIRCULAR BANK UPSLOPE AND TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.8M. SOME
  EDGING STONES VISIBLE. THIS HUT CIRCLE IS AT THE SE END OF A LYNCHET/TERRACE,
  33M LONG AND 0.2M HIGH. TO THE NE OF THE CIRCLE IS AN ORTHOSTAT, 0.7M HIGH.
  THE NW END OF THE LYNCHET/TERRACE IS 6M NE OF HUT CIRCLE 284.
- 286 RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; E SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41704540
  A STONE TURFED OVER, SUB-RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, ENCLOSING A NATURAL
  SPRING IN THE SW SIDE. IT IS 3M BY 2.5M IN SIZE AND IS CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE SLOPE.
  ATTATCHED TO THE NW CORNER IS A STONE PLATFORM, 1.5M BY IM AND 0.1M HIGH.
  ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 287 RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41774521

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 4M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY
  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.2M.
- SHEEPFOLD AND ENCLOSURE; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41874568

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE WITH A SMALLER SQUARE ENCLOSURE
  ANNEXED TO THE SE AND AN APPARENTLY LATER RECTANGULAR DRY-STONE
  STRUCTURE, WITH AN ENTRANCE TO THE E WHICH OVERLING THE LARGER ENCLOSURE
  WALL. SITUATED AT THE FOOT OF NATURAL OUTCROPPING ON A LEVEL SHELF. THE
  MAIN ENCLOSURE ORIENTATED E W.
- PEAT STACK?; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A GRASSED OVER STONY, FLAT TOPPED, OVAL MOUND, 6.5M LONG, 2M WIDE AND UP TO 0.5M HIGH. THE MOUND IS ENCLOSED BY DRY-STONE WALLING, APPROXIMATELY 0.4M HIGH. ONE END OF THE MOUND IS WET WITH RUSHES GROWING THERE. TO THE NW AN ARM OF THE DRY-STONE WALLING TURNS AWAY FROM THE MOUND IN A N DIRECTION, TERMINATING IN A LOW PILE OF STONES, IM IN DIAMETER. ORIENTATED NW SE. A SMALL, IM BY IM, SQUARE, STONE EDGED PLATFORM HAS BEEN ANNEXED TO THE SW END OF THE MOUND.
- HUT CIRCLE AND ENCLOSURE; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SUB-CIRCULAR FEATURE OF STONES, 3.5M IN DIAMETER, WITH SOME KERB STONES
  SURVIVING AND FRAGMENTS OF WALLING, 0.3M WIDE. THE INTERIOR IS STONY. A LOW,
  DENUDED BANK, 0.1M HIGH AND 1.5M TO 2M WIDE, RUNS IN A NE DIRECTION FROM THE
  HUT CIRCLE FOR 18M, BEFORE TURNING SE AND RUNNING DOWN THE SLOPE FOR
  APPROXIMATELY 120M BECOMING VERY DENUDED BEFORE DISAPPEARING. SOME
  FACING STONES ARE VISIBLE ALONG ITS LENGTH.
- 291 HUT CIRCLE?; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SUB-CIRCULAR, VERY FRAGMENTARY, STONE EDGED FEATURE, 7M BY 6.5M.

  ADJACENT TO THE SW END OF THE PEAT STACK SURVEY (NO. 289) AND THE BANK ASSOCIATED WITH HUT CIRCLE(SURVEY NO. 290).
- 292 ?HUT SCOOP; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41904515 A NEGATIVE CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 3M IN DIAMETER, WITH SOME STONE DEFINING A POSSIBLE EDGE.

- 293 WALL; NNW OF CWM CILIO FARM
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL, NO OBVIOUS FACING. ORIENTATION N S.
- TRACKWAY; NNW OF CWM CILIO FARM

  A TRACKWAY CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 1.5M WIDE, WITH A STONE BANK DOWNSLOPE, 0.5M
  TO 0.6M HIGH. IT CONTINUES INTO THE NEXT FIELD TO THE WEST GRADUALLY
  RUNNING DOWN SLOPE TO THE PRESENT TRACK.
- 295 ENCLOSURE; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41894507
  A 'U'-SHAPED STONE ENCLOSURE, 3M BY 3M, BUILT AT THE FOOT OF AN OUTCROP ON A
  NATURAL RIDGE. STONE REVETTING, 1.5M THICK, IS PRESENT UPSLOPE, WHILE THE
  SIDE WALLS ARE BETWEEN 0.6M TO 0.8M THICK.
- FARM BUILDING; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE BUILDING STANDING TO 1M IN PLACES, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH THICK WALLS. HAS ONE SURVIVING GATEPOST IN THE ENTRANCE TO THE EAST. TWO, POSSIBLY THREE, INTERNAL DIVISIONS ON DIFFERENT LEVELS AND TWO OR THREE, PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION. ORIENTATED E W. POSSIBLY A COLD HOUSE.
- 297 STONE PLATFORM; NNW OF CWM CILIO FARM
  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM OF STONE, 3M BY 1.2M. ORIENTATION W E.
- 300 CAIRN; SUMMIT OF GYRN DDU SH40584667
  A CAIRN, 13.5M IN DIAMETER AND 2.4M HIGH, WITH A MODERN FIELD WALL RUNNING
  OVER IT. POSSIBLE KERB STONES ARE VISIBLE.
- 301 CAIRN, SUMMIT OF GYRN DDU

  AT THE JUNCTION OF THREE MODERN WALLS, A MUCH ROBBED CAIRN 13.5M IN
  DIAMETER AND 1.8M HIGH.
- 302 ENCLOSURES, SE SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  A ROUGHLY CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE, C. 39M IN DIAMETER, ON A STEEP SLOPE. THE
  WALLS SURVIVE TO BETWEEN 1.2M AND 2.4M HIGH AND ORIGINALLY CONSISTED OF A
  CORE OF SMALL STONES FACED ON BOTH SIDES WITH LARGER ONES. THE ENTRANCE IS
  ON THE N SIDE, ADJOINING THE ENCLOSURE ON THE LOWER S SIDE IS AN ANNEX, 4.5M
  WIDE, ITS E PART DESTROYED.
- MINING LEVELS; SE SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  AN AREA, APPROXIMATELY 170M BY 200M, OF MINE WORKINGS, SPOIL HEAPS AND SHAFTS. GENERALLY THE WORKINGS SEEM TO RUN UPSLOPE APART FROM ONE LARGE LINEAR WORKING WHICH CUTS DIAGNALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE.
- 304 CAIRN?; SE SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  A TURF COVERED MOUND, 5M IN DIAMETER AND 0.6M HIGH. A FEW LARGE STONES
  PROTRUDE THROUGH THE TURF AND A POSSIBLE KERB CAN BE SEEN AROUND THE W
  SIDE. THE SE SIDE HAS BEEN CUT BY THE TRACKWAY WHICH RUNS ALONG THE FIELD
  WALL.
- 305 STANDING STONE?; SE OF GYRN DDU SH40954625 A POSSIBLE STANDING STONE, 1.4M HIGH, SET IN A FIELD WALL. NO INDICATIONS OF IT BEING A GATEPOST.
- 306 POLE STUMPS; N AND NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40954623
  A SERIES (EIGHT) OF SMALL RECTANGULAR PLATFORMS IN LINE WITH THE SAWN OFF
  REMAINS OF TWO WOODEN POLES. SOME ALSO HAVE TWO SMALLER LEVELLED AREAS
  EITHER SIDE FOR THE SUPPORTS. ORIENTATION NE SW.

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309	BANK AND DITCH; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A BANK AND DITCH RUNNING ALONG THE NE SIDE OF FIELD WALL IN A N. DIRECTION. THE DITCH IS IM TO 1.2M WIDE AND 0.3M DEEP. THE BANK IS 1.2M AND 0.2M HIGH. THE WATER IS DIRECTED INTO THE FIELD TO THE SW ABOUT HA ALONG.	M WIDE
310	ENCLOSURE/HUT CIRCLE?; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SUB-RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 6M BY 4M, FORMED BY TURF COVERED WALLS, 1.2M WIDE AND CUT INTO THE SLOPE ON A SMALL NATURAL RIDGE. THER. ASSOCIATED 4M LENGTH OF STONE WALLING TO THE NE. POSSIBLY A DISTURB RE-USED HUT CIRCLE?	STONE E IS AN
311	RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; SE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SMALL, 6M BY 4M, RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE. DEFINED BY VERY DEL  TRACES OF STONE WALLS 0.45M HIGH AND 0.5M WIDE. NO ENTRANCE IS APPARE IS SITUATED ON A SLIGHT SLOPE AT THE EDGE OF A SMALL SHELF. ORIENTATED IT	NUDED ENT. IT
312	HUT CIRCLE; SSE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A BADLY RUINED HUT CIRCLE WITHIN PART OF A LATER SHEEPFOLD. THE HUT O  IS 5M IN DIAMETER, WITH A RECTANGULAR SHEEPFOLD BUILT OVER THE E SID  STONE WALLS ARE 1.1M WIDE AND THERE IS A INTERNAL DIVIDED WALL CUTTING  ACROSS THE HUT, PROBABLY A LATER FEATURE. NO ENTRANCE IS APPARENT. TO  N A RECTANGULAR BUILDING, CUT INTO THE SLOPE, POSSIBLY OVERLIES ANOTHE  CIRCLE.	DE. ITS G E - W TO THE
313	BANK AND DITCH; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A DENUDED TURF COVERED BANK AND DITCH PARALLEL WITH THE FIELD ORIENTATION NNE - SSW.	
314	YR ALLT FARMSTEAD; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD THE REMAINS OF A MUCH RUINED FARMSTEAD AND ASSOCIATED FARM BUILD WITHIN A STONE ENCLOSURE.	SH41364501 LDINGS
315	TRACKWAY; YR-ALLT, S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A SCARPED AND TERRACED TRACKWAY SKIRTING THE NE CORNER OF Y-ALLT.	SH41384501C
316	TERRACE; Y-ALLT, S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A LARGE TERRACE CLEARED OF STONE. APPROXIMATELY 90M BY 30M.	SH41454501C
317	SHELTER; S SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION EXCAVATED OUT OF A NATURAL SCREE SLOPE REMOVED STONE HAS BEEN USED TO FORM A ROUGH LOW WALL DOWNSLOPE.	SH41104521 E. THE
318	SHELTER?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SMALL, 2M BY IM, RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE ADJACENT TO A FIELD WALL.  CONSTRUCTED OF TWO STONE WALLS AT RIGHT ANGLES TO ONE ANOTHER, 0.6M  SOME OF THE STONE ARE SET ON EDGE TO FORM INNER AND OUTER FACING, OF  PLACED ACROSS THEM. A NARROW ENTRANCE IS PRESENT IN THE SE CORNER  WIDE. PROBABLY CONTEMPORARY WITH OR LATER THAN THE FIELD  ORIENTATED NE - SW.	HIGH. OTHERS R, 0.6M
319	?PLATFORM; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A POSSIBLE MAN-MADE PLATFORM. ORIENTATED N - S, 5M BY 3M.	SH41094525

SH41084526

?HUT PLATFORM; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

A SCOOP, 5M IN DIAMETER, POSSIBLY NATURAL.

320

321	CLEARANCE CAIRN; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A TURF COVERED SUB-CIRCULAR CAIRN. 2.3M IN DIAMETER.	SH41074525
322	QUARRYING?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A SERIES OF SCOOPS ADJACENT TO A FIELD WALL.	SH40934535
323	WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  FIVE BOULDERS FORMING A SHORT WALL, 4M IN LENGTH, JUST OF THE TRAC  ORIENTATION WSW - ENE.	SH40744525 CKWAY.
324	SHELTER; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SMALL LEVEL PLATFORM WITH THE REMAINS OF A CURVING WALL FORMERICLOSURE. THE WALL SITUATED TO THE SW IS BUILT OF ROUGHLY PLACED SWHILE THE WALLS TO THE N AND E ARE CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE BOULDERS.  WIDE GAP TO THE NW MAY REPRESENT AN ENTRANCE.	TONES,
325	MODERN FENCE; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  THREE REMAINING METAL POSTS AND ASSOCIATED BARBED WIRE. ORIENTATIONE.	SH40834513 DN SW -
326	SCOOP; SE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A SEMI-CIRCULAR SCOOP, 4M BY 3M, ADJACENT TO FIELD WALL.	SH40764505
327	WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A MUCH RUINED STONE WALL RUNNING ACROSS THE IN AN E - W DIRECTION. APPROXIMATELY 27M LONG, 0.5M WIDE AND 0.2M TO 0.4M.	
328	CLEARANCE CAIRN; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A RECENT LOOKING SMALL PILE OF STONES AMONGST SCREE.	SH41104516
329	WALL; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE WALL RUNNING WITH THE SLOPE. ORIENTATION SW	SH40874521 - NE.
330	QUARRY; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A SEMI-CIRCULAR SCARPED SCOOPED ADJACENT TO MODERN TRACK.	SH40734517
331	TRACKWAY; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  MODERN TRACKWAY LEADING FROM THE MODERN N - S TRACKWAY TO THE SHEE  COMPLEX. ORIENTATION N - S.	SH40754530C PFOLD
332	LONG HUT, E OF CWM-CORYN FARM	SH40764533
333	QUARRY?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A SERIES OF HOLLOWS ADJACENT TO THE FIELD WALL, POSSIBLY QUARRYING FOWALL?	SH40724534 OR THE
334	WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A VERY DENUDED CURVING TURF COVERED WALL CONSTRUCTED OF SMALL STORIENTATION N - S.	SH40754541C TONES.
335	WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A RUINOUS STONE WALL, PROBABLY PART OF THE FIELD SYSTEM ASSOCIATED WITH 1320.	SH40864543C TH PRN

336	SHEEPFOLD; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A SMALL RECTANGULAR RECENT SHEEPFOLD, 3M BY 2M.	SH40854543
337	TRACKWAY; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  THE REMAINS OF A TRACKWAY, DEFINED BY A CLEARED AREA WITHIN A STONE SHILLSIDE.	SH407945420 STREWN
338	WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD A RUINOUS STONE WALL. ORIENTATION ENE - WSW.B	SH408045450
339	HUT CIRCLE + FIELD SYSTEM; W SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A HUT CIRCLE, DEFINED BY MUCH RUINED STONE 0.7M WIDE, 0.2M HIGH AND 5M IN DIAMETER. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE SE AND THE HUT IS BEST DEFINED ON THE E SIDE. IT IS CUT INTO THE SLOPE AT WITHIN AN AREA OF OLD FIELD SYSTEMS.	WALLS, TO THE
340	PATH; W SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A NARROW PATHWAY, 0.7M WIDE AND APPROXIMATELY 20M, LINED WITH A SINGLOF SMALL STONES, 0.1M TO 0.15M HIGH, ON EITHER SIDE. ORIENTATED NW - SE.	SH40864500 LE LINE
341	PLATFORM; W SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A PLATFORM, 6M BY 5M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH A SEMI-CIRCULAR PILE OF SUPSLOPE. SLIGHTLY TERRACED TO THE W, 0.1M HIGH, WITH A SLIGHT HOLLOW CENTRE.	
342	HUT PLATFORMS; W SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  A SERIES OF SMALL ADJACENT PLATFORMS, MUCH DENUDED. TWO, NEXT TO A APPEAR TO BE SUB-CIRCULAR, 3M IN DIAMETER AND 5M IN DIAMETER, WHILE TO E ARE TWO OTHER POSSIBLE PLATFORMS MORE SUB-RECTANGULAR IN APPROXIMATELY 8M BY 6M AND 2M BY 2M.	TRACK THEIR
343	FIELD SYSTEM; W SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD  AN AREA OF, APPROXIMATELY 300M BY 250M, OF MANY DENUDED AND SOME SUBSTANTIAL FIELD BANKS AND WALLS. EVIDENCE FOR FIELD CLEARANCE PRESENT.	
344	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A TURF COVERED STONY MOUND, 4M IN DIAMETER.	SH40734552
345	TERRACE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A LOW TERRACED AREA, RELATIVELY STONE FREE.	SH40644553
346	DITCH; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A DITCH, APPROXIMATELY 90M LONG, 0.5M WIDE AND 0.2M DEEP, RUNNING DOWN TOWARDS A LINTELED GAP IN THE FIELD WALL (SURVEY NO. 347). HOWEVER, BEEN DIVERTED INTO A STREAM PARALLEL TO THE FIELD WALL. ORIENTATION NO.	IT HAS
347	LINTELLED GAP; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM  A LINTELLED GAP IN A STONE FIELD WALL CONSTRUCTED FOR DRAINAGE (SURVEY NO. 346) TO PASS THROUGH	SH40624555 DITCH

- 348 HUT CIRCLE AND PADDOCK; WNW SLOPE MOEL BRONMIOD SH40864567

  THE BADLY ERODED REMAINS OF A PROBABLE SUB-CIRCULAR HUT AND ASSOCIATED

  TERRACING. THE HUT CIRCLE IS 5M IN DIAMETER, DEFINED BY A TURF AND STONE

  BANK, 0.15M HIGH AND 1M WIDE. THERE IS NO OBVIOUS ENTRANCE. THE TERRACING IS

  5M TO THE W OF THE HUT CIRCLE, APPROXIMATELY 13M LONG AND 0.2M HIGH,

  RUNNING IN A NW SE DIRECTION. VEHICLE TRACKS COVER HALF OF THE HUT.
- POND?; NW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A LARGE CIRCULAR DEPRESSION WITH A CENTRAL SPRING, APPROXIMATELY 27M IN
  DIAMETER, WITH A 7M WIDE AND 1M TO 1.5M HIGH BANK. A BREAK IN THE BANK ON
  THE W SIDE LOOKS LATER AND WAS PROBABLY TO ALLOW WATER TO DRAIN OUT.
- 350 LYNCHET; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A BANK, 26M LONG ANG 2M HIGH, AT THE EDGE OF A CLEARED AREA.

  SH40844574C
- 351 WALL; S SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41124507C
  A LINEAR FEATURE OF LARGE BOULDERS RUNNING UPSLOPE TOWARDS A SHEEPFOLD.
  ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 352 WALL; S SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41144508C

  A STONE WALL CONSTRUCTED OF LARGE STONES, INNER AND OUTER FACING VISIBLE.

  ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 353 RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41154515

  A SMALL, APPROXIMATELY 1.5M BY 1M, RECTANGULAR PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SLOPE.

  IT IS LINED ON THE NW SIDE BY TWO LARGE STONES, WHILE TO THE N ARE THE REMAINS

  OF A POSSIBLE BANK SIMILAR TO A DRAINAGE HOOD. ORIENTATED N S. TO THE S THE

  PLATFORM TERMINATES AT THE STONE FIELD WALL (SURVEY NO. 352).
- SHEEPFOLD/BUILDING?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  MARKED AS A SHEEPFOLD, A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE AT THE NW END
  OF THE FIELD WALL (SURVEY NO. 352). APPROXIMATELY 4.5M BY 3.5M AND SLIGHTLY
  CUT INTO THE SLOPE. TO THE NE AND JUST OVERLYING THE SUB-RECTANGUALR
  ENCLOSURE, IS A VERY WELL BUILT RECTANGULAR STONE STRUCTURE, 4M BY 2.2M,
  WITH INNER AND OUTER FACED WALLS SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 0.7M. THE
  STRUCTURE HAS BEEN CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND HAS AN ENTRANCE IN THE SE CORNER,
  ORIENTATED NE SW.
- 355 ?HUT CIRCLE; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41064509
  A SUB-CIRCULAR STONE FEATURE, WITH POSSIBLE REMAINS OF INNER AND OUTER
  FACED WALLING. SLIGHTLY CUT INTO THE SLOPE, BUT PARTIALLY COVERED BY GORSE.
- 356 CLEARANCE CAIRN; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40854516
  A 1M IN DIAMETER PILE OF SMALL STONES AT ONE END OF A LARGE BOULDER.
- 357 SHELTER?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40754525

  AN EXCAVATED HOLLOW IN SCREE SLOPE, BUILT-UP DOWNSLOPE.
- 358 SHELTER; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD
  TWO EXCAVATED HOLLOWS IN SCREE SLOPE, BUILT-UP DOWNSLOPE.

  SH41144510
- 359 WALL; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD
  A LOW MUCH RUINED STONE WALL. ORIENTATED NE-SW.

- 360 WALL; SW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40854508C

  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL WITH THE REMAINS OF INNER AND OUTER FACING.

  ORIENTATION N-S.
- 361 WALL; SW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL WITH THE REMAINS OF INNER AND OUTER FACING.

  ORIENTATION N-S.
- 362 SMALL PLATFORM; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40854507
  A SMALL, 1. IM BY 1M, RECTANGULAR PLATFORM TERRACED DOWNSLOPE AND DEFINED
  BY THE POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A STONE WALL ONE COURSE HIGH.
  ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 363 RECTANGULAR PLATFORM?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40954504

  A POSSIBLE RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 6M BY 4M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY

  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. LOCATED ONA GORSE FREE RIDGE, ORIENTATED W E.
- 364 CLEARANCE CAIRN?; SW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41034508 TWO LINEAR PILES OF STONES COMING AT RIGHT ANGLES FROM A LARGE BOULDER.
- 365 PLATFORM?; SW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A POSSIBLE NEGATIVE PLATFORM WITH STONE EDGING.

  SH40984507
- 366 POND?; SSW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41064504

  3M TO THE E OF A STREAM IS A REVETTING STONE WALL, 4M LONG AND IM WIDE,
  LEADING TO A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION EDGED WITH STONES, 1.4M BY IM AND IM
  DEEP. A POSSIBLE STONE LINED CHANNEL TO THE NW LEADS TO THE CIRCULAR
  FEATURE. THE CIRCULAR FEATURE IS VERY WET. 7M TO THE E IS A POSSIBLE STANDING
  STONE, 1.5M HIGH.
- 367 WALL; SW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A LOW DENUDED STONE WALL WITH THE REMAINS OF INNER AND OUTER FACING.

  ORIENTATED NE-SW.
- 368 LONG HUT?; SSW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 6.5M BY 4M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY
  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. THE W END IS AT A LOWER LEVEL, WITH A 0.1M HIGH STEP UP
  ABOUT 1.75M ALONG. SOME STONE IS PRESENT AROUND THE EDGE OF THE FEATURE
  WHICH IS LOCATED WITHIN A SMALL DRY-STONE WALLED FIELD.
- RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE?; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41044540

  A RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 8M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY

  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. DEFINED BY A FRAGMENTARY STONE WALL SURVIVING TO ONE

  COURSE IN HEIGHT. TOWARDS THE S END INSIDE THE ENCLOSURE IS A STONY

  CIRCULAR FEATURE.
- 270 ENCLOSURE; SSW OF THE SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41174537

  A SEMI-CIRCULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 20M BY 19M, WHICH ENCLOSES A VERY STONY

  AREA AT THE BASE OF A SCREE SLOPE. THE ENCLOSING WALL SURVIVES TO A HEIGHT

  OF 0.5M AND IS CONSTRUCTED OF EITHER STONES SIMPLY PILED ONE ON TOP OF THE

  OTHER OR OF STONES SET ON EDGE. TWO POSSIBLE PLATFORMS, NOW FULL OF STONE,

  ARE VISIBLE IN THE W OF THE ENCLOSURE.

- ENCLOSURE AND SHEEPFOLD?; SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41274557

  A RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, 16M BY 8M, SIMPLY BUILT WITH STONES PILED ON

  STONES, EXPLOITING A NATURAL RIDGE JUST BELOW THE SUMMIT. IN THE SE CORNER
  IS A MULTI-PHASE STONE STRUCTURE, 6M BY 4M WITH WALLS SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT

  OF 0.5M. THIS IS DIVIDED INTO TWO COMPARTMENTS BY A CURVING WALL, 0.6M WIDE.

  IMMEDIATELY TO THE W IS A RECTANGULAR STONE SPREAD, 5M BY 2.5M, WHICH

  APPEARS TO BE EARLIER.
- 372 SHELTER; SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41264553

  A SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 3M BY 2.2M, THE N SIDE OF WHICH IS
  FORMED BY NATURAL OUTCROPPING. THE WALLS ARE OF A SIMPLE CONSTRUCTION,
  SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M WITH A 1M GAP AT THE E END. THE SITE IS LOCATED
  IN A SHELTERED SPOT NEAR THE EXPOSED SUMMIT.
- 373 CLEARANCE CAIRN; SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41254552
  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PILE OF STONES.
- 374 CLEARANCE CAIRN?; SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41274550
  A PILE OF STONES IN THE NE CORNER OF A POSSIBLE STONE ENCLOSURE (7M BY 2M).
- 375 SHEEPFOLD/HUT CIRCLE?;S OF SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41294544

  TWO DRY-STONE ENCLOSURES, THE LARGER ONE IS A SUB-CIRCULAR ENCLOSURE, 4M

  BY 2.5M, WITH WALLS SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 1M. TWO ORTHOSTATS MARK THE N
  FACING ENTRANCE. JOINED ONTO THE NW SIDE IS A SQUARE ENCLOSURE, 2M BY 2M,

  WITH AN INTERCONNECTING SHEEPCREEP. A LOW, VERY DENUDED STONE WALL RUNS

  OFF FROM THIS ENCLOSURE IN A NE DIRECTION FOR 8M. THE SUB-CIRCULAR

  ENCLOSURE MAY REPRESENT A RE-USED HUT CIRCLE?
- 376 CAIRN; SE OF SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41344538
  A LOW, CIRCULAR COLLECTION OF STONES, 3M IN DIAMETER AND 0.2M HIGH. THE
  DOWNSLOPE HALF OF THE CAIRN HAS LESS STONE, BUT A STONE KERB IS VISIBLE.
- 377 SHEEPFOLD; SE OF THE SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41534534

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR DRY-STONE ENCLOSURE, WITH TWO INTERNAL COMPARTMENTS AT

  THE E END. THE N ONE, 3M BY 1M, IS AT A HIGHER LEVEL THAN THE ENCLOSURE AND S

  ONE, 2M BY 1.5M WHICH HAS A CONNECTING SHEEPCREEP WITH THE ENCLOSURE AND

  APPEARS TO BE LATER THAN THE N COMPARTMENT. ORIENTATED W E. TO THE N OF

  THE ENCLOSURE A PLATFORM, 3M BY 2M, HAS BEEN CUT INTO THE SCREE SLOPE AND

  DEFINED TO THE W BY A WALL.
- 378 WALL; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41264522
  A VERY DENUDED STONE WALL. ORIENTATION N-S.
- 379 CAIRN?; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD
  TWO POSSIBLE STONE KERBS SURROUNDING A LARGE STONE.
  SH41254520
- QUARRY?; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH41354516

  AN OVAL DEPRESSION, 3M BY 2M, WITH GRASSED OVER UPCAST DIRECTLY DOWNSLOPE,
  6M BY 5.5M. LOCATED 1M TO THE N OF THE FIELD WALL, POSSIBLY REPRESENTS
  QUARRYING FOR THE SAID WALL.

- ENCLOSED PLATFORM HOUSE; S SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE CUT INTO THE BASE OF A SLOPE, 10.5M BY
  6.5M, THE DRY-STONE WALLING SURVIVES TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M AND IS IM WIDE. IN
  THE NE CORNER OF THE ENCLOSURE IS A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 5M BY 3M, WHICH
  IS TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.3M. ACROSS FROM THIS IN THE NW
  CORNER IS A SEMI-CIRCULAR PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 5M BY 2M, WHILE
  SLIGHTLY TO THE N IS A SECOND NEGATIVE PLATFORM, SUB-RECTANGULAR IN SHAPE
  AND 2.5M BY 2M IN SIZE. THE ENTRANCE FOR THE ENCLOSURE IS IN THE SW CORNER.
  THE ENCLOSURE IS ORIENTATED E W.
- 382 ?RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; SW SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41054549

  A FRAGMENTARY STONE DEFINED ENCLOSURE, 4M BY 2.75M, WITH A POSSIBLE VERY

  DENUDED STONE WALL, 0.5M WIDE AND 12M LONG, RUNNING FROM THE SW CORNER IN

  A SW DIRECTION.
- 383 PHUT CIRCLE AND TERRACING;N SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41304569
  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 7M IN DIAMETER, WITH A SLIGHT BANK TO THE SW SIDE
  (0.1M HIGH AND 1.5M WIDE). NO STONE IS VISIBLE, BUT THE AREA HAS BEEN WELL
  CLEARED OF STONE. A POSSIBLE TERRACE, 0.4M HIGH, RUNS TO THE N OF THE HUT IN
  A W E DIRECTION FOR APPROXIMATELY 25M.
- 384 SUB-RECTANGULAR SCOOP;N OF SUMMIT OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41344567
  A SUB-RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 4M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE, WITH A SLIGHT
  BANK, 0.1M HIGH, VISIBLE TO THE S AND SW. ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 385 SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM; NE SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41384579
  A 'L'-SHAPED PLATFORM CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE BASE OF A GENTLE SLOPE, 9M LONG
  AND BETWEEN 6M AND 9M WIDE. POSSIBLY NATURAL.
- 386 CAIRNFIELD; NE SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41404577C

  APPROXIMATELY SEVENTEEN SMALL, PARTLY GRASSED OVER PILES OF STONES.
- 387 CAIRNFIELD; N SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41334582C APPROXIMATELY TWENTY PILES OF STONES SITUATED IN NATURAL DEPRESSIONS.
- 388 CAIRNFIELD; N SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41234595C

  APPROXIMATELY FIFTY SMALL CLEARANCE CAIRNS OF SMALL STONES AROUND A

  LARGER ONE.
- 389 SHELTER; N SLOPE OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A CRESANT ARRANGEMENT OF PILED STONES AT THE BASE OF A SLOPE, FORMING A
  WALL, 0.4M HIGH, WHICH PROVIDES SHELTER FROM S AND SW WINDS.
- 390 CLEARANCE CAIRN?; NW SLOPES OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH41154567
  A SUB-RECTANGULAR GROUPING OF STONES WITH A POSSIBLE KERB. SITUATED IN A
  NATURAL GULLY.
- 391 MINE SHAFT; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40824602

  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 2.5M DEEP AND 7M BY 6M, WITH UPCAST DIRECTLY TO

  THE SE, FORMING AN OVAL MOUND BETWEEN IM AND 3M HIGH AND 13M BY 10M.
- 392 MINING LEVEL; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40784600 FOUR ADJACENT MINING LEVELS DRIVEN INTO THE SE FACING SLOPE OF A RIVER VALLEY. ASSOCIATED SPOIL HEAPS TO THE S AND SW.

NO.

- 393 WALL; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  THE FRAGMENTARY REMAINS OF A LOW STONE WALL. ORIENTATED NNE-SSW.

  SH40864603
- 394 SUB-RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40804582

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 8M BY 7M. THE WALLS ARE ONE COURSE
  HIGH WITH NO CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE OF FACING STONES, OFTEN JUST ALIGNED
  SINGLE STONES, ALSO EXPLOITS NATURAL BOULDERS. IN THE NW CORNER IS A
  POSSIBLE SUB-RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE, 3.5M BY 2M. A PROBABLE ENTRANCE IN THE
  SW CORNER. ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 395 LONG HOUSE?; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD SH40834595
  THE REMAINS OF A RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE, 7M BY 4.2M, WITH AN INTERNAL
  DIVIDING WALL. POSSIBLY TWO PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION PRESENT. TWO N S WALLS
  CONNECT THE STRUCTURE WITH THE NEARBY SHEEPFOLD, BOTH THESE WALLS APPEAR
  TO POST-DATE THE RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE.
- 396 SHEEPFOLD?; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  SH40824595

  THE REMAINS OF A SUB-RECTANGULAR STRUCTURE, 5M BY 2.75M. THE DRY-STONE

  WALLS ARE ONE COURSE HIGH, SLIGHTLY SUNKEN AND APPEAR OLDER THAN THE

  ADJACENT LARGER SHEEP FOLD. AN ORTHOSTAT, 0.9M HIGH, IS SITUATED IN THE SE

  CORNER.
- 397 HUT PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  SH40734587
  A SUB-CIRCULAR TO OVAL RAISED PLATFORM, 5M BY 5M, WITH POSSIBLY FACED? STONE
  WALLS 2M WIDE AND 0.5M HIGH. THERE IS A PROBABLE ENTRANCE TO THE E. THE HUT
  DIVIDES ONE OF THE STONE WALLS IN THE FIELD SYSTEM 398.
- FIELD SYSTEM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  AN AREA, APPROXIMATELY 200M BY 100M, DIVIVED INTO SMALL FIELDS BY STONE
  WALLS. THE WALLS ARE CONSTRUCTED WITH LARGE SINGLE STONES WHICH ARE OFTEN
  SET ON EDGE IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION. NATURAL BOULDERS ALSO SEEM TO HAVE
  BEEN EXPLOITED. THEY ARE BETWEEN 0.1M AND 0.5M IN HEIGHT AND 1M WIDE. THEY
  RUN ALONG THE E SIDE OF THE STREAM, THE FIELDS NEAREST THE S TREAM ARE LESS
  WELL DEFINED. THEY ARE SEPARATED BY A STONE EDGED TRACKWAY, APPROXIMATELY
  1M TO 2M, WHICH RUNS IN A NE SW DIRECTION FROM THE GATEWAY IN THE MODERN
  FIELDS TO THE SW TOWARDS THE LARGE SHEEPFOLD TO THE NW.
- 399 HUT CIRCLE?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A FRAGMENTARY RING OF STONES SLIGHTLY CUT INTO THE SLOPE. DIRECTLY

  ADJACENT TO A FIELD WALL WHICH HAS A BREAK IN IT AT THIS POINT, MARKED BY AN ORTHOSTAT.
- 400 CAIRNFIELD; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A GROUP OF SMALL CLEARANCE CAIRNS.
  SH40824574C
- 401 DITCH?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40854573C
  A LINEAR DEPRESSION, APPROXIMATELY 2M WIDE AND 25M LONG. ORIENTATION NW-SE.
- 402 DRAINAGE DITCH; NE OF CWM CORYN FARM SH40944585

  A DRAINAGE DITCH, 400M LONG AND 1.5M WIDE. ORIETATION NE-SW.

- HUT CIRCLE; NW OF MOEL BRONMIOD

  A SUB-RECTANGULAR FEATURE FORMED BY STONE WALLS, UP TO 1M IN HEIGHT AND BY
  A LARGE BOULDER TO THE S. THE EASTERN WALL CURVES BEYOND THE WESTERN WALL
  FOR 4M. AS A RESULT THE FEATURE IS 8M BY 5.4M IN SIZE. (THERE IS SOME CONFUSION
  OVER THE LOCATION OF PRN 1321, THIS SITE HAS THE SAME GRID REFERENCE BUT
  SURVEY NO 339 BETTER FITS THE GIVEN DESCRIPTION.)
- 405 CLEARANCE CAIRN; SE SLOPES OF GYRN DDU

  A SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR PILE OF STONES.

  SH40624624
- 406 MINING SHAFT; S SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  A MINING SHAFT, 8M IN DIAMETER, FILLED WITH WATER WITH ASSOCIATED SPOIL HEAP,
  15M BY 9M AND 1.5M HIGH, TO THE SOUTH.
- PURNT MOUND; S SLOPE OF GYRN COCH

  AN IRREGULAR SHAPED MOUND, 12M BY 9M AND 0.8M HIGH. IS NOT LIKE A MINING
  SPOIL HEAP IN APPEARANCE AND THERE IS NO EVIDENCE OF MINING TAKING PLACE IN
  THE IMMEDIATE AREA. HOWEVER, THERE ARE SEVERAL STREAMS IN THE VICINITY,
  POSSIBLY INDICATING THAT THE MOUND COULD BE A BURNT MOUND.
- 408 PLATFORM; SE SLOPES OF GYRN DDU
  A NEGATIVE CIRCULAR SCOOP, NOT TERRACED DOWNSLOPE.
- 409 DITCH; SE SLOPES OF GYRN DDU

  A DITCH, ORIENTATED NE-SW UPSLOPE FOR 25M, THEN TURNS SHARPLY DOWN SLOPE
  ORIENTATED NW-SE, FOR 100M.
- DAM; S SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  TWO DAMS FORMED BY EARTHWORK ENCLOSURES. THE LARGER ONE IS FORMED BY A
  'D'-SHAPED ENCLOSURE, 27M BY 13M WHICH HAS A BREAK HALF WAY ALONG THE
  LOWER BANK, 2.5M WIDE. WATER PASSES THROUGH THIS GAP UNDER A STONE AND
  TURF CAPPED CHANNEL. THE SMALLER DAM IS SITUATED 9M TO THE NE ON THE SAME
  STREAM. IT CONSISTS OF A SLIGHTLY CURVING TURF COVERED BANK, 12M LONG, 0.8M
  WIDE AND 0.4M HIGH, WITH A SMALL BREAK HALFWAY ALONG TO ALLOW THE STREAM
  THROUGH TO THE DAM BELOW.
- POND?; S SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  SH40504605

  AN ARTIFICIAL RECTANGULAR HOLLOW, 4M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DEPTH OF

  1.2M. DIRECTLY TO THE S IS A NARROW DITCH OR NATURAL GULLY RUNNING

  DOWNSLOPE, WITH A SMALL MOUND, 2M HIGH, HALFWAY DOWN.
- 412 ENCLOSURE; S SLOPE OF GYRN DDU

  A RECTANGULAR STONE STRUCTURE, 8M BY 2.5M, BUILT UP AGAINST A FIELD WALL.

  THE N WALL HAS BEEN CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND IS 1.6M WIDE AND 0.8M HIGH. THE E

  AND W WALLS ARE 0.8M WIDE AND BETWEEN 0.4M AND 0.6M HIGH. A 0.45M WIDE

  ENTRANCE FLANKED BY A LARGE UPRIGHT STONE, IS PRESENT IN THE W WALL. A

  TRACKWAY RUNS IMMEDIATELY TO THE NORTH OF THE STRUCTURE.
- BLOCKED ENTRANCE; S SLPOE OF GYRN DDU

  A DRY-STONE BLOCKED ENTRANCE IN THE FIELD WALL. TO THE E FLANKED BY AN UPRIGHT STONE, 1.1M HIGH. A STREAM NOW PASSES THROUGH THE FIELD WALL AT THIS POINT.
- 414 STONE CANNON?; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40514601

  TWO LARGE BOULDERS OVERLYING A STREAM WITH SMALL RANDOMLY PLACED

  DRILLED HOLES.

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- WALL; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A PARTLY GRASSED OVER, LENGTH OF STONE WALLING. FACING VISIBLE TO THE S.

  ORIENTATION E-W.
- 416 SPOIL HEAP; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40844617

  A HUGE SPOIL HEAP, 20M BY 15 AND 5M HIGH. OTHER SHAFTS IN THE AREA MARKED ON
  THE 1917 EDITION OF THE 1:25000 MAP HAVE BEEN BACK-FILLED WITH THEIR
  ASSOCIATED SPOIL TIPS LEVELLED AND RE-SEEDED.
- 417 MINING LEVEL?; S SLOPES OF GYRN DDU

  AN AMORPHIC DEPRESSION CUT INTO THE SLOPE, ASSOCIATED WITH MANGANESE MINING.
- 418 TRACKWAY; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40784610C

  A 3M WIDE TRACK CUT INTO THE SLOPE, TERRACED DOWNSLOPE, ASSOCIATED WITH

  THE MANGANESE MINING ACTIVITY? ORIENTATION ENE-WSW.
- 419 FIELD CLEARANCE STONES; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A LINE OF BOULDERS DUMPED AGAINST THE FIELD WALL.
- FARMSTEAD; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  THE REMAINS OF A SMALL HOLDING. THE GABLE ENDS REMAIN BUT THE ROOF HAS
  GONE. IT HAS A SMALL SQUARE YARD TO THE SE OF THE BUILDING. TWO POSSIBLE
  PHASES VISIBLE, THE EARLIER ONE REPRESENTED BY CONSTRUCTION USING LARGE
  BOULDERS. THE BUILDING IS IDENTIFIED AS 'FARM YARD' ON THE 1888 1:2500 MAP.
- 421 WALL AND DITCH; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40594601

  A 14M LENGTH OF STONE WALLING, WITH A LATER DRY-STONE WALL BUILT ON TOP. A

  DITCH AND SLIGHT BANK RUN PARALLEL TO IT. ORIENTATION N S.
- 422 STANDING STONE?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40584592

  A LARGE UPRIGHT STONE INCORPORATED WITHIN A FIELD WALL.
- 423 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A GROUP OF BOULDERS PILED UP AGAINST A FIELD WALL.

  SH40614591
- 424 CLEARANCE CAIRN; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40494595
  A PARTIALLY GRASSED OVER SUB-CIRCULAR GROUP OF STONES.
- 425 BANK/DITCH; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A DITCH AND BANK LYING PARALLEL TO THE FIELD BANK. THE BANK WIDENS AT ITS E

  END, WHILE THE DITCH GRADUALLY BECOMES SHALLOWER TO THE E. APPROXIMATELY

  60M LONG, ORIENTATED E W.
- 426 PLATFORM; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40434600
  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 8M BY 2.5M, WITH A FIELD WALL BUILT OVER IT. SOME
  STONE REVETTING IS VISIBLE ON THE S EDGE. PROBABLY ASSOCIATED WITH SURVEY
  NO. 425. ORIENTATION WNW ESE.
- 427 HUT PLATFORM?; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, APPROXIMATELY 8M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE
  BETWEEN 0.3M TO 0.4M DEEP, BUT DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE TERRACED DOWNSLOPE.
  THE FIELD WALL RESPECTS THE DEPRESSION ALTERING ITS COURSE SLIGHTLY. A
  POSSIBLE PLOUGHED-OUT HUT PLATFORM.

428	RESERVOIR; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40364586
	A WATER FILLED BANKED ENCLOSURE, APPROXIMATELY 10M BY 10M. IN THE SE
	CORNER IS A SLATE LINED CHANNEL, 0.4M WIDE AND A BRICK STRUCTURE WITH A
	CORREGATED IRON TOP.

- 429 ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE?; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE. A SUB-RECTANGULAR
  ENCLOSURE, 16M BY 9M, FORMED BY A STONE AND EARTH BANK, 1.1M WIDE AND 0.4M
  HIGH. IT IS DIRECTLY ADJACENT TO A FIELD WALL WHICH FORMS THE S SIDE OF THE
  ENCLOSURE WHICH IS ORIENTATED W E. IN THE NW CORNER ARE THE POSSIBLE
  REMAINS OF A HUT CIRCLE, 5M IN DIAMETER, CONTAINING A CLEARANCE CAIRN. TO
  THE N ARE TWO OTHER JOINED ENCLOSURES, 7M BY 1M.
- 430 DITCH; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A DITCH LEADING DOWN FROM A POND TOWARDS 'FARM YARD'. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- FARMSTEAD; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A RUINED FARMSTEAD, ROOFLESS WITH WALLS SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 6M. THERE

  ARE SEVERAL ASSOCIATED OUT-BUILDINGS INCLUDING A CHANNEL FOR A WATER

  WHEEL, 0.7M WIDE AND IM DEEP, TO THE NW.
- 432 CLEARANCE CAIRN; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  WITHIN ONE OF THE OUT BUILDINGS OF 'FARM YARD'A NUMBER OF BOULDERS FROM
  FIELD CLEARANCE HAVE BEEN DUMPED.
- PLATFORM; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SEMI-CIRCULAR NEGATIVE PLATFORM, 5M BY 4M, WITH A POSSIBLE DRAINAGE HOOD

  TO THE NE SIDE OF OUT-BUILDINGS ASSOCIATED WITH 'FARM YARD'. A DITCH SEPARATES THE PLATFORM FROM THE OUT-BUILDINGS.
- 434 LYNCHET/TERRACE; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40514593

  TWO CONNECTED LOW GRASSED BANKS, 2M WIDE, ALONG WITH A FIELD WALL, FORM A

  TRIANGULAR LEVEL ENCLOSURE 34M BY 14M. THE INTERIOR IS MUCH WATERLOGGED

  AND THERE IS A GAP, 2M WIDE, IN THE S BANK TO ALLOW FOR DRAINAGE.
- 435 CLEARANCE CAIRNS; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40594590C SCATTERS OF FIELD CLEARANCE BOULDERS.
- 436 PLATFORM?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A POSSIBLE RECTANGULAR PLATFORM ON A LOW RISE. 7M BY 4M, ORIENTATED NNW SSE.
- 437 BANK/DITCH; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40624587C TRACES OF A BANK AND DITCH, APPROXIMATELY 100M LONG. BECOMES INDISTINCT TOWARDS THE NW END. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- 438 BANK; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40454575C

  A STONE AND EARTH BANK, 6M LONG, 1.1M WIDE AND 1.2M HIGH, PARTLY TURFED OVER
  WITH A DRY-STONE WALL ON TOP. ORIENTATION NE SW.
- 439 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  PILES OF BOULDERS PLACED AGAINST FIELD WALL.
- 440 CIRCULAR DEPRESSION; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40444570
  A CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 10M IN DIAMETER, POSSIBLY A PLOUGHED OUT HUT CIRCLE?

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- 441 PLATFORM; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40364577
  A SMALL RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 3M BY 2.1M, WITH STONE WALL VISBLE.
- 442 BANK/DITCH; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A BANK AND DITCH RUNNING FROM THE 'FARM YARD' WATER WHEEL TO STREAM TO
  THE WEST. ORIENTATION NW SE.
- ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE?; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  SH40264566

  A POSSIBLE HUT CIRCLE, DEFINED BY A RING OF STONES, SITUATED IN THE NNE END OF
  A DENUDED ENCLOSURE. THE ENCLOSURE IS APPROXIMATELY 36M BY 13M AND IS
  DEFINED ON THE S AND E SIDES BY TRACES OF STONE WALLING. ITS N LIMITS ARE
  DEFINED BY A FIELD WALL AND A LYNCHET, 0.8M HIGH AND 13M LONG, DEFINES THE
  NNE SIDE.
- 444 CLEARANCE CAIRN; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A BOULDER OUTCROP COVERED WITH PARTIALLY GRASSED OVER STONES.

  SH40284566
- WALLS; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  LENGTHS OF STONE WALLS RUNNING IN A NE SW AND ESE WNW DIRECTION,
  RESPECTIVELY 80M LONG AND 35M LONG. THERE IS EVIDENCE FOR INNER AND OUTER
  FACING SURVIVING IN THE NW SE WALL. ON AVERAGE THEY ARE 0.3M HIGH.
- 2446 ?HUT CIRCLE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40464563

  A POSSIBLE DESTROYED HUT CIRCLE, MARKED BY A 7M IN DIAMETER DEPRESSION WITH

  STONES VISIBLE AROUND THE PERIPHERY.
- 450 CLEARANCE CAIRNS; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  TWO SUB-RECTANGULAR PILES OF STONE.

  SH40654577C
- 451 HUT CIRCLE?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SUB-CIRCULAR DEPRESSION, 3M BY 2M, LINED BY STONES SOME OF WHICH ARE SET UPRIGHT. JUST TO THE N IS ONE OF THE WALLS OF THE FIELD (SYSTEM SURVEY NO. 398)
  WHICH APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN INTERUPTED TO FORM AN ENTRANCE TO THE HUT CIRCLE. A SECOND, E W STONE WALL RUNS OFF THE MAIN WALL TO JOIN THE SW END HUT CIRCLE FORMING AN ENCLOSED, TRIANGULAR AREA BETWEEN THE HUT AND THE MAIN WALL.
- 452 CAIRNFIELD; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  TWO SUB-CIRCULAR PILES OF STONE AGAINST FIELD WALL.
- 453 HUT CIRCLE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A GRASSED OVER CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 6.5M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.2M. THE EDGES ARE PARTLY DEFINED BY LARGE STONES, 0.4M BY 0.4M IN SIZE. THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE DRAINAGE HOOD ARE ALSO VISIBLE TO THE E AND SE. 10M TO THE SW OF THE HUT CIRCLE ARE THE REMAINS OF A FRAGMENTARY STONE WALL 11M LONG.
- WALL?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40724570 POSSIBLE REMAINS OF A FRAGMENTARY LOW STONE WALL. ORIENTATION WSW-ENE.
- 455 PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SMALL RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 5M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY
  TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.1M. THE EDGES ARE DEFINED BY SOME
  STONE IN PLACES. ORIENTATED N -S.

- 456 PLATFORM?; NE OF CWM-CORYN

  LOCATED IN A STONY AREA, A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 4.2M BY 3M, CUT INTO
  THE BASE OF A SLOPE. THE EDGES ARE DEFINED BY A FRAGMENTARY STONE WALL, UP
  TO 0.3M HIGH. ORIENTATED NNW SSE.
- TRACKWAY?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A FRAGMENTARY ROW OF STONES (OFTEN UPRIGHT), IM AWAY FROM AND PARALLEL
  WITH THE EDGE OF A BOULDER STREWN AREA. THE AREA BETWEEN THIS ROW OF
  STONES AND THE BOULDERS IS VIRTUALLY STONE FREE. UPSLOPE IT RUNS FOR 10M IN
  A NNW SSE DIRECTION BEFORE TURNING AT RIGHT ANGLES FOR 20M IN A NNE SSW
  DIRECTION.
- 458 HUT PLATFORM?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40534577

  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND SLIGHTLY TERRACED

  DOWNSLOPE, DEFINED BY A RING OF STONES AND A SLIGHT BANK TO THE S.
- PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  SH40724565

  A SMALL SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 3M BY 1.75M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DEPTH

  OF 0.5M. UPSLOPE THERE IS A LOW STONE AND EARTH BANK AND TO THE SE THERE IS A

  POSSIBLE FRAGMENTARY STONE WALL, APPROXIMATELY 20M LONG, ORIENTATED NE 
  SW.
- DAM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A RIDGE/BANK, POSSIBLY NATURAL, RUNNING DOWNSLOPE IN A NE SW DIRECTION,
  LOCATED WITHIN A MARSHY AREA. TO THE SOUTH (DOWNSLOPE) IT HAS BEEN BUILT UP
  WITH STONE AND CURVES ACROSS THE SLOPE FORMING A DAM WITH A WET, BOGGY
  AREA IMEDIATELY UPSLOPE.
- DITCH; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SHALLOW DITCH, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH A LOW BANK DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATION

  WNW ESE.
- 462 DITCH; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A SHALLOW DITCH, CUT INTO THE SLOPE WITH A LOW BANK DOWNSLOPE. ORIENTATION
  NNW SSE.
- PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 6M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED DOWNSLOPE. THE NW AND SE SIDES CONSIST OF LOW TURF COVERED BANKS, 0.2M HIGH. ORIENTATED NE SW. THE NE END APPEARS TO BE CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE BANK FOR DRAINAGE DITCH 462.
- 464 HUT PLATFORM?; NE OF CWM-CORYN

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 12M BY 2.75M, CUT INTO A GENTLE SLOPE AND TERRACED

  DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.4M. ORIENTATED N S, WITH A 2M IN DIAMETER

  DEPRESSION DOWNSLOPE.
- 465 STONE ENCLOSURE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40554563
  A FRAGMENTARY, SUB-RECTANGULAR STONE ENCLOSURE, 23M BY 3.75M, CONSTRUCTED
  OF LARGE STONES TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M. ORIENTATED NE SW. ATTATCHED TO THE NE
  CORNER IS A STONE PLATFORM, 5M BY 2M.
- 2466 ?HUT CIRCLE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40564564

  A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM CUT INTO THE SLOPE, 4M BY 3M. DEFINED BY A LOW BANK,

  BETWEEN 1.25M AND 3M WIDE.

- 467 HUT PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40564566

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 14M BY 3.5M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TERRACED

  DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M. ORIENTATED NW SE.
- 468 CAIRN?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SUB-CIRCULAR FEATURE OF LARGE STONES, 4M BY 3.5M. THE AREA WITHIN THE STONE RING IS RAISED TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M.
- PILLOW MOUND?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A LOW GRASSED OVER MOUND, 9M LONG AND 3M WIDE. UPSLOPE IT IS 0.2M HIGH,
  WHILE DOWNSLOPE IT IS 4M HIGH. IN THE SAME FIELD AS PILLOW MOUNDS PRN 1326.
- 470 CAIRN?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A CIRCULAR SHALLOW, DEPRESSION, 4M IN DIAMETER, WITH A SLIGHT BANK POSSIBLY
  AN OVERGROWN STONE KERB, DEFINING ITS EDGE
- 471 PILLOW MOUND?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  SH40604575

  A SUB-RETANGULAR TURF COVERED MOUND, 7M LONG BY 2.5M WIDE AT THE NORTHERN
  END AND 1.1M WIDE AT THE SOUTHERN END. LYING ACROSS THE NATURAL SLOPE, 0.5M
  HIGH DOWNSLOPE AND 0.3M HIGH UPSLOPE. ORIENTATED NNW SSE.
- 472 ENCLOSED HUT CIRCLE?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  LOCATED ON THE EDGE OF A DRIED-UP STREAM GULLY, IS A CIRCULAR FEATURE
  DEFINED BY STONES, 5M IN DIAMETER. THIS FEATURE IS CUT INTO THE SLOPE WHICH IS
  REVETTED AT THIS POINT TO A HEIGHT OF 0.5M BY A RUINED STONE WALL. THIS WALL
  RUNS FOR 11M IN A W E UNTIL IT REACHES THE MODERN FIELD WALL, IT MAY,
  HOWEVER, CONTINUE THE OTHER SIDE OF THIS WALL. EMERGING FROM THE NW SIDE
  OF THE CIRCULAR FEATURE IS ANOTHER RUINED STONE WALL, 1M HIGH, WHICH RUN
  OFF IN A S N DIRECTION.
- WALL; NNE OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A WALL CONSISTING OF LARGE BOULDERS, APPROXIMATLEY 50M LONG. SIMILAR TO THE WALL IN THE FIELD SYSTEM SURVEY NO. 398. ORIENTATION NE-SW.
- 474 CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM
  A LARGE STONE SURROUNDED BY SMALLER STONES.

  SH40534557
- HUT CIRCLE; E OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  SH40704534

  DIRECTLY ADJACENT TO A KINK IN THE MODERN FIELD WALL, A SEMI-CIRCULAR BANK

  OF STONE, IM WIDE AND 0.4M HIGH, WITH PROBABLE FACING STONES VISIBLE AROUND

  THE W EDGE. IT APPEARS THAT A HUT CIRCLE HAS BEEN CUT IN HALF BY THE FIELD

  WALL, WITH THE ONE HALF SURVIVING TO THE S OF THE WALL IN A STONE STREWN

  FIELD, WHILE THE N HALF HAS BEEN ALMOST DESTROYED BY STONE CLEARANCE IN THE

  N FIELD, WHERE IT SURVIVES ONLY AS A SLIGHT BANK TO THE NW.
- 476 PLATFORM?; E OF CWM-CORYN FARM

  A SMALL, SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE SLOPE AND EDGED

  WITH LARGE STONE. ORIENTATED NW SE. A NE SW RUNNING FIELD WALL OVERLIES

  THE SE END OF THE PLATFORM.
- 477 PLATFORM; E OF CWM-CORYN FARM SH40704533

  A RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 4M BY IM, CUT SLIGHTLY INTO THE SLOPE AND DEFINED

  BY RUINED STONE WALLING SURVIVING TO A HEIGHT OF 0.3M. ORIENTATED NE SW.

478	CLEARANCE CAIRN; E OF CWM-CORYN FARM A CIRCULAR DEPRESSION CONTAINING A LARGE BOULDER WITH SMALLER SURROUNDING IT.	SH40574536 STONES
479	CLEARANCE CAIRN; ESE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A LARGE STONE IN A NATURAL GULLY SURROUNDED BY SMALLER STONES.	SH40574534
480	CLEARANCE CAIRNS; SE OF CWM-CORYN FARM THREE SMALL CIRCULAR GROUPS OF PILED STONES.	SH40734527
481	CLEARANCE CAIRN?; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A SUB-CIRCULAR RING OF LARGE STONES WITH SMALLER STONES PILED WITHIN.	SH40354552
482	WALL; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A CURVING STONE WALL, DISAPPEARS INTO DENSE HAWTHORNE TREES. ORIEN NE - SW.	SH40374556 VITATION
483	PLATFORM; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM  A SUB-RECTANGULAR PLATFORM, 3.5M BY 2M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE AND TEL  SLIGHTLY DOWNSLOPE. POSSIBLE RUINED STONE WALLS OF LARGE AND SMALL  DEFINES ITS LIMITS. ORIENTATED E - W AND W OF CLEARANCE CAIRN SURVEY NO	STONES
484	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM A SUB-RECTANGULAR PILE OF STONES ADJACENT TO MODERN TRACKWAY.	SH40374555
485	CLEARANCE CAIRN; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM AN AMORPHIC PILE OF STONE ADJACENT TO MODERN TRACKWAY.	SH40364555
486	?HUT CIRCLE; NE OF CWM-CORYN FARM  THE REMAINS OF A POSSIBLE SUB-CIRCULAR FEATURE, 6M BY 5M, WITHIN AN A BOULDERS. IT IS DEFINED BY THREE 'U'-SHAPED RUINEOUS STONE INCORPORATING BOTH LARGE AND SMALL STONES AND SURVIVING TO A HEIG 0.5M. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ENTRANCE TO THE E. ORIENTATED N - S.	WALLS
487	CAIRN?; N OF CWM-CORYN FARM A SUB-RECTANGULAR KERB OF STONES SURROUNDING AN UPRIGHT STONE.	SH40344553
488	HUT PLATFORM?; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 4M BY 3M, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DEPTH OF 0.5 TERRACED DOWNSLOPE TO A HEIGHT OF 0.3M. SOME STONE VISIBLE AROUNDEDGES.	
489	CLEARANCE CAIRN; S OF PEN-Y-GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR PILE OF SMALLER STONES CLUSTERED AROUND LARGER STONE	SH42814505
490	SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM?; SW OF PEN-Y-GAER A SUB-CIRCULAR PLATFORM, 4M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DE 0.8M. APPEARS TO CONTINUE SLIGHTLY UNDER THE FIELD WALL DIRECTLY TO T	

TO THE NE IS PRN 1324.

- SETTLEMENT; NW OF CWM FARM

  TO THE NW OF THE MODERN FIELD WALL ARE THREE SIDES OF A ROUGHLY
  RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE OF UNCERTAIN LENGTH (SEE SURVEY NO. 110). TO THE SE
  OF THE FIELD WALL IS A SIMILAR ENCLOSURE, DIVIDED INTO HALVES BY A CROSS-WALL,
  ITS NE WALL IS ON THE SAME LINE AS THE SW WALL OF THE UPPER ENCLOSURE.
  OUTSIDE THE E ANGLE OF THE S ENCLOSURE THERE ARE TWO HORSE-SHOE-SHAPED
  HUT CIRCLES. ALSO ON THIS SIDE OF THE FIELD WALL MIRRORING THE UPPER
  ENCLOSURE IS ANOTHER LARGE ENCLOSURE.
- 501 RECTANGULAR HUT; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER SH42634512 A RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 8M LONG, 3M WIDE AND 0.1M DEEP, SITUATED BETWEEN HUT SURVEY NO. 500 AND TERRACE SURVEY NO. 503. ORIENTATED NE - SW.
- 502 WALL; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A GRASSED OVER STONE WALL, 12M LONG, 1.5M WIDE AND 0.4M HIGH. CONSTRUCTED

  OF SMALL PILED STONES AND ORIENTATED NE SW.
- TERRACE; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A CURVING TERRACE, EMERGING FROM HUT CIRCLE SURVEY NO. 500 AND CURVING AROUND IN AN ARC 45M LONG, 0.5M TO 1.5M WIDE AND 0.3M HIGH.
- HUT CIRCLE; SW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  SH42654510

  THE REMAINS OF A HUT CIRCLE, 10M IN DIAMETER, CUT INTO THE SLOPE TO A DEPTH

  OF 0.8M. IT IS BISECTED NEARLY THROUGH THE MIDDLE BY A NW SE RUNNING FIELD

  WALL AND NOTHING REMAINS OF THE HUT ON THE W SIDE OF THE WALL APART FROM A

  MOUND 0.5M HIGH.
- 505 RECTANGULAR HUT; SSW SLOPE OF PEN-Y-GAER

  A SMALL RECTANGULAR DEPRESSION, 3M LONG, 2M WIDE AND 0.15M DEEP.

  POSITIONED BETWEEN SURVEY NO. 502 AND SURVEY NO. 503.
- DITCH; N OF CWM FARM

  A DRAINAGE DITCH, 0.5M DEEP AND APPROXIMATELY IM WIDE, RUNNING PARALLEL
  WITH THE NE SW MODERN FIELD WALL. THERE IS A BUILT UP BANK DOWNSLOPE.
  CONSTRUCTED TO CARRY A NATURAL SPRING THROUGH AN AREA OF IMPROVED
  PASTURE TOWARDS CWM FARM IN A SW DIRECTION.

Printed: 04/18/95 Records printed: 468

### APPENDIX II - SURVEY FORMS

### SURVEY FORMS

PROJECT	A	REA	NUMBER
NGR	ELEVATION	TYPE	
DESCRIPTION			
MANMADE v.doubt	doubtful poss prob cort	TYPE INTERPRETATION	v.doubt doubtful poss prob cert
YPE EXAMPLE p	oor average good v.good	VISIBILITY (m) 500+ 2	2-500 1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10m
DESC TYPE?	aculae Enclosure Linear Building Other	Poi	sitive negative surface terrace scarped
OVERALL DIMENSION	NS length (1) length (2) breadth (1)	breadth (2) height (1) height	(2) depth (1) depth (2) diameter ORIENT
BOUNDARY DEFINIT	ION	STONE VISIBLE	
>2m 1-2r	n 0.5-1m 0.2-0.5m <0.2m	0-2% 5-1	5% 20-35% 40-70% >70%
% SURVIVAL	ROBBED? Y/N BY WHAT?	DISTURBED? BY WHAT?	Y/N
EROSION THREAT?	Y/N ACTIVE/INACTIVE/POTE		tree growth, other plants, vehicles, visitors, weathering, surface water, hillwash.
OTHER THREATS			ninning pasture improvement ploughing tone robbing road building other
ON SITE VEGETATION	N turt coarse grass rushes mos	a gorso heather bracken blib	erry other
	iduous coniferous mixed parkland scri roved pasture marsh peat bog other	ub moorland rough pasture rev	erted pasture
TOPOGRAPHY	level ground ; slope (blm. mid. up.) : o	depression : rise : ridge ASF	PECT
GEOGRAPHICAL LO	CATION		
PHOTOS B/V	V: Y/N	C/S: Y/N	

DATE NAME

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### (Reverse of SITE VISIT FORM)

DESCRIPTION/SKETCH PLAN

THREAT RESPONSE magnotometer/resistivity survey - trial trench - watching brief - full excavation

### LANDSCAPE FEATURES : Shortform Record

PROJECT MAP SHEET No.	AREA	NUMBER
	all : bank : ditch : track : clearance	; other ; mod, lence
TYPE EXAMPLE poor average good v.good VISIBILITY (m) 500+ 2-500	1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10m	% SURVIVAL
DIMENSIONS length breadth (1) breadth (2) diameter heighl (1) height (2) of	depth (1) depth (2)	
AND USE deciduous : conferous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland : rough pastur	e : Improved pasture : reverted past	lure : marsh ; peal bog ; o
DESCRIPTION (brief)	CONDITION	NAME
	ORIENT	DATE
ASSOC.FEATURE/SITE SAME AS		
.OJECT MAP SHEET No.	AREA	NUMBER
	all bank; dlich : track : clearance	; other : mod, fance
YPE EXAMPLE poor average good v.good VISIBILITY (m) 500+ 2-500	1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10m	% SURVIVAL
DIMENSIONS length breadth (1) breadth (2) diameter height (1) height (2)	depth (1) depth (2)	
AND USE deciduous : conflerous : mixed - parkland - scrub : moorland - rough pastu	re improved pasture reverted pas	lure : marsh : peal bog . o
DESCRIPTION (biel)	CONDITION	NAME
	CONDITION	Trains
	ORIENT	DATE
ASSOC.FEATURE/SITE SAME AS		
PROJECT MAP SHEET No.	AREA	NUMBER
NGR ELEVATION TYPE stone: w	vall : bank : ditch - track - clearance	; other ; mod, lence
TYPE EXAMPLE poor average good v.good VISIBILITY (m) 500+ 2-500	0 1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10n	% SURVIVAL
DIMENSIONS length breadth (1) breadth (2) diameter height (1) height (2)		43
DIMENSIONS	depth (1)* depth (2)*	4
AND USE deciduous : coniferous : mixed : parkland ; scrub : moorland rough pastu	depth (1)* depth (2)*	4
LAND USE deciduous : coniferous : mixed : parkland ; scrub : moorland rough pastu	depth (1)* depth (2)*  re : improved pasture : reverted pas	NAME
AND USE deciduous : coniferous : mixed : parkland ; scrub : moorland rough pastu	depth (1)* depth (2)*  re : improved pasture : reverted pas	sture : marsh ; peal bog ; o
AND USE deciduous : coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastu DESCRIPTION (brief)	depth (1)* depth (2)  ore : improved pasture : reverted pasture CONDITION	NAME
AND USE deciduous : coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures   DESCRIPTION (brief)  ASSOC.FEATURE/SITE SAME AS PROJECT MAP SHEET No.	depth (1)* depth (2)  ore : improved pasture : reverted pasture CONDITION	NAME
AND USE deciduous coniterous mixed parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorlan	depth (1)* depth (2)*  If : improved pasture : reverted pasture : ONDITION  ORIENT	NAME DATE  NUMBER
AND USE deciduous : coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : parkland : scrub : moorland rough pastures (Coniterous : mixed : m	depth (1)* depth (2)*  If a simproved pasture severted pa	NAME DATE  NUMBER
AND USE deciduous coniterous mixed parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures past	depth (1)* depth (2)*  If a simproved pasture severted pa	NAME DATE  NUMBER
AND USE deciduous coniterous mixed parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastures pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastures pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures p	CONDITION  ORIENT  AREA  vull : bank dlich track destance  0 1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10n  depth (1)' depth .2)	NAME DATE  NUMBER  Colher mod lence  N SURVIVAL
AND USE deciduous coniterous mixed parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland parkland parkland parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland park	CONDITION  ORIENT  AREA  vull : bank dlich track destance  0 1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10n  depth (1)' depth .2)	NAME DATE  NUMBER  Colher mod lence  N SURVIVAL
LAND USE deciduous coniterous mixed parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastures pastures parkland scrub moorland rough pastures pastur	CONDITION  ORIENT  AREA  vull : bank dlich track clearance 0 1-200 50-100 20-50 10-20 <10n depth (1)* depth .2)	NAME DATE  NUMBER  Colher mod lence  N SURVIVAL

#### APPENDIX III - SCHEDULE FOR 1839 TITHE MAPS

(NOTE - Not all the field numbers were found on the surviving schedule.)

#### Llanaelhaearn Parish

#### No. Landowner Occupier

- 439 J. Ellis W. Hughes. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 441 E. Jones Himself (Ty'n lon cas). Allotment of Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 442 D. Evans J. Roberts (Nant Y Cloiddin). Allotment Pasture
- 443 T. Richard G. Hughes (Tyddyn Cychan). Allotment Bwlch Mawr Arable
- 446 J. Ellis W. Hughes. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 448 J. Ellis W. Hughes. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 450 W. Humphries Himself (Caerau). Allotment Pasture
- 451 Lord Newborough G. Davies and T. Richard. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 452 P. Jones J. Jones. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr belonging to Monachdy Pasture
- 454 T. Assheton-Smith W. Jones (Tyddyn Mawr). Gaer Pasture
- 455 T. Assheton-Smith W. Jones (Tyddyn Mawr). Cae'r dynewid Pasture
- 456 T. Assheton-Smith W. Jones (Tyddyn Mawr). Cae newydd Pasture
- 459 W. Thomas Himself. Ffridd fain on Bwlch Mawr -
- 460 Parish lands Church Wardens in Trust. Fuel ground
- 461 Sir J. Houddart R. Parry and W. Jones. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 466 D. Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Allotment ?ashmynydd Pasture
- 492 Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Cae ucha 'cac/ean pella'-
- 494 D. Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Cae ucha'caeau pella' Arable
- 495 D. Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Cae ucha 'caeau pella' Arable
- 496 D. Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Cae canol Pasture
- 704 D. Owen D. Williams. M/Werglodd Farm Meadow
- 705 D. Williams D. Williams (Park y Mynydd). Cae wa' caeau pella Pasture
- 706 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Caeau gleision nesa llethar du Arable
- 707 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Caeau gleision ucha Arable
- 708 R. Evans H. Hughes. Allotment on Bwlch Mawr Pasture
- 710 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Ifell Arable
- 711 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae lans? ffell Arable
- 712 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae Elidiard Coch Arable
- 713 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cairiau gleision ucha Arable
- 714 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Caeau gleision newydd Arable
- 715 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Ffolt Arable
- 716 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae tan y ffolt Arable
- 853 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae lleiniau osoesion? Arable
- 854 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae mynydd y gorlan Arable
- 855 R. Evans H. Hughes (Cwm-coryn). Cae mynydd eithin Arable
- 866 Lord Newborough J. Roberts. Cae'r Mynydd Pasture
- 1319 T. Assheton-Smith W. Jones. Cae eithin Pasture
- 1320 T. Assheton-Smith W. Jones. Clogwyn Mawr Pasture
- 1323 J. Griffiths-Watkins E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae hi lloo? Pasture

### Clynnog Parish

#### No. Landowner Occupier

2723 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae braich - Arable 2724 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae hir - Pasture 2725 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae cerrig llwyddion - Pasture 2726 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae cerrig llwyddion - Pasture 2727 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae cerrig - Arable 2740 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Fridd - Pasture 2742 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Cae cefn coed - Pasture 2743 - T. Parry Jones - J. Jones. Ffridd - Pasture 2755 - J. Griff Griffiths Esq. - E. Parry (Cwm Farm). Monachdy - Pasture

#### APPENDIX IV - PLACENAMES IN THE AREA

The place-name evidence for the area, taken from the 1839 Tithe Map and more recent maps, appears to describe the topography and flora of the land, its use and whether it was enclosed or not. Arable use of some the land is indicated by the reference to 'green' (gleision) fields, while areas of mountain pastures or gorse are also referred to. Probably the most interesting field names are that of 'Monachdy', implying belonging to the monastery, which almost certainly refers to the medieval grange at Cwm, and 'Fuel Ground' (Tithe Map No 460), which may refer to the features identified in the survey as peat stacks (survey no 125).

Afon Erch - frightful (erch) or swift (erchwyrn) river

Bwlch Mawr - Big pass

Cae braich - Promontory field

Cae Canol - Middle field

Cae cefn coed - Wood ridge field

Cae cerrig - Stone field

Cae cerrig llwyddion - Dominant stone field

Cae eithin - Gorse field

Cae elidiard coch - Red .... field

Cae gleision ucha - Upper green field

Cae hir - Long field

Cae mynydd - Mountain field

Cae mynydd eithin - Gorse mountain field

Cae mynydd y gorlan - Mountain fold field

Cae newydd - New field

Cae tan y ffollt - Field below the ..... ffoll = gaping

Cae ucha 'caeau pella' - Upper field 'fields...' pell = far

Caeau gleision nesa? llethar du - Green fields next to steep slope

Caeaeu gleision newydd - New green fields

Caerau - caeau = fields or to wall?

Cae'r dynewid - Field of the new house

Cae'r Mur - Field of the wall

Clawdd Seri - Bank/ditch....?

Clipiau - Steep hillside

Clogwyn Mawr - Big crag or cliff

Cwm - Shallow valley (bowl-shape)

Cwm Ceiliog - Shallow valley of the cock (ceiliog) or (ceilio - fold/pen)

Cwm Coryn - Top of the shallow valley

Ffolt? - Ffoll = gaping

Ffridd - Mountain Pasture

Ffridd fain - Mountain pasture .... fan = peak

Gaer - fort or camp

Gyrn Ddu - Black cairns

Hengwm - Old Cwm

Park y Mynydd - Mountain park

Llain - Cultivated patch/strip

Llethr-ddu - Black slope

Moel Bronmoid - Bare hillside ...?

Monachdy - Monastery belonging to

Nant y Cloiddin - Small valley with a stream (cloddiau = banks / ditches or cloddiad = excavate)

Pen y Gaer - Head of the fort

Ty ddy cychan - Black house.... cych = to hive or bychan = small/lesser

Tyddyn-hir - Long house/cottage

Tyddyn Mawr - Big house/cottage

Ty'n lon Cas - Cottage or farm of the nasty? lane

Tyddyn-mawr - Big house/cottage

Yr allt - Hillside or wood (Tai Mynydd?)

### APPENDIX V - ARCHIVE MAPS

(The maps listed below are held with the main archive record for the project.)

Number	Scale	Date	Description
1	1:5,000	1995	Digitised OS 1:10,000 map showing limit of survey, field boundaries, and exisiting PRNs.
2	1:5,000	1995	Digitised OS 1:10,000 map - showing limit of survey, field boundaries and 'new' sites.
3	1:5,000	1995	Digitised OS 1:10,000 map - showing the Tithe Map boundaries and schedule numbers.
4	1:5,000	1995	Digitised OS 1:10,000 map - showing the vegation within the survey area.
5	1:50,000	1993	OS Landranger 123
6	1:25,000	1982	OS Pathfinder 801
7	1:10,000	1983	Base map - showing streams, sheepfolds, paths, field boundaries, PRNs and aerial photographic information.
8	1:10,000	1983	Base map - showing 1839 Tithe Map boundaries.
9	1:2,500	1887	Second edition OS - showing streams, sheepfolds, paths and field boundaries.
10	1:2,500	1887	1917 edition - showing streams, sheepfolds, paths, field boundaries and manganese workings.