

<ul> <li>Use this form for deployments for the landspreading of waste where the operator holds a permit for any of the following standard rules:</li> <li>SR2010No4 Mobile plant for landspreading (land treatment resulting in agricultural or ecological benefit);</li> <li>SR2010No5 Use of mobile plant for land reclamation, restoration or improvement of land;</li> <li>SR2010No6 Mobile plant for landspreading of sewage sludge; or a</li> <li>Bespoke mobile plant permit for landspreading or land reclamation.</li> <li>Please check that this is the latest version of the form available from our website.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>come with it. All relevant guidance documents can be found on our website.</li> <li>Where you see the term 'document reference' on the form, give the document references and send the documents with the application form when you've completed it.</li> <li>Contents <ol> <li>About the permit</li> <li>About the permit</li> <li>About you</li> <li>Contact details</li> <li>About the deployment</li> <li>Payment</li> <li>Supporting documents</li> <li>Data Protection Act 1998</li> <li>Confidentiality and national security</li> <li>Declaration</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
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#### 1 About the permit

#### 1a Discussions before your application

If you have had discussions with us before your application, give us the case reference or details on a separate sheet.

Case or document reference

#### 1b Permit number

ber		
	1	

GP3792SK

#### 1c What type of permit do you want to deploy under? (Please tick)

SR2010No4 Mobile plant fc	or landspreading (land treatmer	nt resulting in agricultural o	or ecological benefit)	$\boxtimes$
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SR2010No5 Use of mobile plant for land reclamation, restoration or improvement of land

SR2010No6 Mobile plant for landspreading of sewage sludge

Bespoke mobile plant permit for landspreading or reclamation, restoration or improvement of land

#### 2 About you

Please give us details of the permit holder. For companies, the details must match Companies House.

Organisation name (if relevant)	ByProduct Recovery Ltd	
Title		
First name		
Last name		
Address	Control House	

	1
	A1 Business Park
	Knottingley
	West Yorkshire
Postcode	WF11 0BU
Telephone - mobile	07824 323 318
Telephone - office	0113 232 2418
Email address	info@4r-group.co.uk

If you are applying as an organisation of individuals, every partner needs to give us their details, including their title. If necessary, continue on a separate sheet and tell us the reference you have given the sheet.

Document reference

#### **3 Contact details**

Who can we talk to about your application? This can be someone acting as a consultant or 'agent' for you.

Title	Dr	
First name	Chris	
Last name	Ash	
Telephone - mobile	07950 285 187	
Telephone - office		
Email address	chris.ash@4r-group.co.uk / info@4r- group.co.uk	

#### 4 About the deployment

#### 4a Multiple deployments for one area of land

You may spread more than 10 waste streams on the same area of land, provided you submit additional fully completed deployment forms listing the additional wastes. Your benefit statement must take into account the total benefit to the land of all wastes to be spread.

Is this deployment one of a batch (multiple deployments) for the same area of land?

No  $\boxtimes$  Go to section 4b

Yes  $\Box$  How many deployments are in the batch?

#### 4b Nominated competent person

**4b1** Give us details of the nominated competent person. This is the person who will be responsible for compliance with the permit for this deployment. See the guidance notes on LPD1 for further details.

Title

Mr

First name

Richard

Last name

Evans

Telephone - mobile	07506 672839
Telephone - office	
Email address	richard.evans@4r-group.co.uk / info@4r- group.co.uk

**4b2** What evidence are you using to show the nominated competent person has suitable technical skills and knowledge to manage the activity?

Documented in-house training	You must provide evidence – see belov	w

You must provide evidence to show the documented in-house training meets the requirements set out in technical guidance. See the guidance notes on LPD1 for further details and give us the document reference.

Document reference	4R Training Certificate Waste to Land - RE	Go to section 4c
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**4b3** Which approved scheme are you using to show you have the suitable technical skills and knowledge to manage your facility?

CIWM / WAMITAB	
ESA / EU	

**4b4** Tick to confirm you've included all original *and* continuing competence evidence.

#### 4c Which risk band does the activity fall within?

Please complete Table 1 below to indicate which risk band your activity falls within. This is a combination of waste types and proximity to sensitive receptors.

Once you have selected the risk band your activity falls within, the form guidance tells you what additional information you need to send with the application.

The risk banding affects the fee you need to send with your deployment application. See section 6.

Table 1 – risk band					
	Lower risk location		High risk location		
	- Not in an SPZ 2, and/or		- In a Source Protecti	ion Zone 2, and/or	
	- Over 500 meters from:		- 500 meters or less	from:	
	<ul> <li>European site, and/or</li> </ul>		European site, and	l/or	
	<ul> <li>Ramsar, and/or</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Ramsar, and/or</li> </ul>		
	• SSSI		• SSSI		
Permit type			You <i>must</i> submit a s	site specific risk assessi	ment.
SR2010No4 List A wastes		_			_
(Lower risk)	Low risk deployment		Medium risk (2) dep	bloyment	
SR2010No4 List B wastes		_			<b></b> 1
(Higher risk)	Medium risk (1) deployment		High risk deployme	nı	$\boxtimes$
SR2010No5	Madium viels (1) depleying ant				_
(Any waste listed)	Medium risk (1) deployment		High risk deployme	nı	
SR2010No6		_	line cicle de la marca		_
(Any waste listed)	Medium risk (1) deployment		High risk deployme	nı	
Bespoke mobile plant permit	Low risk deployment	Medium ri	sk deployment	High risk deployment	

#### 4d Additional information on sensitive receptors

Is the deployment within an SPZ 2 and/or 500m of a European site, Ramsar or SSSI, or being made under a

#### bespoke permit?

No 🗆

#### 4e Site specific risk assessment

Your site specific risk assessment must show how you intend to prevent any harm to any SPZ 2, European site, Ramsar or SSSI. For more information on risk-assessment please see the accompanying guidance to LPD1 and Technical Guidance Note 'TGN 8.01'.

Please tick a box below to indicate which type of risk-assessment you have submitted.

I have attached a site-specific risk-assessment as the deployment is within and SPZ 2 and/or 500m of a European site, Ramsar or SSSI. I have also addressed risks to other receptors in the risk assessment

I am not within an SPZ 2 and/or 500 m of a European site, Ramsar or SSSI but have addressed risks to the other receptors in my benefit statement.

I am deploying under a bespoke permit and have attached a site-specific risk assessment (regardless of location).

#### 4f About the waste

Please list all the individual waste streams you want to spread/use under this deployment, in Table 2 below. We've included an example to help you.

Table 2 – waste types					
	List of Waste code (6 digit)	Waste description	Physical form	Waste producer	Total amount being spread/used (tonnes)
e.g.	03 03 05	De-inked paper	Sludge	Smith's Newsprint	500
1	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Sludge cake	DCWW Bolton Hill	629
2	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Sludge cake	DCWW Bontgoch	974
3	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Liquid sludge	DCWW Bontgoch	1874
4	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Sludge cake	DCWW Llechryd	3299
5	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Liquid sludge	DCWW Llechryd	6004
6	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Sludge cake	DCWW Preseli	754
7	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Liquid sludge	DCWW Preseli	3143
8	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Sludge cake	DCWW Strata Florida	1370
9	19 09 02	Potable water treatment sludge	Liquid sludge	DCWW Strata Florida	3143
10	19 06 06	Anaerobic digestate	Liquid	Andigestion	1076
				Total tonnage	3299

Please note: You can only spread/use 10 waste types per deployment.

#### 4g About the land you want to treat

4g1 Please give details of the main address of the land to be treated.

Address	Crugmore		
	Penparc		
	Cardigan		
	Ceredigion		
Postcode	SA43 1QY		
National grid reference (12 digit)	SN 20609 47236		
4g2 What type of land do you want to	o treat?		
Agricultural land 🛛 🖂 Please giv	ve your County/ Parish/ Holding number	55/2	20/0071

Non-agricultural land 

#### 4h The parcels of land you want to treat

Please list all the individual areas (parcels) of land you want to include this deployment, in Table 3 below. Please note: the total area to be treated must not be more than 50 hectares.

Table 3 – parcels of land					
	Field name/ number/ reference	Grid reference - centre of field (12 digit)	Waste types to be spread/used (List of Waste code) Separate using commas.	Size (hectares)	
1	Please refer to LPD1				
2	Supplement				
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
			Total hectares	25.02	

#### 4i Is the permit holder the owner or occupier of the land you want to spread on/treat?

Yes Go to section 4k

N	О
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 $\boxtimes$ You must give us details of the land owner or occupier, below.

Organisation name (if relevant)		
Title	Mr	
First name	Marc	
Last name	Davies	

Address			Crugmore	
			Penparc	
			Cardigan	
			Ceredigion	
Postcode			SA43 1QY	
Telephone - n	nobil	e	07971 689590	
Telephone - c	office			
Email address	5			
			pant for the area covered by this deployment, sheet and tell us the reference you have giver	
Document ref	eren	ce		
4j Do you ha	ve th	e consent of the ov	vner or occupier to carry out the activity?	
Yes	$\boxtimes$	Go to section 4k		
No			/ you think you can carry out the activity withou e an explanation in the box, below. Continue o	
Explanation				
4k Previous	land	treatment		
Has any of the in the last 12			en treated with other wastes, sewage sludge, s	slurries or manures etc.
No	$\boxtimes$	Go to section 4l		

Yes		You must give us details in T	able 4 below and account	for them in	your benefit statement.
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Table	Table 4 – previous land treatment						
	Field name/ number/ reference	<b>Describe the waste spread</b> (in last 12 months)	Person/ company who spread the waste	Quantity spread per hectare (in tonnes)	Deployment/ other reference (if known)		
e.g.	East field	Digested sewage sludge cake	Eastern Waters	20	PAN 000000		
1	19 09 02	Water treatment sludges	4R/Contractor	69	PAN 009913		
2							
3							

4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

#### 4I Waste storage

Are you proposing to store waste in connection with this deployment?

No 🗌 Go to section 5

Yes  $\boxtimes$  You must give us details in Table 5 below.

Tab	Table 5 – waste storage details					
	Grid reference (12 digit)	Waste type being stored (6 digit List of Waste code)	Storage method	Quantity stored at any one time (in tonnes)		
1	SN 21114 47172	19 09 02	Field stockpile	3000		
2	SN 20526 47271	19 09 02	Field stockpile	3000		
3	SN 21102 48388	19 09 02	Field stockpile	3000		
4	SN 20928 48733	19 09 02	Field stockpile	3000		
5	SN 20919 48762	19 09 02	Field stockpile	3000		
6						
7						
8						
9	No more than 3000t will	be stored across all storage	locations at any one time.			
10						

#### 5 Payment

#### 5a Tick an option below to show how you will pay for the application.

Electronic transfer (for example, BACS)	$\boxtimes$	Go to section 5b
Cheque		Go to section 5c
Postal order		Go to section 5d
Credit or debit card		Go to section 5e

#### 5b Paying by electronic transfer

If you choose to pay by electronic transfer use the following information to make your payment.

Company name:Natural Resources WalesCompany address:Income Dept., PO BOX 663, Cardiff, CF24 0TPBank:RBSAddress:National Westminster Bank Plc, 2 ½ Devonshire Square, London, EC2M 4BA

Sort code: 60-70-80

Account number: 10014438

#### Reference number

You can use any reference number but we prefer the number to be 'EPDEP' followed by the first five letters of your organisation name followed by a four-digit number.

For example, for a company named Joe Bloggs Ltd, the reference number might be EPDEPJOEBL0001. (Remember you can use any four-digit number at the end.)

The reference number you will provide will appear on our bank statements so we can check your payment. We may need to contact your bank to make sure the reference number is quoted correctly.

You should also email your payment details and payment reference number to banking.team@naturalresourceswales.gov.uk / banking.team@cyfoethnaturiolcymru.gov.uk or fax it to 0300 065 3001 and enter it in the space provided below.

BACS reference	PSCAPPBYPRO0890
Amount paid	£1018

#### Making payments from outside the UK

These details have changed. If you are making your payment from outside the United Kingdom (which must be received in sterling), our IBAN number is GB70 NWBK6070 8010 0144 38 and our SWIFT/BIC number is NWBKGB2L.

If you do not quote your payment reference number, there may be a delay in processing your payment and application.

#### 5c Paying by cheque or postal order

You should make cheques or postal orders payable to Natural Resources Wales and they should be marked 'A/c Payee'. We will not accept post-dated cheques (cheques with a future date written on them).

Cheque/ postal order number

Amount paid

#### 5d Paying by credit or debit card

If you are paying by credit or debit card, please fill in the separate form CC1.

You can download this from our Website or you can ask for one of our customer service providers to send one by post. We will destroy your card details once we have processed your payment. We can accept payments by Visa, MasterCard or Maestro UK card only.

#### 6 Supporting documents

You must provide all relevant documents to support your application. The information we need depends on the type of deployment application you're making. If you don't provide us with all the information we need, we won't be able to assess your proposal and the application may be rejected.

Better quality deployments result in shorter processing times. If we don't need to come back to you for more information, we'll be able to give you a decision quicker.

#### 6a What supporting evidence do you need to send?

Are you applying to spread/use waste under a SR2010 No4 standard rule set permit?

Yes	$\boxtimes$	Complete the checklist in Table 6 <i>and</i> Table 7	Go to section 6b
No		Complete the checklist in Table 7 only.	Go to section 6c

#### 6b Checklist for deployments under SR2010 No4 only

Complete the checklist in Table 6, below. Tick to confirm you've completed the action.

Table 6	
Do the grid references (for fields and storage areas) match the map locations?	$\boxtimes$
Are the grid references in the correct format i.e. AB 12345 67890?	$\boxtimes$
Have details of previous land treatment been provided?	$\boxtimes$
Have you included a location map?	$\boxtimes$
Does the map include all the relevant features as set out in the guidance?	$\boxtimes$
Have you included a waste analysis?	$\boxtimes$
Is the waste analysis for each waste less than 12 months old?	$\boxtimes$
Does the waste analysis include pH, Nitrogen (N), Phosphorus (P), Potassium (K), % dry matter and Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE's)?	$\boxtimes$
Have you included a soil analysis?	$\boxtimes$
Is the soil analysis less for each field than 4 years old?	$\boxtimes$
Does the soil analysis provide the soil pH, Potassium (K), Phosphorus (P), Magnesium (Mg) and PTEs if they are high in the waste?	$\boxtimes$
Have the soil indices for P, K and Mg for each field been provided?	$\boxtimes$
Have you included a Certificate of Agricultural Benefit?	$\boxtimes$
Has the proposed cropping regime been stated?	$\boxtimes$
Has the waste application rate been stated?	$\boxtimes$
Has the timing of application been stated and is it appropriate for the cropping regime?	$\boxtimes$
Has the intended method of waste application been stated?	$\boxtimes$
Have the total nutrients supplied by the waste been stated and have they been provided in oxide format?	$\boxtimes$
Has the nutrient requirement for the proposed crop been provided?	$\boxtimes$
Has the soil nitrogen supply (SNS) for each field been provided?	$\boxtimes$
If the land has been treated with other wastes, sewage sludge, slurries manures etc. in the last 12 months, has relevant information been provided?	$\boxtimes$
If more than one waste stream is to be applied to the land; has the benefit for each individual waste stream been demonstrated?	$\boxtimes$
Have you included a site specific risk assessment? (where relevant)	$\boxtimes$
Does the Site Specific Risk Assessment; consider all potential receptors, identify all risks from the activity, and include information on all measures you'll use to minimise or mitigate the impact and why they're suitable.	$\boxtimes$

#### 6c Checklist for all types of deployment application.

Complete the checklist in Table 7, below. Tick to confirm you've completed the action.

Table 7		
Item	Complete	Your document reference/ description
Location map (required for all deployments)	$\boxtimes$	C Maps (C-01)
Benefit statement (required for all deployments)	$\boxtimes$	C ABS
Waste analysis (required for all deployments)	$\boxtimes$	Waste Analysis

Receiving soil analysis (required for all deployments)	$\boxtimes$	Soil Analysis
Site-specific risk assessment (in accordance with 4e)	$\boxtimes$	C SSRA
Any other additional information	N/A	4R Training Certificate Waste to Land - RE
	N/A	LPD1 Supplement
	N/A	
	N/A	

#### 7 The data Protection Act 1998

We, the Natural Resources Body for Wales (hereafter "Natural Resources Wales"), will process the information you provide so that we can:

- deal with your application;
- make sure you keep to the conditions of the licence, permit or registration;
- · process renewals; and
- keep the public registers up to date.

We may also process or release the information to:

- offer you documents or services relating to environmental matters;
- consult the public, public organisations and other organisations (for example, the Health and Safety Executive, local authorities, the emergency services, the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs) on environmental issues;
- · carry out research and development work on environmental issues;
- provide information from the public register to anyone who asks;
- prevent anyone from breaking environmental law, investigate cases where environmental law may have been broken, and take any action that is needed;
- assess whether customers are satisfied with our service, and to improve our service; and
- respond to requests for information under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 and the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 (if the Data Protection Act allows).

We may pass the information on to our agents or representatives to do these things for us.

#### 8 Confidentiality and national security

We will normally put all the information in your application on a public register of environmental information. However, we may not include certain information in the public register if this is in the interests of national security, or because the information is confidential.

You can ask for information to be made confidential by ticking the box below and enclosing a letter with your application giving your reasons. If we agree with your request, we will tell you and not include the information in the public register. If we do not agree with your request, we will let you know how to appeal against our decision, or you can withdraw your application.

Please treat the information in my application as confidential.

You can tell the Secretary of State that you believe including information on a public register would not be in the interests of national security. You must enclose a letter with your application telling us that you have told the Welsh Ministers and you must still include the information in your application. We will not include the information in the public register unless the Welsh Ministers decides that it should be included.

Only tick the box below if you are certain that you wish to claim confidentiality or national security for your application. This may delay your application.

I attach a letter stating that I have written to the Welsh Ministers explaining why my information should not be included on the public register for national security reasons

#### 9 Declaration

You must read this section before making the declaration and sending your form to us.

A relevant person should make the declaration. You must be a relevant person or have the authority of a relevant person to sign this application on their behalf.

Relevant people means each applicant, and in the case of a company, a director, manager, company secretary or any similar officer or employee listed on current appointments in Companies House. In the case of a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP), it includes any partner. If the permit holder is an organisation of individuals, each individual (or individual trustee) must complete the declaration.

To simplify and speed up the application process we recommend that the declaration is filled in by an officer of a company or one of the partners in a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP).

If you wish a manager, employee or consultant etc. to sign the declaration on behalf of a relevant person, we will need written confirmation from a relevant person; that is, an officer of the company, a partner in the LLP or the individual, confirming that the person has the authority to fill in the declaration.

If you are joint permit holders you should each fill in your own declaration. We have provided a separate sheet for this.

Where the operator is the subject of any insolvency procedure, the declaration must be filled in by the official receiver/appointed insolvency practitioner.

#### 9a Are you signing the form on behalf of a relevant person?

If you are *not* a relevant person, but want to sign the application on their behalf, you must include confirmation that you can do this.

I have included written confirmation from a relevant person to confirm I can sign on their behalf.

#### 9b Does your deployment application relate to a standard facility permit?

If your deployment application is being made in relation to a standard facility permit (SRP), you also need to confirm that you are able to meet all relevant criteria of the standard rule set/sets under which you are applying.

I confirm that my activity/activities will fully meet the rules of the permit deployment I have applied for.

#### $\boxtimes$

#### 9c Sign to confirm you understand the declaration.

If you knowingly or recklessly make a statement which is false or misleading to help you get an environmental permit (for yourself or another person), you are committing an offence under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

# I declare that the information in this application is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that this application may be refused or approval withdrawn if I give false or incomplete information.

#### I understand that if I knowingly or recklessly make a false or misleading statement:

#### • I may be prosecuted; and

#### • if convicted, I may have to pay a fine and/or go to prison.

By signing below, you are confirming that you understand and agree with the declaration above.

Title	Mr		
First name	Jon	-	
Last name	Smith		
On behalf of (if relevant)			
Today's date (DD/MM/YYYY)	12/03/2021		

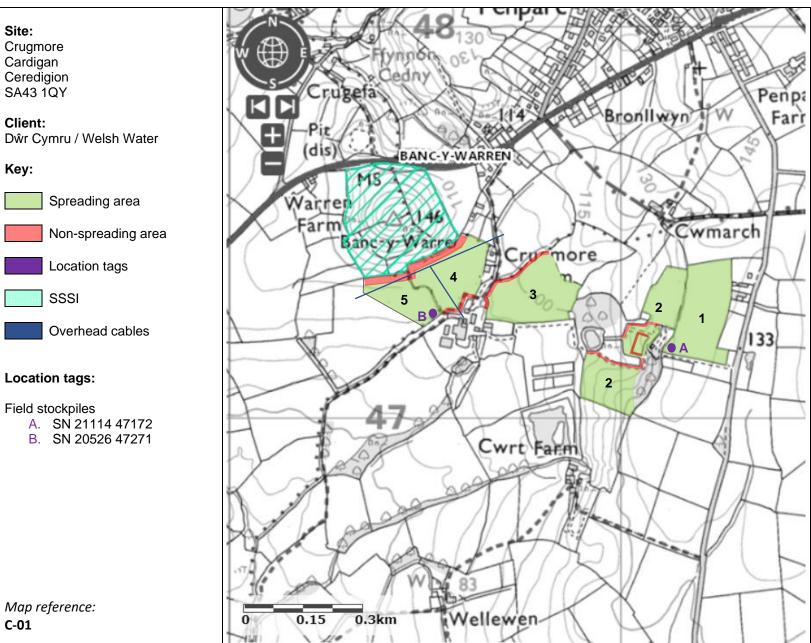


## LPD1 Supplement

## 4h The parcels of land you want to treat.

Tab	Table 3 – parcels of land			
	Field name/ number/ reference	Grid reference – centre of field (12 digit)	Waste types to be spread/used (List of waste code) separate using commas	<b>Size</b> (hectares)
1	1	SN 21204 47273	19 09 02, 19 06 06	3.12
2	2	SN 21040 47203	19 09 02, 19 06 06	3.18
3	3	SN 20781 47324	19 09 02, 19 06 06	2.78
4	4	SN 20571 47371	19 09 02, 19 06 06	2.02
5	5	SN 20435 47313	19 09 02, 19 06 06	1.24
6	6	SN 21009 48397	19 09 02, 19 06 06	1.84
7	7	SN 21134 48472	19 09 02, 19 06 06	1.39
8	8	SN 20986 48518	19 09 02, 19 06 06	1.82
9	9	SN 21024 48623	19 09 02, 19 06 06	0.62
10	10	SN 20843 48489	19 09 02, 19 06 06	2.71
11	11	SN 20851 48663	19 09 02, 19 06 06	1.28
12	12	SN 20838 48801	19 09 02, 19 06 06	3.02
			Total hectares	25.02



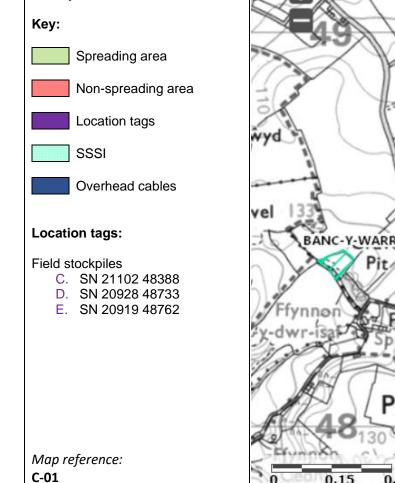


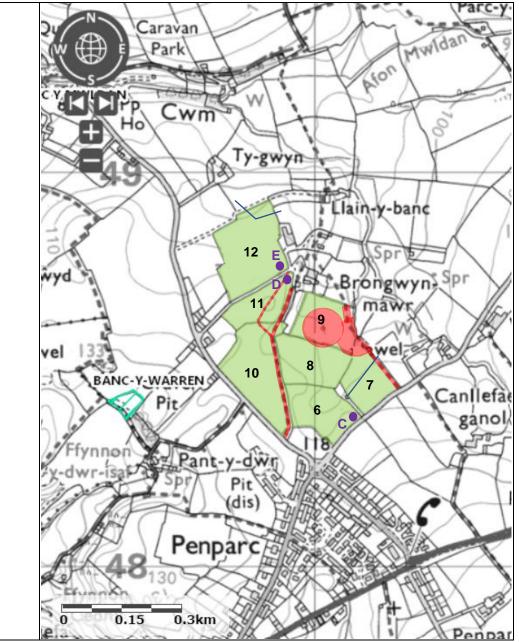


#### Site:

Crugmore Cardigan Ceredigion SA43 1QY

Client: Dŵr Cymru / Welsh Water







## **Agricultural Benefit Statement**

## For the application of beneficial wastes to fields at; Crugmore, Cardigan, Ceredigion. SA43 1QY

12th March 2021

### 1 Person with appropriate technical expertise and permit details

This benefit statement has been compiled by Dr Chris Ash (Consultant at 4R Group) who has the following qualifications and experience;

- Ph.D. Fate and Behaviour of Potentially Toxic Elements in Soils
- MSc. Natural Resources and Environment
- BSc. (Hons) Environmental Science
- FACTS Qualified Advisor (No. FE/6324) and Full Member of BASIS Professional Register
- 4 years landspreading experience

Permit number under which this deployment application is being made: EPR/ GP3792SK

### 2 Where the waste is to be spread

Table 1. Where the waste is to be spread	d
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Farm address:	Crugmore, Cardigan,	Crugmore, Cardigan, Ceredigion. SA43 1QY		
Stockpile grid reference:	Refer to Table 4			
Area of the receiving land:	25.02 ha			
Quantity to be stored at any one time:	Stackable: 3,000t Non-Stackable: N/A			
Total maximum quantity to be spread:	6,004t			
Location map document reference:	C Maps (C-01)			



## 3 What is the waste to be spread

Waste	EWC Code	Description	Waste Producer	Additional Information
1	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Bolton Hill	Stackable alum sludge cake
2	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Bontgoch	Stackable alum sludge cake
3	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Bontgoch	Non-stackable alum liquid sludge
4	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Llechryd	Stackable ferric sludge cake
5	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Llechryd	Non-stackable ferric liquid sludge
6	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Preseli	Stackable alum sludge cake
7	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Preseli	Non-stackable alum liquid sludge
8	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Strata Florida	Stackable alum sludge cake
9	19 09 02	Sludges from water clarification. Potable water treatment effluent.	DCWW Strata Florida	Non-stackable alum liquid sludge
10	19 06 06	Whole digestate from anaerobic treatment of source segregated biodegradable waste.	Andigestion	SP3132VU

### Table 2. Description of waste(s) to be applied

## 4 Operational details

#### 4.1 Cropping details

### Table 3. Cropping details

Current crop including projected yield if known:	Refer to Tables 6-15	
Is straw removed?	Y 🗆 N 🗆 N/A 🛛	



	GROOP
Following crop and any sensitive crops within rotation which you are amending the soil for in good time:	Refer to Tables 6-15
When do you intend to apply this waste; e.g. post harvest – pre-ploughing, during seed bed cultivations, on the stubble over winter:	Spreading will only take place subject to ground conditions and following the Code of Good Agricultural Practice (Defra, 2011), NVZ regulations and the permit holder's Environmental Management System (EMS).
	Targeted periods of spreading on grass fields include spring, after cutting of silage, and prior to grazing through summer and autumn.
	No more than 50t/ha will be spread on a field in any 3-week period in accordance with CoGAP, and no more than 250t/ha will be spread within any 12-month period.

#### 4.2 Waste storage

#### Table 4. Waste storage

How is the waste to be stored?	Stackable wastes: fields stockpiles
e.g. mobile tank, field heap, spread on delivery	Non-stackable wastes: spread on delivery
Where is the waste to be stored prior to	Stockpiles:
spreading?	A. SN 21114 47172
	B. SN 20526 47271
	C. SN 21102 48388
	D. SN 20928 48733
	E. SN 20919 48762
Why were these storage locations chosen?	The storage locations are accessible by delivering vehicle, near field entrances so the potential damage to fields by delivering vehicles is minimal.
	The storage locations are not within 10m of any ditch, watercourse, or footpath, not within a SPZ1, and are at least 50m from any well spring or borehole. They are also a safe distance from overhead powerlines.

## 4.3 Waste application

#### Table 5. Waste application

How is the waste to be spread and why is	The cake will be spread using conventional rear discharge
it to be spread that way?	spreaders as this equipment is readily available to the
	farmer/contractor and the most appropriate for the material
	and application rates used.



	GROUP
	Liquid DCWW sludges will be surface spread by tractor
	and tanker using a low-trajectory splash plate.
	Digestate will be spread by a tractor and tanker using a trailing shoe.
How do you plan to incorporate the waste	There is no requirement for further incorporation of wastes
following application?	on grass fields.
With liquid wastes is there any mole draining or sub-soiling planned?	No
Are there land drains in the field?	No
Other relevant operational information:	The wastes may be applied separately or in combination. If the wastes are applied in combination the total combined amount applied will not exceed 250t/ha, the total nitrogen loading will be less than 250kg/ha, and the amount of available nitrogen and total or available phosphate and potash (whichever is appropriate) will not exceed the fertiliser recommendation or the amount removed in crop offtake, whichever is the greater. Fields 2-7 have soil pH below 6, therefore no alum based DCWW sludge will be spread on these field. All other fields are above pH 6.



Table 6. DCWW Bolton Hill cake

							Ν			F	2 <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	Κ		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	0.4	0	165	75	74*	1	285	248	5.6	2	0	1.2	50	156
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		2	0			
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		2	75	75		0	350	248		2	0			
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		1	0			
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		1	120	75		0	350	248		2	0			
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	0.4	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	5.6	2	0	1.2	50	91
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.4	0	165	75	37	0	350	248	5.6	1	0	1.2	50	31
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	0.4	1	120	75	37	0	350	248	5.6	2	0	1.2	50	136
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.4	3	20	75	74*	2-	230	248	5.6	2	0	1.2	50	64
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	0.4	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	5.6	3	0	1.2	50	151
На	27.75	25.02																			629

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> and 6.0kg/t K<sub>2</sub>O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 50t/ha is 97kg/ha



Table 7. DCWW Bontgoch cake

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	0.3	0	165	75	75	1	285	248	0.8	2	0	1.8	52	162
2	3.38	3.12	Grass	Grass	0.0 5.5	Mod	235	0.3	3	20	75	74*	1	285	248	0.0	2	0	0.9	26	83
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	0.2	0	165	75	75	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	1.8	52	145
4	2.33	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9 5.9	Mod	235	0.0	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	0.0	2	0	0.9	26	53
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.9 5.7	Mod	235	0.2	2	20	75	74*	1	285	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	26	32
6	1.40	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	0.2	0	165	75	75	0	350	248	0.4	1	0	1.8	52	96
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	0.3	1	120	75	75	0	350	248	0.8	2	0	1.8	52	72
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	0.2	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	0.0	2	0	0.9	26	47
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.2	0	165	75	75	0	350	248	0.4	1	0	1.8	52	32
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	0.3	1	120	75	75	0	350	248	0.8	2	0	1.8	52	141
10	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.3	3	20	75	74*	2-	230	248	0.0	2	0	0.9	26	33
	3.02	3.02		-	0.2 6.5		235		2	20 75	75	74 74*	0	350	240	0.4	2	0		26	79
12	3.02	3.UZ	Grass	Grass	0.5	Mod	235	0.2	2	75	15	74	0	350	248	0.4	3	U	0.9	20	19
На	27.75	25.02																		ļ	974

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $P_2O_5$ ,  $K_2O$  and Mg stated are **available** concentrations in units of kg/ha

\*Total  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 52t/ha is 136kg/ha



Table 8. DCWW Bontgoch liquid

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			К	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*ln	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	0.6	0	165	75	76	1	285	248	0.4	2	0	1.8	100	312
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235	0.3	3	20	75	75*	1	285	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	50	159
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	0.6	0	165	75	76	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	1.8	100	278
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	0.3	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	50	101
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235	0.3	3	20	75	75*	1	285	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	50	62
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	0.6	0	165	75	76	0	350	248	0.4	1	0	1.8	100	184
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	0.6	1	120	75	76	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	1.8	100	139
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	0.3	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	50	91
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.6	0	165	75	76	0	350	248	0.4	1	0	1.8	100	62
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	0.6	1	120	75	76	0	350	248	0.4	2	0	1.8	100	271
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.3	3	20	75	75*	2-	230	248	0.4	2	0	0.9	50	64
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	0.3	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	0.4	3	0	0.9	50	151
На	27.75	25.02																		I	1874

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\ge 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 100t/ha is 134kg/ha



Table 9. DCWW Llechryd cake

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	1.4	0	165	75	68	1	285	248	12	2	0	4	170	530
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235	0.8	3	20	75	75*	1	285	248	6.8	2	0	2	94	299
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	1.4	0	165	75	68	0	350	248	12	2	0	4	170	473
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	0.8	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	6.8	2	0	2	94	190
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235	0.8	3	20	75	75*	1	285	248	6.8	2	0	2	94	117
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	1.4	0	165	75	68	0	350	248	12	1	0	4	170	313
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	1.4	1	120	75	68	0	350	248	12	2	0	4	170	236
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	0.8	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	6.8	2	0	2	94	171
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	1.4	0	165	75	68	0	350	248	12	1	0	4	170	105
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	1.4	1	120	75	68	0	350	248	12	2	0	4	170	461
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.8	3	20	75	75*	2-	230	248	6.8	2	0	2	94	120
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	0.8	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	6.8	3	0	2	94	284
На	27.75	25.02																			3299

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $P_2O_5$ ,  $K_2O$  and Mg stated are **available** concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\ge 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 170t/ha is 248kg/ha



Table 10. DCWW Llechryd liquid

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	40	1	285	248	25	2	0	23	250	780
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235	6	3	20	75	73*	1	285	248	23	2	0	21	230	731
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	40	0	350	248	25	2	0	23	250	695
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	6	2	75	75	73*	0	350	248	23	2	0	21	230	465
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235	6	3	20	75	73*	1	285	248	23	2	0	21	230	285
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	40	0	350	248	25	1	0	23	250	460
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	6	1	120	75	40	0	350	248	25	2	0	23	250	348
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	6	2	75	75	73*	0	350	248	23	2	0	21	230	419
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	40	0	350	248	25	1	0	23	250	155
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	6	1	120	75	40	0	350	248	25	2	0	23	250	678
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	6	3	20	75	73*	2-	230	248	23	2	0	21	230	294
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	6	2	75	75	73*	0	350	248	23	3	0	21	230	695
На	27.75	25.02																			6004

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $P_2O_5$ ,  $K_2O$  and Mg stated are **available** concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\ge 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 250t/ha is 75kg/ha



Table 11. DCWW Preseli cake

							Ν			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	0.4	0	165	75	74*	1	285	248	4.2	2	0	0.9	60	187
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		2	0			
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		2	75	75		0	350	248		2	0			
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		1	0			
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		1	120	75		0	350	248		2	0			
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	0.4	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	4.2	2	0	0.9	60	109
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.4	0	165	75	74*	0	350	248	4.2	1	0	0.9	60	37
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	0.4	1	120	75	74*	0	350	248	4.2	2	0	0.9	60	163
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	0.4	3	20	75	74*	2-	230	248	4.2	2	0	0.9	60	77
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	0.4	2	75	75	74*	0	350	248	4.2	3	0	0.9	60	181
На	27.75	25.02																			754

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $P_2O_5$ ,  $K_2O$  and Mg stated are **available** concentrations in units of kg/ha

\*Total  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 60t/ha is 129kg/ha



Table 12. DCWW Preseli liquid

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*In	Κ		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	1.5	0	165	75	47*	1	285	248	4.4	2	0	0.4	250	780
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		2	0			
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		2	75	75		0	350	248		2	0			
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		1	0			
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		1	120	75		0	350	248		2	0			
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	1.5	2	75	75	47*	0	350	248	4.4	2	0	0.4	250	455
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	1.5	0	165	75	47*	0	350	248	4.4	1	0	0.4	250	155
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	1.5	1	120	75	47*	0	350	248	4.4	2	0	0.4	250	678
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	1.5	3	20	75	47*	2-	230	248	4.4	2	0	0.4	250	320
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	1.5	2	75	75	47*	0	350	248	4.4	3	0	0.4	250	755
На	27.75	25.02																			3143

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 250t/ha is 60kg/ha



Table 13. DCWW Strata Florida cake

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	. <sub>2</sub> O			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*ln	Κ		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	2	0	165	75	75*	1	285	248	0.8	2	0	0.4	109	340
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		2	0			
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		2	75	75		0	350	248		2	0			
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		1	0			
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		1	120	75		0	350	248		2	0			
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	2	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	0.8	2	0	0.4	109	198
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	2	0	165	75	37	0	350	248	0.8	1	0	0.4	109	68
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	2	1	120	75	75*	0	350	248	0.8	2	0	0.4	109	295
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	2	3	20	75	75*	2-	230	248	0.8	2	0	0.4	109	140
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	2	2	75	75	75*	0	350	248	0.8	3	0	0.4	109	329
На	27.75	25.02																			1370

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\*Total  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 109t/ha is 238kg/ha



Table 14. DCWW Strata Florida liquid

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	2 <mark>0</mark>			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*In	Ρ		Crop	*ln	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	27*	1	285	248	3	2	0	1.0	250	780
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		2	0			
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235		2	75	75		0	350	248		2	0			
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235		3	20	75		1	285	248		2	0			
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		0	165	75		0	350	248		1	0			
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235		1	120	75		0	350	248		2	0			
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	6	2	75	75	27*	0	350	248	3	2	0	1.0	250	455
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	6	0	165	75	27*	0	350	248	3	1	0	1.0	250	155
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	6	1	120	75	27*	0	350	248	3	2	0	1.0	250	678
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	6	3	20	75	27*	2-	230	248	3	2	0	1.0	250	320
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	6	2	75	75	27*	0	350	248	3	3	0	1.0	250	755
На	27.75	25.02																			3143

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\***Total**  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 250t/ha is 75kg/ha



Table 15. Andigestion

							N			F	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>			K	( <sub>2</sub> 0			Mg			
Field	Total	Spread	Previous	Next	Soil pH			*ln	Ρ		Crop	*In	K		Crop	*In	Mg		*In	Rate	Totals
Ref	Area	Area	Crop	Crop		SNS	Req	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Use	Wst	Ind	Req	Wst		
							kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha		kg/ha	kg/ha	t/ha	tonnes
1	3.12	3.12	Grass	Grass	6.8	Mod	235	133	0	165	75	25	1	285	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	134
2	3.38	3.18	Grass	Grass	5.5	Mod	235	133	3	20	75	50*	1	285	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	137
3	2.99	2.78	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	133	0	165	75	25	0	350	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	120
4	2.49	2.02	Grass	Grass	5.9	Mod	235	133	2	75	75	50*	0	350	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	87
5	1.46	1.24	Grass	Grass	5.7	Mod	235	133	3	20	75	50*	1	285	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	53
6	1.84	1.84	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	133	0	165	75	25	0	350	248	92	1	0	2.0	43	79
7	1.57	1.39	Grass	Grass	5.8	Mod	235	133	1	120	75	25	0	350	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	60
8	1.88	1.82	Grass	Grass	6.0	Mod	235	133	2	75	75	50*	0	350	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	78
9	1.64	0.62	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	133	0	165	75	25	0	350	248	92	1	0	2.0	43	27
10	3.00	2.71	Grass	Grass	6.1	Mod	235	133	1	120	75	25	0	350	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	117
11	1.36	1.28	Grass	Grass	6.2	Mod	235	133	3	20	75	50*	2-	230	248	92	2	0	2.0	43	55
12	3.02	3.02	Grass	Grass	6.5	Mod	235	133	2	75	75	50*	0	350	248	92	3	0	2.0	43	130
На	27.75	25.02																			1076

Grass = 2 cut silage with aftermath grazing

Nutrient requirement based on values for grass with 2 cuts of silage with aftermath grazing (target DM yield 9-12t/ha) described in RB209 (2017)

Expected Grazing yield of 9-12t/ha

Crop use based on Grass totalling 38t/ha yield where 1.7kg/t P2O5 and 6.0kg/t K2O removed in offtake (RB209, 2017)

To account for aftermath grazing, 1/2 of the P & K requirement for grazing has been added, and 10kg/ha P and 20kg/ha K is added to crop use

N,  $\mathsf{P}_2\mathsf{O}_5,\,\mathsf{K}_2\mathsf{O}$  and Mg stated are available concentrations in units of kg/ha

\*Total  $P_2O_5$  and  $K_2O$  stated where soil indices  $\geq 2$ 

Total N supplied at an application rate of 43t/ha is 249kg/ha



## 5 Compliance with NVZ regulations

<i>Does the site fall within a designated NVZ</i> ?	Υ□	N 🛛 (Ple	ease skip to se	ection 6)				
Do closed periods apply for the wastes to be applied?	Υ□	N 🗆						
	Applicable to:							
	If yes, please indicate the appropriate period:							
	Start Date	End Date	Land Use	Soil Type				
	1st Aug	31st Dec	Tillage Land	Shallow/Sandy				
	1st Sept	31st Dec	Grassland	Shallow/Sandy				
	16th Sept	31st Dec	Tillage Land*	Shallow/Sandy				
	1st Oct	31st Jan	Tillage Land	All Other Soils				
	15th Oct	31st Jan	Grassland	All Other Soils				
	*For Tillage Land with crops sown on or before 15th September If no, applications will be carried out as per CoGAP <i>i.e.</i> wh ground conditions are suitable and when no heavy rain is forecast.							
Will application rates comply with crop requirement and field/whole farm limit?	Refer to Table 6-15							
Previous applications:	Refer to Ta	able 4 in L	PD1.					



## 6 Benefits and nutrients supplied to the soil or crop from this application

#### 6.1 Receiving soils

The nutrient status of individual fields to be registered are provided in Tables 6-15 above. General soil type(s) for the fields to be registered are;

Table	17.	Soil	type
-------	-----	------	------

Soils which are sand, loamy sand or sandy loam to 40cm depth and are sand or	
loamy sand between 40 and 80 cm, or over sandstone rock.	
Soils over impermeable subsoils and those where the parent rock (chalk, limestone	
or other rock) is within 40cm of the soil surface. Sandy soils developed over	
sandstone rock should be regarded as light sand soils.	
Mostly medium-textured mineral soils that do not fall into any other soil category.	$\boxtimes$
This includes sandy loams over clay, deep loams, and silty or clayey topsoils that	
have sandy or loamy subsoils.	
Soils with predominantly sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, sandy clay,	
silty clay or clay topsoil overlying clay subsoil to more than 40cm depth. Deep	
clayey soils normally need artificial field drainage.	
Soils of sandy silt loam, silt loam or silty clay loam textures to 100 cm depth or	
more. Silt soils formed on marine alluvium, warp soils (river alluvium) and brickearth	
soils are in this category. Silty clays of low fertility should be regarded as other	
mineral soils.	
Soils that are predominantly mineral but with between 10 and 20% organic matter to	
depth. These can be distinguished by darker colouring that stains the fingers black	
or grey.	
Soils that contain more than 20% organic matter derived from sedge or similar peat	
material.	
	<ul> <li>loamy sand between 40 and 80 cm, or over sandstone rock.</li> <li>Soils over impermeable subsoils and those where the parent rock (chalk, limestone or other rock) is within 40cm of the soil surface. Sandy soils developed over sandstone rock should be regarded as light sand soils.</li> <li>Mostly medium-textured mineral soils that do not fall into any other soil category. This includes sandy loams over clay, deep loams, and silty or clayey topsoils that have sandy or loamy subsoils.</li> <li>Soils with predominantly sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay or clay topsoil overlying clay subsoil to more than 40cm depth. Deep clayey soils normally need artificial field drainage.</li> <li>Soils of sandy silt loam, silt loam or silty clay loam textures to 100 cm depth or more. Silt soils formed on marine alluvium, warp soils (river alluvium) and brickearth soils are in this category. Silty clays of low fertility should be regarded as other mineral soils.</li> <li>Soils that are predominantly mineral but with between 10 and 20% organic matter to depth. These can be distinguished by darker colouring that stains the fingers black or grey.</li> <li>Soils that contain more than 20% organic matter derived from sedge or similar peat</li> </ul>

The soil analyses (**Soil Analysis**) shows the soils to have ample background concentrations of Mg (i.e. ADAS Index of 1-3). It is therefore unlikely that the crop will require any additional input of Mg over the course of the cropping cycle. None of the wastes contain any notable concentration of Mg and therefore applications of these materials will not increase background levels in the receiving soil over time.

#### 6.2 Waste characterisation

Full characterisations of individual wastes with total and available nutrients at the recommended rates for each waste stream are supplied in **Waste Analysis**. This information is further summarised against the nutrient requirements for proposed crops in Tables 6-15 above.

The limiting factors for the different wastes are as follows;

- Bolton Hill, Llechryd, and Preseli cakes: total N or total P on fields with P index ≥2
- Bontgoch and Strata Florida cakes, and Strata Florida liquid: arsenic or total P on fields with P index ≥2
- Bontgoch and Llechryd liquids: max rate of 250t/ha or total P on fields with P index ≥2
- Preseli liquid: max rate of 250t/ha
- Andigestion: total N



#### 6.3 Summary of benefits

These wastes are a source of essential elements N, P, K, macronutrients Mg, Ca, S and provide trace amounts of micronutrients. Wastes are beneficially used to replace a proportion of the bagged mineral fertiliser used by farmers. The recommended application rates shown in Tables 6-15 are based on the crop requirement and soil analysis.

Clean water treatment sludges contain significant amounts of organic matter. Additions of organic matter to soil will improve soil structural stability, biological activity, water and nutrient holding capacity, i.e. resistance to drought, and reduction of localised flooding, reduced leaching of nutrients, and improved workability in soil. Organic matter is a particularly good source of N and S, and organic acids that aid nutrient solubility and uptake, as well as enhancing microbial activity for enhanced nutrient cycling in soils.

#### 6.4 Additional requirements

Fields may require additional N, P, and K to achieve optimum yield.

## 7 Potential negative impacts to the soil or crop from this application

#### 7.1 Potentially Toxic Elements (PTEs)

All the wastes contain traces of PTEs, however concentrations applied to the receiving soils are below maximum upper limits for heavy metal applications described in the Sludge (Use in Agriculture) Regulations 1989 (SI, 1989). Refer to interpretations in **Waste Analysis**.

#### 7.2 Other waste characteristics

The pH levels in the wastes range from 5.5 to 8.3.

It is unlikely that soil pH will decrease following the application detailed here due to the extensive buffering capacity of the receiving soils. The pH levels of the receiving soils are  $\geq$  5.5 therefore it is unlikely that availability of any naturally occurring heavy metals present in these soils will become more available after application of these wastes.

#### 7.3 Operational factors

- 1. Solid wastes will be spread using conventional rear discharge spreaders.
- 2. Liquid wastes will be surface spread, applied using a low trajectory splash plate or trailing shoe for digestate.
- 3. Potential compaction of receiving soil will be mitigated by suitable adjustment of tyres/tyre pressure to match soil conditions, direction of spreading and load to be spread.
- 4. Wastes will be applied when ground and weather conditions are suitable, following CoGAP to avoid soil damage including wheel ruts, compaction, structural damage, erosion and run-off.
- 5. Where SSSI designated sites borders fields, they will be protected by a 20m non-spreading buffer zone.

## 8 Sensitive human and environmental receptors

Please refer to site specific risk assessment (**C SSRA**). Locations of sensitive receptors are shown in the maps **C-01**. Prevailing winds are south-westerly.



## 9 Practices to reduce the impacts of the operation on identified sensitive receptors

Mitigation measures to safeguard site-specific high and moderate likelihood of emission detection by sensitive receptors are shown in **C SSRA**. Generic measures (in addition to permit requirements and following the EMS) to reduce potential negative impacts of the proposed spreading operation will be as follows;

- 1. Spreading will only be undertaken when weather conditions are suitable within restrictions outlined in CoGAP and any relevant closed periods.
- 2. Spreading will not be carried out in any areas of a field that will be sub-soiled.
- 3. Machinery operations will take account of soil conditions, slopes etc.
- 4. Liquid spreading machinery will be turned off and lifted away from soil prior to turning at the end of each run.
- 5. Machinery will be checked daily when in use, regularly serviced and spreading equipment calibrated. Umbilical hoses will be regularly checked for damage to prevent leaks.
- 6. Machinery turns will not be executed in the buffer strips.
- 7. Waste deliveries to field/stores will be supervised.
- 8. All spillages will be reported immediately to NRW.

## 10 Contingency planning

Replacement spreading machinery will be available to prevent waste being retained in faulty machinery. Hire vehicles will be used if required. All machinery will be fully serviced.

There will be a sufficient number of trained staff available to ensure that the operation continues throughout operational hours (*i.e.* there will be sufficient cover for illness, holiday *etc.*).

In adverse weather, storage is available until ground/weather conditions become favourable for land application.

In circumstances where the wastes cannot be stored or spread beyond normal capacities, wastes will be diverted to a local alternative deployment or DCWW sewage treatment works.



## **Historical Data**

SPT Number	SPT Description	Date Time Taken	Det Code	Det Description	Result Value	Result Qual	Result Check	Min Limit	Max Limit	Original Sample	РС	Sample Status	Result Status	Sampler Comment
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9271	Cadmium	0.39					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9282	% Minerals	55.3					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	4620	рН	6.4					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	7774	Mercury	0.34	<				6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9281	% Dry solids	14.7					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9284	% P (dry weight)	0.441					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9234	Sulphur	5860					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	288	Aluminium	154000					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	238	Magnesium	1020					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9275	Nickel	28.8					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9233	Ammoniacal nitrogen	52					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9278	Iron	23400					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9276	Lead	9.3					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9272	Chromium	10.8					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9285	% N (dry weight)	1.32					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9273	Copper	67.9					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	8241	Volatile solids	44.7					6879844	ME	А	А	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9277	Zinc	119	1				6879844	ME	A	A	
120038 I	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	357	Arsenic	17.4					6879844	ME	A	А	
120038	BOLTON HILL Sludge Tankering Point	13/Jan/2021 09:20	9283	% K (dry weight)	0.0707					6879844	ME	А	А	



Det Comment	оон
EMPTY	Ν

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xxxx			

Sampling Point No:	100521	Location:	BONTGOCH WTW SLUDGE TANKERING POINT
Date Sampled:	29/01/2021	Time Taken:	11:34
Laboratory:	ALS	Sample ID:	6894538
No. of Results:	20		
Sampling Reason:	WTW Sludge - Product Monitoring (SW_ME)		
Туре:	WTW Sludge (SW)		

### Sample Results

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water



Dŵr Cymru Cyf. (No./Rhif 2366777) A limited Company registered in Wales: Cwmni cyfyngedig wedi'i gofrestu yng Nghymru: Linea, Fortran Road, St. Mellons, Cardiff , CF3 OLT Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water

# **Sample Analysis Report**

Code	Result	Units	Qualifier	Lower Limit
238 Magnesium	1220	mg/kg		
288 Aluminium	5980	mg/kg		
357 Arsenic	14.3	mg/kg		
4620 pH	7	рН		
7774 Mercury	0.3	mg/kg	<	
8241 Volatile solids	44.599998	%		
9233 Ammoniacal nitrogen	35.799999	mg/kg	<	
9234 Sulphur	2350	mg/kg		
9271 Cadmium	1.02	mg/kg		
9272 Chromium	16	mg/kg		
9273 Copper	16.4	mg/kg		
9275 Nickel	20.200001	mg/kg		
9276 Lead	49.400002	mg/kg		
9277 Zinc	353	mg/kg		
9278 Iron	331000	mg/kg		
9281 % Dry solids	16.9	%		
9282 % Minerals	55.400002	%		
9283 % K (dry weight)	0.0087	mg/kg	<	
9284 % P (dry weight)	0.743	%		
9285 % N (dry weight)	1.54	%		

### Comments:

Signed:

Approved by:

**Position:** 

Upper Limit

XXXX			
xxxx			
xxxx			
хххх			
хххх			

Sampling Point No:	100521	Location:	BONTGOCH WTW SLUDGE TANKERING POINT
Date Sampled:	29/01/2021	Time Taken:	11:36
Laboratory:	ALS	Sample ID:	6894540
No. of Results:	20		
Sampling Reason:	WTW Sludge - Product Monitoring (SW_ME)		
Туре:	WTW Sludge (SW)		

### Sample Results

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water



Dŵr Cymru Cyf. (No./Rhif 2366777) A limited Company registered in Wales: Cwmni cyfyngedig wedi'i gofrestu yng Nghymru: Linea, Fortran Road, St. Mellons, Cardiff , CF3 OLT Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water

# **Sample Analysis Report**

Code		Result	Units	Qualifier	Lower Limit
238	Magnesium	1470	mg/kg		
288	Aluminium	7220	mg/kg		
357	Arsenic	12.9	mg/kg		
4620	рН	6.7	рН		
7774	Mercury	0.28	mg/kg	<	
8241	Volatile solids	43.099998	%		
9233	Ammoniacal nitrogen	82.599998	mg/kg	<	
9234	Sulphur	2690	mg/kg		
9271	Cadmium	1.1	mg/kg		
9272	Chromium	20.9	mg/kg		
9273	Copper	19.5	mg/kg		
9275	Nickel	25.700001	mg/kg		
9276	Lead	60.400002	mg/kg		
9277	Zinc	424	mg/kg		
9278	Iron	392000	mg/kg		
9281	% Dry solids	7.39	%		
9282	% Minerals	56.900002	%		
9283	% K (dry weight)	0.00982	mg/kg		
9284	% P (dry weight)	0.892	%		
9285	% N (dry weight)	1.81	%		

### **Comments:**

Signed:

Approved by:

**Position:** 

Upper Limit

xxxx			
хххх			
xxxx			
хххх			
хххх			

Sampling Point No:	100504	Location:	LLECHRYD WTW SLUDGE TANKERING POINT
Date Sampled:	08/10/2020	Time Taken:	14:28
Laboratory:	ALS	Sample ID:	6792626
No. of Results:	20		
Sampling Reason:	WTW Sludge - Product Monitoring (SW_ME)		
Туре:	WTW Sludge (SW)		

### Sample Results

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water



Dŵr Cymru Cyf, a limited company registered in Wales No. 2366777. Registered office: Pentwyn Road, Nelson, Treharris, Mid Glamorgan CF46 6LY

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water

# **Sample Analysis Report**

Code		Result	Units	Qualifier	Lower Limit
238	Magnesium	1360	mg/kg		
288	Aluminium	6860	mg/kg		
357	Arsenic	18.4	mg/kg		
4620	рН	5.5	рН		
7774	Mercury	0.18	mg/kg	<	
8241	Volatile solids	51.799999	%		
9233	Ammoniacal nitrogen	73	mg/kg		
9234	Sulphur	4820	mg/kg		
9271	Cadmium	0.09	mg/kg	<	
9272	Chromium	15.8	mg/kg		
9273	Copper	35.5	mg/kg		
9275	Nickel	16.5	mg/kg		
9276	Lead	31.299999	mg/kg		
9277	Zinc	117	mg/kg		
9278	Iron	243000	mg/kg		
9281	% Dry solids	11.3	%		
9282	% Minerals	48.200001	%		
9283	% K (dry weight)	0.0589	mg/kg		
9284	% P (dry weight)	0.308	%		
9285	% N (dry weight)	1.29	%		

### Comments:

Signed:

Approved by:

**Position:** 

Upper Limit



SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU LLECHRYDD WWTE

LIQUID WASTE

Report Number

Sample Number

Date Received

Date Reported

Laboratory References 43906 105647

> 08-MAR-2021 12-MAR-2021

The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested.

The sample will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks.

Sample Reference :

Sample Matrix :

**LLECHRYDD** 

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received' basis.

Please quote above code for all enquiries

SLURRY/SLUDGE

Determinand	Value	Units
Oven Dry Solids	5.89	%
Conductivity 1:6	87.0	uS/cm
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	0.03	% w/w
Ammonium Nitrogen	<25	mg/kg
Total Phosphorus (P)	140	mg/kg
Total Potassium (K)	94.3	mg/kg
Total Magnesium (Mg)	229	mg/kg
Total Copper (Cu)	2.25	mg/kg
Total Zinc (Zn)	9.56	mg/kg
Total Sulphur (S)	170	mg/kg

Released by Myles Nicholson

Date 12/03/21

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SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU LLECHRYDD WWTE

LIQUID WASTE

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

Date Received

Date Reported

Laboratory References 43906 105647

> 08-MAR-2021 12-MAR-2021

The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested.

The sample will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks.

Sample Reference :

Sample Matrix :

**LLECHRYDD** 

### ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received' basis.

Please quote above code for all enquiries

SLURRY/SLUDGE

Determinand	Value	Units
Total Calcium (Ca)	156	mg/kg
Total Molybdenum (Mo)	0.12	mg/kg
Total Lead (Pb)	2.38	mg/kg
Total Cadmium (Cd)	0.02	mg/kg
Total Mercury (Hg)	<0.05	mg/kg
Total Nickel (Ni)	1.79	mg/kg
Total Chromium (Cr)	1.94	mg/kg
Total Sodium (Na)	14.8	mg/kg
pH 1:6 [Fresh]	5.44	
Organic Matter LOI	1.11	% w/w

Released by Myles Nicholson

Date 12/03/21

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SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU LLECHRYDD WWTE

LIQUID WASTE

Report Number

Sample Number

Laboratory References 43906 105647

LLECHRYDD

Sample Reference :

Sample Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE

Date Received08-MAR-2021Date Reported12-MAR-2021

The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested.

The sample will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received' basis.

Please quote above code for all enquiries

Determinand	Value	Units
Lime Equivalent as CaCO3	<2	% w/w
Total Aluminium	989	mg/kg
Fluoride [100:1 H2S04 Soluble]	<10	mg/kg
Total Arsenic (As)	1.13	mg/kg
Total Selenium (Se)	0.09	mg/kg
Neutralising Value as CaO [TNV]	<1	% w/w

Myles Nicholson Released by .....

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Date

12/03/21

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XXXX			
XXXX			
XXXX			
хххх			
XXXX			

Sampling Point No:	100506	Location:	PRESELI WTW SLUDGE Tankering Point (New Works)
Date Sampled:	13/01/2021	Time Taken:	09:07
Laboratory:	ALS	Sample ID:	6879830
No. of Results:	20		
Sampling Reason:	WTW Sludge - Product Monitoring (SW_ME)		
Туре:	WTW Sludge (SW)		

### Sample Results

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water



Dŵr Cymru Cyf, a limited company registered in Wales No. 2366777. Registered office: Pentwyn Road, Nelson, Treharris, Mid Glamorgan CF46 6LY

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water

# **Sample Analysis Report**

Code		Result	Units	Qualifier	Lower Limit
238	Magnesium	556	mg/kg		
288	Aluminium	108000	mg/kg		
357	Arsenic	15	mg/kg		
4620	рН	6.6	рН		
7774	Mercury	0.32	mg/kg	<	
8241	Volatile solids	42.599998	%		
9233	Ammoniacal nitrogen	37	mg/kg	<	
9234	Sulphur	7410	mg/kg		
9271	Cadmium	0.83	mg/kg		
9272	Chromium	5.66	mg/kg		
9273	Copper	27.700001	mg/kg		
9275	Nickel	28	mg/kg		
9276	Lead	2.02	mg/kg	<	
9277	Zinc	147	mg/kg		
9278	Iron	13200	mg/kg		
9281	% Dry solids	16.4	%		
9282	% Minerals	57.400002	%		
9283	% K (dry weight)	0.0395	mg/kg		
9284	% P (dry weight)	0.33	%		
9285	% N (dry weight)	1.31	%		

### **Comments:**

Signed:

Approved by:

**Position:** 

Upper Limit

XXXX			
хххх			
хххх			
хххх			
XXXX			

Sampling Point No:	100506	Location:	PRESELI WTW SLUDGE Tankering Point (New Works)
Date Sampled:	13/01/2021	Time Taken:	09:09
Laboratory:	ALS	Sample ID:	6879832
No. of Results:	20		
Sampling Reason:	WTW Sludge - Product Monitoring (SW_ME)		
Туре:	WTW Sludge (SW)		

### Sample Results

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water



Dŵr Cymru Cyf, a limited company registered in Wales No. 2366777. Registered office: Pentwyn Road, Nelson, Treharris, Mid Glamorgan CF46 6LY

Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water

# **Sample Analysis Report**

Code		Result	Units	Qualifier	Lower Limit
238	Magnesium	570	mg/kg		
288	Aluminium	173000	mg/kg		
357	Arsenic	17.299999	mg/kg	<	
4620	рН	6.7	рН		
7774	Mercury	1.16	mg/kg	<	
8241	Volatile solids	43.200001	%		
9233	Ammoniacal nitrogen	354	mg/kg	<	
9234	Sulphur	11800	mg/kg		
9271	Cadmium	0.98	mg/kg		
9272	Chromium	3.92	mg/kg	<	
9273	Copper	29.1	mg/kg		
9275	Nickel	13.9	mg/kg		
9276	Lead	7.49	mg/kg	<	
9277	Zinc	225	mg/kg		
9278	Iron	13900	mg/kg		
9281	% Dry solids	1.73	%		
9282	% Minerals	56.799999	%		
9283	% K (dry weight)	0.0949	mg/kg		
9284	% P (dry weight)	0.473	%		
9285	% N (dry weight)	1.39	%		

### **Comments:**

Signed:

Approved by:

**Position:** 

Upper Limit



RICHARD EVANS		STRATA FLORIDA WTW
4 RECYCLING LTD		
CONTROL HOUSE		CAKE
A1 BUSINESS PARK		
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD		
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V724	
Please quote above coo	de for all enquiries	

### CAKE ANALYSIS RESULTS (Metric Units)

Sample Reference : STRATA FLORIDA CAKE

Sample Matrix : CAKE

The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested. The sample will be kept as the dry ground sample for at least 1 month. Laboratory ReferencesReport Number38749Sample Number119897Date Received01-FEB-2021

09-FEB-2021

**Date Reported** 

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ANALI IICAL KESU					
Determinand on a DM basis unless otherwise indicated	Units	Result	Amount per fresh tonne	Amount applied at an equivalent total Nitrogen application of 250 kg N/ha	Units
pH 1:6 [Fresh]		6.09			
Oven Dry Matter	%	14.1	141.00	16129	kg DM
Total Nitrogen	% w/w	1.55	2.19	250	kg N
Ammonium Nitrogen	mg/kg	128	0.02	2.06	kg NH4-N
Total Phosphorus (P)	% w/w	0.213	0.69	78.67	kg P2O5
Total Potassium (K)	% w/w	<0.005			kg K2O
Total Magnesium (Mg)	% w/w	0.016	0.04	4.28	kg MgO
Total Sulphur (S)	% w/w	0.401	1.41	161.69	kg SO3
Total Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	17.3	< 0.01		kg Cu
Total Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	75.7	0.01	1.22	kg Zn
Total Sodium (Na)	% w/w	0.052	0.10	11.31	kg Na2O
Total Calcium (Ca)	mg/kg	751	0.11	12.11	kg Ca
Equivalent field application	rate		1.00	114.39	tonnes/ha

The above equivalent field application rate for total nitrogen of 250 kg/ha has been provided purely for guidance purposes only. Organic manures should be used in accordance with the Defra Code of Good Agricultural Practice and where required within the specific regulatory guidance for the spreading of that material to land. To get the most benefit from your organic manures it is recommended that you follow the principles as set out in Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209) or as directed by a FACTS qualified adviser.

Released by Myles Nicholson

Date 09/02/21

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RICHARD EVANS		STRATA FLORIDA WTW
4 RECYCLING LTD		
CONTROL HOUSE		CAKE
A1 BUSINESS PARK		
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	1/704	
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V724	
Please quote above cod	le for all enquiries	

### CAKE ANALYSIS RESULTS (Metric Units)

Sample Reference :	STRATA FLORIDA CAKE
Sample Matrix :	CAKE
The comple submitted was of	adaguata aiza ta completa all'analysia ragu

The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis requested. The sample will be kept as the dry ground sample for at least 1 month.

-	
Laboratory I	References
Report Number	38749
Sample Number	119897
Date Received	01-FEB-2021
Date Reported	09-FEB-2021

### ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ANALI HOAL NEGOLIG			
Determinand on a DM basis unless otherwise indicated	Units	Result	
Conductivity 1:6 [Fresh]	uS/cm	72.0	
Total Iron (Fe)	mg/kg	12449	
Total Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/kg	0.596	
Total Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	34.1	
Total Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	0.314	
Total Mercury (Hg)	mg/kg	0.161	
Total Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	8.32	
Total Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	6.31	
Organic Matter LOI	% w/w	67.3	
Lime Equivalent as CaCO3	% w/w	<2	
Total Aluminium	mg/kg	116537	
Fluoride [100:1 H2S04 Soluble]	mg/kg	364	
Total Arsenic (As)	mg/kg	23.1	
Total Selenium (Se)	mg/kg	2.50	
N. V. as CaO equivalents	% w/w	<1	

Released by Myles Nicholson

Date

09/02/21

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#### How does your sample analysis compare with the 'standard' figures for organic manures?

Farmyard Manure	Dry Matter (% DM)	Total Nitrogen (Kg N/t)	Total Phosphate (Kg P2O5/t)	Total Potash (Kg K2O/t)	Total Sulphur (Kg SO3/t)	Total Magnesium (Kg MgO/t)
Cattle FYM	25	6.0	3.2	9.4	2.4	1.8
Pig FYM	25	7.0	6.0	8.0	3.4	1.8
Sheep FYM	25	7.0	3.2	8.0	4.0	2.8
Duck FYM	25	6.5	5.5	7.5	2.6	2.4
Horse FYM	25	5.0	5.0	6.0	1.6	1.5
Goat FYM	40	9.5	4.5	12.0	2.8	1.8
Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash a	availability figures	to the next crop grow	wn from Defra's Fertili	ser Manual are 60%	& 90% respective	ly.
Poultry Manure	Dry Matter	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphate	Total Potash	Total Sulphur	Total Magnesium
	(% DM)	(Kg N/t)	(Kg P2O5/t)	(Kg K2O/t)	(Kg SO3/t)	(Kg MgO/t)
	20	9.4	8.0	8.5	3.0	2.7
	40	19.0	12.0	15.0	5.6	4.3
	60	28.0	17.0	21.0	8.2	5.9
	80	37.0	21.0	27.0	11.0	7.5
Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash a	availability figures	to the next crop grow	wn from Defra's Fertili	ser Manual are 60%	& 90% respective	ly.
	Dry	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Cattle & Pig Slurries	Matter	Nitrogen (Kg N/m3)	Phosphate (Kg P2O5/m3)	Potash (Kg K2O/m3)	Sulphur (Kg SO3/m3)	Magnesium (Kg MgO/m3)
Cattle slurry	6.0	2.6	1.2	2.5	0.7	0.6
Dirty water (from cattle)	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.1
Separated cattle slurries						
<ul> <li>strainer box liquid</li> </ul>	1.5	1.5	0.3	1.5	ND	ND
<ul> <li>weeping wall liquid</li> </ul>	3.0	2.0	0.5	2.3	ND	ND
<ul> <li>mechanically separated liquid</li> </ul>	4.0	3.0	1.2	2.8	ND	ND
<ul> <li>solid portion after separation</li> </ul>	20.0	4.0	2.0	3.3	ND	ND
Pig slurry	4.0	3.6	1.5	2.2	0.7	0.7
Separated pig slurry - liquid	3.0	3.6	1.1	2.0	ND	ND
Separated pig slurry - solid	20.0	5.0	3.7	2.0	ND	ND

Notes: ND = no data.

The 'standard' phosphate & potash availability figures to the next crop grown from Defra's Fertiliser Manual are 50% & 90% respectively (50% & 100% for dirty water).

Biosolids	Dry Matter (% DM)	Total Nitrogen (Kg N/t)	Total Phosphate (Kg P205/t)	Total Potash (Kg K2O/t)	Total Sulphur (Kg SO3/t)	Total Magnesium (Kg MgO/t)
Digested cake	25	11.0	11.0	0.6	8.2	1.6
Thermally dried	95	40.0	55.0	2.0	23.0	6.0
Lime stablised	25	8.5	7.0	0.8	7.4	2.4
Composted	40	11.0	10.0	3.0	6.1	2.0

Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash availability figures to the next crop grown from Defra's Fertiliser Manual are 50% & 90% respectively.

Other Organic Manures	Dry Matter	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphate	Total Potash	Total Sulphur	Total Magnesium
Composts	(% DM)	(Kg N/t)	(Kg P2O5/t)	(Kg K2O/t)	(Kg SO3/t)	(Kg MgO/t)
Green compost	60	7.5	3.0	6.8	3.4	3.4
Green/food compost	60	11.0	4.9	8.0	5.1	3.4
Mushroom compost	35	6.0	5.0	9.0	ND	ND
Digestates						
Food-based whole	4.1	4.8	1.1	2.4	0.7	0.2
Food-based separated liquor	3.8	4.5	1.0	2.8	1.0	0.2
Food-based separated fibre	27.0	8.9	10.2	3.0	4.0	2.2
Farm-sourced whole	5.5	3.6	1.7	4.0	0.8	0.6
Farm-sourced separated liquor	3.0	1.9	0.6	2.5	<0.1	0.4
Farm-sourced separated fibre	24.0	5.6	4.7	6.0	1.2	1.8
Paper Crumble						
Chemically / physically treated	40	2.0	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.4
Biologically treated	30	7.5	3.8	0.4	2.4	1.0
Water Treatment Cake						
Water treatment cake	25	2.4	3.4	0.4	5.5	0.8
Food industry 'wastes'	(% DM)	(Kg N/m3)	(Kg P2O5/m3)	(Kg K2O/m3)	(Kg SO3/m3)	(Kg MgO/m3)
Dairy waste	4	1.0	0.8	0.2	ND	ND
Soft drinks waste	4	0.3	0.2	Trace	ND	ND
Brewing waste	7	2.0	0.8	0.2	ND	ND
General food waste Notes: ND = no data.	5	1.6	0.7	0.2	ND	ND

The 'standard' figures for the above organic manures have been taken from Defra's Fertiliser Manual 2017 (RB209) 9<sup>th</sup> edition and the corresponding PLANET version 3 software. Further information on fertiliser recommendations for organic manures can be obtained from the Fertiliser Manual or from a FACTS qualified adviser.



RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU STRATA FLORIDA WTW

SLUDGE

Please quote above code for all enquiries

### SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

		Laboratory R	eferences
Sample Reference :	Report Nu	mber	38719
	Sample Nu	umber	104212
STRATA FLORIDA LIQ			
Sample Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE		Date Received	01-FEB-2021
Sample Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE		Date Reported	05-FEB-2021
The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis reques The sample will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks. ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received'			
	54610.		11-26
Determinand		Value	Units
Oven Dry Solids		1.85	%
Conductivity 1:6		25.0	uS/cm
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen		0.03	% w/w
Ammonium Nitrogen		<25	mg/kg

Released by Myles Nicholson

Total Phosphorus (P)

Total Potassium (K)

Total Copper (Cu)

Total Zinc (Zn)

Total Sulphur (S)

Total Magnesium (Mg)

Date 05/02/21

mg/kg

mg/kg

mg/kg

mg/kg

mg/kg

mg/kg

47.9

<10

<10

0.38

1.57

106

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RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU STRATA FLORIDA WTW

SLUDGE

Please quote above code for all enquiries

## SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

		Laboratory R	
Sample Reference :	Report Nu Sample N		38719 104212
STRATA FLORIDA LIQ	Campie N		104212
Sample Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE		Date Received	01-FEB-2021
Sample Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE		Date Reported	05-FEB-2021
The sample submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis reque	sted.		
The sample will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks.			
ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received	' basis.		]
Determinand		Value	Units
Total Calcium (Ca)		18.6	mg/kg
Total Iron (Fe)		291	mg/kg
Total Molybdenum (Mo)		<0.05	mg/kg
Total Lead (Pb)		0.68	mg/kg
Total Cadmium (Cd)		<0.01	mg/kg
Total Mercury (Hg)		<0.05	mg/kg
Total Nickel (Ni)		<0.2	mg/kg
Total Chromium (Cr)		0.28	mg/kg
Total Sodium (Na)		21.4	mg/kg
pH 1:6 [Fresh]		5.81	

Released by Myles Nicholson

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Date

nire RG42 6NS Re

05/02/21

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RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU STRATA FLORIDA WTW

SLUDGE

Please quote above code for all enquiries

## SLURRY/SLUDGE ANALYSIS RESULTS

			Laboratory F	References
Sample	e Reference :	Report Nu		38719
		Sample Nu	umber	104212
S	TRATA FLORIDA LIQ			
Sample	e Matrix : SLURRY/SLUDGE		Date Received	01-FEB-2021
Sample	E Mallix . SLORR 1/SLODGE		Date Reported	05-FEB-2021
The sample	e submitted was of adequate size to complete all analysis reques will be kept under refrigeration for at least 3 weeks. ALYTICAL RESULTS on 'as received'			
	Determinand		Value	Units
	Organic Matter LOI		1.18	% w/w
	Lime Equivalent as CaCO3		<2	% w/w
	Total Aluminium		2534	mg/kg
	Fluoride [100:1 H2S04 Soluble]		12.7	mg/kg
	Total Arsenic (As)		<0.5	mg/kg
	Total Selenium (Se)		0.06	mg/kg
	Neutralising Value as CaO [TNV]		<1	% w/w

Released by Myles Nicholson

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Date

05/02/21

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# PAS110 2014 Certificate of Analysis

Client: (T489)	WINGI STOKI BISHC	ESTION LTD MOOR FARM EAST E ORCHARD ROAD PS CLEEVE CESTERSHIRE 7DG			Originator:	WINGMOOR FARM EAST WHOLE DIGESTATE
Lab ID: Sample Sample		20009 - 98914 08/20 25/08/20 Whole Digestate		Certification Code: BCS Number:	AND-WIN-WD AD00046	Date Received:26/08/2020Date Reported:02/09/2020Date Sampled:25/08/2020
Potentia	lly Toxic	Elements in WD / SL / S	SF, on a fre	sh weight basis		
Paramete	er	Units	Result	Upper Limit	Pass	Method of Test
Cadmium Chromiur Copper (( Lead (Pb Mercury ( Nickel (N	m (Cr) Cu) ) (Hg)	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.01 0.53 1.18 <0.5 <0.05 0.53	0.72 mg / kg 48 mg / kg 96 mg / kg 96 mg / kg 0.48 mg / kg 24 mg / kg	Y Y Y Y Y	BS EN 15587 (soluble in aqua regia) BS EN 15587 (soluble in aqua regia)
Zinc		mg/kg	5.03	192 mg / kg	Y	BS EN 15587 (soluble in aqua regia)
Stability	of WD /	SL / SF on a fresh weigl	ht basis			
Paramete	er	Units	Result	Upper Limit	Pass	Method of Test
Volatile F Test is va		ls g COD / g VS is otherwise specified	S N/A	0.774 g VS		Chromatography
Physical	contam	inants in WD / SL / SF o	n a fresh w	eight basis		
Paramete	er	Units	Result	Upper Limit	Pass	Method of Test
Plastics > Glass > 2 Metals > Other > 2 Total > 2 of which 3 Stones >	2mm 2mm 2mm mm Sharps:	kg / t kg / t kg / t kg / t kg / t kg / t	0.051 Zero 0.003 Zero 0.054 Zero Zero	0.22 kg / t Zero in sample tester 19.2 kg / t	Y Y b	NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497 NRM-SOP-JAS-497
Zero - No	visible (	contaminants were found	in the samp	le as submitted		
The sam The sam	ple was o ple was i	dispatched within 1 workin eceived within 48 hours a received in a cool box with	ng day after after dispatcl	sampling		
Release	d by:	Linaben	n Patel	Date	e: 02/09/2020	

Natural Resource Management, a division of Cawood Scientific Ltd., Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 6NS Tel +44 (0) 1344 886338 Fax + 44 (0) 1344 890972 E-Mail <u>enquiries@nrm.uk.com</u> Web <u>www.nrm.uk.com</u> Page 2 of 4





### PAS110 2014 Certificate of Analysis (Continued)

Client: (T489)	WING STOK BISHO	GESTION LTD MOOR FARM EAST E ORCHARD ROAD DPS CLEEVE ICESTERSHIRE 7DG		Originator:	WINGMOOR FARM EAS WHOLE DIGESTATE	Т
Lab ID: Sample Sample		20009 - 98914 08/20 25/08/20 Whole Digestate	Certification Code: BCS Number:	AND-WIN-WD AD00046	Date Received: Date Reported: Date Sampled:	

Characteristics of WD / SL / SF for declaration, without limit values, that influence application rates (Results on an 'as received' basis)

Parameter	Units	Result	М *	Amount per fresh tonne or m <sup>3</sup>	Amount applied at an equivalent total Nitrogen application of 250 kg N/ha	Units
рН		8.3	1			
Oven Dry Matter	% m/m	4.90	2	49.00	2112	Kg DM
Loss On Ignition	% m/m	3.32	3	33.20	1431	Kg OM
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (N)	% m/m	0.58	4	5.80	250	Kg N
Ammoniacal Nitrogen (NH4-N)	mg/kg	3101	5	3.10	133.65	Kg NH4-N
Total Phosphorus (P)	mg/kg	507	6	1.16	50.04	Kg P2O5
Total Potassium (K)	mg/kg	1976	6	2.37	102.20	Kg K2O
Total Magnesium (Mg)	mg/kg	105	6	0.17	7.51	Kg MgO
Total Sulphur (S)	mg/kg	427	6	1.07	46.01	Kg SO3
Equivalent field application rate				1.00	43.10	tonnes or
* Method of Test						m³ / ha

1 BS EN 13037 3 BS EN 15169 5 Sciantec SOP S1162 (Kjeldahl) 2 BS EN 14346 4 BS EN 13654-1 (Kjeldahl) 6 BS EN 15587 (soluble in aqua regia)

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### PAS110 2014 Certificate of Analysis (Continued)

(T489) WIN STO BISH GLO	IGESTION LTD GMOOR FARM EAST KE ORCHARD ROAD IOPS CLEEVE IUCESTERSHIRE 2 7DG		Originator:	WINGMOOR FARM EAS WHOLE DIGESTATE	Т
Lab ID: Sample ID: Sample Type:	20009 - 98914 08/20 25/08/20 Whole Digestate	Certification Code: BCS Number:	AND-WIN-WD AD00046	Date Received: Date Reported: Date Sampled:	

Pathogens (human and animal indicator species) in WD / SL / SF

Parameter	Units	Result Rep 1	Result Rep 2	Result Rep 3	Result Rep 4	Result Rep 5	Pass	Method of Test
Salmonella		Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Absent	Y	Part II schedule of ABP regulations 2005
E. coli	CFU/g	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	Y	Part III schedule of ABP regulations 2005

For Salmonella spp 5 out of 5 sub-sample results must be ABSENT in the quantity tested.

For Escherichia coli 4 out of 5 sub-sample results must be less than or equal to 1000 CFU/g but none may be greater than 5000 CFU/g.

#### How does your sample analysis compare with the 'standard' figures for organic manures?

Farmyard Manure	Dry Matter (% DM)	Total Nitrogen (Kg N/t)	Total Phosphate (Kg P2O5/t)	Total Potash (Kg K2O/t)	Total Sulphur (Kg SO3/t)	Total Magnesium (Kg MgO/t)
Cattle FYM	25	6.0	3.2	9.4	2.4	1.8
Pig FYM	25	7.0	6.0	8.0	3.4	1.8
Sheep FYM	25	7.0	3.2	8.0	4.0	2.8
Duck FYM	25	6.5	5.5	7.5	2.6	2.4
Horse FYM	25	5.0	5.0	6.0	1.6	1.5
Goat FYM	40	9.5	4.5	12.0	2.8	1.8
Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash a	availability figures	to the next crop grow	wn from Defra's Fertilis	ser Manual are 60%	& 90% respective	ly.
Poultry Manure	Dry Matter	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphate	Total Potash	Total Sulphur	Total Magnesium
	(% DM)	(Kg N/t)	(Kg P2O5/t)	(Kg K2O/t)	(Kg SO3/t)	(Kg MgO/t)
	20	9.4	8.0	8.5	3.0	2.7
	40	19.0	12.0	15.0	5.6	4.3
	60	28.0	17.0	21.0	8.2	5.9
	80	37.0	21.0	27.0	11.0	7.5
Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash a	availability figures	to the next crop grow	wn from Defra's Fertili	ser Manual are 60%	& 90% respective	ly.
	Dry	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Cattle & Pig Slurries	Matter	Nitrogen (Kg N/m3)	Phosphate (Kg P2O5/m3)	Potash (Kg K2O/m3)	Sulphur (Kg SO3/m3)	Magnesium (Kg MgO/m3)
Cattle slurry	6.0	2.6	1.2	2.5	0.7	0.6
Dirty water (from cattle)	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.1
Separated cattle slurries						
<ul> <li>strainer box liquid</li> </ul>	1.5	1.5	0.3	1.5	ND	ND
<ul> <li>weeping wall liquid</li> </ul>	3.0	2.0	0.5	2.3	ND	ND
<ul> <li>mechanically separated liquid</li> </ul>	4.0	3.0	1.2	2.8	ND	ND
<ul> <li>solid portion after separation</li> </ul>	20.0	4.0	2.0	3.3	ND	ND
Pig slurry	4.0	3.6	1.5	2.2	0.7	0.7
Separated pig slurry - liquid	3.0	3.6	1.1	2.0	ND	ND
Separated pig slurry - solid	20.0	5.0	3.7	2.0	ND	ND

Notes: ND = no data.

The 'standard' phosphate & potash availability figures to the next crop grown from Defra's Fertiliser Manual are 50% & 90% respectively (50% & 100% for dirty water).

Biosolids	Dry Matter (% DM)	Total Nitrogen (Kg N/t)	Total Phosphate (Kg P205/t)	Total Potash (Kg K2O/t)	Total Sulphur (Kg SO3/t)	Total Magnesium (Kg MgO/t)
Digested cake	25	11.0	11.0	0.6	8.2	1.6
Thermally dried	95	40.0	55.0	2.0	23.0	6.0
Lime stablised	25	8.5	7.0	0.8	7.4	2.4
Composted	40	11.0	10.0	3.0	6.1	2.0

Notes: The 'standard' phosphate & potash availability figures to the next crop grown from Defra's Fertiliser Manual are 50% & 90% respectively.

Other Organic Manures	Dry Matter	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphate	Total Potash	Total Sulphur	Total Magnesium
Composts	(% DM)	(Kg N/t)	(Kg P2O5/t)	(Kg K2O/t)	(Kg SO3/t)	(Kg MgO/t)
Green compost	60	7.5	3.0	6.8	3.4	3.4
Green/food compost	60	11.0	4.9	8.0	5.1	3.4
Mushroom compost	35	6.0	5.0	9.0	ND	ND
Digestates						
Food-based whole	4.1	4.8	1.1	2.4	0.7	0.2
Food-based separated liquor	3.8	4.5	1.0	2.8	1.0	0.2
Food-based separated fibre	27.0	8.9	10.2	3.0	4.0	2.2
Farm-sourced whole	5.5	3.6	1.7	4.0	0.8	0.6
Farm-sourced separated liquor	3.0	1.9	0.6	2.5	<0.1	0.4
Farm-sourced separated fibre	24.0	5.6	4.7	6.0	1.2	1.8
Paper Crumble						
Chemically / physically treated	40	2.0	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.4
Biologically treated	30	7.5	3.8	0.4	2.4	1.0
Water Treatment Cake						
Water treatment cake	25	2.4	3.4	0.4	5.5	0.8
Food industry 'wastes'	(% DM)	(Kg N/m3)	(Kg P2O5/m3)	(Kg K2O/m3)	(Kg SO3/m3)	(Kg MgO/m3)
Dairy waste	4	1.0	0.8	0.2	ND	ND
Soft drinks waste	4	0.3	0.2	Trace	ND	ND
Brewing waste	7	2.0	0.8	0.2	ND	ND
General food waste Notes: ND = no data.	5	1.6	0.7	0.2	ND	ND

The 'standard' figures for the above organic manures have been taken from Defra's Fertiliser Manual 2017 (RB209) 9<sup>th</sup> edition and the corresponding PLANET version 3 software. Further information on fertiliser recommendations for organic manures can be obtained from the Fertiliser Manual or from a FACTS qualified adviser.

### Analysis of Bolton Hill cake

Date: 13.1.2021

рΗ

50 Application rate (t/acre) 20.0 6.4

Dry solids (%) Organic matter (%) Conductivity (µS/cm)

Application rate (t/ha)

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

14.7 44.7

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.32	%	1.94	97.0	0.01	0.4
Ammonium-N	52	mg/kg	0.01	0.4		
Phosphorus (P)	4410	mg/kg	0.65	32.4		
Phosphate (P2O5)			1.48	73.9	0.3	37.0
Potassium (K)	707	mg/kg	0.10	5.2		
Potash (K2O)			0.12	6.2	0.0	5.6
Magnesium (Mg)	1020	mg/kg	0.15	7.5		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.24	12.0	0.0	1.2
Sulphur (S)	5860	mg/kg	0.86	43.1		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			2.15	107.7	0.2	10.8
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amo	ount	Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	119.0	mg/kg	17.5	0.87	15.00
Copper	67.9	mg/kg	9.98	0.50	7.50
Nickel	28.8	mg/kg	4.23	0.21	3.00
Lead	9.3	mg/kg	1.37	0.07	15.00
Cadmium	0.4	mg/kg	0.06	0.00	0.15
Chromium	10.8	mg/kg	1.59	0.08	15.00
Mercury	0.3	mg/kg	0.05	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	17.4	mg/kg	2.56	0.13	0.70
Aluminium	154000	mg/kg	22638	1132	-
Iron	23400	mg/kg	3439.80	171.99	-

Sample ID. 6879844

### Analysis of Bontgoch cake

Date: 29 Jan 21

Sample ID. 6894538

Application rate (t/ha)	52
Application rate (t/acre)	20.8
рН	7.0
Dry solids (%)	16.9
Organic matter (%)	44.6

### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.54	%	2.60	135.3	0.01	0.3
Ammonium-N	35.8	mg/kg	0.01	0.3		
Phosphorus (P)	7430	mg/kg	1.26	65.3		
Phosphate (P2O5)			2.86	148.9	0.6	74.4
Potassium (K)	87	mg/kg	0.01	0.8		
Potash (K2O)			0.02	0.9	0.0	0.8
Magnesium (Mg)	1220	mg/kg	0.21	10.7		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.33	17.2	0.1	1.7
Sulphur (S)	2350	mg/kg	0.40	20.7		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			0.99	51.6	0.1	5.2
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amo	ount	Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	353	mg/kg	59.7	3.10	15.00
Copper	16.4	mg/kg	2.77	0.14	7.50
Nickel	20.2	mg/kg	3.41	0.18	3.00
Lead	49.4	mg/kg	8.35	0.43	15.00
Cadmium	0.5	mg/kg	0.09	0.00	0.15
Chromium	16.0	mg/kg	2.70	0.14	15.00
Mercury	0.3	mg/kg	0.05	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	14.3	mg/kg	2.42	0.13	0.70
Aluminium	5980	mg/kg	1011	53	-
Iron	331000	mg/kg	55939.00	2908.83	-

### Analysis of Bontgoch liquid

Date: 29 Jan 21

Sample ID. 6894540

Application rate (t/ha) Application rate (t/acre)	100 40.0
pH	6.7
Dry solids (%)	7.4
Organic matter (%)	43.1

### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Avai	lable
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.81	%	1.34	133.8	0.01	0.6
Ammonium-N	82.6	mg/kg	0.01	0.6		
Phosphorus (P)	8920	mg/kg	0.66	65.9		
Phosphate (P2O5)			1.50	150.3	0.3	75.1
Potassium (K)	98	mg/kg	0.01	0.7		
Potash (K2O)			0.01	0.9	0.0	0.8
Magnesium (Mg)	1470	mg/kg	0.11	10.9		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.17	17.4	0.0	1.7
Sulphur (S)	2690	mg/kg	0.20	19.9		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			0.50	49.7	0.0	5.0
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amo	ount	Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	424.0	mg/kg	31.3	3.13	15.00
Copper	19.5	mg/kg	1.44	0.14	7.50
Nickel	25.7	mg/kg	1.90	0.19	3.00
Lead	60.4	mg/kg	4.46	0.45	15.00
Cadmium	0.5	mg/kg	0.03	0.00	0.15
Chromium	20.9	mg/kg	1.54	0.15	15.00
Mercury	0.3	mg/kg	0.02	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	12.9	mg/kg	0.95	0.10	0.70
Aluminium	7220	mg/kg	534	53	-
Iron	392000	mg/kg	28968.80	2896.88	-

### Analysis of Llechyryd cake

Date: 08.10.2020

Sample ID. 6792626

Application rate (t/ha)	170
Application rate (t/acre)	68.0
рН	5.5
Dry solids (%)	11.3
Organic matter (%)	51.8
Conductivity (µS/cm)	

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.29	%	1.46	247.8	0.01	1.4
Ammonium-N	73	mg/kg	0.01	1.4		
Phosphorus (P)	3080	mg/kg	0.35	59.2		
Phosphate (P2O5)			0.79	134.9	0.2	67.5
Potassium (K)	589	mg/kg	0.07	11.3		
Potash (K2O)			0.08	13.6	0.0	12.2
Magnesium (Mg)	1360	mg/kg	0.15	26.1		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.25	41.8	0.0	4.2
Sulphur (S)	4820	mg/kg	0.54	92.6		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			1.36	231.5	0.1	23.1
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amo	ount	Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	117.0	mg/kg	13.2	2.25	15.00
Copper	35.5	mg/kg	4.01	0.68	7.50
Nickel	16.5	mg/kg	1.86	0.32	3.00
Lead	31.3	mg/kg	3.54	0.60	15.00
Cadmium	0.1	mg/kg	0.01	0.00	0.15
Chromium	15.8	mg/kg	1.79	0.30	15.00
Mercury	0.2	mg/kg	0.02	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	18.4	mg/kg	2.08	0.35	0.70
Aluminium	6860	mg/kg	775	132	-
Iron	243000	mg/kg	27459.00	4668.03	-

### Analysis of Llechyrydd liquid

Date 08/03/2021

Lab ref. 43906

Application rate (t/ha)	250
Application rate (t/acre)	100.0
рН	5.4
Dry solids (%)	5.9
Organic matter content (%)	1.1

### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	0.03	%	0.30	75	0.03	6
Ammonium-N	25	mg/kg	0.03	6		
Phosphorus (P)	140	mg/kg	0.14			
Phosphate (P2O5)			0.32	80	0.16	40
Potassium (K)	94.3	mg/kg	0.09			
Potash (K2O)			0.11	28	0.10	25
Magnesium (Mg)	229	mg/kg	0.23			
Magnesium (MgO)			0.37	92	0.09	23
Sulphur (S)	170	mg/kg	0.17			
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			0.43	106	0.09	21
Sodium (Na)	14.8	mg/kg	0.01	4	0.01	2

### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Rate		Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	9.56	mg/kg	9.6	2.39	15.00
Copper	2.25	mg/kg	2.3	0.56	7.50
Nickel	1.79	mg/kg	1.8	0.45	3.00
Lead	2.38	mg/kg	2.4	0.60	15.00
Cadmium	0.02	mg/kg	0.0	0.01	0.15
Chromium	1.94	mg/kg	1.9	0.49	15.00
Mercury	0.05	mg/kg	0.1	0.01	0.10
Aluminium	989	mg/kg	989.0	247.25	-

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### Analysis of Preseli cake

Date: 13.1.2021

Sample ID. 6879830

Application rate (t/ha)	60
Application rate (t/acre)	24.0
рН	6.6
Dry solids (%)	16.4
Organic matter (%)	42.6
Conductivity (µS/cm)	

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

_			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.31	%	2.15	128.9	0.01	0.4
Ammonium-N	37	mg/kg	0.01	0.4		
Phosphorus (P)	3300	mg/kg	0.54	32.5		
Phosphate (P2O5)			1.23	74.0	0.2	37.0
Potassium (K)	395	mg/kg	0.06	3.9		
Potash (K2O)			0.08	4.7	0.0	4.2
Magnesium (Mg)	556	mg/kg	0.09	5.5		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.15	8.8	0.0	0.9
Sulphur (S)	7410	mg/kg	1.22	72.9		
Sulphur (SO₃)			3.04	182.3	0.3	18.2
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amo	ount	Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	147.0	mg/kg	24.1	1.45	15.00
Copper	27.7	mg/kg	4.54	0.27	7.50
Nickel	28.0	mg/kg	4.59	0.28	3.00
Lead	2.0	mg/kg	0.33	0.02	15.00
Cadmium	0.8	mg/kg	0.14	0.01	0.15
Chromium	5.7	mg/kg	0.93	0.06	15.00
Mercury	0.3	mg/kg	0.05	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	15.0	mg/kg	2.46	0.15	0.70
Aluminium	108000	mg/kg	17712	1063	-
Iron	13200	mg/kg	2164.80	129.89	-

### Analysis of Preseli liquid sludge

Date: 13.1.2021

Sample ID. 6879832

Application rate (t/ha)	250
Application rate (t/acre)	100.0
рН	6.7
Dry solids (%)	1.7
Organic matter (%)	43.2
Conductivity (µS/cm)	

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

		Total Availa		Total		lable
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.39	%	0.24	60.1	0.01	1.5
Ammonium-N	354	mg/kg	0.01	1.5		
Phosphorus (P)	4730	mg/kg	0.08	20.5		
Phosphate (P2O5)			0.19	46.6	0.0	23.3
Potassium (K)	949	mg/kg	0.02	4.1		
Potash (K2O)			0.02	4.9	0.0	4.4
Magnesium (Mg)	570	mg/kg	0.01	2.5		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.02	3.9	0.0	0.4
Sulphur (S)	11800	mg/kg	0.20	51.0		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			0.51	127.6	0.1	12.8
Calcium (Ca)		mg/kg	0.0	0.0		
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amount		Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	225.0	mg/kg	3.9	0.97	15.00
Copper	29	mg/kg	0.50	0.13	7.50
Nickel	13.9	mg/kg	0.24	0.06	3.00
Lead	7.5	mg/kg	0.13	0.03	15.00
Cadmium	1.0	mg/kg	0.02	0.00	0.15
Chromium	3.9	mg/kg	0.07	0.02	15.00
Mercury	1.2	mg/kg	0.02	0.01	0.10
Arsenic	17.3	mg/kg	0.30	0.07	0.70
Aluminium	173000	mg/kg	2992.90	748.23	-
Iron	13900	mg/kg	240.47	60.12	-

### Analysis of Strata Florida cake

Date: 01/02/2021

Application rate (t/ha)	109
Application rate (t/acre)	43.6
рН	6.1
Dry solids (%)	14.1
Organic matter (%)	67.3
Conductivity (µS/cm)	72

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	1.55	%	2.19	238.2	0.02	2.0
Ammonium-N	128	mg/kg	0.02	2.0		
Phosphorus (P)	2130	mg/kg	0.30	32.7		
Phosphate (P2O5)			0.68	74.6	0.1	37.3
Potassium (K)	50	mg/kg	0.01	0.8		
Potash (K2O)			0.01	0.9	0.0	0.8
Magnesium (Mg)	160	mg/kg	0.02	2.5		
Magnesium (MgO)			0.04	3.9	0.0	0.4
Sulphur (S)	4010	mg/kg	0.57	61.6		
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			1.41	154.1	0.1	15.4
Calcium (Ca)	751	mg/kg	0.1	11.5		
Sodium (Na)	520	mg/kg	0.07	8.0		

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Amount		Limit
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	(kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	75.7	mg/kg	10.7	1.16	15.00
Copper	17.3	mg/kg	2.44	0.27	7.50
Nickel	8.3	mg/kg	1.17	0.13	3.00
Lead	34.1	mg/kg	4.81	0.52	15.00
Cadmium	0.3	mg/kg	0.04	0.00	0.15
Chromium	6.3	mg/kg	0.89	0.10	15.00
Mercury	0.2	mg/kg	0.02	0.00	0.10
Arsenic	23.1	mg/kg	3.26	0.36	0.70
Aluminium	116537	mg/kg	16432	1791	-
Iron	12449	mg/kg	1755.31	191.33	-

Sample ID. 38749

# Analysis of Strata Florida liquid

Date 01/02/2021

Lab ref. 38719

Application rate (t/ha)	250
Application rate (t/acre)	100.0
рН	5.8
Dry solids (%)	1.9
Organic matter content (%)	1.2

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Total		Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	0.03	%	0.30	75	0.03	6
Ammonium-N	25	mg/kg	0.03	6		
Phosphorus (P)	47.9	mg/kg	0.05			
Phosphate (P2O5)			0.11	27	0.05	14
Potassium (K)	10	mg/kg	0.01			
Potash (K2O)			0.01	3	0.01	3
Magnesium (Mg)	10	mg/kg	0.01			
Magnesium (MgO)			0.02	4	0.00	1
Sulphur (S)	106	mg/kg	0.11			
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			0.27	66	0.05	13
Sodium (Na)	21.4	mg/kg	0.02	5	0.01	3

#### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Rat	Limit	
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	1.57	mg/kg	1.6	0.39	15.00
Copper	0.38	mg/kg	0.4	0.10	7.50
Nickel	0.20	mg/kg	0.2	0.05	3.00
Lead	0.68	mg/kg	0.7	0.17	15.00
Cadmium	0.01	mg/kg	0.0	0.00	0.15
Chromium	0.28	mg/kg	0.3	0.07	15.00
Mercury	0.05	mg/kg	0.1	0.01	0.10
Aluminium	2534	mg/kg	2534.0	633.50	-
Iron	291	mg/kg	291.0	72.75	-

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## Andigestion Ltd.

# Analysis of whole digestate

Date 25/08/2020

Lab ref. 20009 - 98914

Application rate (t/ha)	43
Application rate (t/acre)	17.2
рН	8.3
Dry solids (%)	4.9
Organic matter content (%)	3.2

#### NUTRIENT CONTENT

			Tot	al	Available	
TOTALS	result	units	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/tonne)	( kg/ha)
Nitrogen (N)	0.58	%	5.80	249	3.10	133
Ammonium-N	3101	mg/kg	3.10	133		
Phosphorus (P)	507	mg/kg	0.51			
Phosphate (P2O5)			1.16	50	0.58	25
Potassium (K)	1976	mg/kg	1.98			
Potash (K2O)			2.37	102	2.13	92
Magnesium (Mg)	105	mg/kg	0.11			
Magnesium (MgO)			0.17	7	0.04	2
Sulphur (S)	427	mg/kg	0.43			
Sulphur (SO <sub>3</sub> )			1.07	46	0.21	9
Sodium (Na)		mg/kg	0.00	0	0.00	0

### POTENTIALLY TOXIC ELEMENTS

			Ra	Limit	
TOTALS	result	units	(g/tonne)	( kg/ha)	(kg/ha/yr)
Zinc	5.03	mg/kg	5.0	0.22	15.00
Copper	1.18	mg/kg	1.2	0.05	7.50
Nickel	0.53	mg/kg	0.5	0.02	3.00
Lead	0.50	mg/kg	0.5	0.02	15.00
Cadmium	0.01	mg/kg	0.0	0.00	0.15
Chromium	0.53	mg/kg	0.5	0.02	15.00
Mercury 0.05 mg/kg		0.1	0.00	0.10	

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CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	· /
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CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	
SOIL	

Laboratory References

85957

468592

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

enquiries

Date Received 04-FEB-2020 Date Reported 07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### лы <sup>(1)</sup>

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.8			r.					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	ĸ		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	8.6	0							
Available Potassium	62.0	1							
Available Magnesium	81.0	2							

### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)				%	nissible concentration e/grasssland soil	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%		5% 100%
Total Copper	8.3	Arable Grassland	135 225				
Total Zinc	38.9	Arable Grassland	200 200				
Total Nickel	15.8	Arable Grassland	75 125				
Total Cadmium	0.32	Arable Grassland	3 3				
Total Lead	16.2	Arable Grassland	300 300				
Total Chromium	16.9	Arable Grassland	400 600				
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5				

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date

NRM Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 6NS Tel: +44 (0) 1344 886338 Fax: +44 (0) 1344 890972 Email: enquiries@nrm.uk.com www.nrm.uk.com

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**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL
Laboratory References

Report Number	85957	
Sample Number	468592	

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)	% of maximum permissible concentration of PTE in arable/grasssland soil						
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.36	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	9.2	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	37.2	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



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KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V724
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**CRUGMORE FARM** CARDIGAN

Laboratory References

Soil nH

85957 468593

SOIL

Report Number

Sample Number

nquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### nH <sup>(1)</sup>

рп						Soli pri			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	5.5								
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Index	:		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	32.8	3							
Available Potassium	90.7	1							
Available Magnesium	66.4	2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)							ssible concentration	on	
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	2	25%	50	% 7	5%	100%
Total Copper	6.7	Arable Grassland	80 138							
Total Zinc	29.1	Arable Grassland	200 200							
Total Nickel	<10	Arable Grassland	50 80							
Total Cadmium	0.11	Arable Grassland	3 3							
Total Lead	10.1	Arable Grassland	300 300							
Total Chromium	10.1	Arable Grassland	400 600							
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5							

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date

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**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



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Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

(2)

CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	
SOIL	

Laboratory References Report Number 85957 Sample Number 468593

Potentially Toxic Elements	2)				c		nissible concentration e/grasssland soil	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg	Ν	/laximum mg/kg	0%	25	% 50	0% 7	5% 10
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.16	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	7.1	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	7.9	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



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RICHARD EVANS	
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CONTROL HOUSE	
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KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\ / <b>-</b>
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V7
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C	RUGMORE FARM	
C	CARDIGAN	

Laboratory References

85957 468594

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### лц (1)

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	5.9			• •					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Index			
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	9.4	0							
Available Potassium	49.5	0							
Available Magnesium	62.8	2							

### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)					missible concentration	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25		5% 100%
Total Copper	8.7	Arable Grassland	100 I 170				
Total Zinc	46.1	Arable Grassland	200 I 200				
Total Nickel	16.2	Arable Grassland	60 I 100				
Total Cadmium	0.22	Arable Grassland	3 I 3				
Total Lead	15.7	Arable Grassland	300 I 300				
Total Chromium	18.3	Arable Grassland	400 I 600				
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 I 1.5				

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	
SOIL	

Laboratory References Report Number 85957 Sample Number 468594

Potentially Toxic Elements (2)	)	% of maximum permissible concentration of PTE in arable/grasssland soil							
Determinand	Result mg/kg	I	Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	6 75%	100%	
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4						
Total Selenium	0.22	Arable Grassland	3 5						
Total Arsenic	10.5	Arable Grassland	50 50						
Fluoride	20.7	Arable Grassland	500 500						

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



24

RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\ / <b>-</b>
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	
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**CRUGMORE FARM** CARDIGAN

Laboratory References

85957 468595

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

enquiries quote above code for

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### "LI (1)

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	5.9			• •					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Index			
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	20.0	2		L.					
Available Potassium	57.6	0							
Available Magnesium	61.8	2							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)				9	nissible concentratio	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25		5% 100%
Total Copper	8.5	Arable Grassland	100 170				
Total Zinc	38.3	Arable Grassland	200 200				
Total Nickel	11.3	Arable Grassland	60 100				
Total Cadmium	0.18	Arable Grassland	3 3				
Total Lead	12.9	Arable Grassland	300 300				
Total Chromium	15.9	Arable Grassland	400 600				
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5				

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD** CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL
Laboratory References

Laboratory References						
Report Number	85957					
Sample Number	468595					

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)					mum permissible co E in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.25	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	8.3	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	18.5	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



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RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	
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CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	

Laboratory References

85957 468596

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### "LI (1)

					Soil pH			
Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
5.7								
					Soil Index			
Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
43.6	3							
74.9	1							
66.8	2							
	5.7 Result mg/litre 43.6 74.9	5.7Result mg/litreSoil Index43.6374.91	5.7Result mg/litreSoil Index043.6374.91	5.7         0         1           mg/litre         Index         0         1           43.6         3         1         1           74.9         1         1         1	5.7         0         1         2           Mag/litre         Index         0         1         2           43.6         3	Result     4     5     6       5.7          Soil Index     Soil Index       Result mg/litre     Soil Index       1     2     3       43.6     3        74.9     1	Result     4     5     6     7       5.7     5.7     5.7     5.7     5.7       Result mg/litre     Soil Index     Soil Index       A3.6     3     5     3       74.9     1     1     1	Result     4     5     6     7     8       5.7             Soil Index     Soil Index     Soil Index     5     5     5       A3.6     3           74.9     1

### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)					ximum permissible c PTE in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Copper	7.3	Arable Grassland	100 170					
Total Zinc	28.5	Arable Grassland	200					
Total Nickel	<10	Arable Grassland	60 100					
Total Cadmium	0.12	Arable Grassland	3 3					
Total Lead	17.8	Arable Grassland	300 300					
Total Chromium	10.7	Arable Grassland	400 600					
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date

NRM Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 6NS Tel: +44 (0) 1344 886338 Fax: +44 (0) 1344 890972 Email: enquiries@nrm.uk.com www.nrm.uk.com

NRM Laboratories is a division of Cawood Scientific Ltd, Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 6NS Registered Number: 05655711



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGM	ORE FARM	1	
CARDIG	AN		
SOIL			

Laboratory References Report Number 85957 Sample Number 468596

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)					mum permissible co E in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.29	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	5.9	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	13.5	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



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RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V <i>1</i>
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**CRUGMORE FARM** CARDIGAN SOIL

Laboratory References

85957 468597

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

#### лц <sup>(1)</sup>

рн						Soli pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	5.8			• •					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	x		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	8.2	0							
Available Potassium	25.0	0							
Available Magnesium	50.1	1							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2) ;						ssible concentrat grasssland soil	ion	
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50		75%	100%
Total Copper	6.4	Arable Grassland	100 170						
Total Zinc	28.5	Arable Grassland	200 200						
Total Nickel	11.0	Arable Grassland	60 100						
Total Cadmium	0.17	Arable Grassland	3 3						
Total Lead	14.7	Arable Grassland	300 300						
Total Chromium	14.2	Arable Grassland	400 600						
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5						

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL

Laboratory References Report Number 85957 Sample Number 468597

Potentially Toxic Elements (2	% of maximum permissible concentration of PTE in arable/grasssland soil									
Determinand	Result mg/kg	I	Maximum mg/kg	0%	2	5%	50	)%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4							
Total Selenium	0.26	Arable Grassland	3 5							
Total Arsenic	7.3	Arable Grassland	50 50					1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Fluoride	17.1	Arable Grassland	500 500					1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



24

RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V <i>I</i>
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**CRUGMORE FARM** CARDIGAN

Laboratory References

85957 468598

SOIL

Report Number

Sample Number

Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### "LI (1)

рн					Soil pH				
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	5.8			r. T					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Index	:		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	12.8	1							
Available Potassium	23.0	0							
Available Magnesium	55.3	2							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)				Q		nissible concentratio e/grasssland soil	'n
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25	% 5	0% 75	5% 100%
Total Copper	9.1	Arable Grassland	100 170					
Total Zinc	35.0	Arable Grassland	200 200					
Total Nickel	11.6	Arable Grassland	60 100					
Total Cadmium	0.21	Arable Grassland	3 3					
Total Lead	14.2	Arable Grassland	300 300					
Total Chromium	18.3	Arable Grassland	400 600					
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD** CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
201
SOIL
Laboratory References

Eaboratory references							
Report Number	85957						
Sample Number	468598						

Potentially Toxic Elements <sup>(2</sup>	:)	% of maximum permissible concentration of PTE in arable/grasssland soil								
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4							
Total Selenium	0.32	Arable Grassland	3 5							
Total Arsenic	9.6	Arable Grassland	50 50							
Fluoride	21.6	Arable Grassland	500 500							

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



RICHARD EVANS
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CONTROL HOUSE
A1 BUSINESS PARK
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU
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**CRUGMORE FARM** CARDIGAN

Laboratory References

85957 468599

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

nquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### л<mark>ы</mark> (1)

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.0								
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Index			
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	17.8	2		L.					
Available Potassium	54.4	0							
Available Magnesium	78.3	2							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)							ssible concentrati grasssland soil	ion	
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%		25%	509		75%	100%
Total Copper	10.2	Arable Grassland	100 170		1					
Total Zinc	43.8	Arable Grassland	200 200							
Total Nickel	15.7	Arable Grassland	60 100							
Total Cadmium	0.25	Arable Grassland	3 3							
Total Lead	30.9	Arable Grassland	300 300							
Total Chromium	16.8	Arable Grassland	400 600							
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5							

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

(2)

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL

Laboratory References Report Number 85957 Sample Number 468599

Potentially Toxic Elements <sup>(2)</sup>							naximum perm of PTE in arable			
Determinand	Result mg/kg	Ν	/laximum mg/kg	0%	:	25%	50	%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4							
Total Selenium	0.26	Arable Grassland	3 5							
Total Arsenic	9.5	Arable Grassland	50 50							
Fluoride	18.7	Arable Grassland	500 500							

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



24

RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V <i>I</i>
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CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	
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Laboratory References

85957 468600

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

#### ... (1)

рН`′						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.2								
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	x		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	8.4	0							
Available Potassium	20.5	0							
Available Magnesium	47.3	1							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2) ;						issible concentrat /grasssland soil	ion	
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	2	25%		75%	100%
Total Copper	7.4	Arable Grassland	135 225						
Total Zinc	30.4	Arable Grassland	200 200						
Total Nickel	14.1	Arable Grassland	75 125						
Total Cadmium	0.18	Arable Grassland	3 3						
Total Lead	13.3	Arable Grassland	300 300						
Total Chromium	15.2	Arable Grassland	400 600						
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5						

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	
201	
SOIL	
Laboratory References	

Eaberatory references				
Report Number	85957			
Sample Number	468600			

Potentially Toxic Elements	2)					imum permissible co TE in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg	I	Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.29	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	7.2	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	15.6	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

Date

*07/02/20* 



RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V724
Please quote above code	e for all enquirie

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN

Laboratory References

85957 468601

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

quiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### лц (1)

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.1								
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	ĸ		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	12.6	1							
Available Potassium	49.2	0							
Available Magnesium	70.2	2		·					

### Potentially Toxic Elements <sup>(2)</sup>

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)						issible concentrat /grasssland soil	ion	
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50		75%	100%
Total Copper	11.8	Arable Grassland	135 I 225						
Total Zinc	46.4	Arable Grassland	200 I 200						
Total Nickel	13.5	Arable Grassland	75 I 125						
Total Cadmium	0.24	Arable Grassland	3 I 3						
Total Lead	18.1	Arable Grassland	300 I 300						
Total Chromium	17.1	Arable Grassland	400 I 600						
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 I 1.5						

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD** CONTROL HOUSE A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM CARDIGAN	
CANDIGAN	
SOIL	

Laboratory References						
Report Number	85957					
Sample Number	468601					

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)					num permissible co E in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.25	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	11.3	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	17.5	Arable Grassland	500 500					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427.

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	\/ <b>7</b> 0.4
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V724
Please quote above code	e for all enquirie

CRUGMORE FAR CARDIGAN	M
5011	

Laboratory References

85958

468602

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

quiries

Date Received 04-FEB-2020 07-FEB-2020 Date Reported

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### ... (1)

рН `′						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.2			r. T					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	x		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	30.6	3		۲. ۲.					
Available Potassium	137	2-							
Available Magnesium	90.8	2							

#### Potentially Toxic Elements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)				%		nissible concentratio e/grasssland soil	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	6 5	0% 75	5% 100%
Total Copper	9.8	Arable Grassland	135 225					
Total Zinc	42.6	Arable Grassland	200 200					
Total Nickel	<10	Arable Grassland	75 125					
Total Cadmium	0.20	Arable Grassland	3 3					
Total Lead	15.0	Arable Grassland	300 300					
Total Chromium	11.5	Arable Grassland	400 600					
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5					

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date

NRM Coopers Bridge, Braziers Lane, Bracknell, Berkshire RG42 6NS Tel: +44 (0) 1344 886338 Fax: +44 (0) 1344 890972 Email: enquiries@nrm.uk.com www.nrm.uk.com

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**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received 04-FEB-2020 Date Reported 07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL
Laboratory References

Eabolatory It	010101000	
Report Number	85958	
Sample Number	468602	

Potentially Toxic Elements (2	)					um permissible co in arable/grasssla		
Determinand	Result mg/kg	٢	Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4					
Total Selenium	0.23	Arable Grassland	3 5					
Total Arsenic	8.9	Arable Grassland	50 50					
Fluoride	15.3	Arable Grassland	500 500					
(1) Recommendations for liming and fe	rtiliser shou	Id be obtaine	d from Def	ra's Fertilis	er Manual (RB209). The	analytical methods u	sed are as described	in Defra's RB42

(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

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Date

*07/02/20* 



4

RICHARD EVANS	
4 RECYCLING LTD	
CONTROL HOUSE	
A1 BUSINESS PARK	
KNOTTINGLEY ROAD	
KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU	V72
Please quote above coo	le for all enq

CRUGMORE FARM	
CARDIGAN	

Laboratory References

85958

468603

SOIL

**Report Number** 

Sample Number

uiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
Date Reported	07-FEB-2020

ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

### "LI (1)

рн						Soil pH			
Determinand	Result		4	5	6		7	8	9
Soil pH	6.5			н					
Soil Nutrients <sup>(1)</sup>						Soil Inde	x		
Determinand	Result mg/litre	Soil Index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Available Phosphorus	20.2	2							
Available Potassium	56.0	0							
Available Magnesium	113	3							

#### Potentially Toxic Flements (2)

Potentially Toxic Elements	(2)				% of	nissible concentration e/grasssland soil	on
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25%		5% 100%
Total Copper	10.4	Arable Grassland	135 225				
Total Zinc	49.2	Arable Grassland	200 200				
Total Nickel	<10	Arable Grassland	75 125				
Total Cadmium	0.25	Arable Grassland	3 3				
Total Lead	19.6	Arable Grassland	300 300				
Total Chromium	10.9	Arable Grassland	400 600				
Total Mercury	<0.2	Arable Grassland	1 1.5				

(1) Recommendations for liming and fertiliser should be obtained from Defra's Fertiliser Manual (RB209). The analytical methods used are as described in Defra's RB427. (2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Released by Myles Nicholson

07/02/20 Date



**RICHARD EVANS 4 RECYCLING LTD CONTROL HOUSE** A1 BUSINESS PARK **KNOTTINGLEY ROAD KNOTTINGLEY WF11 0BU** 



Please quote above code for all enquiries

Date Received	04-FEB-2020
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ANALYTICAL RESULTS on 'dry matter' basis.

CRUGMORE FARM
CARDIGAN
SOIL
Laboratory Deferrences

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Report Number	85958	
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Potentially Toxic Elements <sup>(2)</sup>		% of maximum permissible concentration of PTE in arable/grasssland soil							
Determinand	Result mg/kg		Maximum mg/kg	0%	25	5%	50%	75%	100%
Total Molybdenum	<1	Arable Grassland	4 4						
Total Selenium	0.25	Arable Grassland	3 5						
Total Arsenic	9.9	Arable Grassland	50 50						
Fluoride	17.7	Arable Grassland	500 500			1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

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(2) Concentration of Potentially Toxic Elements (PTE, commonly referred to as 'heavy metals') are in mg/kg dry soil. The maximum and the percentage of this maximum permissible concentration of PTE in soil are derived from the values in Defra's Code of Practice for Agricultural Use of Sewage Sludge (England & Wales) 1996. If applying organic manures to this soil it is important to ensure the soil is managed with a pH no less than 5.0, and that the PTE maximum values are not exceeded following the application. For soil where the pH value is less than 5.2, a FACTS Qualified Adviser should be consulted. Further details are provided in the Sludge Code.

Date

*07/02/20* 



### **Risk Assessment**

Risk assessment for land spreading activity at Crugmore, Cardigan.

Risk assessment reviewed by Chris Ash in March 2021.

		Data				Action			
Receptor What is at risk? What do I wish to protect?	Source The agent or process with potential to cause harm	Harm The harmful consequences if things go wrong	Pathway How the receptor might come into contact with the source	Probability of exposure How likely is this contact?	Consequence Severity of the consequences if this occurs	Magnitude of risk The overall magnitude of the risk	Justification for magnitude Basis of my judgement	Risk management How I can best manage the risk to reduce the magnitude	Residual risk Magnitude of the risk after management
Surface water – ditches, watercourses and ponds	Nutrients, aluminium, and organic matter	Surface water pollution	Surface run-off	Medium	High	Medium	Proximity of ditches and under drainage Low pollution potential of water treatment works sludge	Comply with Water Code, NVZ, Cross Compliance, Sludge Regs and EPR. No spreading areas to be observed as per attached plans. Follow PQA	Low
Groundwater	Nutrients, Aluminium, PTEs	Groundwater pollution	Inappropriate application	Medium	Medium	Low	WTW sludge has low concentrations of PTEs. Some WTW sludges contain aluminium but solubility low at observed soil pHs. Alum sludge will not be spread on fields with soil pH <6	As above	Low
Soils	Physical damage to soil structure	Damage to soil structure and poor subsequent grass yields	Delivery and spreading activity	Low	Medium to high	Low	Delivery and spreading to be undertaken when ground conditions are suitable	Comply with Soil Code and Cross Compliance Criteria. Apply only in suitable conditions. Follow PQA	Low

# **Risk Assessment (continued)**

Soils	Nutrients, Aluminium, and PTEs	Build-up of nutrients. and/or PTEs	Spreading activity	High	Medium to high	Low	Waste analysis. Soil analysis. Appropriate rates of application. Alum sludge will not be spread on fields with soil pH <6	Apply according to PQA, RB209 and Soil Code	Low
Local human population and wildlife	Spreading activities – physical	Harm to humans or animals	Trespass, accidental contact	Low	Medium	Low	Agricultural areas with limited public access. Minimum 3-week non- utilisation period	Application during appropriate conditions and awareness of access issue	Low
Local human population	Odour during spreading activity	Odour issues/complaints	Airborne compounds	Low	Low	Low	The WTW sludge has minimal odour	Odour management plan available in EMS in accordance with SR2010No4 permit	Low
Local human population	Releases of airborne dusts/ particulate matter	Harm to human health - respiratory irritation and illness.	Air transport then inhalation	Low	Medium	Low	Waste streams have low potential to produce airborne dust and particulate matter	Waste will be applied in accordance with CoGAP and EMS	Low
Local human population	As above	Nuisance dust on cars, clothing etc.	Deposition from air	Low	Low	Low	As above	As above	Low
Local human population	Emissions; litter	Nuisance loss of amenity and harm to pet health	Transport through air	Low	Low	Low	Waste does not contain litter as it derives from a controlled manufacturing processes	Waste will be applied according to Codes of Good Agricultural Practice and SR2010No4 EMS.	Low
Local human population	Noise	Noise complaints	Noise from delivery, and spreading	Low	Low to Medium	Low	Agricultural machinery in agricultural areas	Avoid sensitive spreading periods e.g. bank holidays and weekends. Delivery during daylight hours	Low
Local human population	Pests (e.g. scavenging animals, flies)	Harm to human health, nuisance, loss of amenity	Air transport and over land	Low / Medium	Low / Medium	Low / Medium	The WTW sludge is highly unlikely to attract scavenging animals. Sludge has low potential to attract flies	All waste will be stored, transported and spread in accordance with conditions set in SR2010No4 permit and CoGAP. Wastes are unlikely to attract pests as WTW sludge is not food based	Low
Local human population and local environment.	Mud on local roads	Nuisance, loss of amenity, risk of accident	Vehicles entering and leaving site	Medium	Medium	Medium	Road safety. Tractors/ spreaders trailing mud and debris from fields	Operation will not cause any additional effects on surrounding roads than normal agricultural practice occurring in the surrounding area	Low
Hedgerows and trees	Physical damage from	Ecological & landscape	Physical damage from spreading equipment	Low	Low	Low	Professional contractors employed instructed to take care around trees	Leave a 2m minimum buffer zone adjacent to trees and hedgerows	Low

# **Risk Assessment (continued)**

	spreading equipment								
Banc y Warren - SSSI	Nutrients PTEs Dusts	Ecological	Surface run-off Airborne compounds	Low	High	Low	Proximity of protected site. SSSI borders fields 4 and 5 Particularly sensitive nature of site (landforms and sediments) Waste streams have low potential to produce airborne dust and particulate matter Site is uphill from spreading area Delivery to storage area is >130m away from designated area	Apply according to PQA Avoid sensitive spreading periods e.g. breeding season 20m non-spread buffer zone applied to SSSI boundary	Low