

Site	Upstream limit	Downstream limit	Description	Expected delivery year	HER screening	Cadw comments
Llangloffan fen	SM 88372 31356	SM 92589 31026	Llangloffan Fen is a lowland wetland in the upper zone of the Western Cleddau, part of which is owned and managed by NRW and the Wildlife Trust. The channel in this area has been extensively straightened resulting in a loss of aquatic and floodplain habitat, poor habitat quality and increased silt transport downstream. Channel restoration may include raising the over-deepened riverbed level, re-connecting some previously cut off meanders and the stream channel will be reprofiled to increase sinuosity, restoring natural processes of erosion and deposition, increasing habitat diversity and stabilising flows.	2023-2024	Need further information on the extent of likely works,	
Afon Teifi	SN 68769 63326	SN 68478 62847	The Teifi flows through Cors Caron, a lowland raised bog system designated as a National Nature Reserve that is owned and managed by NRW. Approximately 2km of the main Teifi was straightened in the 19th century in an unsuccessful attempt to drain the wetland. This extensive straightening included the lower reach of the Flur, a small tributary stream joining the Teifi upstream of Cors Caon. This historical physical modification has removed natural river features and damaged natural river processes, resulting in a loss of aquatic habitat and floodplain connectivity. In turn, this has reduced the abundance and diversity of all fish species, Ranunculus habitat and pearl mussels. The project aims to restore natural meanders along around 3km of historically straightened channel in the lower zone of the Teifi and Fflur. This will reconnect the channel with the floodplain, reinstate natural dynamics of erosion and deposition and restore and sustain natural forms and processes features necessary to support all SAC species. The current disconnection between the channel and its floodplain results in significant downstream scour during high flows, damaging the integrity of downstream habitat. Slowing flows and storing water on the floodplain will encourage the development and stability of downstream habitat. Details of the specific works will depend on stakeholder consultation.	2025-2026	Need further information on the extent of likely works,	
Afon Fflur	SN 71099 64742	SN 69868 64613	As above.	2023-2024	Need further information on the extent of likely works,	
Rhiangoll	SO 17860 21760	SO 18173 21206	Removal of in-channel artificial concrete and stone blocks from the river along a 250m stretch to re-naturalise the river channel.	2024-2025		