

Proposed Silage Clamp and Access track at Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Pembrokeshire.

Archaeological Watching Brief



By

Richard Scott Jones (BA, MA, MCIfA)

May 19th 2023

HRS Wales Report No: 268

ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF

Proposed Silage Clamp and access track at Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Pembrokeshire.

By

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Prepared for:

Mr Gethin Beynon (Agent)

On behalf of:

Mr S Holt Rhydwen Farm Llandissilio Pembrokeshire SA66 7PU

Date: 19th May 2023

HRSW Report No: 268



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Non Technical Summary

The following report presents the results of an Archaeological Watching Brief during ground works for the construction of a proposed silage clamp and cow track diversion on land immediately north of Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Pembrokeshire SA66 7PU (centered on OS grid reference SN 14189 21898).

The specific objective of this work was to undertake an archaeological watching brief during groundwork for the proposed silage clamp and cow track diversion.

In summary, the archaeological watching brief during groundwork prior to the construction of a proposed silage clamp and diverted cow access track in the field just north of Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, exposed no buried features of any kind. The only dateable finds recovered from the groundwork included a few fragments of 19th Century pottery. As well as these pottery fragments, several areas or patches of charcoal were also observed across the site at lower levels within the top soil. However, given that the field has been ploughed over the decades, it may be that this charcoal has been ploughed down into the soil and as such its depth at the base of the top soil could be deceptive.

The fact that no buried features indicative of prehistoric defended enclosure became exposed in this immediate area suggests no early prehistoric enclosure existed at this location. However, this doesn't negate the possibility that an early enclosure doesn't exist further to the northeast or east in the adjacent field. However, it could also suggest that no such feature ever existed.

Crynodeb Annhechnegol

Mae'r adroddiad a ganlyn yn cyflwyno canlyniadau Briff Gwylio Archeolegol yn ystod gwaith daear ar gyfer adeiladu clamp silwair arfaethedig a dargyfeiriad trac buwch ar dir yn union i'r gogledd o Fferm Rhydwen, Llandysilio, Sir Benfro SA66 7PU (yn canolbwyntio ar gyfeirnod grid OS SN 14189 21898).

Amcan penodol y gwaith hwn oedd cynnal brîff gwylio archaeolegol yn ystod y gwaith sylfaen ar gyfer y clamp silwair arfaethedig a dargyfeirio trac buchod.

I grynhoi, ni ddatgelodd y briff gwylio archeolegol yn ystod y gwaith daear cyn adeiladu clamp silwair arfaethedig a thrac mynediad buchod wedi'i ddargyfeirio yn y cae ychydig i'r gogledd o Fferm Rhydwen, Llandysilio, unrhyw nodweddion claddedig o unrhyw fath. Roedd yr unig ddarganfyddiadau dyddiadwy a ddarganfuwyd o'r gwaith tir yn cynnwys rhai darnau o grochenwaith o'r 19eg ganrif. Yn ogystal â'r darnau hyn o grochenwaith, gwelwyd hefyd sawl ardal neu glytiau o siarcol ar draws y safle ar lefelau is o fewn y pridd uchaf. Fodd bynnag, o ystyried bod y cae wedi'i aredig dros y degawdau, mae'n bosibl bod y siarcol hwn wedi'i aredig i'r pridd ac felly gallai ei ddyfnder ar waelod y pridd uchaf fod yn dwyllodrus.

Mae'r ffaith na ddatgelwyd unrhyw nodweddion claddedig sy'n arwydd o glostir amddiffynedig cynhanesyddol yn yr ardal gyfagos hon yn awgrymu nad oedd unrhyw glostir cynhanesyddol cynnar yn bodoli yn y lleoliad hwn. Fodd bynnag, nid yw hyn yn negyddu'r posibilrwydd nad yw caeadle cynnar yn bodoli ymhellach i'r gogledd-ddwyrain na'r dwyrain yn y cae cyfagos. Fodd bynnag, gallai hefyd awgrymu nad oedd nodwedd o'r fath erioed wedi bodoli.

1 Introduction

- 1.1 The following report presents the results of an Archaeological Watching Brief during ground works for the construction of a proposed silage clamp and cow track diversion on land immediately north of Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Pembrokeshire SA66 7PU (centered on OS grid reference SN 14189 21898).
- 1.2 The specific objective of this work was to:
 - Undertake an archaeological watching brief during groundwork for the proposed silahe clamp and cow track diversion.

1.3 The Technical Appendices for this report contains the following information:
 Appendix I: Figures;
 Appendix II: Photographs
 Appendix IV: Archive Cover Sheet

Site Location & Description (see Figures 1 - 4)

- 1.4 Rhydwen Farm is located approximately 3.1 Km northeast of the village of Clynderwen and approximately 2 Km east of the village of Lladissilio. Topographically the farm is positioned toward the base of a gently sloping spur formed by two converging streams that meet at the point known Felin Cwrt, a former corn mill site, which lies only 270m southeast of Rhydwen Farm. The easternmost stream forms the county boundary between Carmarthenshire and Pembrokeshire. Immediately to the north of the site is pasture, with the eastern slopes comprising of a woodland area. The west forms the main cow track, which links the existing farm complex to grazing paddocks, which is located to the south of the application site. The farmstead comprises of a 125 hectare beef and dairy unit with a stock level of around 100 beef animals and 130 dairy cows.
- 1.5 The farm currently has limited facilities to store clamp silage, which is the cheapest and most efficient crop to store on the grass based rural enterprise. Therefore, the additional clamp facility would allow further silage to be produced and stored reducing the amount of bought in fodder and improving the economic efficiency of the enterprise. The position of the proposed clamp will be centered on SN 14189 21898, in the field immediately north of the main farm complex.
- 1.8 Approximately 295m east of the proposed development area, positioned on a prominent summit above a wooded slope is the designated scheduled monument of *Pen-y-Gaer (Felin Cwrt) Iron Age Enclosure* (CM380). This designated site is an Iron Age inland promontory fort position on the south facing spur of a steep slope at approximately 105m AOD that mark the defensive circuit on the west, south and east sides. A curvilinear and E-W aligned bank and ditch protects the neck of the promontory on the north side.
- 1.9 The designated monument is of national importance for its potential to enhance our knowledge of later prehistoric defensive organisation and settlement. The site forms an important element within the wider later prehistoric context and within the surrounding landscape. It is well preserved and

retains considerable archaeological potential. There is a strong probability of the presence of evidence relating to chronology, layout, building techniques and functional detail. The area scheduled comprises the remains described and an area around them within which related evidence may be expected to survive. It is an irregular polygon in shape and measures 115m in length (north northeast to south southwest) by 105m transversely.

1.10 Within the wider landscape within a 500m radius there are also two further undesignated Iron Age defended enclosures, both defined predominantly by cropmarks, one positioned approximately 420m northwest of the proposed development, known as *Pen y Gaer Enclosure* (PRN 4962) and the other positioned approximately 460m west of the proposed development area, known as *Plas y Parc Cropmark Enclosure* (PRN 14336).

Development Proposals

- 1.12 The application proposes the construction of a concrete area to be used for the storage of silage. All the effluent and surface water would be collected by a parameter drain and disposed of to a nutrient store located to the northeast (subject to the determination of certificate 22/0735/CL). To accommodate the concrete pad the existing cow track will be relocated immediately to the south of the silage clamp. Based on the existing site level having a minor gradient to the south, then limited ground level alteration are proposed. The silage clamp is to be designed and constructed in accordance with BS 5502 Part 21 (Building and Structures for Agriculture Code of Practice for Design). The concrete pad is to measure 60m x 40m in extent, with embankments positioned on the northwest and southeast sides, each bank planted with native and wildflower seed.
- 1.13 With regard to surface water, the silage clamp surface water runoff would be directed to the perimeter drain and then to the slurry store. In terms of the re-sited the track, as this would form compacted hardcore, based on the material and scale any surface water runoff would be limited and would percolate through the track and soak-away to the surrounding pasture.

Planning Background

- 1.14 A planning application (Ref: 22/0761/PA) for the proposed development was submitted to Pembrokeshire County Council (henceforth PCC) on 26th November 2022. Following consultation with the Development Management section of the Dyfed Archaeological Trust (henceforth DAT-DM), archaeological advisors to PCC, DAT-DM recommended that an archaeological desk-based assessment is required to with the resulting report supplied prior to the determination of the planning application, which can then inform possible further mitigation.
- 1.15 This was in line with Planning Policy Wales (2021), which states that "Where archaeological remains are known to exist or there is a potential for them to survive, an application should be accompanied by sufficient information, through desk-based assessment and / or field evaluation, to allow a full understanding of the impact of the proposal on the significance of the remains. The needs of

archaeology and development may be reconciled, and potential conflict very much reduced, through early discussion and assessment".

- 1.16 In addition, TAN 24 (2017) states that the need for a desk-based assessment, and field evaluation where appropriate, should be discussed with the local planning authority prior to submission of an application, and where required the results of these studies should be submitted as part of the planning application. Failure to provide sufficient archaeological information of the appropriate standard may be a valid reason for the local planning authority to refuse planning permission.
- 1.17 Heritage Recording Services Wales (HRSW) were asked to undertake this Desk Based Assessment and the resulting report was submitted to PCC in January 2023. Planning permission was granted for the scheme by PCC on the 19th January 2023, but with the following archaeological condition:

No development shall take place until a written scheme of investigation (WSI) has been submitted for approval in writing by the local planning authority. The WSI shall describe the stages of the work, any mitigation measures and contingency arrangements should archaeological material be discovered. On behalf of the local planning authority, their archaeological advisors (DAT DM) shall monitor all aspects of this work through to the final discharging of the condition. This work shall not be deemed complete until all aspects of the WSI have been addressed and the final report submitted and approved by the local planning authority. **Reason**: To protect historic environment interests whilst enabling development and to accord with Policy GN.38 of the Local Development Plan for Pembrokeshire (adopted 28 February 2013).

1.18 Heritage Recording Services Wales (HRSW) submitted a WSI to the local planning authority in May 2023, which was approved and the archaeological watching brief was undertaken on the 19th May 2023.

Historical & Archaeological Background

- 1.19 The proposed development is located within 500m of three significant archaeological sites; Scheduled Monument CM380, Pen-y-gaer Iron Age promontory fort; PRN 14336, Plas-y-parc Iron Age defended enclosure; and PRN 4962, Pen y-gaer Iron Age defended enclosure.
- 1.20 In view of the above significant archaeological sites and the topography of the proposed location for the silage clamp, it is very possible that buried archaeological features could extend into the area of the proposed silage clamp where any proposed ground works could reveal and destroy buried archaeological remains.
- 1.21 In January 2023, at the request of the local planning authority, to help inform the planning decision, HRS Wales undertook a Desk Based Assessment. In summary, this DBA concluded that the proposed installation of a concrete silage clamp and revised access track at Rhydwen Farm would not have any direct impact on any known heritage assets. However, although the historic environment record and the site visit has revealed that there are no known archaeological sites at

the location of the proposed silage clamp, both the topography of the area, being a natural platform area positioned close to the confluence of two streams, and the fact that the site is in close vicinity to two known undesignated Iron Age defended enclosures (PRN 14336 / PRN 4962) and one designated promontory fort (CM380), there is a strong possibility that the proposed development area is positioned in an area where archaeological remains pertaining to this period could become exposed during groundwork. Although the groundwork for the proposed development will only entail shallow excavation, given that only a concrete base is to be constructed with effluent channels, any turf and top soil strip could very well expose the outline of any sub surface features. As such, it is recommended that any groundwork required for the construction of the silage clamp is strictly supervised under archaeological watching brief conditions.

Geology

1.24 The geology of the area falls within the Undifferentiated Arenig Rocks consisting of Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone.

2 Aims & Objectives

- 2.1 The aims of the watching brief, as defined by the CIfA (2014) were to:
 - Allow a rapid investigation and recording of any archaeological features that are uncovered during the proposed groundwork.
 - Provide the opportunity, if needed, for the watching archaeologist to signal to all interested parties, before the destruction of the material in question, that an archaeological find has been made for which the resources allocated to the watching brief are not sufficient to support the treatment to a satisfactory or proper standard.

3 Methodology

Watching Brief

- 3.1 The archaeological watching brief was undertaken by HRS Wales staff using current best practice on the 19th May 2023
- 3.2 All work was carried out by a suitably qualified archaeologist with relevant level membership of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists (CI*f*A) and followed the CI*f*A Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief (CI*f*A 2014).
- 3.3 All proposed groundwork was undertaken under close and constant archaeological supervision. All the machine dug groundwork undertaken by the contractor was done using a mechanical digger with a toothless grading bucket.
- 3.4 All archaeological deposits or features when encountered were investigated and recorded. All finds recovered during the watching brief were to be bagged and a grid coordinate was taken using a

handheld GPS device in order to locate the find-spot with the OS national grid.

- 3.5 Any recording required was to be carried out using HRS Wales recording systems (pro-forma context sheets etc), using a continuous number sequence for all contexts.
- 3.6 Where considered necessary plans and sections were drawn to a scale of 1:50, 1:20 and 1:10 as required and related to Ordnance Survey datum and published boundaries where appropriate.
- 3.7 All features identified were tied in to both the OS National Grid and all local site and ground plans.
- 3.8 Photographs were appropriated in digital format, using a 24 mega-pixel DSLR camera in RAW format, to be exported later to TIFF format.

4 Results of Watching Brief

- 4.1 The archaeological watching brief was undertaken over a period one day on the 19th May 2023.
- 4.2 Groundwork entailed the stripping of turf and top soil from a fairly flat area at the top of a slope covering approximately 2,400 square meters
- 4.3 All number enclosed in () refer to contexts encountered.

4.4 *Turf and Top Soil Strip*

4.5 The turf and top soil was stripped over the entire area. Once the turf (100) was removed, a mid brown clayey/sandy top soil (101) was exposed across the entire area. This top soil averaged between 15cm and 25cm in depth. Dateable finds recovered from this top soil included four (4) small pottery fragments of 19th Century white china ware, one (1) small pottery fragment of 19th Century blue on white Windsor pattern ware, and one (1) small pottery fragment of 19th Century white china ware with a small raised embossed blue floral pattern. At the lower level of the top soil in a number of areas across the site fragments of burnt wood and charcoal were also observed. Directly below the top soil was a natural buff/orange clay intermixed with sandstone and pockets of fragmented sandstone (102). This natural sandstone/clay averaged between 20cm – 25cm below the surface turf. With the turf and top soil stripped, the entire stripped area was walked over and inspected for any possible features. No features of any description were observed. As well, the resulting spoil from the stripped ground was also inspected further and no further finds were noted.

5. Conclusion & Recommendations

5.1 The archaeological watching brief during groundwork prior to the construction of a proposed silage clamp and diverted cow access track in the field just north of Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, exposed no buried features of any kind. The only dateable finds recovered from the groundwork included a few fragments of 19th Century pottery. As well as these pottery fragments, several areas or patches of charcoal were also observed across the site at lower levels within the top soil. However, given that

the field has been ploughed over the decades, it may be that this charcoal has been ploughed down into the soil and as such its depth at the base of the top soil could be deceptive.

5.2 The fact that no buried features indicative of prehistoric defended enclosure became exposed in this immediate area suggests no early prehistoric enclosure existed at this location. However, this doesn't negate the possibility that an early enclosure doesn't exist further to the northeast or east in the adjacent field. However, it could also suggest that no such enclosure ever existed.

6 Acknowledgements

Thanks to: the landowners of Rhydwen Farm for allowing access to their property to allow the assessment to be undertaken.

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RCAHMW Coflein National Monuments Record

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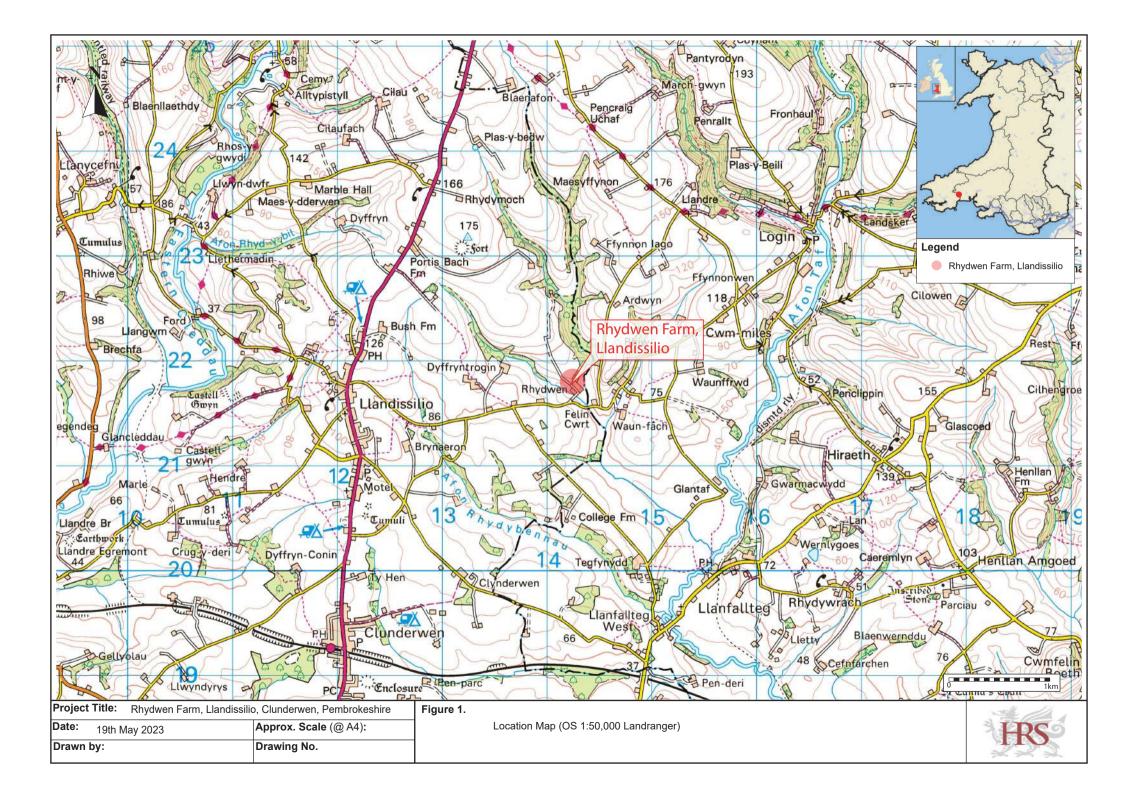
Cadw Guideline: Setting of Historic Assets in Wales (2017)

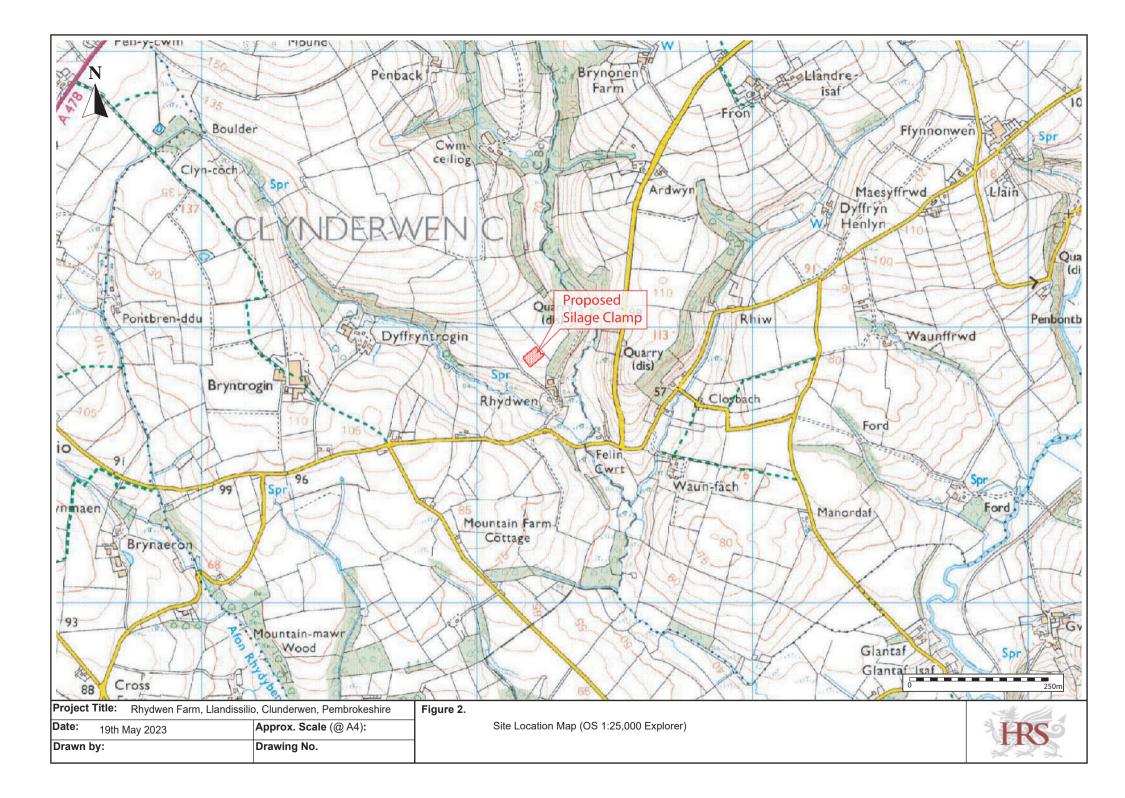
Planning Policy Wales (2021)

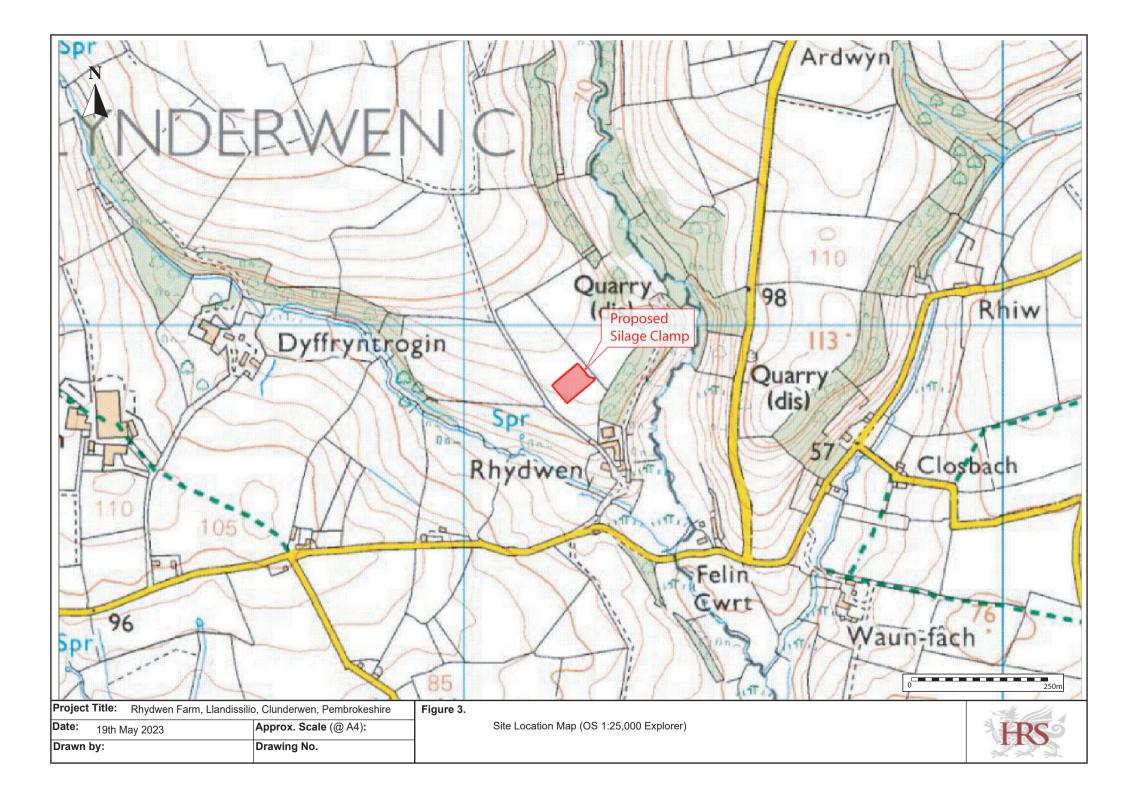
Cartographic Sources

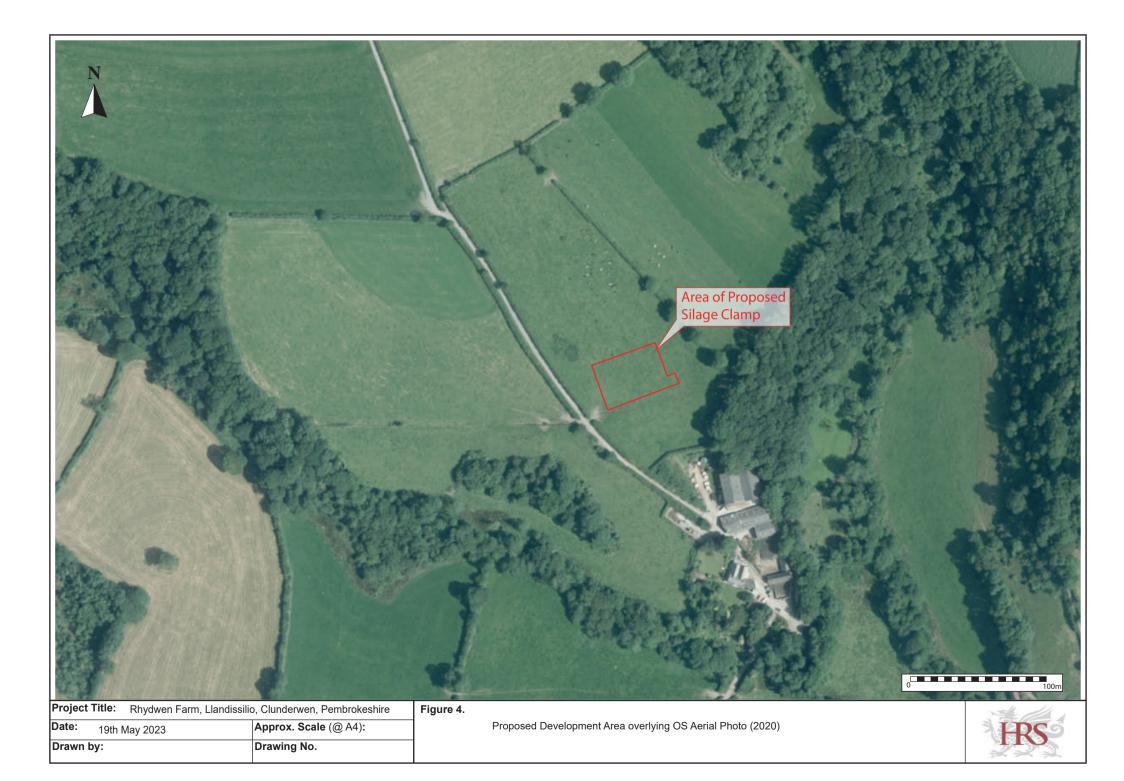
- OS Surveyors Drawing (1809)
- Tithe Map and apportionment of the parish of Llandissilio (1839)
- Tithe Map for Cilmaenllwyd parish (1839)
- Ordnance Survey First Edition Map 1:10,560 (1887)
- Ordnance Survey Second Edition Map 1:10,560 (1905)

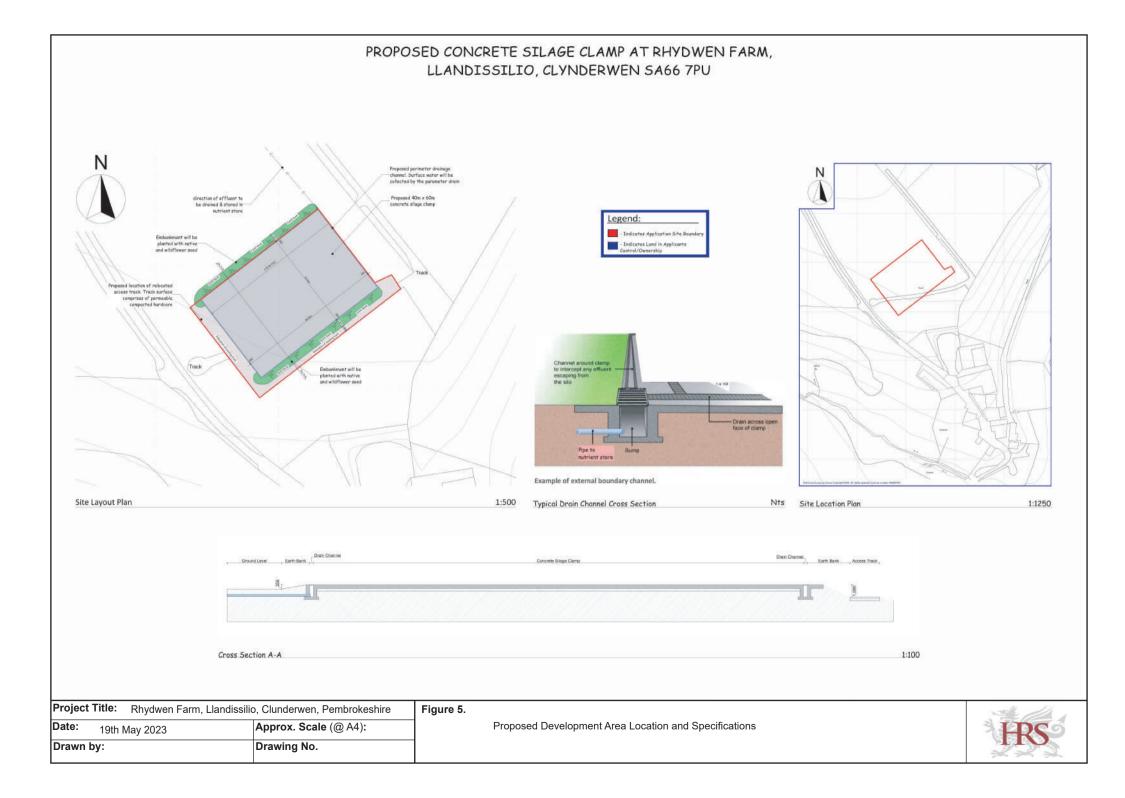
APPENDIX I: Figures



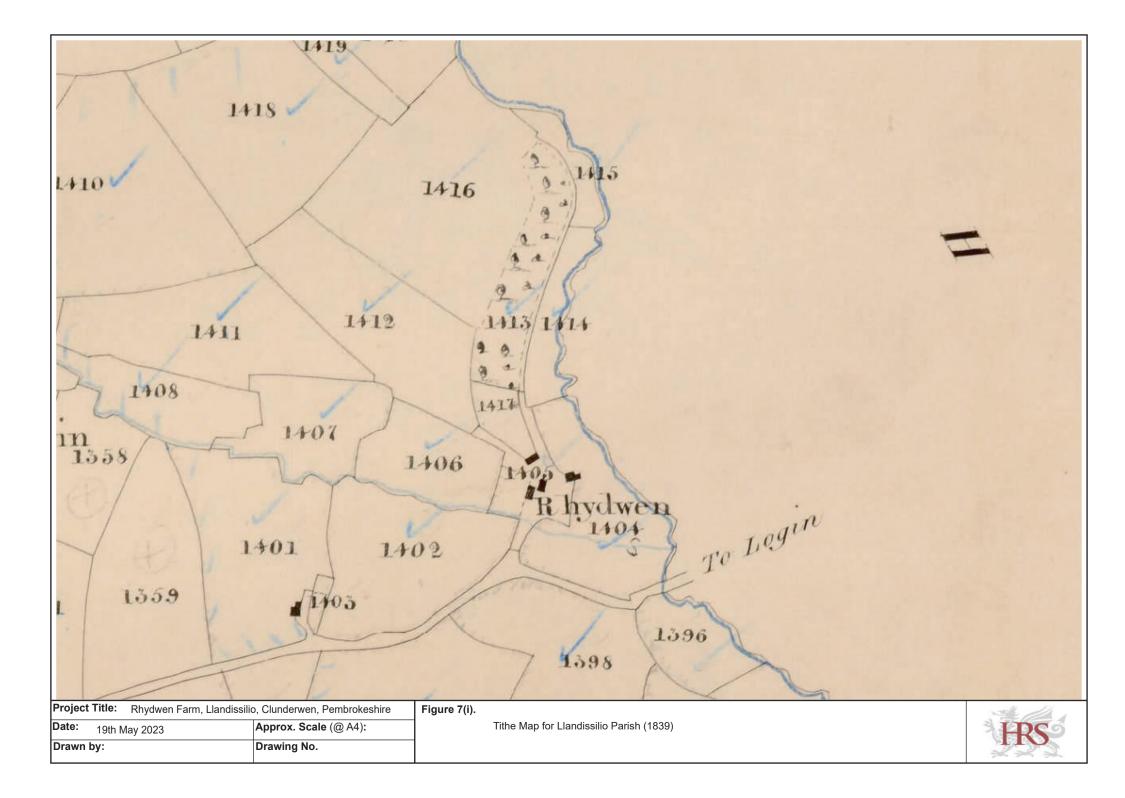


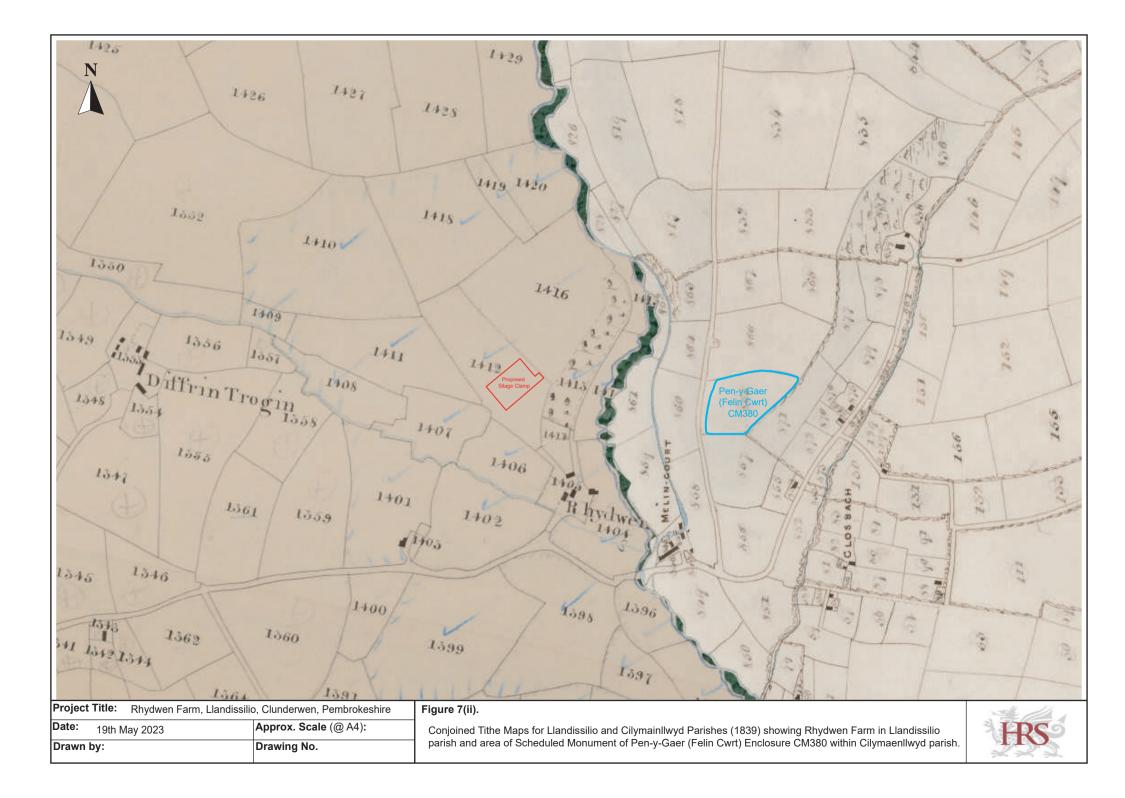




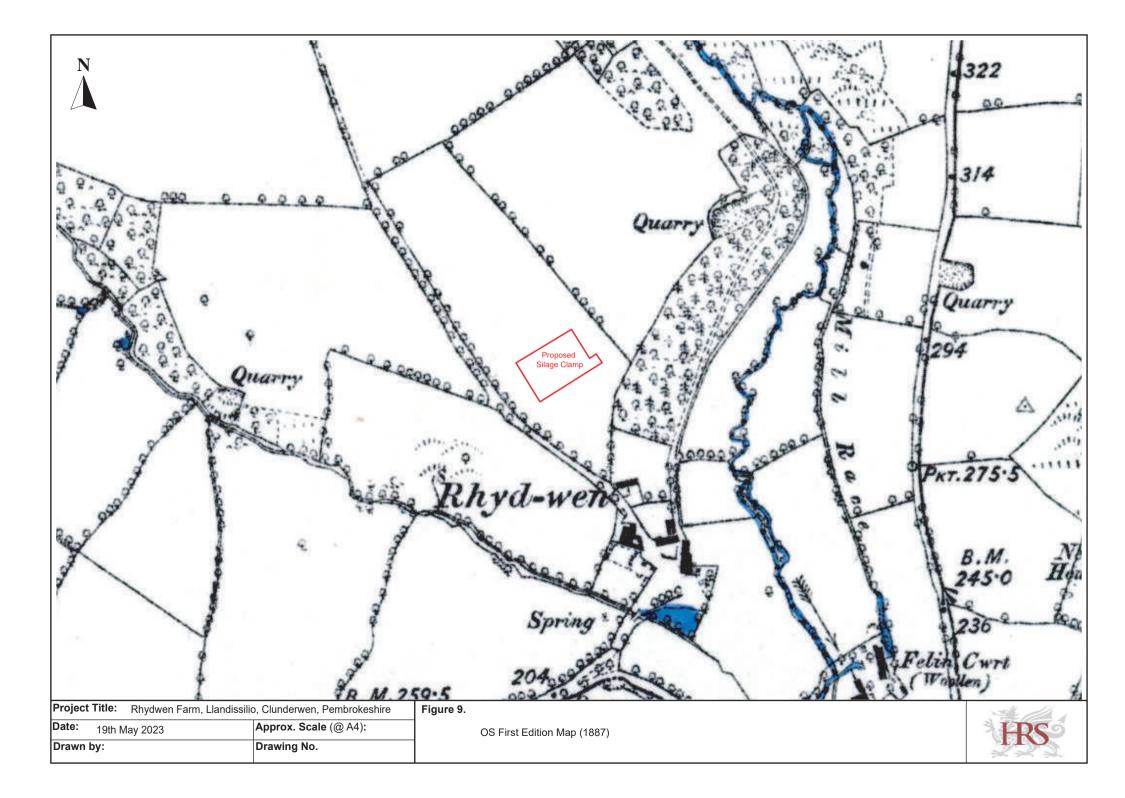


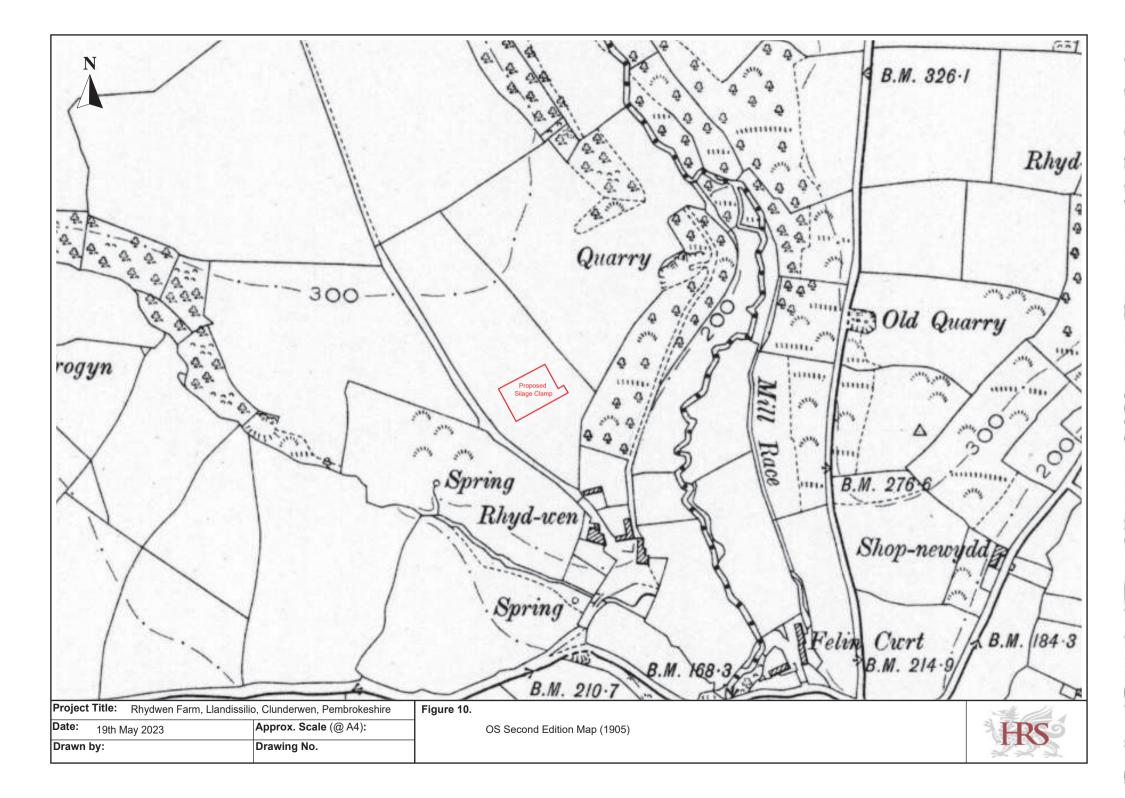
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Project Title: Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Clunderwen, Pembrokeshire Date: 19th May 2023 Approx. Scale (@ A4): Drawn by: Drawing No.	Figure 6. Part of Ordnance Survey Surveyors Drawing of 1809 showing Rhydwen Farm.





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APPENDIX II: Photo plates

Plate 01. Spliced view of area of proposedsilage	clamp. Looking eastwards towards Pen-y-Gaer (Felin Cwrt) Defended Ei	nclosure (CM380) screened by trees.	ado militaria
Project Title: Rhydwen Farm, Llandisillio Date Taken: 19th May 2023 Approx. Scale (@ A4):	Photo Plate No.		JUDC 1

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Plate 02. Working shot during stripping. Looking eastwards.



Plate 03. Working shot during stripping. Looking southeast..



Plate 04. Working shot during stripping. Looking eastwards.



Plate 05. Working shot during stripping. Looking eastwards.



Plate 06. Working shot during stripping of turf and top soil. Looking eastwards.

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ſ	Date Taken: 19th May 2023	Approx. Scale (@ A4):	02 - 06
4	Appropriated by: RSJ	Drawing No.	





Plate 07. Spliced view of working shot following completion of stripping of turf and top soil. Looking northeast to east.

Project Title: Rhydwen Farm, Llandisillio		Photo Plate No.	
Date Taken: 19th May 2023	Approx. Scale (@ A4):	07	HRS
Appropriated by: RSJ	Drawing No.		



Plate 08. Spliced view of completion of stripping of turf and top soil. Looking westward.

Proj	ject Title: Rhydwen Farm, Lland	lisillio	Photo Plate No.		5 //
Date	e Taken: 19th May 2023	Approx. Scale (@ A4):		08	HRS
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Plate 09. Spliced view of completion of stripping of turf and top soil. Looking eastward.



Plate 10 Spliced view of completion of stripping of turf and top soil. Looking westward.

Project Title: Rhydwen Farm, Llandisillio		Photo Plate No.	
Date Taken: 19th May 2023	Approx. Scale (@ A4):	09 - 10	HRS
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APPENDIX III: Archive Cover Sheet

ARCHIVE COVER SHEET

Proposed Silage Clamp and cow access track at Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Pembrokeshire

ARCHIVE DESTINATION - RCAHMW

Site Name:	Rhydwen Farm, Llandissilio, Carmarthenshire.
Site Code:	RF/2023/WB
PRN:	
PRN:	112573
SAM No.	
Other Ref No.	HRSW Rpt No. 268
NGR:	SN 14189 21898
Site Type:	Post Medieval Farmstead
Project Type:	Archaeological Watching Brief
Project Manager:	Richard Scott Jones
Project Date(s):	19th May 2023
Categories Present:	None
Location of Original Archive:	RCAMHW
Location of Duplicate Archive:	Dyfed Archaeological Trust
Number of Find Boxes:	None
Location of Finds:	N/A
Museum Ref:	N/A
Copyright:	HRS Wales
Restrictions to Access:	None



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