

Bryn Hyfryd Carmarthen Carmarthenshire

Archaeological Watching Brief

for Lovell Partnerships Limited

> CA Project: 4125 CA Report: 13377

> > June 2013

Bryn Hyfryd Carmarthen Carmarthenshire

Archaeological Watching Brief

CA Project: 4125 CA Report: 13377

| prepared by | Jamie Wright (Project Officer) | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| date | 25 May 2013 | |
| checked by | lan Barnes (Project Manager) | |
| date | 13 June 2013 | |
| approved by | Mark Collard, Head of Contracts | |
| signed | And Icellar) | |
| date | 20 June 2013 | |
| issue | 01 | |

This report is confidential to the client. Cotswold Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability to any third party to whom this report, or any part of it, is made known. Any such party relies upon this report entirely at their own risk. No part of this report may be reproduced by any means without permission.

© Cotswold Archaeology

| | 6, | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Cirencester | Milton Keynes | Andover | | |
| Building 11 | Unit 4 | Office 49 | | |
| Kemble Enterprise Park | Cromwell Business Centre | Basepoint Business Centre | | |
| Kemble, Cirencester | Howard Way, Newport Pagnell | Caxton Close, Andover | | |
| Gloucestershire, GL7 6BQ t. 01285 771022 | MK16 9QS t. 01908 218320 | Hampshire, SP10 3FG t. 01264 326549 | | |
| f. 01285 771033 | | | | |
| e. enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk | | | | |

CONTENTS

| SUMM | ARY2 |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 1. | INTRODUCTION |
| | The site |
| | Archaeological background4 |
| | Archaeological objectives5 |
| | Methodology5 |
| 2. | RESULTS (FIGS 2-3)5 |
| 4. | DISCUSSION6 |
| 5. | CA PROJECT TEAM6 |
| 6. | REFERENCES7 |
| APPEN | IDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS8 |
| APPEN | IDIX B: THE FINDS9 |
| APPEN | IDIX C: OASIS REPORT FORM10 |

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

- Fig. 1 Site location plan (1:25,000)
- Fig. 2 The site, showing location of groundworks (1:500)
- Fig. 3 Section and photograph of ditch 204 (1:20)

SUMMARY

| Project Name: | Bryn Hyfryd | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Location: | Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire | | |
| NGR: | SN 4185 1908 | | |
| Туре: | Watching Brief | | |
| Date: | 19-20 March and 3-4 April 2013 | | |
| Planning Reference: | W/16134 and W/25937 | | |
| Location of Archive: | To be deposited with Carmarthenshire County Museum | | |
| Site Code: | BYY 13 | | |

An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology during groundworks associated with residential development at Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire.

A possible post-medieval ditch was observed in the northern third of the site. This contained 17th – 18th century pottery and brick fragments and could be related to land management, drainage or division. The ditch also contained a residual Mesolithic microlith point. No further features, deposits or artefacts of archaeological interest were observed during groundworks.

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In March and April 2013 Cotswold Archaeology (CA) carried out an archaeological watching brief for Lovell Partnerships Limited at Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire (centred on NGR: SN 4185 1908; Fig. 1). The watching brief was undertaken to fulfil a condition attached to a planning consent granted by Carmarthenshire County Council for residential development (Planning ref: W/16134 and W/25937). The objective of the watching brief was to record all archaeological remains exposed during the development.
- 1.2 The watching brief was carried out in accordance with a recommendation from Zoe Bevans-Rice (Planning Archaeologist, Dyfed Archaeological Trust), the archaeological advisor to Carmarthenshire County Council, and with a subsequent detailed *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WSI) produced by CA (2013) and approved by the LPA acting on the advice of Zoe Bevans-Rice. The fieldwork also followed the *Standard and Guidance for an archaeological watching brief* (IfA 2009), the *Management of Archaeological Projects 2* (English Heritage 1991) and the *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MORPHE): Project Manager's Guide* (EH 2006).

The site

- 1.3 The development area encloses an area of approximately 1.2ha, and comprises a single grassed field. The site is bordered to the north by housing and in all other directions by open fields (Fig. 2). The site lies at between approximately 11.8m and 12.3m AOD, undulating between these heights across the area before rising to the east. Groundworks were undertaken in two areas within the site (Fig. 2). Area 1, which was located in the southern part of the site, was rectangular in shape and measured approximately 520m². Area 2 ran around the northern, eastern and southern periphery of the site and measured approximately 1320m².
- 1.4 The underlying solid geology of the area is mapped as being Tetragraptus Beds of the Ordovician period (British Geological Survey 2013). No detail of superficial deposits was noted from the BGS data. The natural geological substrate comprising mid yellow grey clay with occasional patches of gravel was observed in all excavated areas.

Archaeological background

- 1.5 The following background information has been compiled from data held by the Dyfed Archaeological Trust, historic landscape assessments curated by Cadw and pre-existing archaeological work within the surrounding area.
- 1.6 The site lies at the border of the Historic Landscape Character Areas of Carmarthen and Croesyceilog – Cwmffrwd. In terms of dominant landscape influence, the site tends to conform to the trends of the Croesyceilog – Cwmffrwd HLC Area in comprising undulating open fields. Both areas have the potential to contain a range of archaeological assets, with Carmarthen itself being the site of a Roman settlement which has influenced phases of subsequent development.
- 1.7 Records from a Historic Environment Record search accord with this general summary. Pre medieval evidence on the HER is limited. The flint fabricator dated to the Bronze Age (recorded approximately 0.47km to the northeast) being the only record of this phase.
- 1.8 Medieval records are more prevalent with 14th century settlement noted to the northwest at Peynora (HER reference 10980), alongside a holy well at Pistyll Gynwr (HER reference 102351) and mill at Llangunnor to the northeast (HER reference 12758). Post medieval records mainly reflect 19th and 20th century activity, such as the dwelling at Mount Hill which lies to the west of the site (HER reference 23452) and Mount Pleasant (HER reference 8920) to the south. Of note is the feature at Parc Y Gwn (HER reference 196; 0.43km to the north) which has been subject to a range of interpretations including a Civil War 'intrenchment' and quarry.
- 1.9 The Roman Road (to the west of the site) has been subject to a series of modern archaeological interventions. During observations in 2003 evidence of a fragmented cobbled surface was located directly beneath materials identified as being of modern origin.

Archaeological objectives

- 1.10 The objectives of the archaeological works were:
 - to monitor groundworks, and to identify, investigate and record all significant buried archaeological deposits revealed on the site during the course of the development groundworks;
 - at the conclusion of the project, to produce an integrated archive for the project work and a report setting out the results of the project and the archaeological conclusions that can be drawn from the recorded data.

Methodology

- 1.11 The fieldwork followed the methodology set out within the WSI (CA 2013). An archaeologist was present during intrusive groundworks comprising, topsoil stripping for a site compound and access road (Fig. 2).
- 1.12 Where archaeological deposits were encountered written, graphic and photographic records were compiled in accordance with CA Technical Manual 1: *Fieldwork Recording Manual* (2007).
- 1.13 The archive and artefacts from the evaluation are currently held by CA at their offices in Kemble. Subject to the agreement of the legal landowner the artefacts will be deposited with Carmarthenshire County Museum, along with the site archive. A summary of information from this project, set out within Appendix C, will be entered onto the OASIS online database of archaeological projects in Britain.

2. RESULTS (FIGS 2-3)

2.1 The natural geological substrate, 102 and 202, comprising mid yellow grey clay with occasional patches of gravel, was revealed at a typical depth of 0.45m below present ground level in both Areas 1 and 2. This was overlain by a grey brown silt clay subsoil (101 and 201) averaging 0.2m in thickness, which was in turn sealed by 0.2m of greyish brown silt clay topsoil (100 and 200). No features or deposits of archaeological interest were observed within Area 1.

2.2 North-west/south-east aligned ditch 204/206 was identified in the north of Area 2. It measured up to 4.30 in width, had a maximum depth of 0.32m, and had an irregular asymmetric profile. Quantities of post-medieval ceramic building material, 17th to 18th-century pottery and a single piece of Mesolithic worked flint were recovered from the single fill, 205/203 of this ditch.

3. FINDS

3.1 The small finds assemblage recovered is listed in Appendix B and came from the single fill of ditch 204/206. Dating in the post-medieval period is indicated by a single sherd of glazed earthenware pottery and a brick fragment. Fragments of slate and coal were also recovered from this fill along with a residual flint microlith. The microlith is made from good quality pale grey flint, and is broken along one edge. This is identifiable as an obliquely-blunted form, a tool type occurring throughout the Mesolithic period (10,000 – 4,000 BC) in Britain.

4. DISCUSSION

- 4.1 Despite the archaeological potential of the development area the watching brief only identified a single post-medieval ditch 204/206 within the area of observed groundworks. The Mesolithic point indicates activity of this period in the vicinity. Due to the isolated nature and limited exposure of this ditch (cutting across the north-east of the development area) its exact function remains unclear, although it may relate to land management, drainage or division.
- 4.2 No further features or deposits of archaeological interest were observed during groundworks, and no further artefactual material pre-dating the modern period was recovered.

5. CA PROJECT TEAM

Fieldwork was undertaken by Rebecca Riley and Steven Sheldon. The report was written by Jamie Wright. The finds report was by Ed McSloy and the illustrations were prepared by Dan Bashford. The archive has been compiled by Jamie Wright, and prepared for deposition by James Johnson. The project was managed for CA by Ian Barnes.

6. **REFERENCES**

- BGS (British Geological Survey) 2012 Geology of Britain Viewer. http://maps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyviewer_google/googleviewer.html Accessed 25 May 2013
- CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2013 Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire: Written Scheme of Investigation for an Archaeological Watching Brief

APPENDIX A: CONTEXT DESCRIPTIONS

| Trench No. | Context No. | Туре | Fill of | Context interpretation | Description | L (m) | W (m) | Depth /thick | Spot- date |
|---------------|----------------|-------|---------|------------------------|---|-------|----------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | | | | | | | ness (m) | |
| 1 | 100 | Layer | | Topsoil | Mid grey brown sand clay | | | 0.34 | modern |
| 1 | 101 | Layer | | Subsoil | Light grey brown silt clay | | | 0.12 | |
| 1 | 102 | Layer | | Natural substrate | Mid yellow grey clay with occasional patches of gravel. | | | >0.1 | |
| 2 | 200 | Layer | | Topsoil | Mid brown grey silt clay | | | 0.2 | modern |
| 2 | 201 | Layer | | Subsoil | Light brown silt clay | | | 0.26 | |
| 2 | 202 | Layer | | Natural substrate | Mid yellow grey clay with occasional patches of gravel. | | | >0.1 | |
| 2 | 203 | Fill | 204 | Fill | Dark grey brown silt clay | >18 | 3.44 | 0.31 | |
| 2 | 204 | Cut | | Ditch | NW/SE ditch | >18 | 3.44 | 0.31 | |
| 2 | 205 | Fill | 206 | Fill | Dark grey brown silt clay | >18 | 4.30 | 0.32 | |
| 2 | 206 | Cut | | Ditch | NW/SE ditch | >18 | 4.30 | 0.32 | |

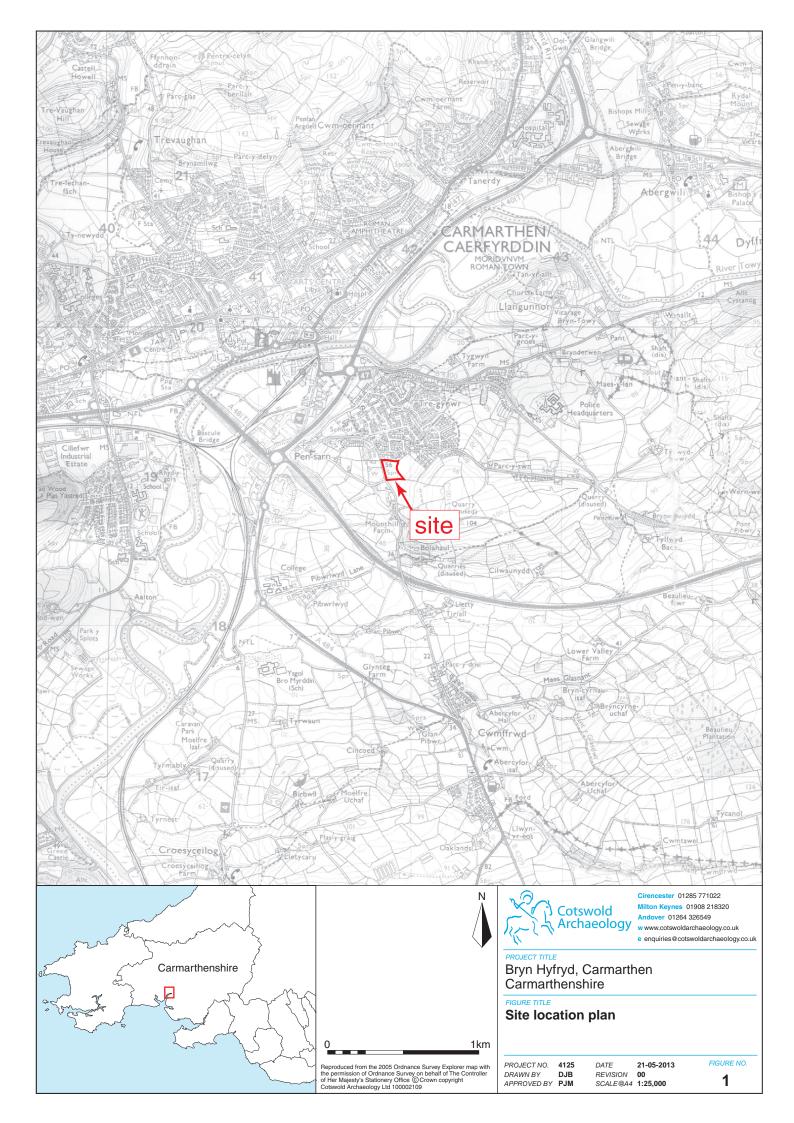
APPENDIX B: THE FINDS

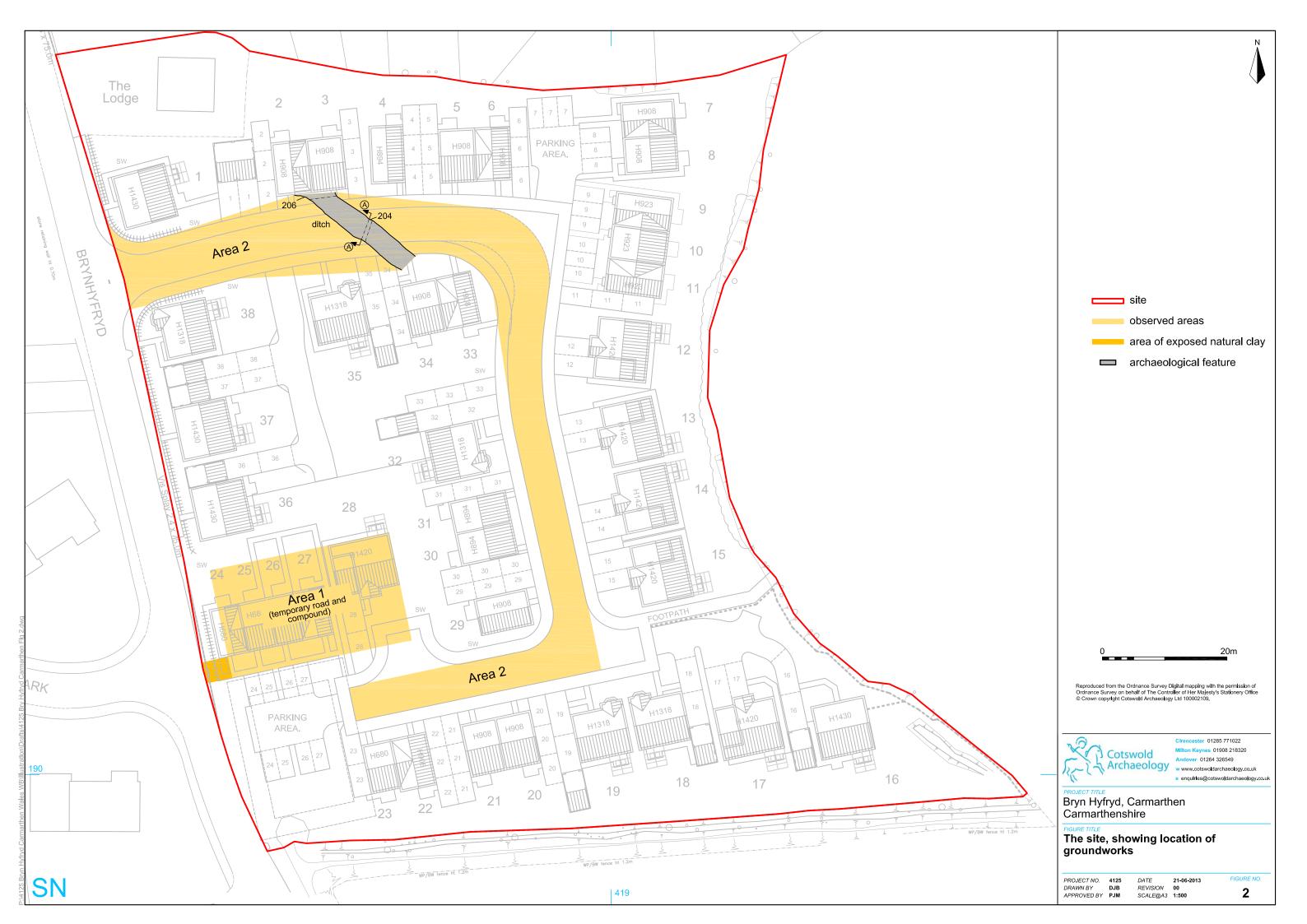
| Context | Description | Count | Weight(g) | Spot-date |
|---------|---|-------|-----------|-----------|
| 203 | Post-medieval pottery: North Devon gravel-free glazed earthenware | 1 | 4 | C17-C18 |
| | Burnt slate | 1 | 7 | |
| | Worked flint: microlith | 1 | <1 | Meso |
| | Coal | 1 | 2 | |
| 205 | Ceramic building material: brick | 1 | 278 | Pmed |

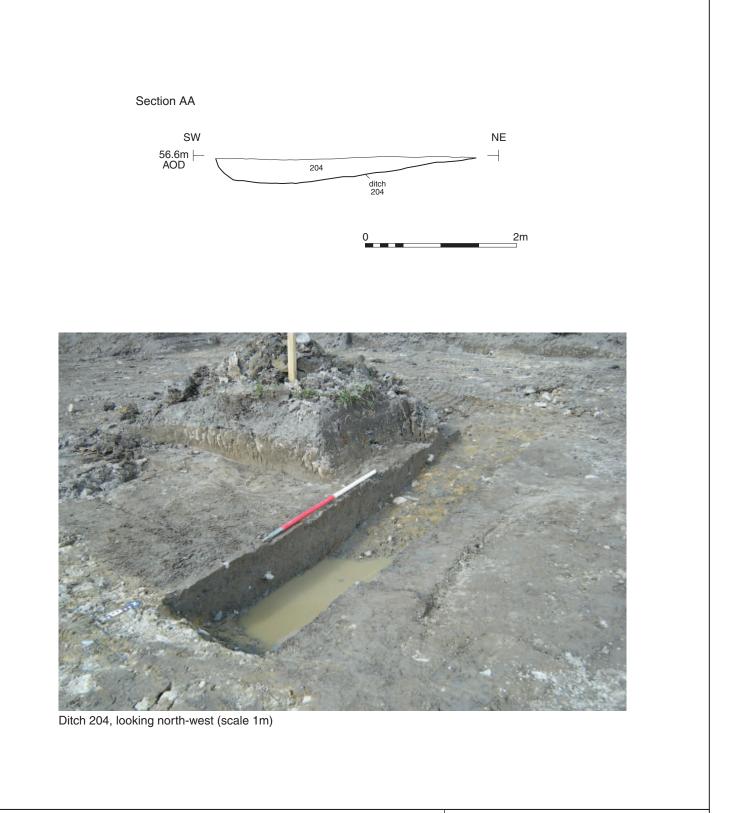
APPENDIX C: OASIS REPORT FORM

PROJECT DETAILS

| Project Name | Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshi | re | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Short description | An archaeological watching brief was undertaken by Cotswold Archaeology during groundworks associated with residential development at Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire. | | | | |
| | A possible post-medieval ditch was observed in the northern third of the site. This contained 17th – 18th century pottery and brick fragments and could be related to land management, drainage or division. The ditch also contained a residual Mesolithic microlith point. No further features, deposits or artefacts of archaeological interest were observed during groundworks. | | | | |
| Project dates | 19-20 March and 3-4 April 2013 | | | | |
| Project type | Watching brief | | | | |
| Previous work | None | | | | |
| Future work | Unknown | | | | |
| PROJECT LOCATION | | | | | |
| Site Location | Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire | | | | |
| Study area (M ² /ha) | <i>c</i> . 1.2ha | | | | |
| Site co-ordinates (8 Fig Grid Reference) | SN 4185 1908 | | | | |
| PROJECT CREATORS | | | | | |
| Name of organisation | Cotswold Archaeology | | | | |
| Project Brief originator | Dyfed Archaeological Trust | | | | |
| Project Design (WSI) originator | Cotswold Archaeology | | | | |
| Project Manager | lan Barnes | | | | |
| Project Supervisor | Steven Sheldon and Rebecca Riley | | | | |
| MONUMENT TYPE | None | | | | |
| SIGNIFICANT FINDS | | | | | |
| PROJECT ARCHIVES | Intended final location of archive (museum/Accession no.) | Content | | | |
| Physical | Yes | | | | |
| Paper | Yes | | | | |
| Digital | Yes | Digital photographs-Yes | | | |
| BIBLIOGRAPHY | | - | | | |
| CA (Cotswold Archaeology) 2013 Bryn Hy | I fryd, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire: Archaeo | logical Watching Brief. CA | | | |







| Cirencester 01285 771022 Milton Keynes 01908 218320 Andover 01264 326549 w www.cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk e enquiries@cotswoldarchaeology.co.uk | |
|--|--|
| PROJECT TITLE Bryn Hyfryd, Carmarthen Carmarthenshire | |
| FIGURE TITLE Section and photograph of ditch 204 | |
| PROJECT NO. 4125 DATE 21-06-2013 FIGURE NO. DRAWN BY DJB REVISION 00 APPROVED BY PJM SCALE@A4 1:50 3 | |