## Archaeology Wales

## Redcourt Farm, Llysonnen Road, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire

Archaeological Desk Based Assessment



By Dr Iestyn Jones

Report No. 1205



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Archaeological Desk Based Assessment

Prepared For: TGC Renewables

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#### March 2014



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#### **Summary**

Following the approval of a specification by Dyfed Archaeological Trust Heritage Management, Archaeology Wales, in February 2014, was commissioned by TGC Renewables Ltd to carry out an archaeological Desk Based Assessment. The aim of this assessment was examine the archaeological potential of a proposed Solar Farm site on land to the west of Red Court Farm, Llysonnen Road, Carmarthen.

The proposed 11ha site comprises two enclosed fields and a part of a third in enclosed countryside to the north of the A40 and west of Red Court Farm, Carmarthen. The site lies along the possible line of the Roman road leading west from Carmarthen (Roman Moridunum). The 1940s anti-invasion earthwork known as the 'Carmarthen Stop Line' runs through the middle of the proposed site, but only slight possible evidence of its presence could be seen during a site visit.

#### 1. Introduction

In February 2014 Archaeology Wales was commissioned by TGC Renewables Ltd to carry out an archaeological Desk Based Assessment on a proposed development site of a Solar Farm (AW Project Number: 2210; Planning Authority: Carmarthenshire County Council; Planning Reference: Pre Planning). The site of the proposed solar farm lies in a field north of Llysonnen Road (A40) near Red Court Farm and approximately 3km west of Carmarthen (NGR: SN 37420 19390; OD; fig. 1). The construction of the farm would involve burying rows of metal rack legs excavated to a depth of 0.85m and located 1.8m apart.

This assessment included a site visit, an examination of relevant documentary and cartographic sources, aerial photographs and an evaluation of the relevant Historic Environment Record. The work was carried out by Dr Iestyn Jones in February 2014.

#### 2. Site Description

#### Location, Topography, Geology

This 11ha site comprises several fields located to the north of Llysonnen Road, the modern A40, located between Nant y Ci and Red Court Farm approximately 3km west of Carmarthen (Fig. 2). The furthest field to the south-west is an irregular shaped field measuring approximately 250m by 215m at 30m AOD. Its northern border is formed by a linear north-east to south-west aligned bank along a stream. Part of an electrical sub-station is located in the south-eastern corner of this field. The furthest north-western field is sub-rectangular with an irregular northern boundary that measures approximately 150m by 130m at 31m AOD. The western end of a field adjacent to Red Court Farm forms the eastern-most boundary to the site. This section is approximately 280m north to south and a maximum of 50m east to west at 34m AOD. This field gently slopes north to south and a pylon carrying a north to south overhead power line defines the proposed Solar Farm's eastern limit.

The geology comprises Ordovician Mudstone underlying Devensian Till. The eastern field can be described as having freely draining slightly acid loamy soils

whilst the south-westerly field contains clayey floodplain soils with naturally high groundwater.

#### 3. Historical Background

The site lies outside of Carmarthen Historic Landscape Character Area (HLC 181) but either very near or on the line of the Roman road that runs west of Carmarthen (the Roman fort - *Moridunum*). To the east of Carmarthen the Roman road forms the northern edge of the Ystrad Tywi Historic Landscape Area (HLC 182). Where it is observed in a number of cropmarks and earthworks, the Roman road's path marks the interface between the mudstone and alluvial deposits associated with the Tywi river. The Ystrad Tywi HLC report (DAT 2014) suggests that that Tywi's course has remained relatively stable since the Bronze Age. It is likely that the same can be surmised for the road's course to the west of Carmarthen.

Whilst the Roman fort has had an impact on the street pattern and topography of Carmarthen, the history of this site is likewise dictated by its location adjacent to a major communications route since at least the first century AD. Located on the northern side of a wide east to west aligned river valley, the area is characterized by dispersed farmsteads.

The Maes Prior placename to the west of the site suggests that it may have been monastic land during the medieval period. Trebersed, a moated homestead (PRN 5019; SAM CM249), located to the north-east is also evidence of medieval occupation in the immediate area.

The importance of this wide valley location as a continuing communications corridor is marked by sites such as the post-medieval milestone (PRN 296) located to the south of Llysonnen Road. The Travellers Rest, originally a post-medieval public house built to capitalise on passing trade (PRN 441), is located 600m west of the proposed site.

During the 1920s the road became part of the A40, linking London to Fishguard and ultimately to the ferry to Ireland.

The importance of area as a communications corridor is also evidenced by its being part of the 'Carmarthen Stop Line', one of a series of WWII defensive sites designed to stop potential enemy invasion traffic (see 4.1 and 4.3 below).

#### 4. Desk-based assessment results

#### 4.1 HER Data (Figs. 3-5)

A search of designated (5km radius) and non-designated historic assets (2km radius) was conducted. The results are appended (Appendix 1 and Fig. 3, 4). Designated Historic Assets include Scheduled Ancient Monuments (SAMs), Registered Historic Landscapes (RHLs), Registered Parks and Gardens (RPG) and Listed Buildings (LBs). Sites with an NPRN number were located using the Royal Commission of Ancient Historic Monuments 'Coflein' website. There are 17 SAMs within a 5km radius of the site (Fig. 4) but only one of these is located within a 2km radius (Trebersed Moated Site - CM249). This rectangular medieval enclosure is located 800m to the north-east of the proposed site but there appear to be no clear lines of sight towards the proposed Solar Farm site.

There are 334 Listed Buildings within a 5km radius of the proposed site (Fig. 3). The vast majority of these lie 3.5km to the east within Carmarthen town. Nineteen Listed Buildings lie within a 2km radius, of which 11 are located to the east and south-east. The eastern cluster is located on St Clears Road on the northern fringes of Johnstown, 1.6km to the east. The south-eastern buildings are concentrated within Llanllwch village and include the Grade II\* St Mary's Church (LB 9495), 1km to the south-east.

The boundary of the Tywi Valley Registered Historic Landscape (HLW(D) 5) passes 2.5km to the east and south-east of the proposed site, which is also located outside the Carmarthen HLCA 181 and to the north of the 4000 hectare Llangynog-Llangain HLCA (HLCA 179). There are no Registered Parks and Gardens within a 5km radius.

There are 68 non-designated assets spanning a wide range of dates within a 2km radius of the site (Fig. 5). Prehistoric features include Glasfryn Bronze Age Standing Stone (PRN 10604), located south of the A40 and east of Llanllwch, and the near destroyed Iron Age Enclosures to the south-east at Allt Cnap (PRN 2144) and Werncorgam (PRN 11811).

The Roman road is recorded in three different places within a 2km radius of the site (PRN 2419 and 33941 and NPRN 114111). A report on the road (Schlee 2005, 11) suggests that its course for the first 5km west of Carmarthen is unknown, but that the most direct route would be no more than 1km north of the A40 or the east to west aligned railway line The nearest recorded evidence (NPRN 114111) for its presence is on the summit of Pen Ffordd Lâs (47m AOD) a hill 450m west of the proposed development site (NGR: SN37021935). Although for surveying reasons Roman roads could change course from the summit of hills, the most likely line would be through the middle of the proposed site. It is also interesting to note that the Sarnau placename, often associated with Roman roads, occurs 3.7km to the west of Red Court Farm.

The majority of the non-designated assets comprise post-medieval farmsteads and associated buildings. These include Nant y Ci (PRN 25409), an historic home located on the western boundary of the proposed site and Waun y Groes cottage (PRN 23540) located to the east.

Evidence for the Carmarthen Stop Line, the WWII anti-invasion network, include anti-tank rails and buried road sockets (NPRN 270641) located either side of a small bridge on the western boundary of the site, together with a bullet-proof pill box (NPRN 270555) located to the north.

#### 4.2 Map Regression (Figs. 6-9)

#### 1838 St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Tithe Map (Fig. 6)

Interpretation of the tithe map evidence is hampered by the poor quality of the copies available. The site is located near the Parish boundaries of St Peter's, Carmarthen and Llangain. Nant y Ci and Maes y Prior are clearly visible to the west and north-west respectively as is Llysonnen Road. No other buildings are shown on this section of the tithe map. The visible field boundaries appear to be similar to those surviving in later maps and the location of undecipherable field numbers appear to support an unchanged pattern. If the interpretations of the numbers in the north and south-western fields are correct (1615 and 1616) then the field's names are listed within the apportionment as Waun Felin Fach (marsh of the small mill) and Commons. The other field names are unreadable.

#### 1888-1889 OS Map 1:2,500 (Fig. 7)

This map shows the field boundaries in a form that seems very similar to those observed on the tithe map drawn 50 years earlier. The Railway has been built south of Llysonnen Road but Red Court Farm has yet to appear. Another notable feature noted on the tithe map but clearer in the OS map is the straightened course of the stream and associated field boundary separating the south-western field from the north-western example. The Roman road is marked as being Llysonnen Road and labelled using a Latin name, *Via Julia (Montana)*, derived from an eighteenth-century forged map drawn by Danish Antiquarian, Charles Bertram (Schlee 2005, 4).

#### <u>1938-1953 Map 1:10,560 (Fig. 8)</u>

Three buildings, as yet unnamed, have been built between 1889 and 1938 and lie where Red Court House is at the present time, at the intersection of four sub-rectangular fields to the east of the proposed site. The house's access route leads directly north from Llysonnen Road.

#### <u>1969-1970 Epoch map 1:10,000</u> (Fig. 9)

The Epoch 1969 map shows Red Court House and Red Court as separate structures with an additional lane connecting Llysonnen Road, now labelled A40, with Red Court.

The electrical substation, albeit a smaller version of the present day example, lies in the corner of the sub-rectangular field south-west of Red Court House. A power line is shown leading north to south from the sub-station's eastern end, whilst two additional power lines lead south-east and south-west from the sub-station's western and eastern ends. An agricultural showground has been built south of the A40, opposite Nant y Ci.

#### 4.3. Aerial Photographs (Figs. 10-11)

<u>RAF 1941, Medmenham, Black and White (14/03/1941: 78/1) (Fig. 10)</u> The black and white enlarged frame from an aerial photograph taken by RAF Medmenham in March 1941 shows the site clearly. Red Court, Nant y Ci and Ty Gwn can be seen within the image. A large ditch and earthwork can be seen running north to south through the south-western and north-western site fields. This is the anti-invasion WWII ditch known as the Carmarthen Stop Line. It was excavated to prevent a German attack from the direction of neutral Ireland.

MAFF 1986, Black and White (15/06/1986: 309: 95-96) (Fig. 11)

The 1986 photograph shows a wider area and may show parching to the west possibly indicative of the course of the Roman road. The Carmarthen Stop Line earthwork is not visible within this image. A linear diagonal parch mark to the north-west of the upper field appears to be a removed field boundary, still extant in the previous image. The electrical substation and show ground are clearly visible.

#### 4.4 Site Visit (Figs. 12-15)

A site visit was conducted on the 27<sup>th</sup> February 2014 in dry and bright conditions after a period of prolonged rain. The eastern-most site field directly to the west of the north to south aligned power lines is currently used for sheep grazing (Fig. 12). The field slopes very gently (34m to 33m AOD) from north to south and (42m to 33m AOD) east to west. An irregular water filled ditch with a raised outer bank and hedgerow provides the western boundary to this field. Some mature trees are also located within its boundary. The southern boundary of this field is an east to west aligned wire and wooden post fence. A 12m by 7m rounded overgrown fenced enclosure was observed east of the western field boundary approximately 165m north of the substation. Inside the enclosure, a 1m diameter and 1m high capped concrete cylinder lies in marshy ground. A small stream of water (possibly a spring) runs from its western side. An electric Pylon is located 55m north-west of this enclosed cylinder. This field's northern boundary is formed by a mature, east to west aligned, hedgerow.

The south-western field (Figs. 13, 14), east of Nant y Ci, slopes gently north (32m AOD) to south (30m AOD). The southern-most 130m of the field was very wet under foot at the time of the site visit and had significant areas of water-pooling in the centre of the field. This can be attributed to the clayey soils of the valley floodplain. The south-eastern corner is occupied by the western end of the fenced substation, whilst the south-western corner is marked a curving mature hedgerow bordering the stream running alongside Nant y Ci. A hedgerow marks the field's eastern boundary, which follows the natural river course towards the north. The northernmost area of the field is slightly higher and drier underfoot. The northern boundary is marked by a raised, 6m wide, linear earth bank on the southern side of the straight, north-east to south-west flowing, stream. A possible natural crossing ford in the stream is located in the north-eastern corner and is reinforced on its southern bank by gravel ramps and dumped building material comprising sections of demolished brick-walls and concrete posts. A diagonal trackway used by vehicles and sheep crossing the river is located in the north-eastern corner. No visible evidence of the Carmarthen Stop Line earthwork can be seen within this field.

The smaller, north-western, field very gently slopes north-west to south-east and has an irregular, 'W' shaped, north-western corner marked by hedgerows and a wire fence (Fig. 15). The stream runs south behind the eastern hedge and then diagonally across the southern edge of the field. Although a gateway and small bridge was observed on the western boundary, the hedges are very overgrown and the anti-tank rails (if still present) are not visible. A slight linear depression running north to south across the field, which can be seen from its western end, may be the only visible evidence for the Carmarthen Stop Line earthwork.

#### 5. Discussion and Conclusions

In general, the evidence examined during this assessment indicates that, with the exception of the substation location, the proposed site has changed little since the nineteenth century.

The area is set within an important communications corridor on the edge of the floodplain of the river Tywi. Although the Roman road cannot be traced by clear cropmark, earthwork or cartographic evidence, there remains a possibility that it passes east to west through or near to the fields that comprise the site. Any excavation work undertaken within the area of the Roman road is likely to impact on important archaeological remains.

The other notable recorded historic association with these fields is the Carmarthen Stop Line, a major WWII anti-invasion earthwork that was dug in 1940-1941across the site. The evidence for its presence today is slight and it is unlikely that the solar panel racks will damage what little remains. It is, however, likely that if the Roman road is present within these fields, the Carmarthen Stop Line ditch would have been excavated through the middle of it. Any geophysical work undertaken to confirm or deny the presence of the road would almost certainly also record disturbance associated with the 1940s earthwork. Given the local topography it is likely that the proposed solar farm development will have no visual impact on any historic assets or settings within this area.

#### 6. Bibliography

The following sources were consulted during the preparation of this appraisal:

#### **BGS Geology Viewer**

http://www.bgs.ac.uk/discoveringGeology/geologyOfBritain/viewer.html (accessed 17/02/14)

Soilscapes viewer: http://www.landis.org.uk/soilscapes2/ (accessed 17/02/14)

Dyfed Archaeological Trust (DAT) 2014. Historic Landscape Characterisation: Tywi Valley, Carmarthen, Llangynog-Llangain: http://www.dyfedarchaeology.org.uk/HLC/HLCTowy/Towyvalleymap.htm http://www.dyfedarchaeology.org.uk/HLC/HLCTowy/area/area181.htm http://www.dyfedarchaeology.org.uk/HLC/HLCTowy/area/area179.htm (accessed 26/02/14)

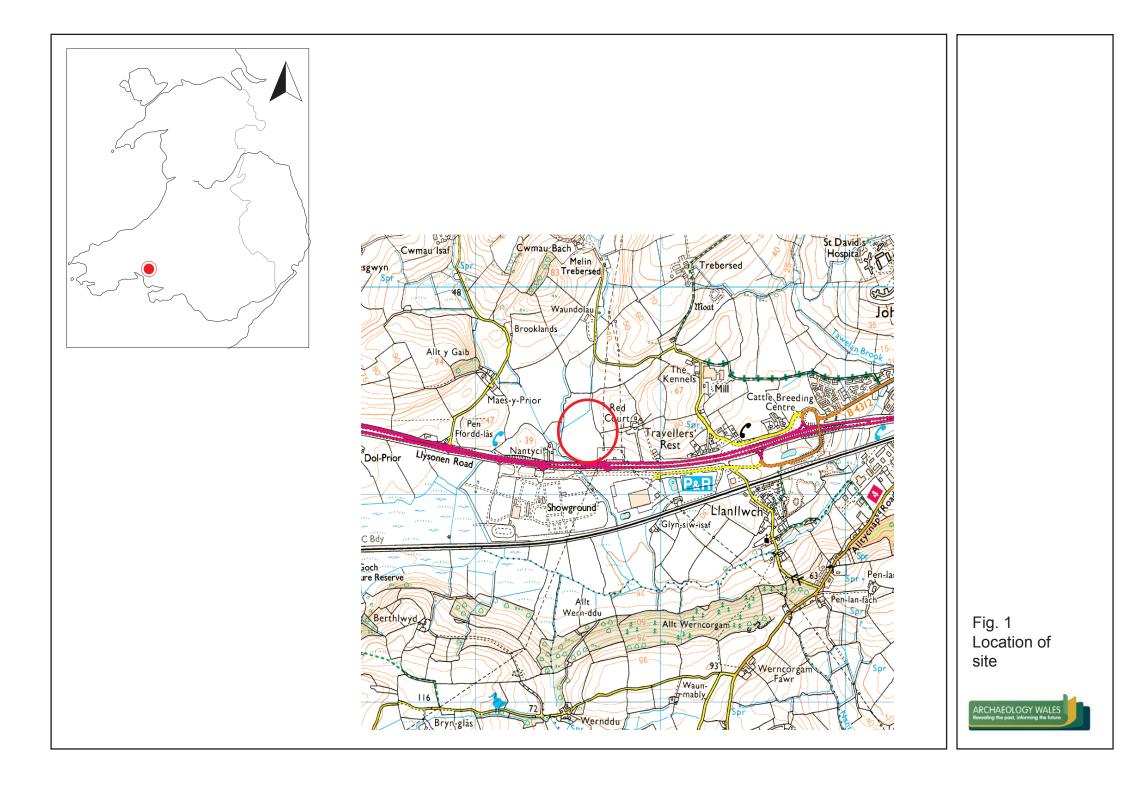
Schlee, D. 2005. Roman Military Roads, Forts and Vici in Southwest Wales Project 2005. Cambria Archaeology Report No. 2004/109 (Project Record No. 51964). Prepared for Cadw, January 2005.

Aerial Photographs 1941 Black and White. RAF Medmenham. 14/03/41 (Ref 78/1) 1986 Black and White. MAFF. 15/06/1986 (Ref 309: 95-96)

Cartographic Sources

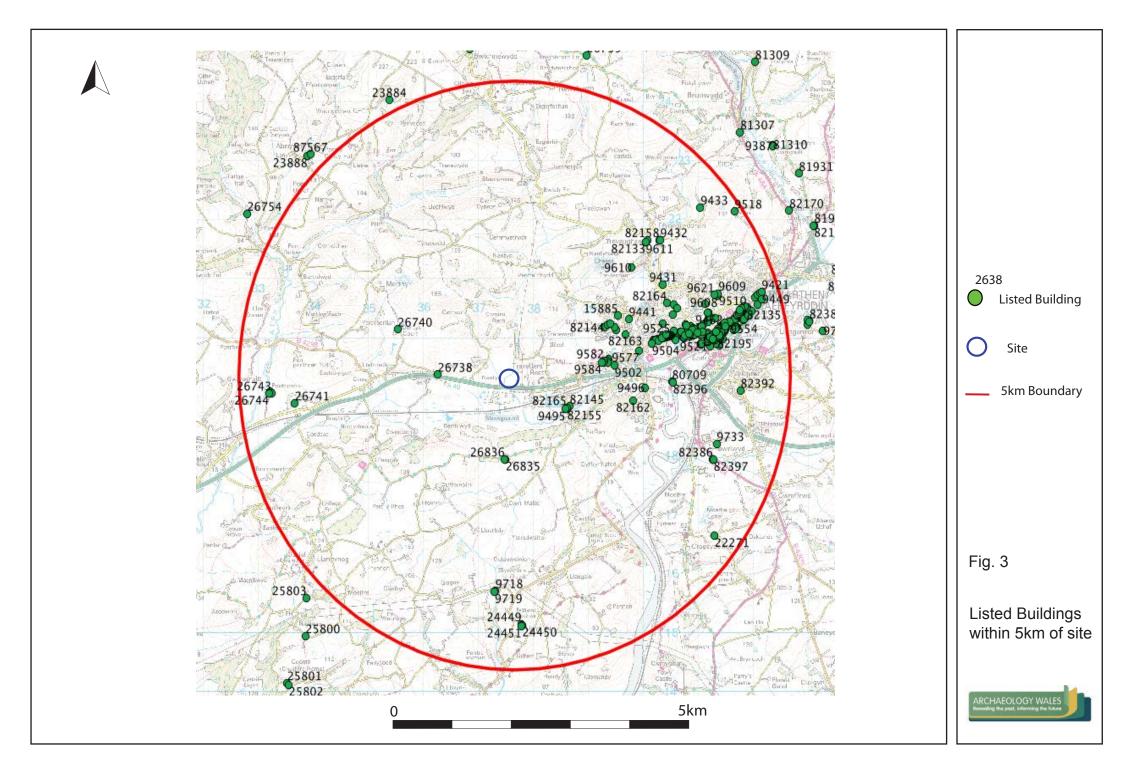
1888-1889 OS Map of Carmarthenshire, 1:2,500 1938-1953 Map of Carmarthenshire, 1:10,560 1969-1970 Epoch map, 1:2,500

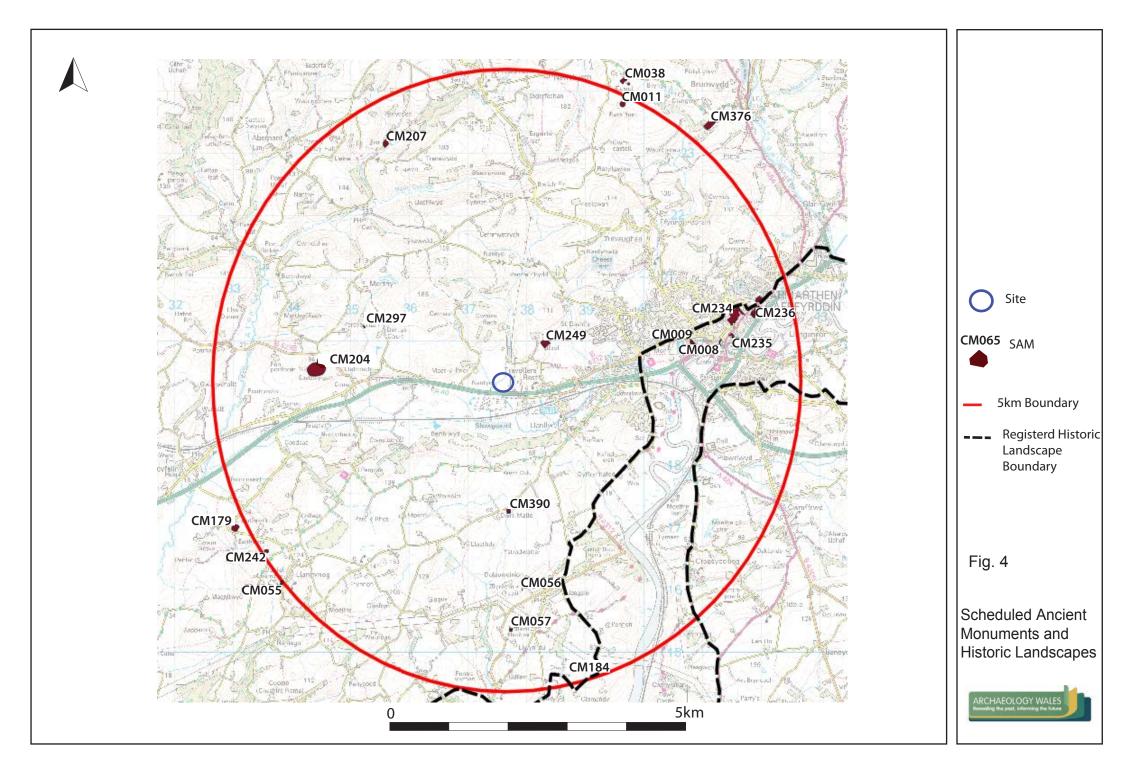
HER Data provided by DAT (appended)

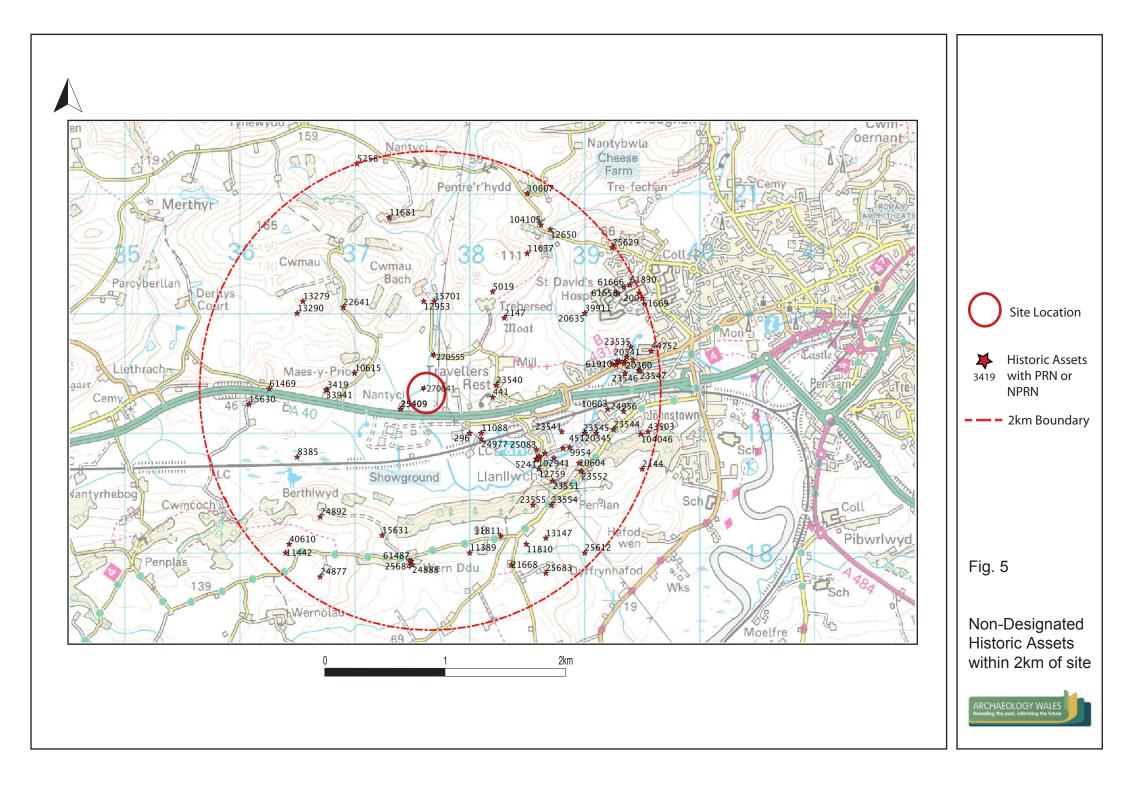


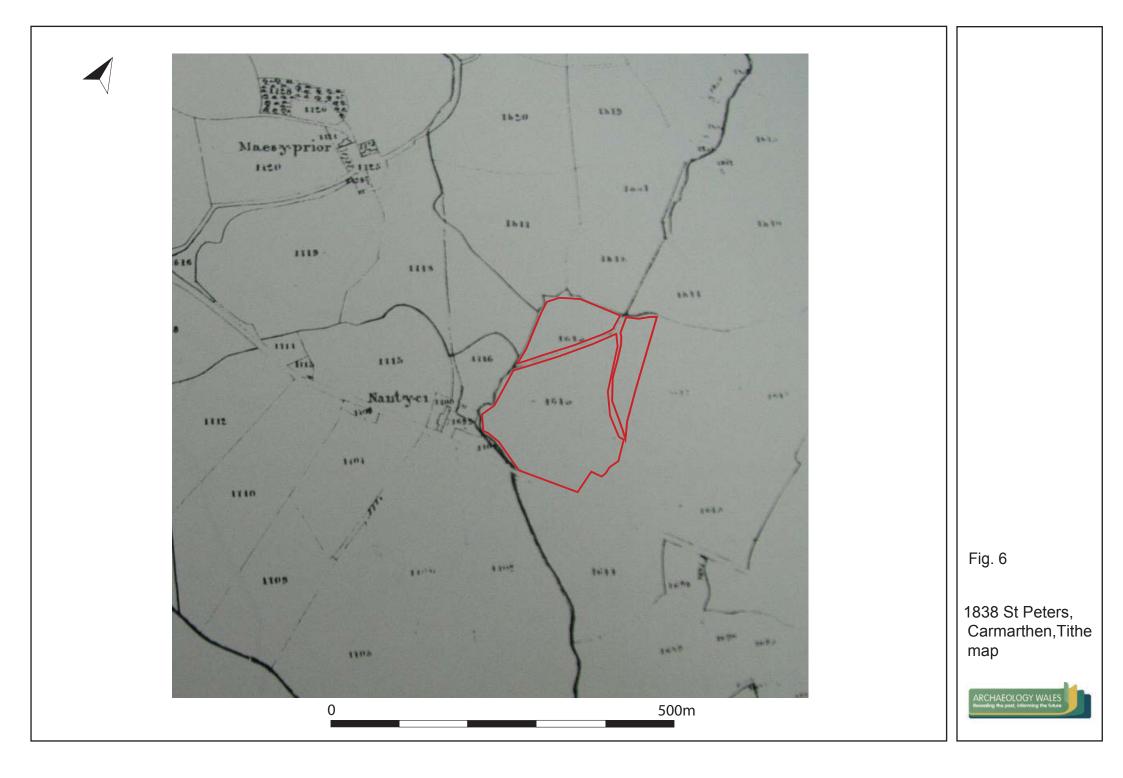


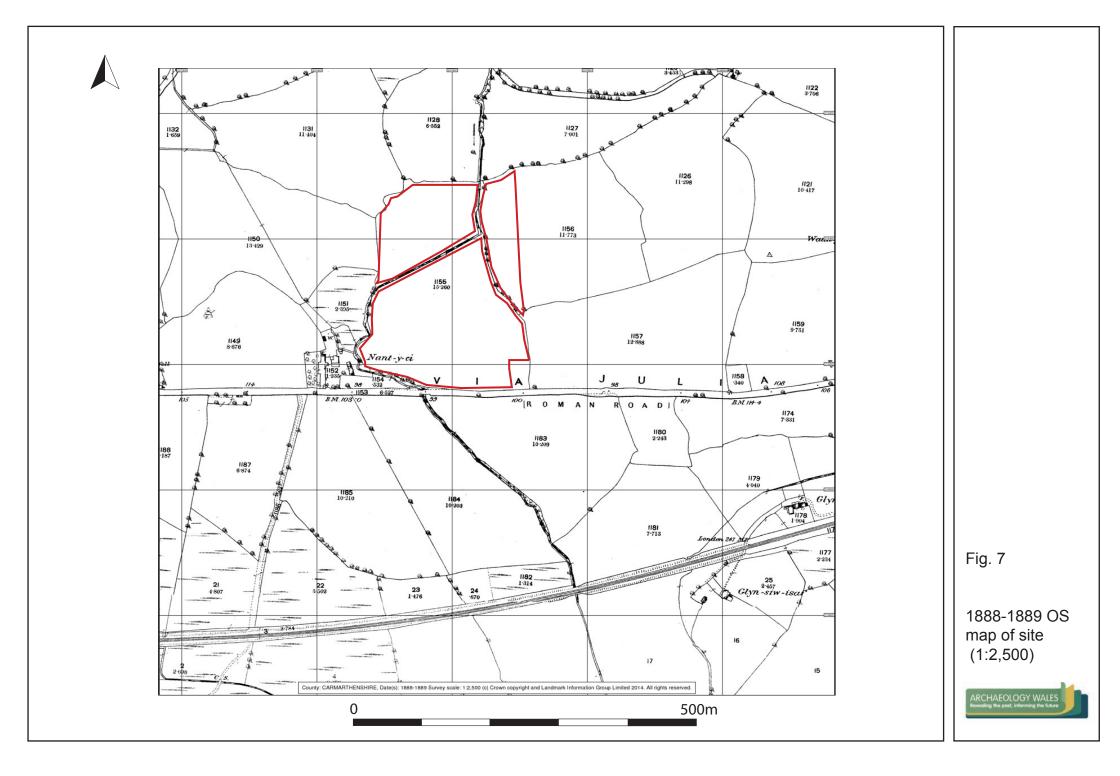
Site outlined in red

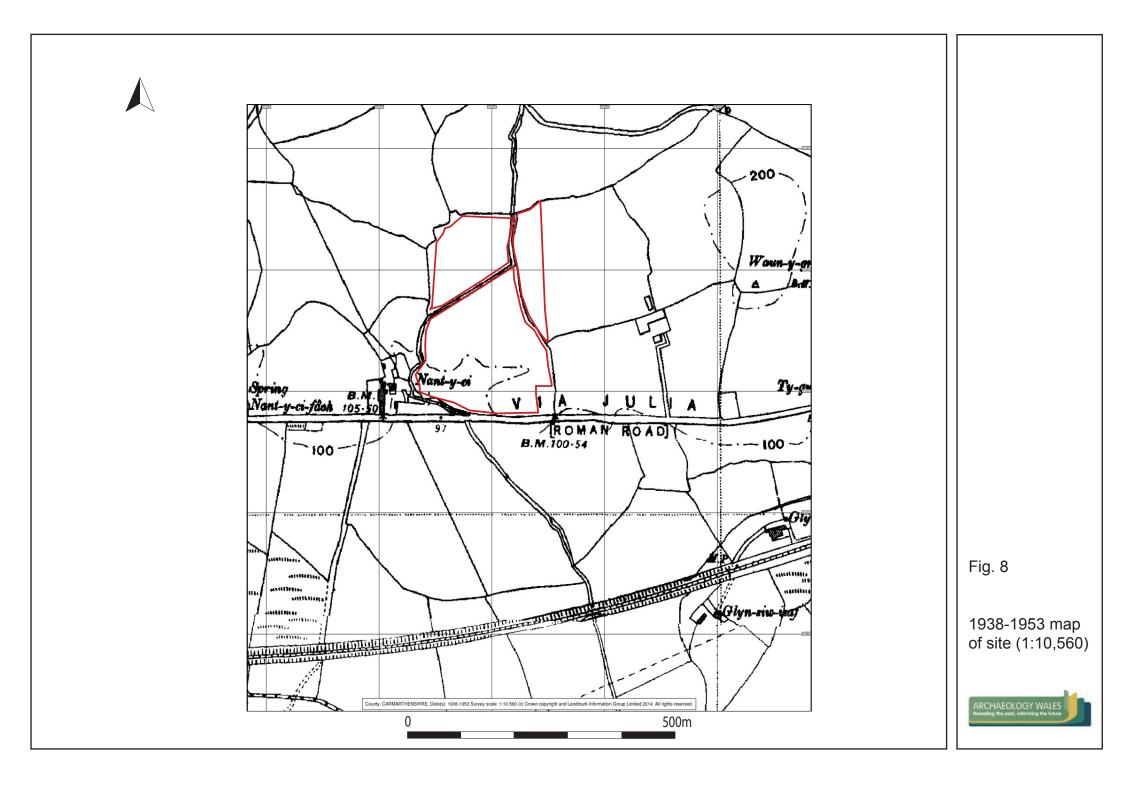


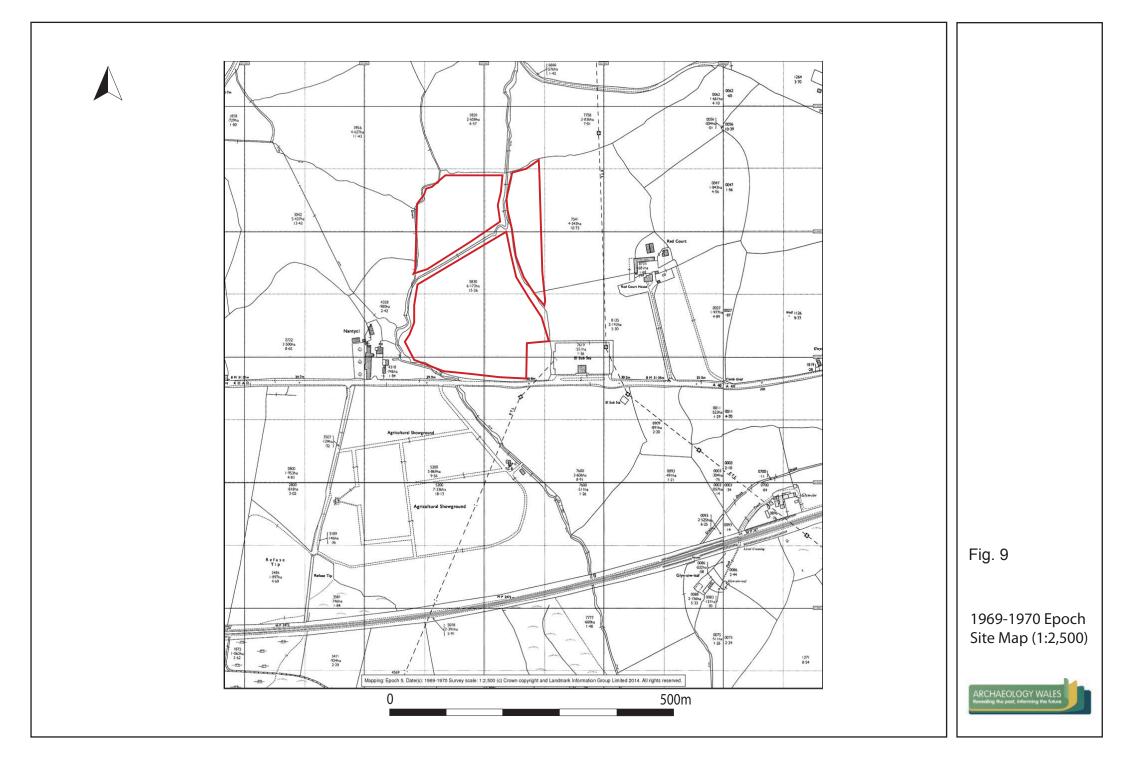














1941 RAF aerial photograph showing the 'Carmarthen Stop Line' earthwork

ARCHAEOLOGY WALES



RR ? Possible course of Roman road

RH Removed field boundary

Fig. 11

1986 MAFF aerial photograph showing site and area (1:10,000)

ARCHAEOLOGY WALES



12a. Image of western boundary (looking north)



12c. Concrete cylinder witin enclosure (looking east)



12b. Enclosure around concrete cylinder adjacent to western hedge (looking west)



12d. Northern area of field with pylon (looking south-west)



Fig.12

Site Visit Images (North-eastern field)





13a. View of south-eastern corner and substation (looking south-southeast)



13c. View of water in centre of field (looking north)



13b. View of south-western corner and Nant y Ci beyond (looking south-west)



13d. View of Red Court Farm and (right) substation (looking east)



Site Visit Images (South-western field)





14a. Northern boundary: stream and bank (looking west)



14b. Northern boundary stream (looking north-east)



14c. Trackways towards north-eastern corner (looking southsoutheast)



14d. Ford in north-east corner with dumped material on south bank (looking south)

Site Visit Images (South-western field)



15a. Gateway in western boundary hedge (looking west)



15b. Western boundary hedge (looking south)



15c. Centre of field with faint linear depression in background (looking south-east)



15d. Stream along eastern boundary (looking southsouthwest)



Site Visit Images (North-western field) Archaeology Wales

## **APPENDIX I:**

## HER DATA



#### HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT RECORD INFORMATION

Prepared by Felicity Sage, Dyfed Archaeological Trust

Produced for Iestyn Jones- Carmarthen from the Regional Historic Environment Record: Dyfed Archaeological Trust, The Shire Hall, 8 Carmarthen Street, Llandeilo, Carmarthenshire, SA19 6AF Tel (01558) 823131 , Fax (01558) 823133 Email <u>info@dyfedarchaeology.org.uk</u>

## Use of this information is subject to the terms and conditions of access to Welsh HER data published on DAT's website

www.dyfedarchaeology.org.uk

#### **HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT FEATURES**

Search criteria:

5km radius for designated historic assets and 2km for non-designated.

A search of the regional Historic Environment Record (HER) held by the Dyfed Archaeological Trust has identified the following historic environment features. These are listed and described below. Each feature is allocated a Primary Record Number (PRN) that should be quoted in any correspondence. Where the identification of a site is not certain then all possible interpretations are given in the type field e.g.'enclosure, henge'. Possible date ranges are also shown in this way in the period field. If a field contains no information then it is either not recorded, not known or not applicable for that site.

Please contact the HER if you have any further questions regarding this information, if you would like any of the sources followed up or if you have information that could improve these records in any way.

Source prefixes: Ph = Published, historic (pre-1900) Mh = Unpublished, historic Pm/Mm = Published/Unpublished modern (post-1899) Desc Text = Descriptive text. GP/AP = Ground photograph/Aerial photograph.

All other source types should be self-explanatory; please contact the HER if you require assistance with them.

PRN 102940 NAME LLANLLWCH MILL TYPE Mill pond PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN38811887 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Damaged STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

#### SUMMARY

Mill-pond associated with Llanllwch corn mill (PRN 9954), recorded on the 1890 1st and 1906 2nd edition Ordnance Survey maps. Its outline is still depicted on modern mapping but shown to be dry (M.Ings, 2012)

#### DESCRIPTION

The site was visited during the Cadw funded Mills Survey of 2012-13. The mill pond is now infilled and covered with vegetation but remnant of its southern bank remains preserved (M.Ings, 2012)

#### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet 39.06

Map Ordnance Survey 1906 2nd edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet 39.06

PRN 102941 NAME LLANLLWCH MILL
TYPE Mill race PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN38731879 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Damaged STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

#### SUMMARY

Mill-race associated with Llanllwch corn mill (PRN 9954), recorded on the 1890 1st and 1906 2nd edition Ordnance Survey maps. Shown on modern mapping as a drain (M.Ings, 2012)

#### DESCRIPTION

The site was visited during the Cadw funded Mills Survey of 2012-13. The line of the leat runs along the base of a steep, south-facing bank and is very overgrown. It appears preserved, at least as far as the post-1906 property that fronts onto Manor Way. The steep-sided tail race is intact and still carries water, emerging from a culvert to the northeast of the mill and running to join the river (M.Ings, 2012)

#### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet 39.06

Map Ordnance Survey 1906 2nd edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet 39.06

#### PRN 104046 NAME TYPE Cottage PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN39491899 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

Three buildings, possibly a cottage and two outbuildings, recorded on the historic Ordnance Survey maps but not shown on modern mapping.

#### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 104047 NAME TYPE Orchard PERIOD MODERN NGR SN39421961 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

Orchard recorded on the 2nd edition Ordnance Survey map, now under

non-coniferous trees.

DESCRIPTION

#### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 104105 NAME CWM-COEDWR
TYPE Cottage PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN38622074 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

\'Cwm-coedwr\' cottage recorded on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map but not shown on subsequent mapping.

#### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 10603NAME CILLEFWRTYPERidge and furrowPERIODMedieval, Post MedievalNGRSN392192COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEEarthwork

#### SUMMARY

An area of ridge and furrow identified from aerial photography by T.James. (PP 21/6/04)

#### DESCRIPTION

Evidence from AP's. TA James 1980

### **SOURCES** Pm Map James, TA 1980 Carmarthen, Arch. & Topog Survey p.43, Fig. 4.8 **OTHER SOURCES**

# PRN 10604 NAME GLASFRYN TYPE Standing stone, Boundary stone PERIOD Bronze Age;medieval NGR SN38951875 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Placename evidence

#### SUMMARY

Field with a 'maen' element to the name. TA James 1980

#### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Map James, TA 1980 Carmarthen, Arch. & Topog Survey p.43, Fig. 4.8 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 10607NAME TRESHUKE; DRESHUKETYPESettlementPERIODNGRSN385210COMMUNITYCONDITIONNearDestroyedSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEDocumentaryevidence; Earthwork

SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Mm List DAT 1983 CR Trebersed grange,10602
Pm List James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog Survey p.42-3,No.11,Fig.4.8
OTHER SOURCES Documents DAT 2010 10607.pdf PRN 10615 NAME PARC-Y-PRIOR;MAES-Y-PRIOR
TYPE Monastic land PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN370195 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Placename evidence

#### SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Map James, TA 1980 Carmarthen, Arch. & Topog Survey p.43, Fig.4.8 Pm Map Rees, W 1932 S. Wales & Border in 14th c. SW Sheet **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 10618 NAME FELIN FACH
TYPE Water mill PERIOD Medieval, Post Medieval
NGR SN393196 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

A town rental of 1675 and 1650 places this mill near the White Mill (PRN 10619) "leading from the said mill to Llanllwch". Possibly the site of the later Pontcarreg mill. (PP 21/6/04)

#### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1986 CR 10619,23534 Pm List James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog Survey p.43-4,No.33,Fig.4.8 **OTHER SOURCES**  PRN 11088 NAME GLYN SIW
TYPE Ridge and furrow PERIOD Medieval, Post Medieval
NGR SN381190 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Topography

#### SUMMARY

Noticed in passing during low light of winter - ridge and furrow? Jan 1985

#### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Mm List DAT 1985 SRF OTHER SOURCES

PRN 11389 NAME LLANLLWCH
TYPE Settlement PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN3818 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

A small settlement to the southwest of Carmarthen. References are made to the manor of Llanllwch from the early 14th century onwards. In 1349 Ministers Accounts refer to the 'hamlet' of Llanllwch, which suffered during the Black Death, and was burnt in 1407 during the Owain Glyn Dwr rebellion. (PP 23/9/04)

#### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Mention Eyre-Evans,G 1936 TCASFC Vol.26,p.76 Pm Mention James,t 1980 Carmarthen, An Arch. & Topog. Survey p30,41,43&44 Pm Map Rees,W. 1932 S.Wales & Border in the 14th Century SW sheet **OTHER SOURCES**  PRN 11442 NAME BETTWS
TYPE Unknown PERIOD Unknown
NGR SN364180 COMMUNITY Llangynog
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Placename evidence

#### SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

Pencil annotation on OS map of 1907, 6" Carm XXXIX SW

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1839 Tithe Map & Apport, Llanynog Ph Bettws fieldname **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 11637 NAME TAWELAN
TYPE Mill PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN385205 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

#### SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

Mentioned in Ancient Deeds dated 1247+1251-2 (Henry III) TCASFC 1923-4

**SOURCES** Pm Desc Text 1923-4 TCASFC Vol.17,Pt.XLIV,p.64-65 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 11681 NAME FFYNNONSAINTTYPE Holy well PERIOD MedievalNGR SN373208 COMMUNITY Carmarthen

**CONDITION** Not known **STATUS** *None recorded* **EVIDENCE** Placename evidence

SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Map OS 1964 SN32SE **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 11810 NAME WERNCORGAM I
TYPE Unknown, Cropmark PERIOD Unknown
NGR SN3849218072 COMMUNITY Llangain
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Cropmark

#### SUMMARY

#### DESCRIPTION

Probably the gas pipeline dug through in 1976. TAJ 1984

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1984 CR 11811 Mm List DAT 1985 SRF Mm AP Oblique James,TA 1984 AP-SN-3818 (AP-84-98.20) Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-210 26766-8 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 11811 NAME WERNCORGAM II TYPE Defended enclosure PERIOD Iron Age NGR SN38271814 COMMUNITY Llangain CONDITION Near Destroyed STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Cropmark;Earthwork

#### SUMMARY

Wern-corgam is an oval, cropmark defended enclosure surrounded by an egg-shaped annexe. The inner enclosure measures approximately 40m E-W by 30m N-S and is defined by a strong cropmark ditch, the south side of which is overlain by a road. There is a northeast facing entrance with hints of an approaching ditched trackway. The concentric annex is defined by a weak, discontinuous cropmark ditch and measures c.180m SW-NE and 120m SE-NW. There are hints of further cropmarks outside of the annexe on the north and what seems to be a faint rectangular enclosure within the annexe on the northeast side of the inner enclosure. The inner enclosure is located on a slope at 100m above sea level immediately to the south of the high point of a rounded hill. The annexe takes in the summit as well as the surrounding slopes. On the ground there is no trace of the annexe ditch or the other fainter cropmarks. The inner enclosure is marked by a very low earthwork bank with an outer ditch. In 2008 the site was under improved pasture. K Murphy 26 February 2008

#### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm List DAT 1983 Archaeology in Wales No.23,p.12,No.26 Pm List DAT 1984 Archaeology in Wales,24 p.23 Mm List DAT 1985 CR 11810 Mm List DAT 1985 DRF Mm List DAT 1985 SRF Mm Plan DAT 1987 Mm AP Oblique James,T 26,7,84 Ap84 97,16,9 Mm AP Oblique James,T 26,7.84 AP84.97.16 9 Mm AP Oblique James,TA 1984 AP-SN3818 (AP-84-95.10-96.15) Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-210 36766-7 Mm Desc Text Murphy,K 2004 Assessment of Prehistoric Defended Enclosures 2004-5, Report No 2004-100 ACA Reports Mm AP Oblique TAJ 1986-2 Colour slide SN31SW OTHER SOURCES Documents DAT 2010 11811.pdf

Report F Murphy, R Ramsey, M Page and K Murphy 2008 A SURVEY OF DEFENDED ENCLOSURES IN CARMARTHENSHIRE, 2007-08: GAZETTEER OF ORDNANCE SURVEY GRID SQUARE SN31 56594

### **NGR** SN387207 **COMMUNITY** Carmarthen **CONDITION** Not known **STATUS** *None recorded* **EVIDENCE** Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

Ministers' accounts of the town of Carmarthen 1300-1546, Transcribed by EA Lewis, NLW MS 450 D - 1358 states "the lepers of Tawelan" Carmarthen Castulary No. 19, 25 Transcription by Alcwyn Evans NLW MS 450 D. ta James 1980 No features of the leper hospital were seen. Possibly the building was built over or it was situated further away from the road. The land opposite Tawelon cottage has been built up by a height of approx. 6feet to counter the damp, boggy soil + to enable building of the cottage Long Reach. Mr Harry Bassett of longreach had not seen any features of a building but was convinced that it would have been too wet a site to attempt buildings. L Weeks DAT 1985

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1983 CR Trebersed grange,10602 Mm List DAT 1985 SRF Pm List James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog.Survey p.43-4,No.44,Fig.4.8 Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-220 23702-3,Nothing visible Pm Map Rees,W 1932 S.Wales & Border in 14th c. SW Sheet **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 12759 NAME LLANLLWCH
TYPE Fulling mill PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN386187 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

Mentioned in the ministers account of the Town of Carmarthen, 1300-1315. EA Lewis transcription in NLW MS 450 D. TA James 1980 **SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1983 CR Post Med mill 9954 Pm Mention Eyre-Evans,G 1909-10 TCASFC Vol.5,p.64 Pm List Jack,RI 1981 Arch.Camb Vol.130,p.110,No.118 Pm List James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog.Survey p.42-5,Fig.4.8,No.31 Pm Map Rees,W 1932 S.Wales & Border in 14th c. SW Sheet **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 12953 NAME MELIN TREBERSED
TYPE Mill PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN376201 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1983 CR 2147,5019,10602,15701 Pm Map James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog.Survey p.43,Fig.4.8 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 13147NAME WERNCORGAM-FAWRTYPEEnclosure, MoatPERIODNGRSN38661812COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEEarthwork

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1986 Colour slide Pm Note James, TA 1987 Arch in Wales Vol 26 p62, SRF Mm AP Oblique TAJ 1986-2 Colour slide SN31NE **OTHER SOURCES** 

Documents DAT 2010 13147.pdf

PRN 13279 NAME MAESGWYN
TYPE Settlement PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN36552010 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Near Intact STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

### SUMMARY

These earthworks may comprise a sinuous "street" with buildings around. More air photography is needed. They may relate to th etownship of "Cwmau Bachan" referred to in Dissolution documents. This township was the centre of the co-called Grange of Cwmau of St Johns Priory Carmarthen. TJ-Dec 87.

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm Desc Text James,TA 1987 Field 25 Note on SRF Pm Desc Text James,TA 1987 Maesgwyn Arch in Wales, Vol 27, p.67 Mm AP Oblique James,TA 1987 AP87.157.21-23 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 13290 NAME MAESGWYN
TYPE Settlement PERIOD Medieval, Post Medieval
NGR SN365200 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Near Intact STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION

## **SOURCES** Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1987 SN3620 AP87-165.14.5 **OTHER SOURCES**

PRN 15630 NAME TYPE Quarry PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN36081924 COMMUNITY Newchurch and Merthyr CONDITION Not Known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1975 SN31NE OTHER SOURCES

PRN 15631 NAME TYPE Quarry PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN3723818145 COMMUNITY Llangynog CONDITION Not Known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Map OS 1975 SN31NE **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 15701 NAME MELIN TREBERSED
TYPE Corn mill PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN37692010 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not Known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1983 CR 12953, Mediaeval Mill Pm Map OS 1906 1,2500 Carm.XXXIX.5 Pm Map OS 1975 SN32SE **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 200 NAME ST DAVID'S HOSPITAL; JOINT COUNTIES LUNATIC
ASYLUM FOR CARMARTHENSHIRE CARDIGANSHIRE AND
PEMBROKESHIRE
TYPE Psychiatric hospital PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3947520170 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Intact STATUS listed building 9456
II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

St Davids mental hospital was opened in 1865 as the Joint Counties Lunatic Asylum for Carmarthenshire, Cardiganshire and Pembrokeshire to house 600 patients, officers and attendants. In 1895 it was enlarged to include a new female hospital, infectious diseases hospital, chapel, workshops and farm buildings, the labour being provided by the staff and patients of the hospital. It is due to close in 2001. JH Jan 2000 based on Lodwick, 1994

### DESCRIPTION

St Davids psychiatric Hospital was opened in 1865 as the "joint counties lunatic asylum." and continues to function for that purpose. T James 1976

**SOURCES** Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, nos 9456,9457,15885,82144,82154 & 82157 Access database,SMR Pm Mention Carmarthen Journal 1998 Psychiatric hospital up for sale DRF Pm Mention Carmarthen Journal 2001 '4m unit go-ahead? DRF Pm Mention Carmarthen Journal 2001 'Developers eye hospital site' DRF Pm Mention Carmarthen Journal 2003 'Hospital sold in 3m deal' Mm GP James, TA DRF Mono Print Pm Desc Text Lodwick, J & V 1972 Story of Carmarthen p.145, Illus. Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-220 24553-4 Ph Map OS 1890 1:2500 Pm Mention Spurrell, C 1933 TCASFC Vol.24, p.68 Ph Mention Spurrell, W 1882 Carm & its Neighbourhood p.38 Mm AP Oblique TAJ 1986-10 Colour slide SN32SE Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.28 Mm Desc Text WO 1994 Amendment to Listing Schedule DRF **OTHER SOURCES** 

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PRN 20341 NAME PETERWELL
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3936719632 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Intact STATUS listed building 9579
II EVIDENCE Building
```

### SUMMARY

A substantial villa of c1840, not marked on the tithe map of 1837. The interior has features similar to John Nash villas. Owned in the earlier 20th century by the Soppott family. (PP 30/6/04 from listed building info)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, no 9579 Access database,SMR Ph List Nicholas,T 1872 County Families of Wales Vol.1,p.283 Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1888 1st edition Carmarthen 1-500 Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.85 **OTHER SOURCES**  PRN 20342 NAME NANT-Y-FELIN; MILLBROOK
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3934619601 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Intact STATUS listed building 9580
II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

An early 19th century villa, not marked on the tithe map of 1837. Possibly associated with the larger Peterwell (PRN 20341) to the east, as both were owned by the Soppitt family in the early 20th century. Called Millbrook on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map of 1888. (PP 30/6/04 from listed building info)

### DESCRIPTION

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition^unknown. RPS September 2001 (Description from PRN23542) Also listed by WO: - Front garden walls, railings and gates.

**SOURCES** Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, no 9580 Access database,SMR Mm List DAT 1986 CR 297 Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1888 1st edition Carmarthen 1-500 Pm Map Ordnance Survey 1907 2nd edition Carm XXXIX NW 6" Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.85 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 20343 NAME PONTGARREG COTTAGE
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3928219600 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Intact STATUS listed building 9582
II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

A farmhouse built in the 18th century with 19th century alterations. The farm was owned by the Edwinsford estate in the late 18th century when it was leased to Charles Nott, father of Sir William Nott. Restored in 1994 which revealed evidence of successive roofs, the current oak roof possibly

being the 4th. (PP 30/6/04, from listed building database)

### DESCRIPTION

Also listed by WO : - Arch and gate in south garden wall; Barn to SW of Cottage.

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, no 9582 Access database,SMR Pm Mention Lodwick, J&V 1994 The Story of Carmarthen (3rd edition) p355 Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1888 1st edition Carmarthen 1-500 Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.86

### **OTHER SOURCES**

PRN 20345 NAME JOHNSTOWN **TYPE** Town **PERIOD** Post Medieval **NGR** SN3919 **COMMUNITY** Carmarthen **CONDITION** Not known **STATUS** None recorded **EVIDENCE** Placename evidence

### SUMMARY

The town reputedly named after John Jones of Ystrad (1777 to 1842), MP for Carmarthen county. A settlement of houses originally of mainly 18th to early 19th century date. The site formerly comprised parts of the lands of St John's Priory. "Johnstown" appears on the old series Ordnance survey map of 1831. (PP 30/6/04)

### DESCRIPTION

Reputedly named after John Jones of Ystrad. Settlement of houses originally of mainly late C18 to early C19 date. The site of settlement formerly comprised part of the lands belonging to St. John's priory, and as shown as St. John's on OS map of 1834. See Llanstephan Rd and St Clears road.

**SOURCES** Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1831 Old Series Sheet 41 Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.23 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 20360 NAME MILLBANK HALL; MILLBANK VILLA
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3947119522 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Intact STATUS listed building 9502
II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

A substantial suburban house, possibly originally a farmhouse or minor gentry house of the late 18th or early 19th century. The tithe map records a Mill Brook and Millbank with tanyard. The 1st edition Ordnance Survey map marks Millbank Villa in 1888. Heavily altered in the late 20th century.(PP 2/7/04 from listed buildings database)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1888 1st edition Carmarthen 1-500 Mm Database Cadw Listed^Buildings database, no 9502 Access database,SMR Pm List WO 1981 BSAHI-Carmarthen p.45 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 20635 NAME JOBS WELL
TYPE Well PERIOD Medieval, Post Medieval
NGR SN3920 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

A well recorded by Lhuyd in his Parochalia of 1698 as being a "large spring.... wch inhabitants and foriegners finde to be very medicinal in the cure of scabs, ulcers and rickets". John Dyer recorded in his diary of 1709 that he fell into a well at Job's Well. By 1740, the Borough Corporation owned a public bathing place at Job's Well, PRN 39911, which it is presumed was a modification of the original well. The location of the well and bathing place has not been positively identified. (JH Jan 2000, based on Jones, 1992 and Lodwick, 1994)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Mention 1929 TCASFC Vol.21,p.63 Pm Desc Text Jones,F 1992 The Holy Wells of Wales p.169 Ph Desc Text Lhuyd,E 1695-98 Parochalia iii, 26 Pm Mention Lodwick,J&V 1994 The Story of Carmarthen Pm Mention Morgan,EE 1918 TCASFC Vol.12,Pt.XXXII,p.46 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 2144 NAME ALLT-Y-CNAP TYPE Defended enclosure PERIOD Iron Age NGR SN39501870 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Near Destroyed STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

### SUMMARY

Allt-y-Cnap is a defended enclosure occupying the highest point of an inland promontory at c.90m above sea level. Land falls steeply away from the site to the north, east and south, providing a natural defence on these sides. The site does, however, seem to be an enclosure rather than a promontory fort. The site was identified by Savory in 1954-56 from vertical aerial photographs taken in 1946. Savory described it as a polygonal, single banked enclosure. Subsequent field visits by the Ordnance Survey in 1966 and 1967 failed to reveal any trace of a site and they considered any surviving earthworks to be natural or part of an old field bank. However, aerial photographs taken in 1984 by Dyfed Archaeological Trust seem to show at least part of an enclosure. On the ground there are earthworks, some of which are natural, but others may relate to a defensive bank and stand up to 0.25m-0.3m in height. These are, however, not easy to define. The exact size and shape of the enclosure is therefore impossible to assess. The site is under improved pasture. K Murphy and R Ramsey 25 February 2008

### DESCRIPTION

No trace. K Murphy 1983

### SOURCES Mm List DAT 1983 SRF

Pm Mention Forde-Johnstone, J 1976 Hillforts of the Iron Age p.118 Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1984 AP-SN 3918 (AP-84-97-17-18 Ph List Lewis, S 1833 Topographical Dictionary of Wales Carmarthen Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-210 27093-4 Mm Desc Text Murphy, K 2004 Assessment of Prehistoric Defended Enclosures 2004-5, Report No 2004-100 ACA Reports Mm List OS 1967 SN31 NE1 Mm AP Vertical RAF 1946 106G-UK-1625 4144-5 Pm List Savory, HN 1954 Bulletin of the Board of Celtic Studies Vol.16, p.66, No.(q)16

### **OTHER SOURCES**

Report F Murphy, R Ramsey, M Page and K Murphy 2008 A SURVEY OF DEFENDED ENCLOSURES IN CARMARTHENSHIRE, 2007-08: GAZETTEER OF ORDNANCE SURVEY GRID SQUARE SN31 56594

**PRN 2147 NAME TREBERSED TYPE** Moated homestead **PERIOD** Medieval NGR SN38301996 COMMUNITY Carmarthen **CONDITION** Near Intact **STATUS** scheduled ancient monument CM249 EVIDENCE Earthwork

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

Internal dimensions in feet: - 103 x 75. Spurgeon 1981

**SOURCES** Mm Desc Text CADW 1993 Notificaton of Scheduling SAM file Mm Desc Text CADW 1993 AM107 SAM file Mm Desc Text CADW 1994 AM107 SAM file, Cm 249 Mm Desc Text CADW 2003 AM107 SAM file, CM249 Mm List DAT 1983 CR 5019, Moated homestead, 10602, Mediaeval grange,12953,Mediaeval Mill Mm Plan Davies, P 1983 DRF Trebersed Mm GP James, TA DRF Mono print Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1978 TAJ-AP-3.35 Mono Print Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1978 TAJ-AP-8.28 Mono Print Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1979 SN3819 Colour slide Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1979 TAJ-AP-SN3819 Colour slide

Pm Map James,TA 1980 Carmarthen,Arch.& Topog.Survey p.43,Fig.4.8,No.2 Pm Desc Text Jones,F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p.184 Pm Distrib Map Jones,GDB 1971 Carm.Ant Vol.7.p.8 Pm Desc Text Jones,JF 1961 Carm.Ant Vol.3,Pts.3 & 4,p.201 Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-210 27082-3 Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX SW Mm List OS 1967 SN31 NE4 Mm AP Vertical RAF 1946 106G-UK-1625 6075-6 Pm Map Rees,W 1932 S.Wales & Border in 14th c. SW sheet Pm List Spurgeon,CJ 1981 Med.Moated Sites in NW Europe Moated Sites in Wales,Fig.2.8,p.56 Mm AP Oblique St.Joseph,JK **OTHER SOURCES** 

Documents CADW 2006 Application for grant aid

PRN 21668NAME PANT YR YNTYPEBlacksmiths workshopPERIODNGRSN38361790COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEBuilding

SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX.SW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 22641NAME LLETTY-YR-IARLLTYPECottagePERIODPost MedievalNGRSN36902005COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

SUMMARY

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition not known. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23535 NAME PENTRE-SIL
TYPE Gravel pit PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN39401972 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23540 NAME WAUN-Y-GROES
TYPE Cottage PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN38231940 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not Known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition unknown. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

### SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23541 NAME OLD GRAVEL PIT
TYPE Gravel pit PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN38801901 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23542NAMETYPEDeletedPERIODPostMedievalNGRSN393196COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSNone recordedEVIDENCE

### SUMMARY

RECORD DELETED (DWELLING) Found to be a duplicate of PRN20342

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

### **CONDITION** Intact **STATUS** *listed building* 82145 *II* **EVIDENCE** Documents; building

### SUMMARY

A substantial earlier 19th century villa, marked on the tithe map of 1837 to roughly the same plan, as Croft Cottage. 'Boksburg' was given in the later 19th century by John Davies, teaplanter who returned from Boksburg (South Africa) and remodelled/rebuilt the house in the 1870's, incorporating evidence of the earlier building. Included a large conservatory dismantled in 2002, and an adjacent coach house. (PP 30/6/04 from listed building info)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, no 82145 Access database,SMR Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 23544 NAME GLEIN
TYPE Cottage PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN39251903 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not Known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Cottage first marked on the tithe map of 1837. Still marked on the 4th edition Ordnance Survey map of 1936, but is no longer marked on current maps. (PP 30/6/04)

### DESCRIPTION

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition unknown. RPS September 2001

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition Carmarthenshire.XXXIX.6 1-

### 2500 Pm Map Ordnance Survey 1936 4th edition Carmarthenshire.XXXIX.6 1-2500 OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23545 NAME TYPE Lodge PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN39101900 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

### SUMMARY

It is unclear what this reference is referring to. The nearest lodge to the given grid refence marked on the 2nd edition Ordnance Survey map is Ystrad Lodge (PRN 23552) to the southwest. (PP 13/8/04)

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW OTHER SOURCES

**PRN** 23546 **NAME** 

TYPE VicaragePERIODPost MedievalNGRSN39351950COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

### SUMMARY

Vicarage first marked on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map of 1890, not shown on the tithe map of 1837. (PP 30/6/04)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition Carmarthenshire.XXXIX.6 1-

### 2500 OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23547NAMETYPEDeletedPERIODPost MedievalNGRSN39481952COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSNone recordedEVIDENCENoneNot knownSTATUSNone

### SUMMARY

RECORD DELETED (COTTAGE) Found to be a duplicate of PRN20360

### DESCRIPTION

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition unknown. RPS September 2001

### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23551 NAME FFYNNON-WEN TYPE Cottage PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN38721860 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not Known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition unknown. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX SW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23552NAME YSTRAD LODGETYPELodgePERIODPostMedievalNGRSN38971868COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

### SUMMARY

The building is first marked on the tithe map of 1847. (PP 2/7/04)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX SW **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 23554NAME PEN-YR-ALLTTYPECottagePERIODPost MedievalNGRSN38711840COMMUNITYLlangainCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEBuilding

### SUMMARY

Cottage shown on 1907 6" OS map. Present condition unknown. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX SW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 23555NAME OLD QUARRYTYPE QuarryPERIOD Post MedievalNGR SN38551840COMMUNITY LlangainCONDITION Not knownSTATUS NonerecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX SW OTHER SOURCES

PRN 24877NAME BRYN GLASTYPEFarmsteadPERIODNGRSN367178COMMUNITYCONDITIONIntactSTATUSSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEComplex

### SUMMARY

Farmstead shown on 1840 parish tithe map. Present condition unknown, but there are buildings shown at this location on the 1987 OS Landranger map. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1840 Tithe Map & Schedule,Llangunnog Parish Tracing of original drawing (in CRO) held by DAT **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 24888 NAME WERN DDU
TYPE Farmstead PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN375179 COMMUNITY Llangain
CONDITION Intact STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Complex

### SUMMARY

Farmstead shown on 1840 parish tithe map. Present condition unknown, but there are buildings shown at this location on the 1987 OS Landranger map. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1840 Tithe Map & Schedule,Llangunnog Parish Tracing of original drawing (in CRO) held by DAT **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 24892 NAME BERTHLWYD;TIRALLT
TYPE Farmstead PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN367183 COMMUNITY Llangynog
CONDITION Intact STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Complex

### SUMMARY

Farmstead shown on 1840 parish tithe map. Present condition unknown, but there are buildings shown at this location on the 1987 OS Landranger map. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1840 Tithe Map & Schedule,Llangunnog Parisha Tracing of original drawing (in CRO) held by DAT **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 24956 NAME CELLIFOR
TYPE Farmstead PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN39341918 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Near Destroyed STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** First recorded in 1700. In 1980-82 the house was demolished. F. Jones.

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Map 1837 Tithe Map St Peter's Parish, Carmarthen

Pm Desc Text Jones, F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p.29 Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition Carmarthenshire.XXXIX.6 1-2500

### **OTHER SOURCES**

# PRN 24977 NAME CLYN-SIW;CLYNSYW TYPE Country house, Farmstead PERIOD Medieval;post-medieval NGR SN38101895 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not Known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

First recorded in 1354-58 when Ieuan Sewe was Reeve of Llanllwch. The house seems to have continued as the residence of minor gentry through the medieval period into the 17th Century. Now a farmstead. F. Jones.

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm Desc Text DAT 2000 Archaeological Survey of the Cattle Mart Site & Glyn Siw Farmhouse ACA Reports Pm Desc Text Jones,F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p.37-38 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 25083NAME LLANLLWCH; MANOR FARMTYPEDwellingPERIODMedieval, Post MedievalNGRSN38581886COMMUNITYCarmarthenCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEBuilding

### SUMMARY

A mansion or Manor House is recorded here from the early 18th century, described by Francis Jones (1987). (PP 27/9/04)

### DESCRIPTION

Major dwelling described by Francis Jones in 1987. RPS September 2001

**SOURCES** Mh Mention Trant Collection Mh Mention Plas Llanstephan Collection Mh Mention G.E. Owen Collection Pm Desc Text Jones,F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p.106 Pm Desc Text Lodwick,J and V 1972 The Story of Carmarthen Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1889 1st edition Carmarthenshire.XXXIX.5 1-2500

### **OTHER SOURCES**

PRN 25409 NAME NANT Y CI
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN37401920 COMMUNITY Newchurch and Merthyr
CONDITION Not Known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Historic home described by Francis Jones in 1987. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mh Desc Text Cawdor Golden Grove Books Mareiddig Warwyn Mh Mention Lloyd-Phillips Papers Mh Mention Dale Castle Pedigree Book Mh Mention Penbont Deeds and Documents Pm Desc Text Jones,F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p.136 Pm Desc Text WWHR Vol.II,p.26 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 25612NAME YSTRADTYPEParkPERIODPostMedievalNGRSN3918COMMUNITYCONDITIONNotKnownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEDocumentaryevidence

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

## **SOURCES** Pm Map OS Second Edition 6"series Carmarthenshire 39 N.W **OTHER SOURCES**

PRN 25629 NAME PENTRE MEURIG
TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN39242055 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not Known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Historic home described by Francis Jones in 1987. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Desc Text James, F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p156

### **OTHER SOURCES**

Jones, R.S. 2008 Land adjacent to Pentre-meurig farm, Carmarthen Archaeological Appraisal CAP report

#### PRN 25683 NAME WERN CORNGAM

TYPE DwellingPERIODPost MedievalNGRSN38661783COMMUNITYLlangainCONDITIONNot KnownSTATUSNonerecordedEVIDENCEBuilding

### SUMMARY

Historic home described by Francis Jones in 1987. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

### **SOURCES** Pm Desc Text James, F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p195 **OTHER SOURCES**

## PRN 25684 NAME WERNDDU TYPE Dwelling PERIOD Post Medieval NGR SN3749317929 COMMUNITY Llangain CONDITION Not Known STATUS listed building 26835 II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Historic home described by Francis Jones in 1987. RPS September 2001

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Desc Text James, F 1987 Historic Carmarthenshire Homes p195-6 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 296NAME ST CLEAR'S ROADTYPEMilestonePERIODPostMedievalNGRSN3819COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm List Ovens,GL 1934 TCASFC Vol.25,p.69 **OTHER SOURCES**  PRN 297NAME MILLBROOK HOUSETYPEMilestonePERIODNGRSN393196COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

### SUMMARY

A milestone recorded in the vicinity of Millbrook House. No milestone is marked on either the 1st (1888) or 2nd (1906) or current Ordnance Survey maps. (PP 8/11/04)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm List Ovens,GL 1936 TCASFC Vol.26,p.17 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 33941 NAME PEN-FFORDD-LAS
TYPE Road PERIOD Roman
NGR SN36751936 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Cropmark

### SUMMARY

A segment of the Roman road identified as a cropmark from aerial photographs, on an east-west alignment. This is the first identifiable segment of the road to the west of Carmarthen (PRN 14277). DS.09.2004.

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm Map Murphy K 1996 plot of aerial phots for RCAHMW now in GIS layers Mm AP oblique RCAHMW 1992 colour slide 0632-35 Mm AP oblique RCAHMW 1992 BW print 925021-06 Mm Desc Text Schlee,D 2004 Roman Military Roads, Forts and Vici Report no 2004-95, ACA Reports PRN 3419 NAME VIA JULIA MONTANA
TYPE Road PERIOD Roman
NGR SN36761936 COMMUNITY Several
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Topography

### SUMMARY

This PRN represents part of the route of RR623 as proposed by Margery, running from Castell Collen to Llandovery. RR623 itself continues on to Carmarthen. This route also forms part of the 'Via Julia Montana' suggested by Colt Hoare and Fenton, which was believed to continue west of Carmarthen to St. Davids. This proposed route generally follows the line of modern roads but, except for known stretches of Roman road, much of the route is conjectural. Following the accurate plotting of cropmarks from aerial photographs, a more accurate picture of the true course of the Roman road is available. While the actual route and the proposed route broadly follow the same course, the Roman road can now be traced in fields on either side of the proposed route or other modern roads. Also at

SN4520;SN5020;SN5520;SN6025;SN6525;SN6020;SN6530;SN7535;SN7 030;SN7530;SN8035;SN8040. DS Sept.2004.

### DESCRIPTION

### SOURCES Mm AP Oblique

Mm GP Pm Mention 1905 TCASFC Vol.1,No.19,p.44 Pm Mention 1931 T.Card.AS Vol.8,p.15 Pm Map 1973 Archaeologia Cambrensis Vol.122,p.9 Pm List Codrington,T 1905 Roman Roads in Britain p.371-Mm List DAT 1987 CR 11089 Pm Mention Fenton,R 1917 TCASFC Vol.12 p.39 Pm Mention James,H & T 1983 Arch in Wales No.23,p.35 Pm Mention James,H & T 1984 Carm Ant Vol.XX,p.23-27,Aerial Survey and the Roman road from Carmarthen to Llandovery Mm AP Oblique James,TA Map print,Llandovery Roman Fort,DRF Mm AP Oblique James, TA Mono Print, nr Llandovery Roman Fort, DRF Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1978 TAJ-AP-SN5721 Colour slide Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1979 TAJ-AP-139.1 Mono Print Mm AP Oblique James, TA 1989 AP89-2.7: AP89-2.8 SN7533: SN7534 Mm Map Jones, GDB Mm Desc Text Jones, GDB The Towy Valley Roman Road Pm Mention Jones, GDB 1958 Bulletin of the Board of Celtic Studies Vol.17, Pt. IV, p. 309 Pm Mention Jones, GDB 1971 Carmarthenshire Antiguary Vol.7, p.16 Pm Desc Text Jones, GDB 1972 Carmarthenshire Antiquary Vol.8, p.3 Pm Mention Jones, JF 1936 TCASFC Vol.36, p.46 Ph Mention Lewis, S 1833 Topographical Dictionary of Wales Llandeilo Ph List Lewis, S 1833 Topographical Dictionary of Wales Llandingat Pm List Margary, ID Roman Roads in Britain p.339, (route 623) Pm Note Maxwell, GS & Wilson, DR 1987 Air reconnaisance in Roman Britain, 1977-84 Britannia Vol XVII, p.42 Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 240-220 12750-5,20018-20,20030-1 250-220 13023-4,13035-6,19985-6,30832-4,30856-64 Mm Database Murphy, K 1997 RROAD. DBf FoxPro 2.6 and FastMAP Pm Desc Text O'Dwyer, S 1933 TCASFC Vol.58, p.46-51, Illust. Mm Record Map OS 1964 SN42 SW,SE, SN52 SW,SE, SN62 SW,NW,NE, SN63 SE, SN73 SW, SE, NE, SN83 NW, SN84 SW Mm Desc Text Page, N 1994 Proposed Carmarthen Eastern By-Pass SMR Librarv Mm AP Vertical RAF 1946 106G-UK-1471 4376-7 Pm List RCAHM 1917 Carm Nos.14,260,339,550,595 Mm List RCAHM 1976 4c,CM Ph Mention Rees, W 1873 Archaeologia Cambrensis 4th Series, Vol.4, p.129 Mm Desc Text Schlee, D 2004 Roman Military Roads, Forts and Vici Report no 2004-95, ACA Reports Pm Mention Soulsby & Jones 1977 Hist. Towns, Dinefwr No.6.2.8, p.26 Ph Mention Spurrell, W 1882 Carm & its Neighbourhood p.2

### **OTHER SOURCES**

PRN 39911NAME JOB'S WELLTYPEBath housePERIODNGRSN3920COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

### SUMMARY

According to Lodwick, 1994, the Borough Corporation owned a public bathing place at Job's Well in 1740 and are recorded as having carried out repairs to a bathing house there in 1741 and 1776. This bathing house was probably an upgrading of the Job's Well as recorded by Lhuyd in 1698, see PRN 20635. The location of the well and bath house is not determined. JH Jan 2000 based on Lodwick, 1994

### DESCRIPTION

There is nothing marked on any of the 1st or 2nd editon OS maps, nor on the tithe map. The early 19th century OS 1" has the name "Ffynnon Job" on it but probably relates to the first Job's Well house, PRN which is depicted rather than the well which is not.

**SOURCES** Pm Desc Text Lodwick, J&V 1994 The story of Carmarthen p.378-379 **OTHER SOURCES** 

### PRN 40610 NAME TYPE Enclosure PERIOD Unknown NGR SN36431807 COMMUNITY Llangynog CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Earthwork

### SUMMARY

A small, 50m x 30m, strongly rectangular earthwork enclosure showing on aerial photographs. Date uncertain, but possibly Iron Age. KM 2000

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm AP Oblique DAT 2000 AP0015.30 Colour slide **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 43503 NAME ALLT Y CNAP TYPE Cemetery PERIOD Roman

### NGR SN39551901 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Finds

### SUMMARY

Visited by DAT in 2001. Workmen had excavated the batter for the edge of a storage area at this location and, having seen something in the section, contacted Carmarthen museum. Half way up the slope there was a cremation in a damaged greyware urn (1st century) and burnt bone, lying on top of the bone were two red/orange lamps. One was normal sized with 'FORTIS' stamped/embossed on the back (90-150 AD) and there was also a very small lamp with no markings. The larger lamp had traces of burning at the wick end. There were also at least 3 pieces of worked bone (tube shaped) and a fragment of glass. It was thought that there may be a juvenile and an adult in the cremation material.

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Mm GP DAT 2001 Digital image Mm GP DAT 2001 Printout of images Pm Mention James,H 2003 Roman Carmarthen Excavations 1978-1993 p7,9 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 441 NAME TRAVELLER'S REST;ST CLEARS ROAD
TYPE Public house PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN382193 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence

SUMMARY

DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm List Spurrell,C 1934 TCASFC Vol.25,P.44 **OTHER SOURCES**  PRN 44752 NAME STARLING PARK HOUSE
TYPE Mansion PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3957819685 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE None

### SUMMARY

A minor gentry house, with associated farm and service buildings and fine gardens constructed sometime around the turn of the 19th century. During the mid 19th century it was the home of Samuel Tardrew, former mayor of Carmarthen. Used as a local health authority offices in the later 20th century, probably around this time the rear block and outbuildings were demolished and the gardens partly removed. (PP 2/7/04 based on NP 2003-desk based assessment)

### DESCRIPTION

Shown on Parish tithe 1837, possibly also on original suveyors drawings 1831 RJ

SOURCES Mh Map 1837 Carmarthen St Peters Tithe Mm Desc text DAT 2003 Starling Park, Carmarthen Desk Based Assessment ACA Reports Mm Desc Text DAT 2004 Starling Park, Carmarthen Archaeological Evaluation,PRN 47614 ACA Reports Mh Mention Lodwick J&V 1973 The Story of Carmarthen,p.301 Mm File Many 2003 Planning app TMT-02989, Starling Park Residential Development Event PRN 47454 Ph Map OS 1886 Carmarthenshire sheet XXXIX NE Ph Map Ordnance Survey 1888 1st edition Carmarthenshire 1-500 OTHER SOURCES

PRN 451NAME YSTRAD ARMS; JOHNSTOWNTYPEPublic housePERIODPostMedievalNGRSN3919COMMUNITYCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSCONDITIONNot knownSTATUSrecordedEVIDENCEDocumentary evidence

SUMMARY

A record of a Public House thought to be located in Johnstown. (PP 18/6/04)

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm List Lodwick, J&V 1994 The Story of Carmarthen (3rd edition) p399 Pm List Spurrell, C 1934 TCASFC Vol.25, P.44 **OTHER SOURCES** 

PRN 5019 NAME TREBERSED II
TYPE Moated homestead, Natural feature PERIOD Medieval,
NGR SN38202018 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Documentary evidence;cropmark

### SUMMARY

A rectangular cropmark was noted from aerial photographs, situated on moderately sloping south facing improved pasture at 80m above sea level. There is nothing apparent on the ground to indicate the presence of an enclosure in the vicinity. The medieval moated homestead earthwork of Trebersed (PRN 2147; SAM Cm249) lies some 240m away, down slope, to the southeast. It is suggested that the cropmark may appear as a result of geology rather than the presence of an antiquity. RR March 2009

### DESCRIPTION

The cropmark was observed in a field directly to the NE of Trebersed farmstead. The land was pasture and sloped 1 in 20 to the SE. The northern edge of the enclosure seems to have incorporated the natural ridge, although no man-made earthworks were visible. The SW edge of the rectangle had a 2.4m long slope which dropped 0.25m in height. The slope seemed unsuitable for building upon and no hut circles were observed. Directly above the ridge is an area of flatter ground which seems far more suitable for siting huts. However, no hut circles were visible. Perhaps the ridge formed the southern edge of the enclosure. PR 2004 based on LW 01/08/1985 We visited the site on August 1st 1985. The crop mark was observed in a field directly to the North east of

Trebersed farmstead, the land was pasture and sloped in 20 to the SE. The northern edge of the enclosure seems to have incorporated the natural ridge, although no man-made earthworks were visible. The SW edge of the rectangle had a 2.4m long slope, which dropped 0.25m in height. The slope seemed unsuitable for building upon and no hut aides were observed. Directly above the ridge is an area of flatter ground, which seems far more suitable for siting huts. However, no hut aides were visible. Perhaps the ridge formed the S edge of the enclosure. LW DAT 1985

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1933 CR 2147-Moated Homestead,10602-Grange,12953-Med.mill Mm List DAT 1985 SRF Mm AP Oblique James,TA 1979 SN3820 Colour slide Mm AP Oblique James,TA 1979 TAJ-AP-SN3820 Colour slide Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-220 23701-2 Mm List OS 1967 SN31 NE4 Mm Place-name OS 1967 SN31 NE4.Farm 'Trebersed' at SN380510. Mediaeval house 'Treberchet' documented in area Pm Map Rees,W 1932 S.Wales & Border in 14th c. SW sheet **OTHER SOURCES** 

Ramsey, R. Page, M. & Shobbrook, A. 2009 Scheduling enhancement project 2009: medieval minor defended sites

PRN 5241 NAME LLANLLWCH PARISH CHURCH;ST MARY
TYPE Church PERIOD Medieval, Post Medieval
NGR SN38581878 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Restored STATUS listed building LB
2\* EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Medieval church, formerly a chapel-of-ease to Carmarthen parish, becoming a parish church in 1843 and now again belonging to Carmarthen parish. Medium-sized church comprising chancel, nave and west tower. Later additions include 19th century north aisle, and 20th century vestry. The small, rectangular churchyard is nuclear to the post-Conquest manorial settlement of Llanwllwch, the demesne of the manor of Carmarthen Castle during the medieval period. It is likely that the church was always dedicated to St Mary and that the `llwch' element in the place-name represents a toponome (ie. `lake', referring to Llanllwch Bog - James 1980, 44), rather than a dedication to St Luke. No current evidence of early medieval date. NDL 2003

### DESCRIPTION

**SOURCES** Pm Mention Archaeologia Cambrensis 6th Series, Vol.7, p. 287 Pm Drawing 1913-14 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiguarian Society Vol.9, facing p.56, 13th century tower Pm Mention 1914-15 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society Vol.10, p.81 Pm Mention 1929 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society Vol.21, p.68 Pm Mention 1934 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society Vol.25, p.47 Pm List 1984 St David's Diocesan Yearbook Pm List Ap Thomas, R 1932 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society Vol.23, p.82 Mm Database Cadw Listed Buildings database, no 9495 & 82165 Access database,SMR Mm List DAT 1985 SRF Pm Mention Eyre-Evans, G 1918 Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society Pt.XXXII,Vol.12,p.42 Pm Map James, TA 1980 Carmarthen, Arch. & Topog. Survey p.43, Fig. 4.8 Pm List Jones, MH 1915 Archaeologia Cambrensis 6th Series, Vol. 15, p. 323, 400 Ph Mention Lewis, S 1833 Topographical Dictionary of Wales Carmarthen Pm Mention Lloyd, JE 190 B D G Mm File Ludlow, N 2001 Archive for CADW funded churches project Categories A B G 'DRF Mm Desc Text Ludlow, ND 2000 Cadw Welsh Historic Churches Project, Carmarthenshire Churches, Llanllwch Mm Desc Text Ludlow, ND 2002 Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project, Carmarthenshire, Part 1 Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-210 26767-8 Pm Map Ordnance Survey 1907 Carmarthenshire XXXIX SW 6" Pm Map Ordnance Survey 1907 6" Carm XLVI NW Mm List Ordnance Survey 1982 SN31 NE10 Pm List RCAHM 1917 Carmarthenshire No.738, p.260 Mm List RCAHM 1976 8c,CM Pm Map Rees, W 1932 South Wales & Border in 14th century SW Sheet

Ph Mention Spurrell,W 1882 Guide to Carmarthen & its Neighbourhood p.32 Pm List Yates & Little,WN & J 1974 Carmarthenshire Antiquary Vol.10,p.73 Pm Mention Yates,WN 1972 Carmarthenshire Antiquary Vol.8,p.52,58-9 **OTHER SOURCES** Report Ludlow,N 1998-2000 Carmarthenshire Churches (DAT48) Church Reports Report Ludlow,N 1998-2000 57045 Carmarthenshire Churches 1998 -2000.pdf Report many 5241.pdf Report LW 5241-2.pdf

PRN 5258 NAME FFYNNONSAINT
TYPE Holy well PERIOD Medieval
NGR SN37022125 COMMUNITY Newchurch and Merthyr
CONDITION Intact STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE Placename evidence; Natural feature

### SUMMARY

A spring named after the nearby farmstead (PRN 11681), the site is not recorded on historic Ordnance Survey maps and the RCAHM (1917) record that there is no well at the specified site. The spring is depicted on modern mapping to the north of Ffynnonsaint farm (M.Ings, 2011, from various sources)

### DESCRIPTION

The owner believes that the farm name is derived from the spring situated at SN 37022125. There is no local folklore concerning the well and the owner could offer no explanation as to the 'Saint' aspect in the name. ER Evans 1984

**SOURCES** Mm List DAT 1984 SRF Mm GP DAT 1984 SMR 31-52 Mm AP Vertical Meridian Airmaps 1955 230-220 23691-2 Pm List RCAHM 1917 Carm No.633,p.216 Mm List RCAHM 1976 11b,CM

### **OTHER SOURCES**

Report Ings, M 2012 Medieval and early post-medieval holy wells: A threat-related assessment 2011-12

PRN 61469 NAME BOUNDARY STONE ON A40
TYPE Boundary stone PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3625719370 COMMUNITY Newchurch and Merthyr
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 26738
II EVIDENCE Building

SUMMARY Grade II listed boundary stone

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61487 NAME OUTBUILDING AT WERN DDU
TYPE Outbuilding PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3747717932 COMMUNITY Llangain
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 26836
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed outbuilding

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61658 NAME BLOCK W OF FORMER LAUNDRY, ST DAVID'S HOSPITAL
TYPE Unknown PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3928820169 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 82144

### II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed unknown

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61666 NAME FORMER LAUNDRY AT SAINT DAVID'S HOSPITAL
TYPE Unknown PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3934220217 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 82154
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed unknown

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61667 NAME FORMER NATIONAL SCHOOL
TYPE School PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3860818796 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 82155
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed school

DESCRIPTION

### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61669 NAME GATEPIERS, GATES AND RAILINGS TO S OF ST DAVID'S HOSPITAL
TYPE Hospital gates PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3950020126 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 82157
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed hospital gates

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61675 NAME LYCHGATE TO CHURCH OF ST MARY
TYPE Lychgate PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3860418807 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 82165
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed lychgate

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES PRN 61830 NAME CHAPEL AT ST DAVID'S HOSPITAL
TYPE Nhs hospital chapel PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3939320237 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 9457
II EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Grade II listed nhs/hospital chapel

DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61846 NAME CHURCH OF ST MARY
TYPE Church PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3858318782 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 9495
II\* EVIDENCE Building

### SUMMARY

Grade II\* listed church

DESCRIPTION

### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61908 NAME FRONT GARDEN WALLS, RAILINGS AND GATES TO NANTYFELIN
TYPE Garden walls & railings & gates PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3934419580 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 9581
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed garden walls, railings & gates

DESCRIPTION

### SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61909 NAME ARCH AND GATE IN FRONT GARDEN WALL TO PONTGARREG COTTAGE
TYPE Arch & gate PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3927419569 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 9583
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed arch & gate

### DESCRIPTION

SOURCES OTHER SOURCES

PRN 61910 NAME BARN TO SW OF PONTGARREG COTTAGE
TYPE Barn PERIOD Post Medieval
NGR SN3923819576 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS listed building 9584
II EVIDENCE Building

**SUMMARY** Grade II listed barn

DESCRIPTION

PRN 8385 NAME GORS GOCH;LLANLLWCH BOG
TYPE Peat bog PERIOD General
NGR SN365188 COMMUNITY Carmarthen
CONDITION Not known STATUS None
recorded EVIDENCE Landform

### SUMMARY

### DESCRIPTION

The strat and pollen analysis of a raised peat bog at Llanllwch, near Carmarthen.

**SOURCES** Mm Desc Text Llanllwch Raised Bog S.S.S.I DRF Mm Desc Text Benson, DG Llanllwch enquiry - significance of bog DRF Mm Desc Text Benson, DG Llanllwch - Clearance Phones and Anthropogenic activity DRF Mm Letter Benson, DG 1977 Enquiry to NCC re whereabouts of K.W. Thomas' thesis on Llanllwch Bog DRF Mm Letter Benson, DG 1978 Llanllwch Raised Bog - Letter to Sian Rees Map, DRF Mm Letter Benson, DG 1978 Request for advice on importance of bog DRF Mm Letter Benson, DG 1978 Arrangements for support re Llanllwch bog inquiry DRF Mm Letter Benson, DG 1978 Notification that tipping will not go ahead at Llanllwch bog DRF Mm Desc Text Benson, DG 1980 Meeting at Mrs Dunn's House, Wernddu, Llanllwch 10:12:1980 DRF Mm File Benson, DG & Evans, SB 1980 Recent threats to tip at Llanllwch Bog DRF Mm Desc Text Bray, RP 1977 Llanllwch Mire Site of Special Scientific Interest Planning Application to Tip Refuse DRF Pm Desc Text Carmarthen Journal 1977 Save the Marsh Plea 18:11:1979,DRF Pm Desc Text Carmarthen Journal 1978 Tip Extension Move 7:12:78, DRF Pm Note Carmarthen Journal 1980 Notification of date of inquiry to

extend Nantyci tip into site of scientific importance 14:11:1980,DRF Mm Letter DAT 1977-9 Threats File Many letters

Mm Letter DOE 1978 Response to various development proposals including Llanllwch Bog DRF

Mm Letter Evans, SB 1977 Llanllwch Raised Bog DRF

Mm Desc Text Evans,SB 1977 Llanllwch Mire S.S.S.I - Site Description and Summary of likely effects of tipping proposal DRF

Mm Letter Evans,SB 1979 Deferring of public inquiry no tipping at Nantyci DRF

Mm Letter Evans,SB 1981 Llanllwch Bog - withdrawal of proposal to tip DRF

Mm Desc Text NCC Threats File

Mm Map NCC 1972 Llanllwch Mire-location of S.S.S.I DRF

Mm Desc Text NCC 1979 Map showing extent of SSSI, with Description of site Map,DRF

Mm Desc Text Saunders,D 1981 West Wales Naturalists' Trust Llanllwch Mire - first Draft of Statement to be Made by Trust at the Public Inquiry on 14th January 1981

Mm Letter Smith, Prof AG 1978 Reaction to news of tipping proposals DRF Mm Desc Text Smith, Prof AG 1980 The Importance of Llanllwch Bog for Historical Studies DRF

Pm Desc Text South Wales Evening post 1977 Conservationists to fight Bog Refuse tip plan 7:12:1977,DRF

Pm Desc Text Sunday Times 1980 No Hiding Place for Britain's Wildlife 14:12:1980,DRF

Pm Desc Text Thomas, KW 1965 New Phytologist Vol.63, p.73-90?, p.101-117 DRF

Mm Letter WO 1979 Notification of cancellation of public inquiry re:tipping at Nantyci DRF

Mm Letter WO 1980 Letter and notification of public inquiry re: proposed tipping at Llanllwch marsh DRF

Mm Letter WO 1981 Notification of public inquiry re:proposed tipping at Llanllwch bog DRF

Mm Desc Text WWNT 1978 Just another piece of wet-land,OR? DRF Pm Desc Text Williams,GH 1979 Carm.Ant Vol.15,p.25-7

### **OTHER SOURCES**

### NGR SN38871888 COMMUNITY Carmarthen CONDITION Restored, Converted STATUS None recorded EVIDENCE evidence

### SUMMARY

Site of a corn mill recorded on the 1890 1st edition and 1906 2nd edition Ordnance Survey maps, with associated mill-race (PRN 102941) and millpond (PRN 102940) The mill has now been converted for domestic use (M.Ings, 2012)

### DESCRIPTION

The site was visited during the Cadw funded Mills project of 2012-13. The mill stands three storeys high and adjoins the mill house. The associated mill-race (PRN 102941) and mill-pond (PRN 102940) are preserved as earthworks (M.Ings, 2012) The mill building has been renovated. The mill wheel has gone and a garage is now positioned in its place. The wheel received its water supply from a mill race which started 250m to the SW at the millhead by the bridge at Mill Row cottages. From the wheel pit the water was carried in a culvert under the road to the tail race. The tail race is still in a good condition, approx 1m deep and 250m long. The mill pond has a well preserved bank on its southern side approx 1.4m high. There is no longer any water in the pond. (L.Weeks 23/07/85) Grist mill in town rental of 1633, 1667 (TAJ, 1980)

SOURCES Mm Letter Benson, DG 1982 DRF

Mm List DAT 1983 CR 12759, Mediaeval fulling mill
Mm List DAT 1985 SRF
Mm Plan DAT 1986 Survey of leat and mill pond showing relative water
levels SMR Vertical plan chest, 4 plans on 3 hangars
Pm List James, TA 1980 Carmarthen, Arch. & Topog. Survey p.425, Fig. 4.8, No.31
Pm Map OS 1907 6" Carm XXXIX NW
OTHER SOURCES
Map Ordnance Survey 1890 1st edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet
39.06

Map Ordnance Survey 1906 2nd edition, 1:2500, Carmarthenshire Sheet 39.06

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## Archaeology Wales



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