Site Name: HENDRE.

Site File Ref. No.: LLD/H002

Site Type: Farm

N. G. Ref.: SN 1228 4723

Period: Medieval; Post-Medieval; Modern.

History:

The name means 'Old Farm', and the name is traditionally given for early farms used for a winter homestead. The site has medieval origins. From about the year 1250 Hendre was held by the ancestors of the Lloyd family that later resided there.

The Lloyd family were descended from the chieftain Gwynfardd Dafydd (b. 1054). His son, Cyhelyn Fardd ap Gwynfardd was born in 1090 and in 1114 married Gwrangen Feindroed, b. 1092, possibly in Pembroke. In 1119 their son was born – Gwrwared ap Cuhelyn, also possibly in Pembroke. He in turn had a son named Gwilym ap Gwrwared (1140-1195) who married Annes verch Seisyll at Pembroke in 1162. Soon afterwards, their son, Gwrwared ap Gwilym was born. In 1194 he married Gwenllian verch Ednyfed (b. 1172 in Cil-sant, Carmarthenshire) probably in Pembroke. The couple settled in Cemais, and possibly at Hendre. About the year 1210 their daughter, Jane verch Gwrwared, was born in Cemais. In 1212 Gwilym ap Gwrwared was born in Cemais. In 1235 Gwilym married Joan Stackpole at Pembroke. Gwilym (or William) was a royal servant, and in 1240-1 he was the Constable of the Lordship of Cemais. In 1244 their son, Madoc ap Gwilym, was born in Cemais (He died in 1292 in Austria). In 1252 Gwilym was the King's seneschal over the lands of Maelgwn. In 1260 he became the Constable of Cardigan Castle. In 1275 his son, Einion ap Gwilym, was born in Nevern. Einion married Dido verch Cadwgan (b. 1277 in Dyfed). He died sometime after 1305 in Gwent. In 1305 Owen ap Einion was born, possibly in Pembroke. In 1333 he married Gwenllian Coatington. There seems to be some confusion at this point in the genealogy as the time available does not allow for the birth of two generations – David son of Owain, and Dafydd Foel, the son of the said David.

David Moyl was referred to as living in the parish, at Hendre, in 1355 – the year that his grandfather, Owen ap Einion, died aged 50 years. Robert ap Dafydd Foel was described as being of Hendre and probably settled here in the latter part of the Fourteenth Century. He was succeeded at Hendre by his son, Ieuan Lloyd, and Ieuan Lloyd was succeeded in turn by his son, Philip Lloyd. Philip Lloyd's son, Gwilym or William Lloyd, was the next to occupy Hendre. On November 14th 1442 William Lloyd of Hendre, the son of Philip Lloyd and Margaret verch William, was granted the privilege of having a portable altar upon which to celebrate mass – with the agreement of Pope Eugenius IV. William Lloyd was a descendant of Ieuan Lloyd David Foel. David Foel was the son of David, the son of Owain, the son of Einon, the son of Gwrwared, the son of Gwilym ap Gwrwared of Cemais. Gwilym or William Lloyd had two sons – Philip Lloyd, the elder son, succeeded to Hendre. Philip Lloyd was succeeded by his son, Ieuan Lloyd.

Hendre was recorded to in 1524 as "...Y Renreff...", then occupied by Jankyn ap Ieuan ap Philip Lloyd. Jenkin Lloyd married Agnes, the daughter of Griffith ap Howel ap David ap Thomas of Gwernan in Cardiganshire. This Jenkin Lloyd was reputed to have been the last person to have been interred at St. Dogmaels Abbey before the Dissolution of the abbey in 1537. His son, John Lloyd, succeeded to Hendre and married Elizabeth, the daughter of Rhys Vaughan ap Rhydderch of St. Dogmaels. In the mid Sixteenth Century, Owen Lloyd, a younger son of Hendre, settled with his wife, Jane, the daughter and co-heiress of David ap Gwilym ap Perkin, at Cwmgloyn in the parish of Nevern. On February 25th 1562 John Jenkin Lloyd of Hendre wrote his will. After his death, which occurred before April 23rd 1562, Hendre passed to his son, Rhys Lloyd, who later sold Hendre to his cousingerman, John Lloyd of Cwmgloyn.

John Lloid of Trefdeane in the parish of Llanrian in Pembrokeshire, was recorded as living here in 1583. In 1584 reference was made to "...*Hendre (alias Granant) Ycha and Issa*..." In 1585 John Lloid sold some of his Cardigan properties to Francis Welshe, a gentleman. Reference was made in 1587 to "...*Granant manerium alias Hendre*..." On January 8th 1596 Thomas Lloyd of Hendre set up a trust for his son, Ieuan (a. k. a. Evan, John) Lloyd, as part of a marriage settlement. This included the farm of Hendre. In 1603 George Owen of Henllys wrote of:-

"...Hendre, in English called the old town, the mansion house of John Lloyd, gentleman, anciently descended of the same house...the said John Lloyd is son to Owain Lloyd, second son to J [ankyn?] son to Ieuan Philip Lloyd son to Philip son to the...William Lloyd to whom the said privilege of a portable altar...granted as is before declared...The house of Hendre and manor of Granant came to him by purchase from Rhys Lloyd, son and heir to his uncle, John Lloyd, eldest brother to his father. This Lloyd, grandfather to the said John Lloyd, was the last that was buried in the abbey church of St. Dogmaels before pulling down of the same as ancient men delivered unto me..."

Following the death of George Owen in 1613, his widow, Ancred Owen, paid off the sum of £60 to John Lloyd of Hendre, who had married Mari Owen, the daughter of George Owen. In 1623 John or Ieuan Lloyd of Hendre was the Sheriff of Pembrokeshire. He had been married, at some point before 1588, to Jane, the daughter and heiress of Evan ap Llewelyn ap Ieuan Gwyn of Panterlys, in the parish of Llandygwydd, Cardiganshire. In 1637 or 1638 John Lloyd of Hendre died. His daughter, Elizabeth Lloyd, married John Morgan of Rhydgarnwen in Llantood parish. On August 19th 1639 an inquest post mortem was conducted at Newport Castle into the finances of John Lloyd of Hendre. In 1670 one John Lloyd of St. Dogmaels was assessed at two hearths for the Hearth Tax – this was probably for Hendre. In the late 17th Century the Lloyd family moved to Cwmgloyne and leased Hendre to tenants. About the year 1684 George Lewis of Hendre, the eldest son and heir of James Lewis of Alltycordde in the parish of Penbryn, Cardiganshire, married Sarah Owen, the daughter of Captain William Owen of Cwmeog. Was this Hendre, St Dogmaels? It seems more likely to have been Hendre. In 1714 the Lloyds still owned Hendre. In 1733 probate was made of the will of Evan Watkin of Hendre. In 1744 an old house that is said to have once been a chapel here, was converted into a cow-house by T. Lloyd.

In or about the year 1759 Elizabeth Mathias, the daughter of Daniel Mathias and Rebecca Mathias, was born here. In 1764 Daniel Mathias of Hendre became a warden of the Parish Church of St. Thomas in St. Dogmaels. In 1773 probate was made of the will of Daniel Mathias of Hendre. In his will he had referred to his wife; to his brother James Mathias; to Evan Harry; to his daughter Elizabeth Mathias; to John Harry; to Evan Abraham; to Robert Abraham; to David William; to his brother Lazarus Mathias; and to David Rees. In 1774 Elizabeth Williams married James Mathias at Newport, Pembrokeshire. The same year James Mathias took out a lease of Hendre for three lives from Thomas Lloyd of Cwmgloyne. About the year 1775 Hannah Mathias was born here, the daughter of James Mathias and Elizabeth Mathias. In 1779 Thomas Mathias lived here. In 1784 James Mathias of Hendre became a warden of St. Thomas Church in St Dogmaels. In 1783 Major Lewis of Clynfiew purchased Hendre from Thomas Lloyd of Cwmgloyne. Between 1786 and 1788 Thomas Lewis leased the farm to James Mathias. On February 17th 1789 James Mathias of Hendre, a devout Baptist, wrote his will. In it he referred to his "...*present wife...*" Elizabeth Mathias and to his daughter, also Elizabeth Mathias, and left provisions in his will to assist Blaenywaun Baptist Chapel in the same parish. He died the same year. Between 1790 and 1793 John Evans, formerly of Tir Ion, was the tenant at Hendre, having married the widowed Elizabeth Mathias. His brother (David?) may have been farming Tyhir. In 1790 John Evan of Hendre became a parish constable.

On December 31st 1792 the younger Elizabeth Mathias of Hendre married Joseph Rees of Nevern at Nevern Church and the couple lived here. Between 1794 and 1803 Joseph Rees was the tenant. About the year 1794 Elizabeth Rees was born here, the daughter of Joseph Rees and Elizabeth Rees. In 1795 the local Baptists met here twice a month, probably during the rebuilding of Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel. That year Elizabeth Mathias was baptised at Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel. In the late Eighteenth Century Elizabeth Evans lived here. Her daughter, Elizabeth Mathias had married Joseph Rees, who came to live here with his bride. In 1796 Mary Rees was born here, the daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Rees. In 1798 Hannah Rees was born to the same couple. In 1801 Joseph Rees of Hendre was a Deacon of Blaenywaun Baptist Chapel. In 1803 Ann "Nancy" Rees was born here, the daughter of Joseph and Elizabeth Rees. On July 7th 1803 Joseph Rees of Hendre wrote his will. In it he referred to his wife Elizabeth Rees, and to Rees Rees of Granant. On July 10th 1803 Joseph Rees of Hendre, died aged 33 years, leaving a widow.

From at least 1805 until 1831 the Revd. David Phillips lived here. He had been born about the year 1772 and was baptised in Derwenbron, Nevern, in 1793. He was born the son of Mr Phillips, who died young, and Ann, who later remarried and became Ann Rees Hughes, and was the mother of David's four younger half-sisters – Eleanor, Frances, Martha and Ann Hughes. On January 24th 1805 Rev. David Phillips became the Minister of Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel in the same parish and lived here until his death in 1831. On 26th June 1806 he married the widowed Elizabeth Mathias. On April 17th 1807 Phoebe Phillips, the daughter of Rev. David Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips, was born here. In 1809 David Benjamin, Francis Evan and Thomas Oliver lived here. On May 15th 1809 James Phillips, the son of Rev. David Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips, was born here. On September 15th 1811 Benjamin Phillips and Levi Phillips, twins, were born here to the same parents. Levi Phillips was later to become a draper in Cardigan. On July 2nd 1813 David Phillips' cart overturned, killing a servant. On August 4th 1814 David Phillips was born here, the son of Rev. David Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips. On July 18th 1816 Jonathan W. Phillips was born here, the son of Rev. David and Elizabeth Phillips. On February 10th 1820 Mary Rees, the daughter of the late Joseph Rees, married Thomas Williams, a tanner.

The Manorial Courts of Hendre alias Granant were still being held here up to the year 1821. In the Spring of 1822 Rev. David Phillips accompanied three members of his Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel congregation on board the "*Active*" of Cardigan, sailing from her home port to the Cardigan Settlement at (Fredericton) St. John's, New Brunswick in Canada. He returned home to Hendre in the Summer. On January 27th 1823 Anne Rees, the fourth daughter of the late Joseph Rees, died aged 20 years. On February 3rd 1823 Benjamin Phillips, the son of Rev. David Phillips, died aged 11 years of typhus during an epidemic. In 1826 Rev. David Phillips owned shares in the 40 ton Cardigan ship '*Ann*'. Rev. David Phillips' mother, Ann Rees Hughes, died in 1827. On November 6th 1829 James Phillips, the son of Rev. David Phillips of Hendre, married Letitia Phillips of Penralltceibwr at St Dogmaels. The couple made their home at Trenewydd in the same parish. On August 20th 1830 David Phillips of Hendre wrote his will. In it he referred to his wife Elizabeth Phillips; their son Jonathan Phillips (who inherited

Trenewydd); their son David Phillips, who was still a minor; and their son James Phillips, who was also a minor. Rev. Dafydd Phillips died on July 14^{th} 1831 aged 59 years. After his death James Phillips, his wife Letitia, and their children Leah Phillips (b. 03/08/1830) and Elizabeth Phillips (b. 06/12/1831), returned to Yr Hendre to live. The Phillips' lease on Yr Hendre expired in 1832, after which they renewed it on an annual basis.

On February 27th 1834 James Mathias Phillips, the son of James Phillips and Letitia Phillips, was born here. On January 10th 1836 John Phillips, the son of James and Letitia Phillips of Hendre, died aged 14 (?days?). On January 18th 1838 James Mathias Phillips, the son of James and Letitia Phillips, died aged 4 years. On February 27th 1838 Elizabeth Phillips, the daughter of James and Letitia Phillips, died aged 6 years. At the time of the St Dogmaels Tithe Map in 1838 the 254 acre farm was owned by Thomas Lewis and was leased to John Phillips. In 1838 James Phillips Snr was baptised at Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel. On October 20th 1838 James Mathias Phillips was born here, the son of James and Letitia Phillips. In 1839 David Phillips, the son of the late Rev. David Phillips, married Mary Ann Owen.

Between 1841 and 1849 James Phillips lived here. In 1841 Jonathan W. Phillips of Hendre married Anne Rees (and they emigrated to New York in 1851). Between 1841 and 1853 Mrs. Letitia Phillips lived here. On 6th June 1841 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: James Phillips, aged 30 years, the farmer; Laetitia Phillips, aged 30 years, his wife; Leah Phillips, aged 10 years, their daughter; James Phillips, aged 2 years, their son; Servants – Thomas Lewis, aged 20 years; Thomas Thomas, aged 20 years; Margaret Evans, aged 30 years; Marg Morgan, aged 20 years; and Elizabeth Howell, aged 15 years. On November 9th 1841 Thomas Lewis, who was a husbandman here, married Ann Samuel of Pengraig. In about 1843 Elizabeth Phillips was born here, the daughter of James Phillips and Letitia Phillips. On December 25th 1844 Elizabeth Evans of Hendre died aged 69 years. In September 1846 John Milton Phillips was born here, the son of James and Letitia Phillips. In 1847 David Phillips, the youngest son of the late Rev. David Phillips, emigrated to the U. S. A.. On September 3rd 1848 Leah Phillips, the daughter of James Phillips became the first person to be baptised in the new Gerazim Baptist Chapel. On October 28th 1849 James Phillips of Hendre, a Deacon of Blaenywaun Baptist Chapel and the son of the late minister there, died aged 40 years.

A new farmhouse was probably built about the year 1850. On 30th March 1851 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: Letitia Phillips, aged 42 years, a widow, the farmer of 272 acres; Leah Phillips, aged 21 years, her daughter; James Mathias Phillips, aged 12 years, her son, a scholar; Elizabeth Phillips, aged 7 years, her daughter; John Milton Phillips, aged 4 years, her son; William James, aged 46 years, a widower, a servant; Thomas James, aged 21 years, a servant, born in Nevern; Owen Williams, aged 22 years, a servant, born in Eglwyswrw; Anne Williams, aged 29 years, a Dairy Maid, born in Eglwyswrw; Mary Jenkins, aged 28 years, a barn floor maid, born in Llechryd; and Martha James, aged 18 years, a maid, born in Nevern. Except where noted otherwise, all of them had been born in St Dogmaels. On July 8th 1852 Leah Phillips, aged 23 years, the daughter of the late James Phillips, married Joseph Rees, the farmer of Gernos, and the son of Daniel Rees and Eleanor Rees.

On November 12th 1853 Letitia Phillips, aged 44 years, a widow, married John Rees, aged 34 years, a merchant of St. Dogmaels, the son of William Rees and Martha Rees of Granant Isaf. From 1853 until 1900 John Rees, a land surveyor, lived here. In August 1859 a medieval carved stone head found in a wall here, was displayed in Cardigan. On 7th April 1861 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: John Rees, aged 41 years, the farmer of 278 acres, born in St Dogmaels; Letitia Rees, aged 51 years, his wife, born in St Dogmaels; Elizabeth Phillips, aged 17 years, her daughter, born in St Dogmaels; Margaret Owens, aged 28 years, a dairy maid, born in Moylgrove; Margaret Morgan, aged 17 years, a servant, born in Southampton; Walter White, aged 27 years, a servant, born in Moylgrove; Daniel Nicholas, aged 18 years, a servant, born in Eglwyswrw; and David Davies, aged 16 years, a servant. In 1864 a description of the building which was believed to have been a chapel here, was written by Rev. Henry James Vincent in "*Archaeologia Cambrensis*". Its walls were 19ft long by 15ft wide and 9ft high.

...About a mile to the right of Caerau is Hendre, where there was once a fine mansion belonging to the Lloyds, who were descendants of Gwynfardd and Cwhelyn...A part of the old house, and what was probably an oratory attached thereto have been converted into a cowhouse. The keystone of the arch of the doorway of the dwelling house is thus inscribed, T.LL.ESQ.1744.C.W. The supposed oratory has no entrance from without. The door on the north-west, leading to it from the dwelling house, is not dissimilar to the door of what used to be called the Refectory in the Abbey of St. Dogmaels. On the south-west once stood an image, which was taken down when an opening was made in the wall at a place where the said image had long stood. It was exhibited at the Cardigan Archaeological Meeting in 1859, and is now at Clynfiew, the seat of Major Lewis, the proprietor of Hendre...In the east was a small window, the size of which may now be traced. It was probably a doublet, its breadth being much greater than its length. The walls of this building are very strong, and partly built of seapebbles embedded in very hard mortar. It is 19 feet long (the choir), 15 feet 7 inches wide, 9 feet high; and whatever it may have been, it certainly has the appearance of having once been devoted to religious worship...the walls and roof are in almost perfect preservation. It was formerly cruciform in shape, but has now lost its north transept. The nave, choir, and south transepts are intact; there is a room over the south transept which in all probability was a priest's chamber, as it is about two miles from the Abbey. The chancel arch still exists, and the remains of one old window in the choir to the east. It is at present used as a cow-house. It is capable of holding about a hundred people, so that the population of Hendre must in those days have been far in excess of what it is now. It adjoins the farmhouse of Hendre. The Mr. T.Lloyd,' 1744, afterwards of Cwm Gloyne, whose initials are inscribed on what is really half a holy water stoup built into the wall, acquired leave to turn this old chapel into a dwelling- house, after which its nave was turned into a cow-house, and the choir into a stable..."

In about 1866 Elizabeth Phillips, the daughter of Letitia Rees (formerly Phillips) of Hendre, married J. A. G. Evans of Cardigan, a solicitor. At the time of the Census on 2nd April 1871 Hendre was the home of: John Rees, aged 54 years, the farmer; Letitia Rees, aged 62 years, his wife; and their servants – David Thomas, aged 36 years; David John, aged 19 years; William James, aged 16 years; David James, aged 14 years; Margaret James, aged 45 years; Martha Griffiths, aged 21 years; and Eliza James, aged 19 years. On 3rd April 1881 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: John Rees, aged 61 years, the farmer of 273 acres, born in St Dogmaels; Letitia Rees, aged 72 years, his wife, born in St Dogmaels; Owen James, aged 35 years, an indoor farm servant, born in Meline; William Williams, aged 25 years, a farm servant, born in St Dogmaels; David Rees, aged 17 years, a farm servant, born in Moylgrove; Henry Johnson, aged 16 years, a farm servant, born in St Dogmaels; Janet Davies, aged 23 years, a farm servant; David Rees, aged 17 years, a farm servant, born in St Dogmaels; Janet Davies, aged 23 years, a farm servant, born in Cilgerran; Elizabeth Evans, aged 16 years, a farm servant, born in St Dogmaels. On February 10th 1884 John Milton Phillips, the son of the late James Phillips, died in Cardigan, aged 37 years. Hendre is marked on the 1886 O. S. map and others. On January 28th 1886 Letitia Rees died aged 77 years, and was buried beside her first husband, James Phillips.

In the late 1880's Hendre was occupied by John Rees, William Bowen, John James, Margaret Morris and Thomas James. On March 13th 1889 Hannah Williams of Hendre and the Cardigan Union Workhouse was buried at St. Dogmaels, having died aged 39 years. On 5th April 1891 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: John Rees, aged 71 years, a widower, the farmer, born in St Dogmaels, bilingual in Welsh and English; John Davies, aged 22 years, a farm servant, born in Moylgrove; Alfred Rowlands, aged 18 years, a farm servant, born in Moylgrove; D. Ladd Davies, aged 17 years, a farm servant, born in Nevern; William Bowen, aged 53 years, a cowman, born in Nevern; Mary Davies, aged 72 years, a housemaid, born in Moylgrove; Ann Harries, aged 50 years, a dairymaid, born in St Dogmaels; Lizzie Jones, aged 20 years, a servant in husbandry, born in Newport, Pembrokeshire; and Mary Morris, aged 17 years, a servant in husbandry, born in Eglwyswrw. Except where noted otherwise all of them were Welsh-speaking. In September 1891 John Rees, then turned 70 years of age, married Catherine Watkins, aged 33 years. In 1893 Willie Rees was born here, the son of John Rees and David Daniel lived here. On July 8th 1894 Joseph Watkin Rees was born here, the son of John Rees (then in his 70's!) and Catherine Rees. In June 1896 Benjamin Rees was born here, the son of Blaenwaun Baptist Chapel and Gerazim Baptist Chapel for more than 50 years, died aged 80 years.

On 31st March 1901 the following persons lived here at the time of the Census: Catherine Rees, aged 43 years, a widow, the farmer, born at Nevern; Willie Rees, aged 8 years, her son; Joseph Watkin Rees, aged 6 years, her son; Benjamin Rees, aged 4 years, her son; John Williams, aged 65 years, her uncle, a farmer, born at Meline; William Bowen, aged 65 years, a cattle man, born at Newport, Pembrokeshire; John James, aged 53 years, a widower, an agricultural labourer, born at Bayvil; David Williams, aged 22 years, an agricultural labourer, born at Moylegrove; Thomas Williams, aged 17 years, an agricultural labourer, born in Moylegrove; Ann Bowen, aged 50 years, a widow, a general domestic servant; Frances Griffiths, aged 25 years, a dairy maid, born at Moylegrove; Amelia Ashman, aged 19 years, a general servant, born in Sussex, English-speaking; and Catherine Evans, aged 17 years, a general servant. Except where noted otherwise, all of them had been born in St. Dogmaels and were Welsh-speaking. On August 16th 1901 the estate was advertised for sale.

Between 1904 and 1919 John Hughes Perry lived here. On September 21st 1904 John Hughes Perry, aged 27 years, a marine engineer, married Dora Abigail Morgan of Church House in St. Dogmaels. William Phillips was the farmer between 1904 and 1913. On December 1st 1905 Lawrence Ebenezer Perry of Hendre, a Boer War veteran, was buried at St. Dogmaels having died aged 25 years on November 28th 1905. In 1907 William Phillips of Hendre had the roof of Monington Church repaired at his own expense. In March 1911 the 273 acre property was advertised to let. On 2nd April 1911 the following persons lived in ten rooms here at the time of the Census: William Phillips, aged 75 years, a horse-man on the farmer, born in St Dogmaels, bilingual; James Isaac, aged 21 years, a horse-man on the farm, born at Cardigan, bilingual; Jacob Davies, aged 28 years, a waggoner on the farm, born at Cardigan, bilingual; John James, aged 16 years, a cowman, born at Llangoedmor, bilingual; David Griffith Llewelyn, aged 16 years, a shepherd, born in St Dogmaels, bilingual; Margaret Morris, aged 48 years, a dairy maid, born at Nevern, Welsh-speaking; Mary James, aged 24 years, a general domestic servant, Welsh-speaking; and Jenny Davies, aged 20 years, a general domestic servant, born at Aberdare, Glamorgan, Welsh-speaking. On March 29th 1913 William Phillips of Hendre, formerly of Trerees, died aged 77 years.

On October 1st 1913 J. Phillips Perry was born here – the son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes Perry. On March 1st 1914 John Phillips Perry, the son of John Hughes Perry and Dora Abigail Perry, was christened at the parish church. On November 10th 1915 Rachel Thomas, aged 22 years, of Hendre, the daughter of labourer John Thomas, married John James, a farm servant of Penallt Ceibwr, St. Dogmaels. On August 31st 1917 John Hughes

Perry of Hendre bought Penally in St. Dogmaels, for £600. Hendre was advertised for sale on February 14th 1919 with 265 acres of land, then occupied by Mr. W. J. Perry.

In May 1919 Benjamin James of Bayfil acquired Hendre for £4, 700, plus £150 for the machinery, and was the farmer from 1919 until 1927. On April 4th 1927 Benjamin James of Hendre died aged 67 years. In 1934 Lawrence James lived here. Between 1937 and 1954 Mrs. Margaret James lived here. On March 4th 1939 Miss Enid Myfanwy James, the daughter of Mrs. James and the late Benjamin James, married Dr. Hector Alban Thomas of Cardiff. In 1939 the following persons lived here: Margaret James (b. 25/02/1866), a widow, the farmer; Lawrence James (b. 21/02/1887), her son, a widower, also a farmer; Anna Mary James (b. 09/12/1888), her daughter, assisting in the house; Margaret M Jenkins (b. 08/03/1906), probably her married daughter, helping in the household; Daniel Owen Jenkins (b. 16/01/1901), her son-in-law, a sanitary inspector; Enid Myfanwy Thomas (b. 01/01/1908), her daughter, a housewife; Owain Rocyn-Jones (b. 28/02/1916), unmarried, a commercial assistant; and William David Grimson (b. 29/04/1910), a horse-man. Hendre is marked on the 1951 O. S. map and others. On June 12th 1954 Lawrence James, the farmer here for over 30 years, died. He was a widower, but his mother, Margaret James, survived him. In July 1954 Mrs. Margaret James died aged 88 years. On November 3rd 1954 there was a clear-out sale here.

Between 1955 and 1969 Thomas Williams lived here. On September 8th 1967 the 7-bed farmhouse and farm with 265 acres of land was advertised for sale. In June 1969 Thomas Williams died aged 77 years leaving a widow, Sarah Williams. In April 1972 the funeral was held of the late Mrs. Sarah Williams of Hendre, following her death at the age of 68 years. In 1978 Francis Jones noted the survival of clearly medieval features in the cowhouse referred to more than a century earlier by Rev. Henry James Vincent.

In July 1997 Hendre Fawr was advertised for sale with 15 acres for £110, 000. The former cow-house, which had once been a house and possibly a medieval chapel, was completely altered and modernised and converted into a holiday let by the landowner about the year 1998. On February 19^{th} 2001 Mrs. Audrey Hilda Cave of Hendre died aged 75 years. In 2003 the '*Veteran Horse Society*' was based at Hendre Fawr.

Sources:

NLW Eaton, Evans & Williams MS 30 NLW Bronwydd MS 697 NLW Kyle MS 26 Hearth Tax List for Pembrokeshire 1670 Pembrokeshire Record Office: HPR/145/15-18 Land Tax Lists for St Dogmaels 1786-1803 Pembrokeshire Record Office: Port of Cardigan Shipping Registers Pembrokeshire Record Office: Abstracts of Wills 1789; 1803; 1830 Tithe Map of St. Dogmaels Parish 1838 St. Dogmaels Parish Register - Marriages 1837-1970 Census Returns 1841; 1851; 1861; 1871; 1881; 1891; 1901; 1911 Archaeologia Cambrensis III, Vol. V, 1860; 1864 Cardigan & Tivy-Side Advertiser 1873; 1876; 1894; 1900-01; 1905; 1907; 1911; 1913-14; 1917-19; 1925; 1927; 1934; 1937-39; 1954; 1961; 1963; 1967; 1969; 1972; 1997; 2001; 2007; 2010 Kelly's Directory of South Wales & Monmouthshire 1875; 1906; 1914; 1926 O S Map 1886 etc. Accounts - Rebuilding Blaenywaun Chapel, St. Dogmaels 1891 Occupiers List of Voters - St. Dogmaels 30/07/1894 Hanes Blaenywaun, Benjamin Rees 1899 St. Dogmaels Parish Register - Burials 1885-1952 The History of St Dogmaels Abbey, Emily M Pritchard 1907 Register of St. Dogmaels Parochial School War Census, 1939 Elizabethan Pembrokeshire ed. Brian Howells 1973 George Owen of Henllys - A Welsh Elizabethan, B G Charles 1973 Strangers From a Secret Land, Peter Thomas 1986 The Place Names of Pembrokeshire, B G Charles 1993; The Historic Houses of Pembrokeshire & Their Families, Major Frances Jones 1996 NLW Journal - XXIII Western Mail 04/06/2004 Monumental Inscriptions, Blaenwaun Chapel cemetery.

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