

There are three semi-circular banks, the outermost being composed chiefly of soil and forming the cross-defence making this a promontory fort. The other sides are protected by scarp slopes formed by river valleys.

There is a ditch between the outer earthwork and the higher stone scree and earth bank of the second bank which decreases in height each end and peters out at the northern scarp edge. The innermost rampart is the highest and makes use of a natural raise in the ground surface with additional material being added. An ideal look-out position. Some say this is a later Medieval motte.

The entrance is simple and appears to connect to a track (PRN 13086).

I thought to connect this hillfort to Castell Flemish (PRN 5167). It is believed that this smaller hillfort was a retreat camp from Castell Flemish.

#### BASIC PLAN & CROSS SECTIONS - NOT TO SCALE.

