

Sited a little way above a spring, with the course of a very small stream which was dry when first noted, a good example of a upland linear house. The building's foundation survives to a height of about half a metre in an area of scattered with glacial erratics which have formed the source of building stone. The long axis of the building is parallel to the ~~main~~ valley. A greater concentration of stone on the up-slope indicates the probable position of the main dwelling c. 4m wide and 5m long continuing as a possible annex on adjoining out building making a total length of 11m.

TAJ 22-4-90.

