

# Carmarthenshire Natural Capital Audit: the Historic Environment



Prepared by Cambria Archaeology  
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Information Centre



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Carmarthenshire Natural Capital Audit: the Historic Environment

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## 10 THE HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT OF CARMARTHENSHIRE

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### Summary

Cambria Archaeology Heritage Management were commissioned by West Wales Biodiversity Information Centre to provide an overview of the archaeology of Carmarthenshire and an inventory of sites recorded in the Regional Historic Environment Record (HER). This data will be used to inform the Natural Capital Audit that the Centre is undertaking on behalf of Pembrokeshire Local Action Network for Enterprise and Development (PLANED). The information gathered in the Audit will inform the production of environmental resource maps for farmers to aid them in developing diversification projects.

### Introduction

Carmarthenshire has an extremely rich historic environment, a valuable part of the county's environmental resource, which includes Carmarthen itself, the oldest town in Wales. The Historic Environment Record for Carmarthenshire contains the information on over 16,000 archaeological sites, over three hundred of which are designated as nationally important Scheduled Ancient Monuments. This resource represents at least twelve thousand years of human activity in the county dating from the earliest human habitation in caves to Second World War features. The record therefore includes a great variety of site 'types' from many diverse and different periods of time. More sites are recorded from some periods than from others with, generally, more sites surviving from later periods. There may be many reasons for this and while the age of a site may be the cause this is not always the case; other factors such as continuing use (or not), construction method and materials will also influence survival. Often the single most important factor influencing the level of survival of an archaeological site is its location. Medieval and later settlement is less common in upland areas, hence the continuing survival of prehistoric features in these areas. However, medieval and post-medieval agricultural activity will have affected the survival of earlier archaeological features in many of these rural areas. Conversely, although many medieval sites would have existed in and around modern settlements, where later development and expansion may have removed *above ground* evidence for the medieval activity, the potential for archaeological features to exist below ground in these locations is extremely high. It is therefore vital to bear in mind that there will be many archaeological sites that have not yet been discovered or brought to the attention of Cambria Archaeology.

### The extent of archaeological survival

Information on just over fourteen thousand known sites has been provided in the form of shapefiles that display the information as point data for GIS. Of these, ten thousand two hundred and seventy-six are recorded as upstanding monuments surviving as buildings, earthworks or other built structures (such as lime kilns/chambered tombs) in reasonable condition that might provide tourism opportunities as part of diversification projects.

Form of monument	Number recorded
Building	5527
Other built structure	1512
Earthwork	3237



## Landscapes of Outstanding Historic Interest

The Register of Landscapes of Outstanding Historic Interest recognises that historic landscapes are one of Wales' most valuable cultural assets being a special, often fragile and irreplaceable part of our heritage. These are large areas which retain physical evidence of the past, from the agricultural and ritual landscapes of prehistory to 19<sup>th</sup> century industrial landscapes. Four of these Registered Landscapes lie fully within Carmarthenshire along with part of one other.

### Black Mountain and Mynydd Myddfai

This upland landscape contains a wealth of evidence of past land use ranging from Bronze Age field systems and funerary monuments to post medieval lime kilns and quarries. The two Roman marching camps of y Pigwn and Arosfa Garreg, both Scheduled Ancient Monuments, controlled cross-mountain routes that were the major link between the Usk and Towy valleys until the late eighteenth century. The area also has legendary historic associations with the Lady of Llyn y Fan Fach and the Physicians of Myddfai: the farms mentioned in this legend still exist and are believed to have their origins in the twelfth century.



Carreg Cennen Castle lies within the Black Mountain and Mynydd Myddfai registered landscape



Carn Goch hillfort

### The Towy valley

A landscape rich in prehistoric and later sites including ancient route ways; Iron Age and Roman forts; medieval castles and mottes; post-medieval gentry houses and designed parks and gardens. The Roman fort and town at Carmarthen is designated a Guardianship Ancient Monument. The valley has historic associations with the Picturesque movement and is also an historic artistic Picturesque landscape.

### Dolaucothi

A landscape containing the Roman fort at Pumsaint and the nearby Dolaucothi Gold Mines, worked since the Roman period and a Scheduled Ancient Monument. This complex comprises surface and underground workings including a system of contour leats 8km in length that brought water to the site from the headwaters of the Cothi. The area also contains the historic settlement of Caio. A ninth century land charter surviving as marginalia in the Llandeilo Gospels suggests that Caio may have been the centre of an early medieval multiple estate.



The complex of mining features at Dolaucothi



The Hugden open field system

### **Taf and Towy Estuary**

This area contains a wealth of evidence of activity from the prehistoric to the recent past and includes the Hugden open field system on the low coastal ridge west of Laugharne. The castles at Kidwelly and Laugharne are Guardianship Ancient Monuments. Coygan Cave, site of some of the earliest known evidence for human activity in the county, was in this region prior to its being quarried away. Evidence for seventeenth century land reclamation survives at Laugharne, Pendine and Pembrey Marshes. Pembrey was the location of an airfield and Roayal Ordnance Works during the Second World War. Offshore, in the intertidal zone, several wrecks are visible at low tide.

### **Preseli**

A small part of this registered landscape lies within the county. The area around Glandy Cross and Efailwen contains a dense concentration of Neolithic and Bronze Age funerary and ritual monuments. Excavation has demonstrated the high potential for buried archaeological remains in this area.



Aerial view of Glandy Cross

### **Landscapes of Special Historic Interest**

As well as the areas above, Registered Landscapes in Wales include some that are designated as being of Special Historic Interest. They are generally smaller in area and the difference “*is one of degree, and not quality of historic interests.*”<sup>\*</sup> One of these areas lies fully within Carmarthenshire along with part of one other.



Drefach-Felindre

### **Drefach and Felindre**

Located partly in north Carmarthenshire and partly in Ceredigion this region was, in the late nineteenth/ early twentieth century, the centre of the Welsh woollen industry. At its height there were fifty-two woollen mills, factories or businesses operating in the area and a range of buildings, including worker housing, survive. The industrial heritage is of particular interest because, despite the rise of mechanisation and factory-scale production, the area remained closely tied to its agrarian economic roots.

<sup>\*</sup> Register of Landscapes of Special Historic Interest in Wales. Cadw/ICOMOS UK. 2001.



### **Lower Teifi Valley**

A small part of this area lies within Carmarthenshire. The area, which is around the village of Cenarth, is mentioned for the traditional salmon fishing trade, which involved the use of coracles.



*The Teifi at Cenarth*

### **An overview of the archaeological resource**

#### **Prehistoric Carmarthenshire (c. 225,000 BC – AD43)**

The earliest evidence for human activity in Carmarthenshire dates to the Palaeolithic (Old Stone Age - c.225,000 – 10,000 BC) and consists of flint and bone implements and animal bones, some of which are from animals such as cave lion that are now extinct. Of particular note is the occupation site at the now quarried away Coygan Cave in Llanddowror parish.

The Mesolithic (Middle Stone Age - 10,000 – 4,400BC) period is also represented and again comprises individual flint tools and larger collections, most notably that from Nantgaredig where the nature of more than four hundred artefacts recovered suggests that it was a site where tools were manufactured and repaired.

The majority of prehistoric archaeological sites and monuments surviving in Carmarthenshire are Neolithic (New Stone Age - 4,400 – 2,300 BC) and Bronze Age (2,300 – 700 BC) funerary and ritual monuments, in the form of chambered tombs such as Gwal-y-Filiast, standing stones and burial mounds (barrows) such as those on Mynydd Llangyndeyrn. In the west of the county the Glandy Cross monument complex, a ritual centre during the Neolithic and Bronze Age, is an area of outstanding archaeological importance and a number of monuments remain here.

Evidence of Iron Age (700 BC – AD43) occupation is principally in the form of hillforts, such as Carn Goch, and defended enclosures. Numerous instances of the latter survive throughout the county, such as that of Parc-y-Gaer in the parish of Llandissilio East. Previously unknown prehistoric sites are continuously being discovered.

#### **Roman Carmarthenshire (AD43 – 410)**

The Roman period had a significant impact on the landscape of the county, leaving a sequence of marching camps, at least two forts, one of only two Roman towns in Wales and the only identified gold mine in Britain. The site of the Roman fort at Carmarthen was associated with a quay on the Towy estuary. The civil settlement that developed outside the east gate of the fort became the town of *Moridunum* - the civitas capital of the Demetae - which featured an amphitheatre beyond its east gate. A network of Roman roads connected all these sites. Many of their general courses have been followed by later and even modern roads, while several sections of the road network are known through excavation and aerial photography. As well as these major sites a number of Roman artefacts have been recovered from across the county including coins, both as single finds and hoards; jewellery; figurines and statuette and domestic objects such as needles and wine strainers. Pottery fragments represent both everyday and high status vessels.

### **Early Medieval (410 – 1066)**

The long period of time between the end of Roman rule in Britain and the beginnings of the Norman Conquest of Wales is important in terms of cultural heritage, and in laying the foundations for later medieval settlement and land-use. Dated archaeological evidence for the post-Roman, pre-Norman conquest period is limited to just one site, the bishop-house at Llandeuldyddog, Carmarthen, where sections of four ditches were found below the level of the cemetery of the later Augustinian priory. At least one of these ditches may have defined the early medieval monastic enclosure. Undated evidence, in the form of cemetery sites suggested by long-cist burial, occurs only at Pontargothi, although thirty-six certain Early Medieval inscribed stones spanning the sixth to ninth/tenth century types are known of in Carmarthenshire.

### **Medieval (1087 – 1485) and Post-Medieval (1486 – 1899)**

The medieval period saw the development of castles and castle boroughs in the county, the majority of which, such as Kidwelly, Laugharne and Llansteffan are a product of the initial phase of the Anglo-Norman conquest. There are also a small number of undated earthwork castles and a group of well-preserved Welsh castles of which Dinefwr, Dryslwyn and Carreg Cennen are examples. Settlements developed outside the castle gates with many towns, such as Laugharne, having their origin in such foundations. Dryslwyn and Dinefwr were founded under Welsh patronage outside the adjacent castles. In the coastal zone of the Tywi, Taf and Gwendraeth valleys the concept of towns and boroughs was most readily accepted, and consequently towns here flourished. Outside the areas of Anglo-Norman influence a dispersed settlement pattern was more typical. This period also saw the introduction of alien tenurial systems and farming methods such as open three-field farming. In the heavily Anglicised coastal zone the effects of this introduction are still readily apparent in the historic landscape: open field strips still surviving around Llanybri, Kidwelly/Llansaint and particularly Laugharne, where the Hugden, Whitehill Down and Lees open field systems are unique survivals.

The post-medieval period saw the reclamation of land in the coastal zone around Laugharne, Kidwelly and Pembrey. An important feature of the present day landscape in these areas is the legacy of early industrial transport systems, the canals, railways and shipping places that later served the concentration of coalfields in the southeast of the county began to be developed at this time. Meanwhile, in the north of the county, fulling mills were being established in the areas that would eventually come to dominate the domestic textile industry. The limestone ridge that runs northeast-southwest from the Black Mountain to Kidwelly was heavily exploited in the post-medieval period and the archaeological remains of this industry survive all along the ridge.

### **Modern Carmarthenshire (1900 – present)**

Modern day Carmarthenshire was founded on the textile, coal and lime industries although quarrying and agriculture also played a critical part in the economy. Traces of all of these industries can be found throughout the county and at sites like Drefach Felindre and Kidwelly/Llanelli the remains of the industrial past are particularly spectacular.

The strategic importance of the coastline has long been recognised, and it has been defended and fortified across the centuries. Remains of airfields, like that at Pembrey, and other structures are an important part of the archaeological landscape, and are a clear link to the more recent past.

Period	Number of records
Prehistoric (used when the specific period of prehistory is not known)	328
Palaeolithic	2
Mesolithic	7
Neolithic	73
Bronze Age	894
Iron Age	258
Roman	249
Early medieval	147
Medieval	1513
Post-medieval	1016
Modern	344

Breakdown of records by period.

It is possible to record uncertainty about the period of a site using a question mark, e.g. Medieval? Those sites that have been entered in this way have been included in the above table. Uncertainty about the period of a site can also be recorded using double entry e.g., Medieval?;Post Medieval?. When querying the dataset such entries are counted once for the medieval period and once for the post-medieval, thus slightly skewing the above statistics.

### **Carmarthenshire's Historic Environment: opportunities and threats**

The wealth of Carmarthenshire's archaeological resource is a valuable asset that has the benefit of existing across all areas of the county. Understanding and appreciation of the archaeological sites and historic landscapes can help to ensure their future conservation and survival through careful farming practices and enable their recognition as assets whose promotion increases the economic potential of rural areas. Archaeology offers an opportunity for farmers with an understanding of the sites on their land to link up with existing tourism businesses in the area, or to develop new tourism initiatives.

The importance of the historic environment for our understanding of the past and of the processes that have created Wales as it exists today cannot be underestimated. This is emphasized by the fact that almost five-hundred of the recorded sites have statutory status as nationally important Scheduled Ancient Monuments. The surviving monuments, protected or otherwise, are a finite resource and care must be taken to ensure that neither the creation of access to them nor any subsequent increase in visitor numbers results in damage to the monuments.



## Appendix 1. The provision of Historic Environment Record (HER) data to inform the Natural Capital Audit

### The dataset

The Historic Environment Record is compiled from diverse sources on an ongoing basis. Although every attempt is made to ensure the accuracy of the HER, Cambria Archaeology cannot provide any guarantee as to the accuracy of any information contained within it. Information provided is therefore not a definitive source but reflects the state of the Record on the date that it was last updated.

In order to inform the audit, two shape files of HER data have been supplied along with this report. The first dataset (Carms point) is the same as that which was supplied to the Welsh Assembly Government to inform the entry level agri-environment scheme (Tir Cynnal) and the Single Farm Payments. The information consists of core data about each site, e.g. its name, type of site, the period it dates from, any statutory status, its unique identifier (PRN) and locational information. The datasets do not include records of archaeological fieldwork that have been undertaken in the area, nor of records that were created based on place-name evidence. They do, however, include records based upon information gained from documentary sources such as historic maps and aerial photographs. Selecting the data in this way is a means of ensuring that all visible and important monuments are included and is a manageable way of keeping it up to date as new information becomes available.

Due to the ad hoc way in which the data has been gathered the quality of information about each site varies and there are areas where the Record needs improving. Grid references for instance, especially in earlier records, may not be as accurate as those for records created since the advent of digital mapping and GPS. **In many cases this means that the point on the digital map does not accurately reflect the real location of an archaeological site.** To give an indication of grid reference accuracy the points in GIS have been colour-coded as follows: -

- ★ = A four figure grid reference e.g. SN7613. Accurate to within 1000m. **521 records**
- ★ = A six figure grid reference e.g. SN527945. Accurate to within 100m. **2056 records**
- ★ = An eight figure grid reference e.g. SN25749538. Accurate to within 10m. **11206 records**
- ★ = A ten figure grid reference e.g. SN4845638342. Accurate to within 1m. **431 records**

The second dataset (Condition point) consists of the same core data, but instead of colour coding to indicate NGR accuracy the points are coded according to the recorded condition of each site and the existence, or not, of a written description for it.

- ★ = Condition A (Intact) or B (Substantially intact), with a description.
- ★ = Condition A or B, without a description
- ★ = Condition C (Damaged) or D (Substantial destruction), with a description
- ★ = Condition C or D, without a description
- ★ = Condition unknown/monument restored/converted/moved or no condition information recorded, but with a description
- ★ = Condition unknown/monument restored/converted/moved, or no condition information recorded, and with no description

No geographical information on the extent of identified features is available.

### Information management

The Regional Historic Environment Record is a dynamic resource. New sites are continuously being recorded with the effect that any dataset supplied to an external organisation quickly

becomes out of date. The design of any project arising from the Natural Capital Audit will need to include a mechanism for the provision of updated information, and this will have to be developed in conjunction with HER staff.

### **Interpretation of the dataset**

The HER is an index to information about a huge variety of archaeological remains from many different periods of time and as such is a technical tool requiring interpretation. Where only a little information is recorded for a site, for instance a record of a burnt mound that does not have a description, interpretation of the information requires a basic level of archaeological understanding. When data is passed on to third parties it is important that information on a wide range of issues relating to the interpretation and management of the sites is available to enable them to understand the resource.

At present there is no funding available for targeted enhancement of the Record such as writing descriptions for sites that don't yet have them, or rectifying incorrect grid references and other inaccuracies. And while Cambria Archaeology provides an enquiries service free of charge for the public, staffing and other resource levels mean that we may not be able to cope with a large number of enquiries within a reasonable timescale. At present we do not have the resources to provide interpretation and management advice for such a potentially large number of sites, particularly when it is often necessary to visit a site before this kind of information can be given. We are therefore concerned that there is currently no proposal included in the project design to develop a structure to enable us to deliver further information and advice to the level that it may be required.

We therefore suggest that a guidance booklet, giving basic information and generic management advice, be commissioned to go with the maps that will be provided to farmers. Examples of information booklets can be seen on the English Heritage Historic Environment Local Management website – [www.helm.org.uk](http://www.helm.org.uk)

## Appendix 2. Scheduled Ancient Monuments: Carmarthenshire

<b>SAM Number</b>	<b>SAM Name</b>	<b>Site type</b>	<b>Period</b>	<b>Community</b>
CM001	Carreg Cennen Castle	Castle	Medieval	Dyffryn Cennen
CM002	Kidwelly Castle	Castle	Medieval	Kidwelly
CM003	Laugharne Castle	Castle	Medieval	Laugharne Township
CM004	Llansteffan Castle	Castle	Medieval	Llansteffan
CM005	Dolau-Hirion Bridge	Bridge	Post-Medieval/Modern	Cilycwm
CM006	Spudder's Bridge	Bridge	Medieval	Trimsaran
CM008	Carmarthen Castle	Castle	Medieval	Carmarthen
CM009	The Bulwarks (Civil War)	Earthwork (unclassified)	Post-Medieval/Modern	Carmarthen
CM010	Llwyn Du Camp	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM011	Garn-Fawr Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Newchurch and Merthyr
CM012	Waun Pwtlyn Long Barrow	Long barrow	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM013	Talley Abbey	Abbey	Medieval	Talley
CM014	Whitland Abbey	Abbey	Medieval	Llanboidy
CM015	Llandovery Castle	Castle	Medieval	Llandovery
CM017	Cenarth Bridge	Bridge	Post-Medieval/Modern	Cenarth
CM019	Napps Camp	Promontory Fort-coastal	Prehistoric	Pendine
CM020	Domen Seba (or Y Tomen Fawr) Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llangeler
CM021	Castle Llwyn Bedw	Motte	Medieval	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM022	Domen Llawddog (Or Tomen Maesllan) Mound & Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Llangeler
CM023	Craig-Gwrtheyrn	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM024	Castell-y-Gaer	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Newchurch and Merthyr
CM028	Hirfaen Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanycrwys
CM029	Old Dynefwr Castle	Castle	Medieval	Llandeilo
CM030	Dryslwyn Castle	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llangathen
CM031	Dol-Wilym Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanboidy

CM033	Crugiau Rhos-Wen	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM034	Crugyn Amlwg Mynydd Trebeddau	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM035	Crug y Bedw S of Blaen-Rhyd-Fedw	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM036	Crug 460m WSW of Brynamlwg Pencader	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM037	Garn Goch Camps	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM038	Garn-Fawr Tumuli & Enclosure	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Newchurch and Merthyr
CM039	Top Castle	Ringwork	Prehistoric	Eglwyscummin
CM041	Mynydd Myddfai Standing Stones	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM042	Ffynnon-Newydd Standing Stones	Henge	Prehistoric	Llanegwad
CM043	Llech Ciste Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanegwad
CM044	Carreg Castell-y-Gwynt Burial Chamber	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfynydd
CM046	Coetan Samson Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM047	Cerrig Llwydion Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM048	Burial Chamber near Cross Hands	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM049	Carn Besi Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM050	Cairn Circle 585m NE of Meini Gwyr	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM051	Meini Gwyr	Henge	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM052	Yr Allor	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM053	Morfa-Bychan Burial Chambers Cairns, House Sites & Fields	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Eglwyscummin
CM054	Meini Llwydion Group of Standing Stones	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangynog
CM055	Twlc y Filliast Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llangynog
CM056	Rhyd-Lydan Cromlech	Unclassified site	Prehistoric	Llangain
CM057	Meini Llwydion	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llangain



	Burial Chamber			
CM058	Fron Ucha Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llansteffan
CM060	Group of Standing Stones NE of Llechdwnni	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llandyfaelog
CM061	Mynydd Llangyndeyrn Burial Chamber	Chambered tomb	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM063	Maen Melyn	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llansteffan
CM064	Maen-Llwyd	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llansteffan
CM065	Earthworks SE of Clyn-Derwen	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Clynderwen
CM066	Round Cairns & Standing Stone SW of Blaen-Nant-Rhys	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM067	Tir-y-Dail Motte and Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Ammanford
CM069	Inscribed Stone N of Parciau Farmhouse	Inscribed stone	Early Medieval	Henllanfallteg
CM070	Castle Pencader	Motte	Medieval	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM071	Inscribed Stone & Early Gravestones in Church	Inscribed stone	Early Medieval	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth
CM072	Inscribed Stone in Churchyard	Inscribed stone	Early Medieval	Cenarth
CM073	Crugiau Edryd Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel Rhos-y-Corn
CM074	Crug y Bwdran	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanybydder
CM075	Crug y Biswal Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel Rhos-y-Corn
CM076	Ring Cairn 50m North of Crug y Biswal	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanllwni
CM077	Talley Mound and Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Talley
CM080	Pen Castell	Motte	Medieval	Llangeler
CM081	Castell Pyr	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanllwni
CM082	Grongaer	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llangathen
CM083	Castle Cogan	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Llansteffan
CM084	Three Round Cairns SE of Blaen Carreg	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanybydder

CM085	Newcastle Emlyn Castle	Castle	Medieval	Newcastle Emlyn
CM086	Parc-y-Domen	Motte	Medieval	Cenarth
CM087	Newcastle Emlyn Bridge	Bridge	Post-Medieval/Modern	Newcastle Emlyn
CM088	Castle Heli Mound	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Eglwyscumin
CM089	Llandre Entrenchment	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Clynderwen
CM090	Trichrug Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM091	Crug Glas Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM092	Crug Ieuan Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM093	Crug Ebolion	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM094	Maen Gwyn Hir	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanwinio
CM095	St Clears Mound and Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	St Clears
CM096	Hendy Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llanedi
CM097	Hendy Earthwork	Enclosure	Medieval	Llanedi
CM098	Llanboidy Mound & Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Llanboidy
CM099	Castell Meurig	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Llangadog
CM100	Portis-Parc Camp	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Clynderwen
CM101	Pen y Gaer	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanybydder
CM102	Castell Nonni	Motte	Medieval	Llanllwni
CM103	Crug Tarw	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM104	Crug Perfa Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM105	Crug y Gorllwyn Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM106	Nant Sais Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llangeler
CM107	Moelfre Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cenarth
CM108	Crug Gorllwyn Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cenarth
CM109	Nant-Gronw Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM110	Clawdd-Mawr	Linear earthwork	Early Medieval	Cynwyl Elfed
CM111	Carn Wen Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM112	Crug Bach Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM113	Crug Glas Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM114	Castell Du Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llanfihangel-ar-Arth

CM115	Gilfach-Fach Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM116	Crugiau Fach Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM117	Crug Gwyn Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM118	Crug Fach Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM119	Bwlch-Bychan Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM120	Banc Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM121	Pant-Glas Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llanpumsaint
CM122	Pen Celli Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM123	Clos-Teg Standing Stones	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM124	Banc y Bettws Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llangyndeyrn
CM125	Capel Bettws	Chapel	Medieval	Trelech
CM126	Castell Mawr	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM127	Crug y Deyrn Burial Chamber	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM128	Castell Bron-Niwl	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Meidrim
CM129	Castell Bach	Motte	Medieval	Llanwinio
CM130	Crug Elwin Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM131	Castell Mawr Mound and Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	Llanwinio
CM132	Crug Hywel Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM133	Pant-Glas Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM134	Two Round Barrows near Crossroads N of Eglwsfair-a-Churig Church	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM135	Little Mountain Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanddowror
CM136	Llansadurnen Cross-Incised Stone & Other Stones	Cross-marked stone	Early Medieval	Llanddowror
CM137	Pant-Glas Camp	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanddowror
CM138	Parc-Cynog Camp	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanddowror
CM139	Cwm-Brwyn	Enclosure	Roman	Llanddowror

	Roman Site			
CM140	Castle-Lloyd Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanddowror
CM141	Castle-Lloyd Camp	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanddowror
CM142	Pen-Coed Camp	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Eglwyscumin
CM143	Trefenty Mound and Bailey Castle	Motte & Bailey	Medieval	St Clears
CM144	Llanfihangel Abercowin Old Parish Church & Norman Grave-Slabs	Church	Medieval	St Clears
CM145	Trefenty Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	St Clears
CM146	Lower Court Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	St Clears
CM147	Gors Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangynog
CM148	Bron-y-Gaer Camp	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Meidrim
CM149	Maes y Castell	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Manordeilo and Salem
CM150	Pen y Garn Camp	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel Aberbythych
CM151	Pen y Cnap Castle	Motte	Medieval	Llanegwad
CM152	Coleman Dovecot	Dovecote	Post-Medieval/Modern	Kidwelly
CM153	Capel Dewi	Chapel	Medieval	Dyffryn Cennen
CM154	Beddau'r Derwyddon	Pillow mound	Post-Medieval/Modern	Dyffryn Cennen
CM155	Bryngwyn Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM156	Dyffryn Camp	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanfynydd
CM157	Allt-y-Ferin Mound and Bailey Castle	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanegwad
CM158	Maen Pica	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Clynderwen
CM159	Capel Nebo Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM160	Llanglydwen Churchyard Cross	Cross	Early Medieval	Cilymaenllwyd
CM161	Cross-Incised Stones	Cross-marked stone	Early Medieval	Llanddowror
CM162	Ynys-y-Borde Earthwork	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Llandovery
CM163	Crugiau Leir Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanllwni
CM164	Mynydd	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel



	Llanfihangel Rhos-y-Corn Round Barrow			Rhos-y-Corn
CM165	Cross-Incised Stone in Churchyard	Cross-marked stone	Early Medieval	Llanpumsaint
CM166	Hafod Camp	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM167	Dolaucothi Mound	Mound	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM168	Esgair Ffraith Round Cairns	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM169	Carn Fawr Round Cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM170	Fan Camp	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llansadwrn
CM171	Cwm-Bran Camp	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Llansadwrn
CM172	Carn Pen-Rhiw- Ddu	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM173	Caer Pencarreg	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Pencarreg
CM174	Arosfa Gareg- Llwyd Roman Camp	Marching camp	Roman	Llanddeusant
CM177	Gelli Burial Chamber	Chambered round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y- bryn
CM178	Round Cairns 430m North West of Henrhyd	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM179	Bwlch Seiri Camp	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Llangynog
CM180	Standing Stone S of Llwyn-Du Farm	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM181	Standing Stone & Round Cairns S of Tyle-Pengam	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM182	Berrisbrook Standing Stones	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM183	Kidwelly Town Gate & Defences	Gatehouse	Medieval	Kidwelly
CM184	Standing Stone NNW of Clomendy	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangain
CM185	Standing Stone 495m NW of Coynant	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM186	Standing Stone 630m NNW of Pant-yr-Odyn	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM187	Lan Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM188	Llandovery Roman Site	Fort	Roman	Llandovery

CM189	Ffos-y-Maen Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanpumsaint
CM190	Round Barrow 330m SW of Mynydd-Uchaf	Round barrow	Prehistoric	St Ishmael
CM191	Standing Stone NE of Halfway House	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM192	Bryn Maen Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llannon
CM193	Bryn-y-Rhyd Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanedi
CM194	Roman Earthwork 540m W of Y Pigwn	Fort	Roman	Myddfai
CM195	Llys-Brychan Roman Site	Villa	Roman	Llangadog
CM196	Pant-Teg Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llanybydder
CM197	Pen-Lan-Uchaf Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Kidwelly
CM198	Is-Coed-Uchaf Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llandyfaelog
CM199	Is-Coed Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	St Ishmael
CM200	Dolaucothi Roman Aqueduct	Aqueduct	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM201	Crugiau Round Barrows	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanegwad
CM202	Gareg Hir Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM203	Mynydd Llangyndeyrn Round Cairns	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM204	Garreg Las Hut Group	Enclosed hut circle	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM206	Roman Amphitheatre	Amphitheatre	Roman	Carmarthen
CM207	Pen y Gaer Hillfort	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Abernant
CM208	Dolaucothi Gold Mines	Gold mine	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM209	Kidwelly Medieval Town (Part of)	Town	Medieval	Kidwelly
CM210	Annell Aqueduct (lower section)	Aqueduct	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM211	Annell Aqueduct (upper section)	Aqueduct	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM212	Hut at upper end of Annell Roman Aqueduct	Building (Unclassified)	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo

CM213	Cothi Roman Aqueduct	Aqueduct	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM214	Pen-Gaer Promontory Fort	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM215	Nant-y-Mwyn Lead Mine Engine House Rhandir-Mwyn	Engine house	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM217	Cross-Marked Stone at Cilymaenllwyd House	Cross-marked stone	Early Medieval	Llanelli Rural
CM218	Cairns & Stone Circle S of Pen-y-Raglan-Wynt	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM219	Raby's Furnace	Iron forge	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM220	Deserted Medieval Settlement	Deserted Medieval Village	Medieval	Eglwyscumin
CM221	Court Wood Enclosure 500m SSW of Pen-Llwyn-Isaf	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Cefn Sidan
CM222	Garreg Lwyd Enclosure 600m SE of Crosslane Cottages	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Cefn Sidan
CM223	Site of Forge at Llandyfan	Iron forge	Post-Medieval/Modern	Dyffryn Cennen
CM224	Cairn Groups on Garn Fawr	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM225	Stone Circle 200m SW of Cerrig Cynant	Stone circle	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM226	Pumpsaint Roman Fort	Fort	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM227	Remains of Blast Furnace at Pont Henry	Industrial building	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangyndeyrn
CM228	Round Barrow 200m SSW of Felin-Wen-Isaf	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Abergwili
CM229	Y Garn Ring Cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfynydd
CM230	Ring Cairn 120m NE of Heol Ddu	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Gorslas

CM231	Merlins Hill Hillfort	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Abergwili
CM232	Hillslope Enclosure East of Glan y Mor	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Laugharne Township
CM234	Carmarthen Roman Town (part of)	Town	Roman	Carmarthen
CM235	Carmarthen Roman Fort (part of)	Fort	Roman	Carmarthen
CM236	St John's Priory	Priory	Medieval	Carmarthen
CM237	Roman Water Tank E of Brunant Farm	Water tank	Roman	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM238	Waun Twmpath Motte	Motte	Medieval	Cefn Sidan
CM239	Llanwrda Castle Mound	Motte	Medieval	Llanwrda
CM240	Castell y Domen Gwempa	Motte	Medieval	Llangyndeyrn
CM242	Enclosure 150m NW of Eithin Man	Enclosed hut circle	Roman	Llangynog
CM243	Carmarthen Roman Town Defences (part of)	Town defences	Roman	Carmarthen
CM244	Round Barrow SE of Goodwins Row Efailwen	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM245	Castell Garw	Henge	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM246	Tumulus N of Goodwins Row Efailwen	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM247	Earthwork 125m South West of Meini Gwyr	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM248	Dome Gunnery Trainer Pembrey Airfield	Gunnery Training Dome	Post-Medieval/Modern	Cefn Sidan
CM249	Trebersed Moated Site	Moated Site	Medieval	Carmarthen
CM250	Yr Hen Gapel Llanybri	Chapel	Medieval	Llansteffan
CM251	Castell Waunberllan	Moated Site	Medieval	Myddfai
CM252	Dolgarn Moated Site	Moated Site	Medieval	Llanddowror
CM253	The Castle Woodreefe	Promontory Fort - inland	Prehistoric	Eglwyscumin
CM254	Hot & Cold	Industrial	Post-	Kidwelly



	Rolling Mills Kidwelly Tinplate Works	monument	Medieval/Modern	
CM255	Tair Carn Uchaf Cairns	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM256	Tair Carn Isaf Cairns	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM257	Carn Pen-y- Clogau	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM258	Carnau'r Gareg Las	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM259	Carn y Gigfran	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM260	Stone Setting on Waun Llwyd	Stone circle	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM261	Kymer's Canal and Pwll y Llygoed Tramroad Bridge	Canal	Post- Medieval/Modern	Trimsaran
CM262	Glynea Colliery	Coal Mine	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM263	Genwen Engine House	Engine house	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM264	Llangan Church Cropmark Enclosure	Enclosure	Prehistoric	Henllanfallteg
CM265	St David's Colliery	Coal Mine	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM266	Penprys Pit Engine House	Engine house	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llangennech
CM267	Colliery Ventilation Furnace at Pembrey	Industrial monument	Post- Medieval/Modern	Cefn Sidan
CM268	Iron Tub Boats at Burry Port Harbour	Boat	Post- Medieval/Modern	Cefn Sidan
CM269	Cairn 150m ESE of Garnbig	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel Aberbythych
CM270	Glanstony Aqueduct Trimsaran	Aqueduct	Post- Medieval/Modern	Trimsaran
CM271	Stanley's Tramroad Embankment Pembrey	Tramroad	Post- Medieval/Modern	Cefn Sidan
CM272	Maesdulais Limekilns	Limekiln	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llanddarog
CM273	Odyn Jac Limekilns	Limekiln	Post- Medieval/Modern	Llanddarog

CM274	Section of former Carmarthenshire Railway Felinfoel	Railway	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM275	Limekilns East of Cincoed	Limekiln	Post-Medieval/Modern	Dyffryn Cennen
CM276	Cincoed Limestone Quarries and Kilns	Quarry	Post-Medieval/Modern	Dyffryn Cennen
CM277	Limekilns at Penymynydd Pedair Heol	Limekiln	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangyndeyrn
CM278	Garnbwl Limekiln	Limekiln	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanddarog
CM279	Roman Road 250m NE of Pwll-y-Hwyaid	Road	Roman	Whitland
CM280	St.Teilo's Church Llandeilo Abercywyn	Chapel	Medieval	Llangynog
CM281	Horeb Brickworks	Kiln	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM282	Pencoed Lead Works	Lead mine	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llanelli Rural
CM283	Cae Sara Lead Mine	Lead mine	-	Llangadog
CM284	Group of Burnt Mounds 300m SSW of Cilcoll Farm	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Llandybie
CM285	Two Burnt Mounds 600m ESE of Rhyd-y-Ffynnon Farm	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Llandybie
CM286	Burnt Mound 450m ENE of Caeglas Farm	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM287	Two Burnt Mounds 350m W of Cwrtbrynbeirdd	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM288	Burnt Mound 500m ESE of Llwyn Wennol	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Llangadog
CM289	Burnt Mound 250m S of Cwm	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Llanfihangel Aberbythych
CM290	Claustral Buildings St Clears Priory	Priory	Medieval	St Clears

CM291	Kidwelly Old Tinplate Works and Dam	Tinplate Works	Post-Medieval/Modern	Kidwelly
CM292	Ty Newydd Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM293	Gelli Diogyn Hillfort	Hillfort	Prehistoric	Llanboidy
CM294	Lan Enclosure	Enclosure	Medieval	Llanboidy
CM296	Pembrey Old Harbour	Pier	Post-Medieval/Modern	Cefn Sidan
CM297	Burnt Mound West of Derllys Court	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Newchurch and Merthyr
CM298	Esgair Gaeo Deserted Rural Settlement	Rectangular hut	Post-Medieval/Modern	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM299	Burnt Mound on Esgair Ferchon	Burnt mound	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM300	Maen Bach Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM301	Mynydd Mallaen Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM302	Crugiau Merched Cairns	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM303	Mynydd Mallaen Long Hut	Rectangular hut	Medieval	Cilycwm
CM304	Cefn y Bryn Ring Cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM305	Pen Cerrigiddos Round Cairns	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo
CM306	Twyn yr Esgair Settlement	Rectangular hut	Medieval	Llanddeusant
CM307	Blaen y Cylchau Deserted Rural Settlement	Rectangular hut settlement	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangadog
CM308	Bryn Helyg Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	St Clears
CM309	Crugiau Round Barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Clynderwen
CM310	Delacorse Uchaf Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Laugharne Township
CM311	Pant y Menyn Round Barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cilymaenllwyd
CM312	Derlwyn round barrow cemetery	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanllwni
CM313	Pen Lan round barrow cemetery	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanybydder
CM314	Garreg Wen Standing Stone	Standing stone		Cynwyl Elfed

CM315	Gelli Dewi Uchaf linear round barrow cemetery	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Pencarreg
CM316	Gwempa Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Llangyndeyrn
CM317	Carreg Wen Standing Stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Elfed
CM318	Garreg Wen round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Trelech
CM319	Crug-y-rhud-hir round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanllawddog
CM320	Crug Pant y Bugail round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Abernant
CM321	Garness Farm round barrow 400m to SW of	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Eglwyscummin
CM322	Eithin Bach round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	St Clears
CM323	Old Castle motte	Motte	Medieval	Llanelli
CM324	Capel Dewi Llwynhendy	Chapel	Medieval	Llanelli Rural
CM325	Ffairfach standing stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Dyffryn Cennen
CM326	Banc Crucorford round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM328	Maes y Crug round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanegwad
CM329	Cilgerddan ring cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM330	Bodyst-uchaf ring cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM331	Waun-hir post- medieval lliest farmstead	Farmstead	Post- Medieval/Modern	Cwmamman
CM332	Bancbryn post- medieval lliest farmstead	Farmstead	Post- Medieval/Modern	Cwmamman
CM333	Bancbryn cairn cemetery	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM334	Bancbryn platform cairn	Platform Cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM335	Bancbryn cairn cemetery [east]	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Cwmamman
CM336	Picws Du cairn	Round cairn		Llanddeusant
CM337	Arhosfa'r Garreg- lwyd barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Llanddeusant
CM339	Banc Maes-yr- Haidd barrows	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Cynwyl Gaeo

CM340	Carn Wen round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM341	Cerrig Cedny round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM342	Carn Twrch round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM344	Bryn-Poeth-Uchaf ring cairn to NE of	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM345	Bryn-Poeth-Uchaf ring cairn to ESE of	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
CM346	Mynydd Myddfai ring cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM347	Tomen y Rhos round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM348	Mynydd Myddfai round barrow	Round barrow	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM349	Mynydd Myddfai ring cairns on W end of	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM350	Pen Caenewydd ring cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM351	Mynydd Myddfai round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Myddfai
CM352	Troedriwhir Mountain ring cairn	Ring cairn	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM353	Troedriwhir standing stone	Standing stone	Prehistoric	Cilycwm
CM355	Cwm Twrch settlement and limekiln	Building (Unclassified)	Post-Medieval/Modern	Quarter Bach
CM356	Carn Fadog round cairn	Round cairn	Prehistoric	Quarter Bach
CM357	Pont Clydach settlement	Building (Unclassified)	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangadog
CM358	Cwm Clydach settlement	Building (Unclassified)	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangadog
CM359	Moel Gornach settlement	Building (Unclassified)	Post-Medieval/Modern	Llangadog



# Carmarthenshire Natural Capital Audit: the Historic Environment

## **RHIF YR ADRODDIAD / REPORT NUMBER 2008/20**

**Ionawr 2008**  
**January 2008**

Paratowyd yr adroddiad hwn gan / This report has been prepared by Marion Page

Swydd / Position: Historic Environment Record Manager

Llofnod / Signature ..... Dyddiad / Date

Mae'r adroddiad hwn wedi ei gael yn gywir a derbyn sêl bendith  
This report has been checked and approved by Louise Austin

ar ran Archaeoleg Cambria, Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Dyfed Cyf.  
on behalf of Cambria Archaeology, Dyfed Archaeological Trust Ltd.

Swydd / Position: Head of Heritage Management

Llofnod / Signature ..... Dyddiad / Date

Yn unol â'n nôd i roddi gwasanaeth o ansawdd uchel, croesawn unrhyw sylwadau sydd  
gennych ar gynnwys neu strwythur yr adroddiad hwn

As part of our desire to provide a quality service we would welcome any comments you may  
have on the content or presentation of this report