

NOV 2003



MOUNTAIN CHAPEL LLANTEG PEMBROKESHIRE

BUILDING RECORDING AND GRAVEYARD SURVEY 2002



Report No. 2003/119

Report Prepared for:
PAUL WILLIAMS



ARCHAEOLEG
CAMBRIA
ARCHAEOLOGY

CAMBRIA ARCHAEOLOGY

REPORT NO. 2003/119
PROJECT RECORD NO. 45433

NOVEMBER 2003

MOUNTAIN CHAPEL, LLANTEG, PEMBROKESHIRE
BUILDING RECORDING AND GRAVEYARD SURVEY 2002

By

Pete Crane BA hons MIFA

Illustrations

by

Hubert Wilson Coll. dip (distinction)

Cambria Archaeology is the marketing name of the Dyfed Archaeological Trust Limited.

The report has been prepared for the specific use of the client. The Dyfed Archaeological Trust Ltd can accept no responsibility for its use by any other person or persons who may read it or rely on the information it contains.

ARCHAEOLEG CAMBRIA
Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Dyfed Cyf
Neuadd y Sir, Stryd Caerfyrddin, Llandeilo, Sir Gaerfyrddin SA19 6AF
Ffon: Ymholiadau Cyffredinol 01558 823121
Adran Rheoli Treftadaeth 01558 823131
Ffacs: 01558 823133
Epost: cambria@acadat.com Gwefan: www.acadat.com

CAMBRIA ARCHAEOLOGY
Dyfed Archaeological Trust Limited
The Shire Hall, Carmarthen Street, Llandeilo, Carmarthenshire SA19 6AF
Tel: General Enquiries 01558 823121
Heritage Management Section 01558 823131
Fax: 01558 823133
Email: cambria@acadat.com Website: www.acadat.com

The Trust is both a Limited Company (No. 1198990) and a Registered Charity (No. 504616)
CADEIRYDD CHAIRMAN: B.C.BURNHAM, MA PHD FSA MIFA. CYFARWYDDWR DIRECTOR: E G HUGHES BA MIFA

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

CONTENTS

CONTENTS	1
SUMMARY	1
INTRODUCTION.....	1
SITE HISTORY	1
AIMS AND OBJECTIVES.....	1
METHODOLOGIES AND RESULTS.....	2
CONCLUSION	3
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	4
ARCHIVE DEPOSITION.....	4
REFERENCES.....	4
APPENDIX 1: COPY OF BRIEF.....	5
APPENDIX 2: CATALOGUE OF GRAVE LEDGERS.....	8
APPENDIX 3: CATALOGUE OF WATCHING BRIEF ARCHIVE	14
Figure 1 Location	15
Figure 2 Chapel and Vestry ground plan	16
Figure 3 Chapel floor plan	17
Figure 4 Chapel exterior elevations	18
Figure 5 Chapel exterior gable elevations.....	19
Figure 6 Chapel interior elevations	20
Figure 7 Vestry elevations and floor plans.....	21
Photo 1: Chapel interior. View N.....	22
Photo 2: Chapel. View S	22
Photo 3: Chapel. View N W.....	23
Photo 5: Chapel. View NE	24
Photo 6: Chapel interior. View S	24
Photo 7: Vestry, south ground floor. View NW.....	25
Photo 8: Vestry. View E.....	25
Photo 9: Vestry detail of west door. View E.....	26
Photo 10: Vestry. View S.....	26
Photo 11: Vestry, first floor. View S.....	27

SUMMARY

A short programme of building recording on the former Congregational Chapel and Vestry, and survey of the graveyard was undertaken in spring 2002. The chapel and vestry were of some architectural merit and of local historical importance.

INTRODUCTION

Cambria Archaeology was commissioned by Paul Williams, 22 Lyndhurst, Broadmoor, Kilgetty SA68 0RZ, the developer of the site, to undertake archaeological work to fulfil the archaeological condition placed on planning consent 01/557/PA. The proposed development of the site involved the partial demolition of the chapel, leaving the base of the walls standing to about 1m high and leaving it as part of a garden feature (photo front cover). To the rear, a new house has been built beyond the graveyard and adjacent to the small two-storey vestry (Roberts 2000).

The site is located adjacent to the south side of the A477 at the junction with a minor road that runs down the east side of the plot, at Ordnance Survey grid reference SN17561005 (Fig. 1).

SITE HISTORY

Given the limited scope of this project it is not intended to give a full site and topographical history. Llanteg History Society have recently published a number of articles which contain information on this chapel (Lloyd ed 2000, 2001, 2002)

A former small chapel stood a short distance from the present structure; the parishioners erected this earlier building as a school. Occasional preaching took place here for a number of years before 1854 when a Congregational Church was formed. There were ten members in 1854 and twenty to twenty five members in 1873 (Rawlins 1987, 398). However the old chapel became dilapidated and the building under discussion here was constructed in 1889, with seating up to one hundred and fifty people. The vestry was added a little later. The final service was held in December 1999 (Roberts 2000, 32).

There are 33 recorded burials in the churchyard, on 19 head stones (Llanteg History Society 2002). A good number of these graves may have had stone or brick linings (Lloyd 2001).

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

A full copy of the brief from Cambria Archaeology – Heritage Management is included in Appendix 1. The primary objective was the building recording and a survey of the burial ground. The watching brief on groundworks did not take place as this was beyond the limit of recorded graves.

METHODOLOGIES AND RESULTS

A total station Electronic Distance Measurer (EDM) was used to record the graveyard (Fig. 2) and the exterior of the chapel and vestry. The elevations, interior and exterior of both buildings were digitally photographed and scale drawings made, noting details as necessary. The ledgers of all gravestones were digitally photographed and hand copied. A copy of the ledgers is given in Appendix 2. The local historical society has also recorded these gravestones (Llanteg History Society 2002), although some discrepancies were noted and their transcriptions were not line or upper/lower case specific.

The boundaries of the site consisted of a small walled frontage with a central gateway (Fig. 2). An overgrown rough wall/bank runs along the eastern boundary with a modern post-and-gate entrance to the vestry and graveyard, although this entrance is likely to be contemporary with the vestry. The southern boundary was considerably overgrown to the west of the vestry. The eastern boundary was also overgrown and contained a dry ditch along the eastern side of the bank. The graves run along the eastern and western boundaries with a single grave (19) just inside the southern boundary (Fig. 2). A concrete path joined the front gate to the chapel and vestry.

Description of chapel

The chapel was rectangular in plan with an arched front double door (Photo 1) and two opposing interior splayed windows down both the east and west sides (Fig. 3). The construction was of stone with the exterior faced roughly chiselled red sandstone snecked coursework, flush pointed (Photos 2 to 5). The quoins and window surrounds were of pale yellow brick and the sills were of slate. The roof was slate-covered, crested by dogtooth ridge tiles with a decorative finial at the north end (Fig. 4). A dated plaque was placed above the outside of the door (Figure 5). A porch was of similar construction to the main part of the chapel, with a similar roof and finial. The porch was butted onto the doorway, although its pointed roof did not match the arched surround of the chapel door (Fig. 5).

The interior had been stripped of nearly all furnishings – only the platform for the deacon's seat, the plinth and decorative rear screen for the pulpit (Photo 6), the wainscot and some coat-hooks remained (Fig. 6; Photo 1).

Description of vestry

The vestry was also rectangular in plan, with three entrances on the ground floor (Fig. 7). Construction was of faced random coursed stone with brick lintels for the ground floor doorways and window. A brick chimneystack extended above the roofline at the north end. The entrance into the southern ground floor was a single doorway with a small later blocked window to the right (Fig. 7). The floor was of rough cobbles, divided into two bays with tongue and groove partition (Photo 7). This partition contained some graffiti, although little could be seen due to the poor light. This part of the building would have served as a stable.

Graffiti that could be read on south side of partition, "?" indicate uncertainty.

H Glanvel?

W Morse?

Margo.. play mor?

J R Lewis

N G Lewis

Owan Jones

Frank James

Full time Rabbit Trapper

John Lewis

Owen Jones

Oct 7th 1947

Very wet

Very wet day July 3 1932

April 21st 1936

The entrance on the western side was of double width (Photo 8 and 9) giving access to the northern ground floor. The southern (right hand) side of this entrance had been partially blocked with a breezeblock wall and a window and the interior had recently contained a chemical toilet and a cement floor. The original entrance width was probably for access for a small cart. There was a small vent in the interior of the southern wall; this may have been for the fireplace above on the first floor.

The northern entrance gave access to a flight of stone stairs with slate slabs, leading up to the first floor (Photo 10). The top of the stairs was boxed in with tongue and grove panelling and a wooden door with three stretchers. Within the room there were metal coat hangers on the panelling and two shelves (Photo 11). In the north wall there was the remains of a small range and a detached fire surround. In the west wall there were two horn-sashed windows with rough stone surrounds and slate sills. The lintels of these windows were formed by the timber wall plate for the roof.

The roof was constructed on two sawn timber roof frames with clasped rebate at the crown and through bolted, the tie beam of which was of slightly thinner sawn timber. There were a number of rafters capped with battens and topped by roof slates.

CONCLUSION

This project has recorded the graveyard and buildings in accordance with the brief. Should more detailed stone by stone elevations be desirable in the future these could be done from the archive records. The new building has retained the structure of the vestry. The graveyard and the remains of the chapel are now in a condition where they can be economically maintained for the near future.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Hubert Wilson for surveying, site drawing and report illustrations. Also Neil Ludlow for project management, both of Cambria Archaeology.

ARCHIVE DEPOSITION

The archive is currently held by Cambria Archaeology Field Operations

REFERENCES

Llanteg History Society 2002 Graves and Memorial Inscriptions in the Parish of Crunwere (St Elidyr's Church, Mountain Congregational Chapel and Zoar Baptist Chapel). Copy held in Cambria SMR

Lloyd, Judith ed 2000 Llanteg Down the years: Llanteg History Society, Llanteg

Lloyd, Judith ed 2001 Llanteg- The Days Before Yesterday: Llanteg History Society, Llanteg

Lloyd, Judith 2001 The Old Craft of Grave Lining in Lloyd, Judith ed 2001: Llanteg History Society, Llanteg 113-4

Lloyd, Judith ed 2001 Llanteg- Turning Back the Clock: Llanteg History Society, Llanteg

Rawlings, Bert J 1987 *The Parish Churches and Nonconformist Chapels of Wales: Their Records and Where to Find Them*. Vol. 1 – Cardigan, Carmarthen and Pembroke, Hawkes: Salt Lake City, Utah, USA

Roberts, Ruth 2000 Mountain Chapel in Llanteg Down the years. Ed Judith Lloyd, Llanteg Down the Years. Llanteg History Society, Llanteg 31-33

APPENDIX 1: COPY OF BRIEF

Brief for Archaeological Recording

April 2002

Site: Mountain Chapel, (Llanteague) Llanteg, Kilgetty,
Pembrokeshire

Planning application no 01/557/PA

Prepared for: Mr Paul Williams, 22 Lyndhurst Avenue, Broadmoor,
Kilgetty, SA68 0RZ

Site Location: NGR SN17561005

This design brief is only valid for six months from the above date. After this period Cambria Archaeology - Heritage Management should be contacted. Any specification resulting from this brief will only be considered for the same period. Please note that this document is written for archaeological project managers to facilitate the production of an archaeological specification of works, it is not a tender document. Any response to this brief should follow IFA Standards and Guidelines.

The project manager is strongly advised to visit the site before completing their specifications as there may be implications for accurately costing the project. The project manager must consult the County Sites and Monuments Record held by Cambria Archaeology - Heritage Management as part of the assessment.

Introduction

This brief has been prepared for and at the request of Mr Williams. Cambria Archaeology are funded by Cadw Welsh Historic Monuments and the Local Planning Authorities to provide advice on archaeology and planning to the Planning Authorities and others in south-west Wales.

The brief sets out the requirements for the archaeological works necessary to fulfil the archaeological condition placed on planning consent 01/557/PA

Site Description

Mountain Chapel lies in Crunwear parish, and is identified on the Regional Sites and Monuments record as a building of historic interest PRN 19163, and at the National Monument Record as NPRN 10992. The building is dated to 1889 by a date stone above the porch. The burial ground is also believed to date from 1889, and contains a number of burials. Some of these burials have memorials but there may be other unmarked graves within the burial ground. At the south east of the graveyard is the stone and brick built chapel vestry (stable/coach house).

The chapel, vestry (stable/coach house) and surrounding churchyard are considered to form a significant part of Pembrokeshire's historic environment which contributes to local distinctiveness and sense of place. Such a building and its cultural associations form an important part of the social history of the local community.

The nature of the development and the archaeological requirements

Planning permission has been granted to demolish the chapel down to dwarf wall level, creation of a memorial garden, and conversion and extension of vestry to create a dwelling.

An archaeological building record is required, to be undertaken before any other works take place. This record should consist of a desk top assessment to allow the building to be put into its proper context and a drawn and photographic record of the structure and its fixtures and fittings.

Documentary research. This research should

- 1 Collate and assess relevant information held in the SMR
- 2 Collate and assess relevant cartographic information
- 3 Collate and assess relevant information held at the County Records Office, National Library of Wales and National Monuments Record

Building Recording

A building record is required both for the chapel and the vestry, as the chapel is to be demolished, and the large scale extensions to the vestry are likely to alter its internal features and disguise the existing building.

The recording of the buildings will be undertaken to a level equivalent to the Royal Commission on the Historic Monuments of England's Level 2 [RCHME 1990 Recording Historic Buildings a Descriptive Specification]. This will include photographic, written and drawn records.

The drawn record should contain drawn elevations of the principle interior and exterior elevations and ground plan. No architects plans have been supplied with the application, therefore it should be assumed that new drawings will be required.

A photographic survey of the principle interior and exterior elevations should be undertaken, with detail photographs of architectural features where observed, and especially where these features are to be lost.

During the works to the building, a record should be made of those works which affect the historic core of the building, with notes and sketches backed up by before and after photographs.

Survey of burial ground

It is not known whether the proposed works will affect the extant memorials, however a 'churchyard survey' should be undertaken. This should consist of plotted locations of the memorials supported by photographs showing the memorials and any inscriptions.

Watching brief

An archaeological watching brief is required for any groundworks in the garden area, and for clearance of any soil and overburden associated with access or the extension of the vestry. Excavation should be undertaken using a toothless ditching bucket under archaeological supervision.

Objectives

The primary objective of a **building record** is to preserve the historic features of the building **by record** and to attempt a reconstruction of the history and use of the structure and associated features.

The primary objective of the **survey of burial ground** is to preserve the historic layout of the burials and information about the individuals interred.

The primary objective of the **watching brief** is to ensure that all archaeological features exposed during groundworks are recorded and interpreted to an acceptable standard.

Requirements

The project must be undertaken by an archaeological contractor of recognised competence, fully experienced in work of this character and formally acknowledged by Cambria Archaeology - Heritage Management (CA - HM) advisors to Pembrokeshire County Council. Details including the name, qualifications and experience of the project director and all other key personnel (including specialist staff) will be communicated to CA - HM as part of a project specification. The contractor will be expected to produce a reasonably detailed project specification although a full programme of works will not be required.

Should any human remains be encountered the District Coroner's Office and the Police will be notified immediately. All human remains will, where possible, be left *in situ*. If preservation *in situ* is not possible all statutory permissions will be obtained in writing before removal. If removal of burials becomes necessary, provision must also be arranged for their suitable re-internment.

The site archive should conform to the NMR (W) agreed structure (guidelines available) and be deposited within an approved store (normally this will be the appropriate local museum and/or NMR) on completion of site analysis and publication.

A full report of the results should be prepared and presented to CA - HM within 8 weeks of completion of the site recording. The report must include the following:

1. A concise non-technical summary of the project results.
2. Location plan of identified features and structures
3. Annotated plans and elevations
4. Location plan of memorials
5. Narrative history of the buildings, and written description of any features and deposits
6. Details of all sources assessed.

In addition two copies of the final report should be provided for the Sites and Monuments Record.

CA - HM is responsible for monitoring all archaeological work within Pembrokeshire, the contractor must inform CA - HM in writing detailing the proposed start date for the project. Once notified a **Project Record Number** will be allocated prior to on site work commencing, to be used on all site records.

Any changes to the specification that the contractor may wish to make after approval should be communicated to CA - HM and approved on behalf of Pembrokeshire County Council.

As part of our desire to provide a quality service to all our clients we would welcome any comments you may have on the content or presentation of this design brief.

Please address them to the author below.

Lucy Rowley-Williams,
Cambria Archaeology, The Shire Hall, Carmarthen Street, Llandeilo, SA19 6AF

APPENDIX 2: CATALOGUE OF GRAVE LEDGERS

Case and line specific

Grave 1

In
Loving Memory Of
MY DEAR HUSBAND
JAMES CALLON
CALLED HOME APRIL 17 1982,
AGED 64 YEARS
"Rest In Peace."

Grave 2

In
Loving Memory of
JOHN BENJAMIN
GLYNNE PHILLIPS,
HAULFRYN, RED ROSES WHITLAND
DIED APRIL 17TH 1979, AGED 56 YEARS
PEACE PERFECT PEACE

Grave 3

In Loving Memory Of
MARY (POLLY) PHILLIPS
Haulfryn. Red Roses.
Died July 25, 1970. aged 78 years.
"At Rest."
Also **ALBERT GEORGE PHILLIPS,**
HUSBAND OF THE ABOVE
Died Oct. 8, 1970, aged 77 years.
"Peace, perfect peace."

Grave 4

In
Loving Memory Of
IVOR BEYNON
JUBILEE HOUSE, TAVERNSPITE.
DIED JUNE 25, 1969
AGED 64 YEARS.
"IN HEAVENLY LOVE ABIDING."

Grave 5

In
Loving Memory Of
ELIZABETH
BELOVED WIFE OF **EDWIN BEYNON**
JUBILEE HOUSE, TAVERNSPITE.
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE JULY 10TH. 1964
AGED 82 YEARS.
"SAFE INTO THE HAVEN GUIDE
O RECEIVE MY SOUL AT LAST."
ALSO **EDWIN BEYNON**
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE
NOV. 16TH. 1968. AGED 87 YEARS

Grave 6

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
WILLIAM LEWIS
GROVE COTTAGE AMROTH.
WHO DIED APRIL 16TH 1913
AGED 70 YEARS
-
BE THOU FAITHFUL UNTO DEATH,
AND I WILL GIVE THE A CROWN OF LIFE
-
ALSO **ELIZABETH** HIS WIFE
DIED MARCH 30 1925.
AGED 79 YEARS
PEACE PERFECT PEACE

Grave 7

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
JAMES
THE BELOVED SON OF GEORGE AND
SUSAN SCOURFIELD, THE MOORS.
WHO DIED MAY 4. 19-7
AGED 20 YEARS
DRY UP YOUR TEARS AND WEEP NO MORE
I AM NOT LOST BUT GONE BEFORE

Grave 8

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
SUSANNAH
BELOVED WIFE OF GEORGE SCOURFIELD
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE DEC. 13TH 1935
AGED 77 YEARS

THERE IS REST BEYOND THE RIVER
ALSO **GEORGE SCOURFIELD**
DIED JAN 2ND 1946 AGED 88
AT REST

Grave 9

IN
LOVING MEMORY OF
ARCHIBALD F. JOHN
BLAENTIDWELL TAVERNSPITE
: DIED MAY. 31ST. 1959
AGED 59 YEARS

Grave 10

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
THOMAS JOHN,
OF BLAENTIDWELL, TAVERNSPITE,
WHITLAND.
WHO PASSED AWAY, APRIL 26TH 1928,
AGED 74 YEARS
ALSO
LILIAS J. JOHN,
WIFE OF HE ABOVE
WHO PASSED AWAY SEPT. 19TH, 1949,
AGED 86 YEARS
"WE PART TO MEET AGAIN."

Grave 11

LOVING MEMORIES
OF
MY DEAR WIFE
MARGARET SHANKLIN
DIED APRIL 2ND 1977
AGED 93.
REST IN PEACE.
ALSO HUSBAND OF THE ABOVE
WILLIAM SHANKLIN
DIED FEB. 6TH 1981
IN HEAVENLY LOVE ABIDING
AGED 90

Grave 12

A
TRIBUTE OF LOVE TO
BARBARA CALLEN
PASSED AWAY 20TH. JUNE 1973
AGED 47
AND ALSO HER DEAR SON
RICHARD JOHN CALLEN
PASSED AWAY 27TH. JAN. 1975
AGED 21.
AS WE LOVED THEM
SO WE MISS THEM.

Grave 13

IN LOVING MEMORY OF
May Jane Carrie Callen.
BELOVED WIFE OF Alfred Callen.
THANE COTTAGE AMROTH.
DIED JANUARY 29. 1955.
THE LORD IS MY SHEPHERD.
ALSO THE ABOVE
ALFRED CALLEN.
DIED FEB. 6. 1958. AGED 68 YEARS.
ASLEEP IN JESUS, O, HOW SWEET.

Grave 14

In Loving Memory Of
OUR DEAR MOTHER
AGNES MAUD CALLEN,
OF WATER-GOGH AMROTH.
WHO PASSED AWAY FEB. 14. 1949.
AGED 66 YEARS
FOR EVER WITH THE LORD.

Grave 15

IN
LOVING MEMORY
OF
MARY
BELOVED WIFE
OF JOHN CALLEN,
COOMBS HEAD,
PARISH OF AMROTH,
DIED FEB. 11TH. 1913
AGED 55 YEARS

WE PART TO MEET AGAIN
ALSO THE ABOVE
JOHN CALLEN,
DIED JUNE 30. 1928
AGED 72 YEARS

Grave 16

In Loving Memory of
NATHANIEL
BELOVED HUSBAND OF
HANNA WILLIAMS
LONG-LANE
DIED NOV. 13. 1953, AGED 80 YEARS
IN HEAVENLY LOVE ABIDING
ALSO THE ABOVE
HANNAH WILLIAMS
DIED JUNE 29. 1965, AGED 82 YEARS
PEACE PERFECT PEACE

Grave 17

IN
LOVING MEMORY OF
HARRIET JENKINS
WIFE OF THE LATE WILLIAM JENKINS
OF LANTAGUE IN THIS PARISH
WHO DIED FEBRUARY 7. 1904.
AGED 88 YEARS
“WITH LONG LIFE WILL I SATISFY HER AND
SHEW HER MY SALVATION

Grave 18 (east side)

IN
AFFECTIONATE REMEMBRANCE
A. M. DAVIES
DAUGHTER OF REV. W. AND
S. DAVIES. OCKLANDS
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE
FEB. 4. 1894 AGED 29 YEARS
ALSO. **S. J. DAVIES.**
DAUGHTER OF THE SAID
W. AND S. DAVIES
BORN MARCH 16. 1870
DIED MARCH 17. 1897
Grave 18 (south side)

Grave 18 (south side)

IN
MEMORY OF
WILLIAM DAVIES
FOR OVER 40 YEARS
MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL
IN THIS COUNTY
BORN SEPT. 20. 1828
DIED MAY 20. 1902
ALSO **SARA DAVIES**
THE BELOVED WIFE OF THE ABOVE
BORN APRIL 14. 1837
DIED AUGUST 23. 1904
THY WILL BE DONE

Grave 18 (north side)

IN
LOVING MEMORY OF
WILLIAM BENJAMIN.
SON OF W. AND S. DAVIES
BORN FEB. 16. 1867
DIED NOV. 12. 1905

Grave 19

IN
EVER LOVING MEMORY OF
ALAN CHARLES HELLINGS,
WHO ENTERED INTO GLORY JAN. 30th 1987,
AGED 57 YEARS.
"From the rising of the sun unto the going down
of the same the Lord's name is to be praised."
PSALM 113 V. 3.

APPENDIX 3: CATALOGUE OF WATCHING BRIEF ARCHIVE

The project archive has been indexed and catalogued according to National Monument Record (NMR) categories and contains the following:

- A. Copy of final report.
- B. Site records, including context record sheets and site notebook.
- C. Drawing catalogue and site drawings.
- E. Finds catalogue, individual finds record and finds report.
- G. List of references, including primary and secondary sources.
- I. Archive report and draft copies of final report.
- J. Publication drawings.
- M. Miscellaneous correspondence.

There is no material in categories D, E, F, G, H, K, L and N.

The archive is currently held by **Cambria** Archaeology Field Operations, Llandeilo, Carmarthenshire, as project number 45433.

Location

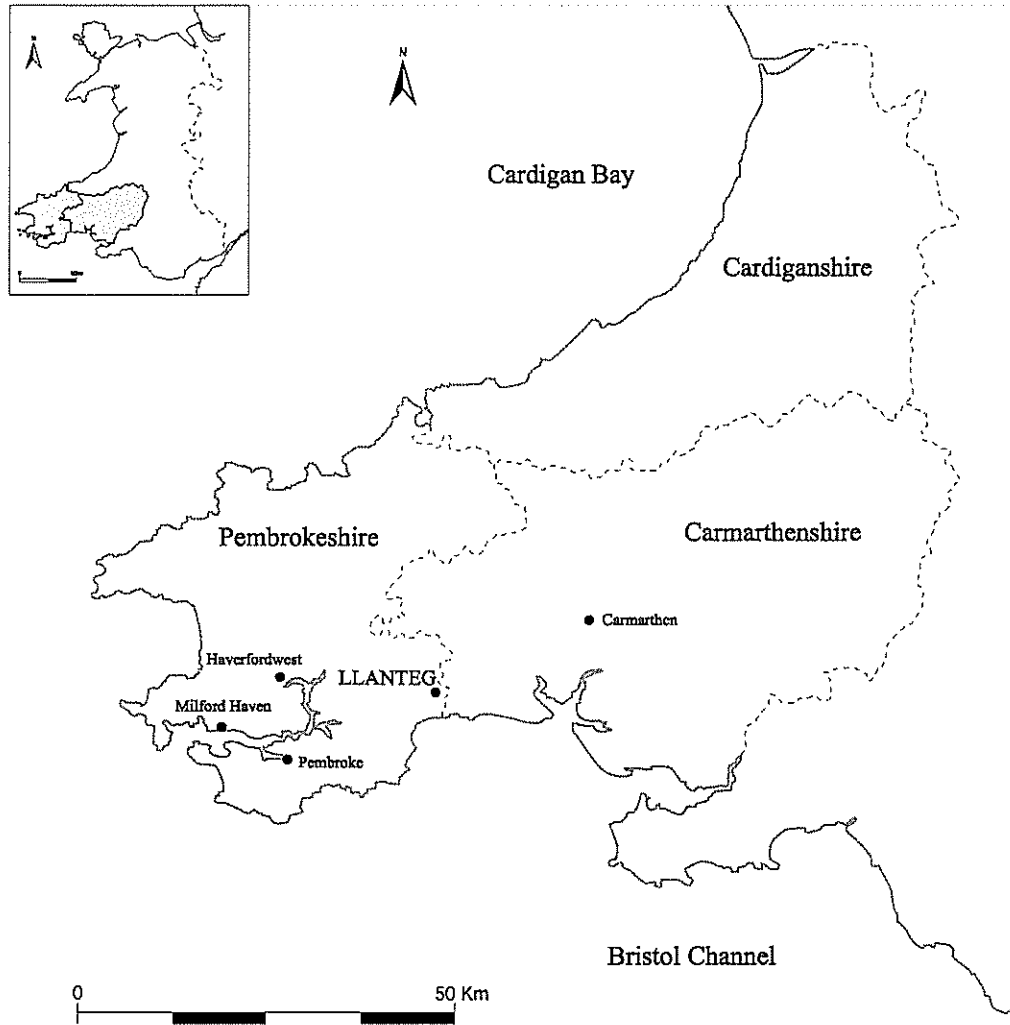


Figure 1

Mountain Chapel and Vestry, Llanteg

[ground plan]

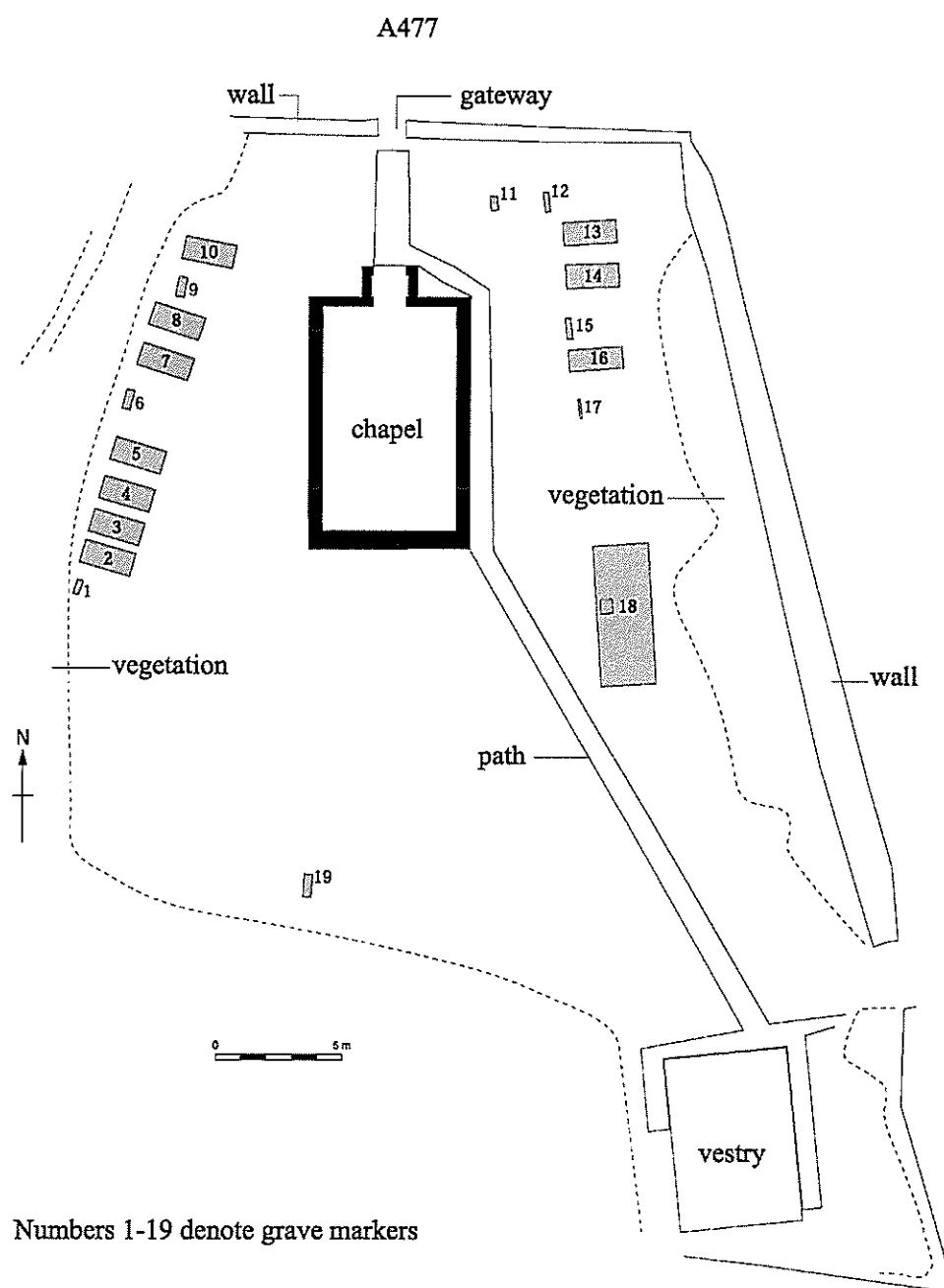


Figure 2

Mountain Chapel, LLanteg

[floor plan]

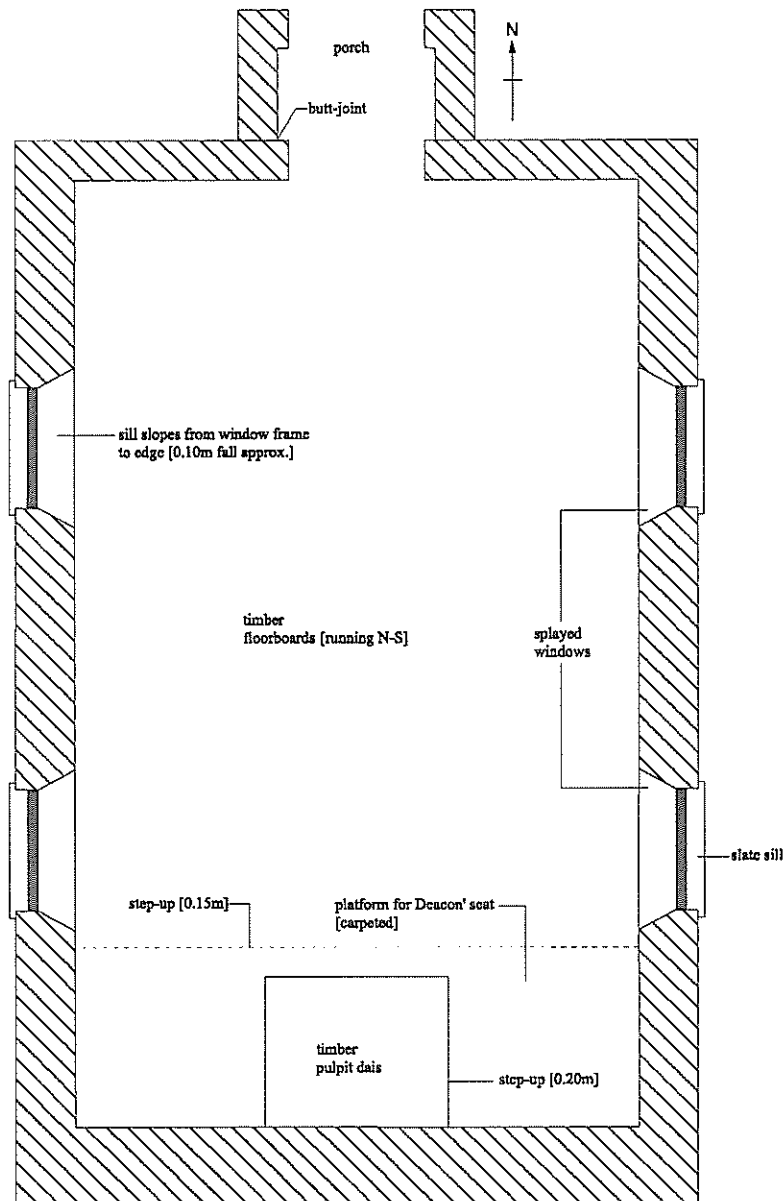


Figure 3

Mountain Chapel, Llanteg [exterior elevations]

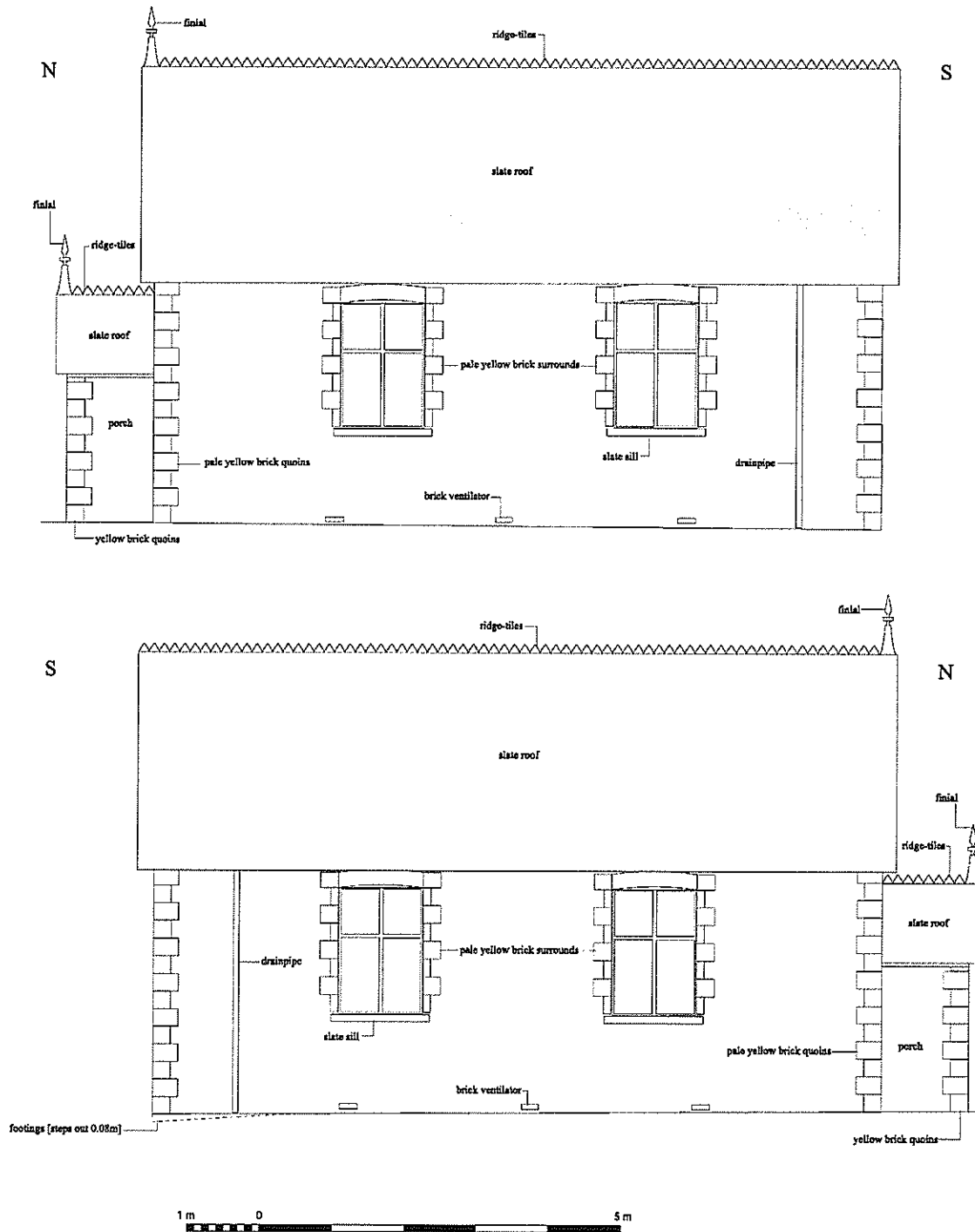
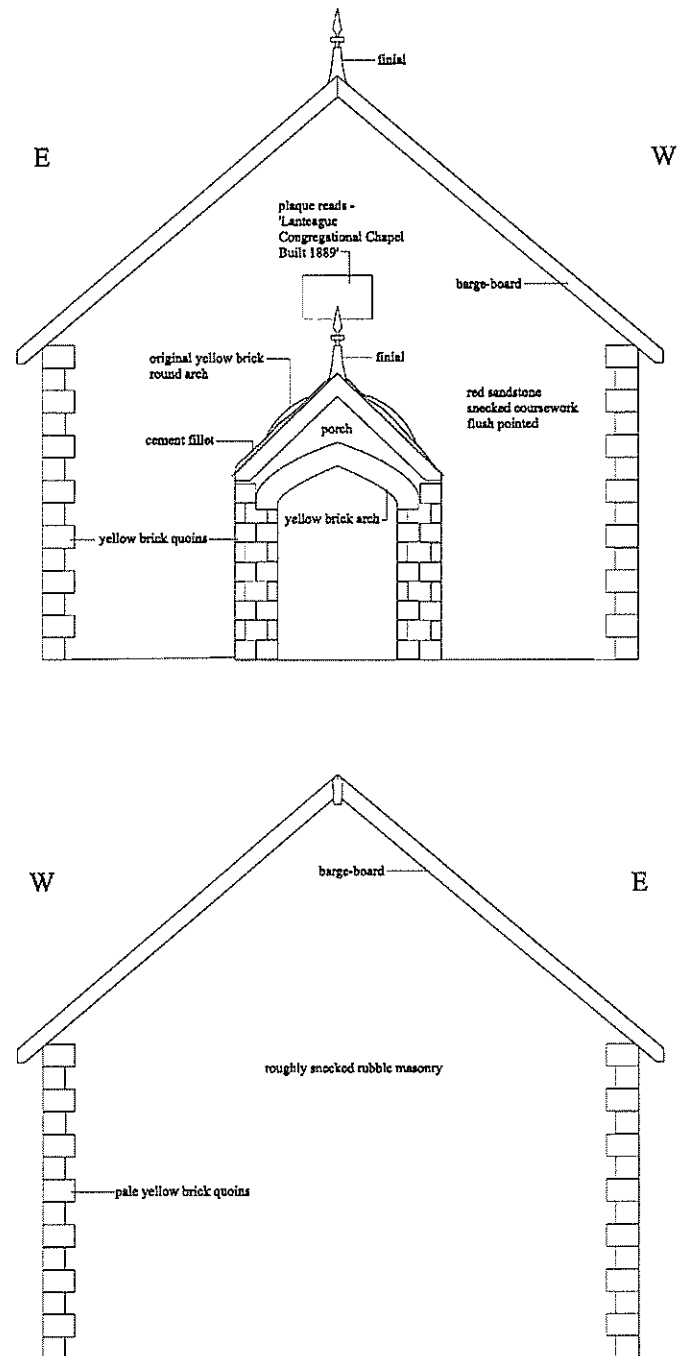


Figure 4

Mountain Chapel, Llanteg [exterior gable elevations]



1 m 0 5 m

Figure 5

Mountain Chapel, Llanteg [interior elevations]

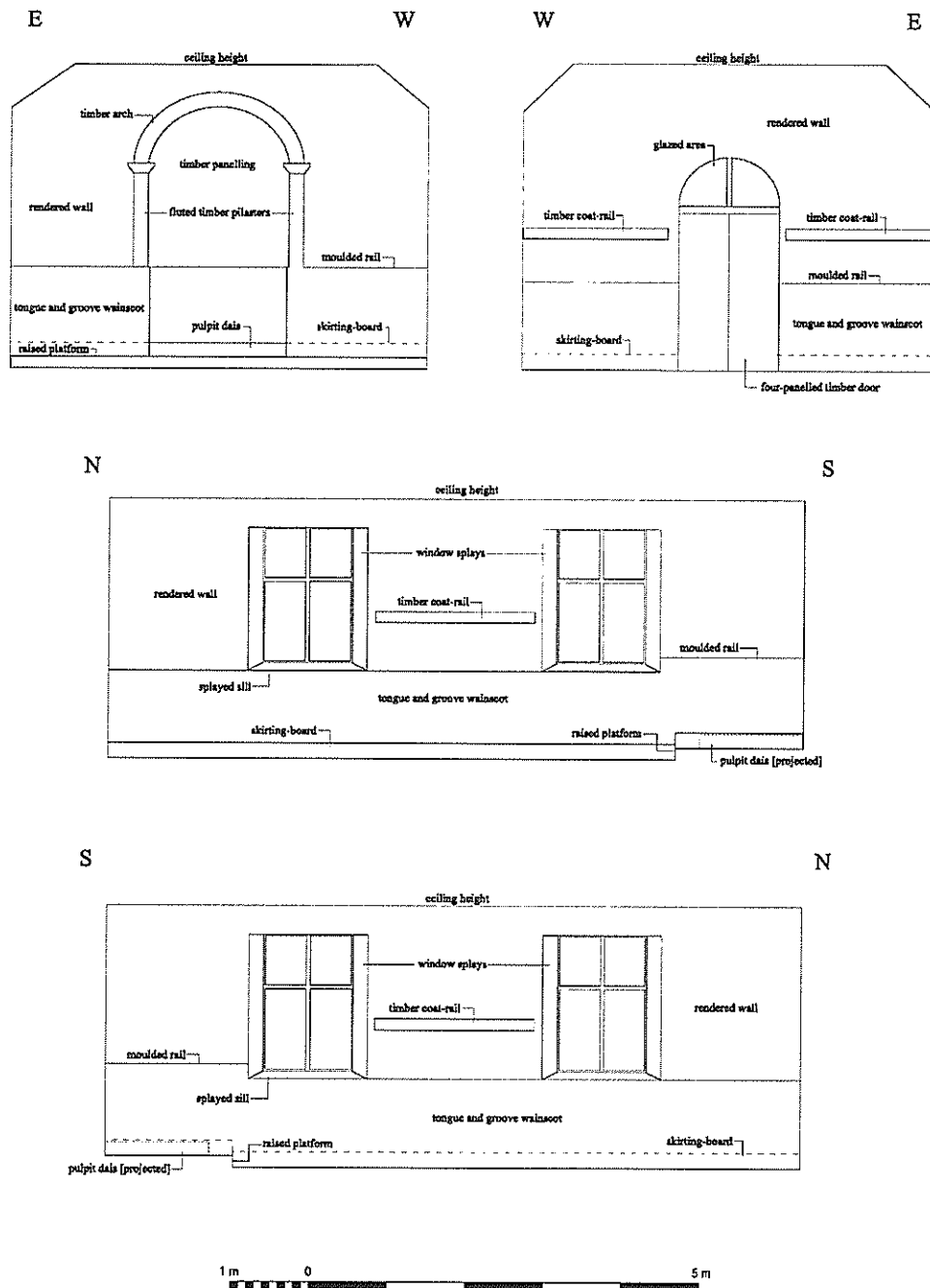


Figure 6

Mountain Chapel, LLanteg - Vestry [elevations and floor plans]

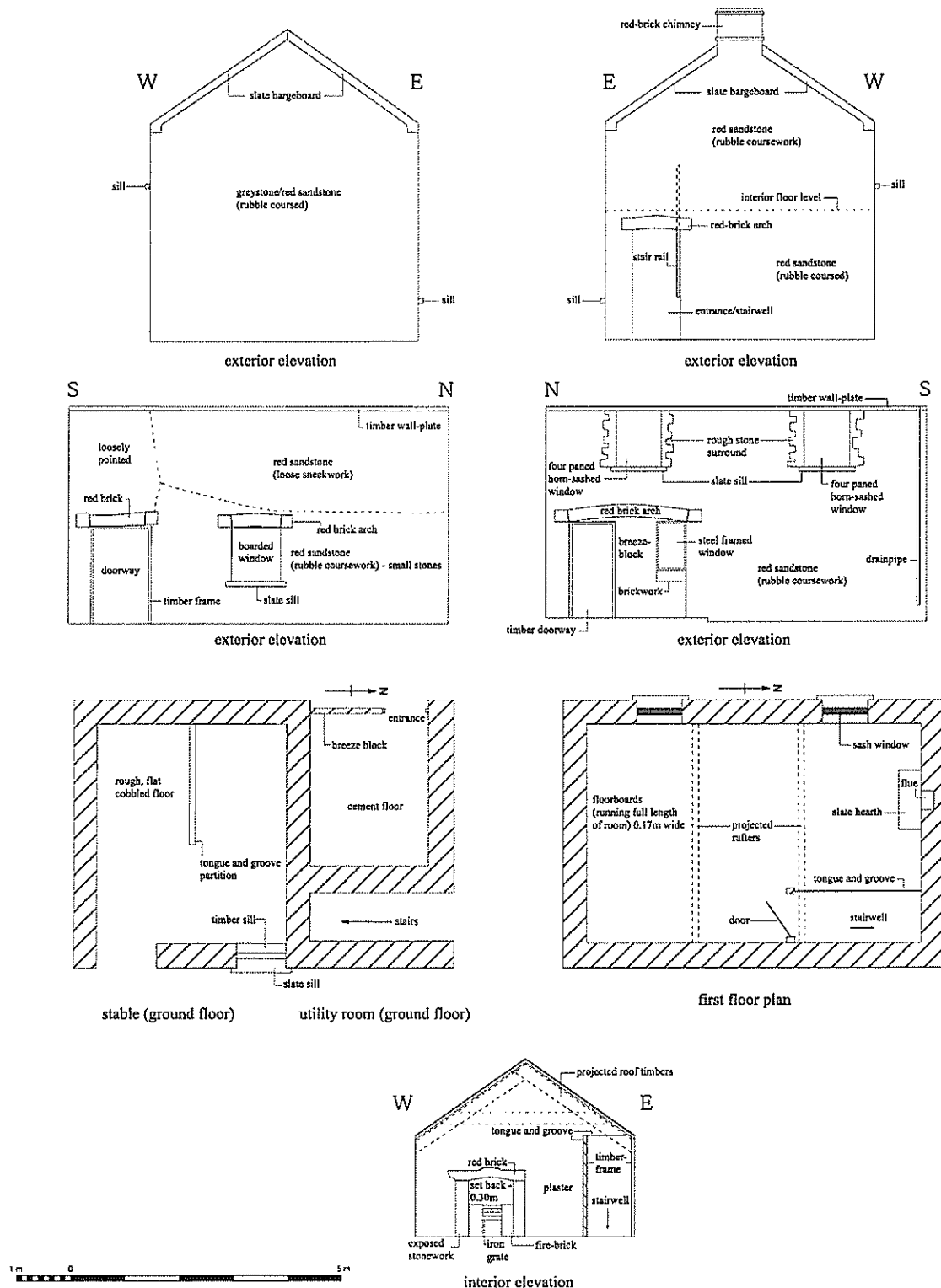


Figure 7



Photo 1: Chapel interior. View N



Photo 2: Chapel. View S



Photo 3: Chapel. View N W



Photo 4: Chapel. View N



Photo 5: Chapel. View NE

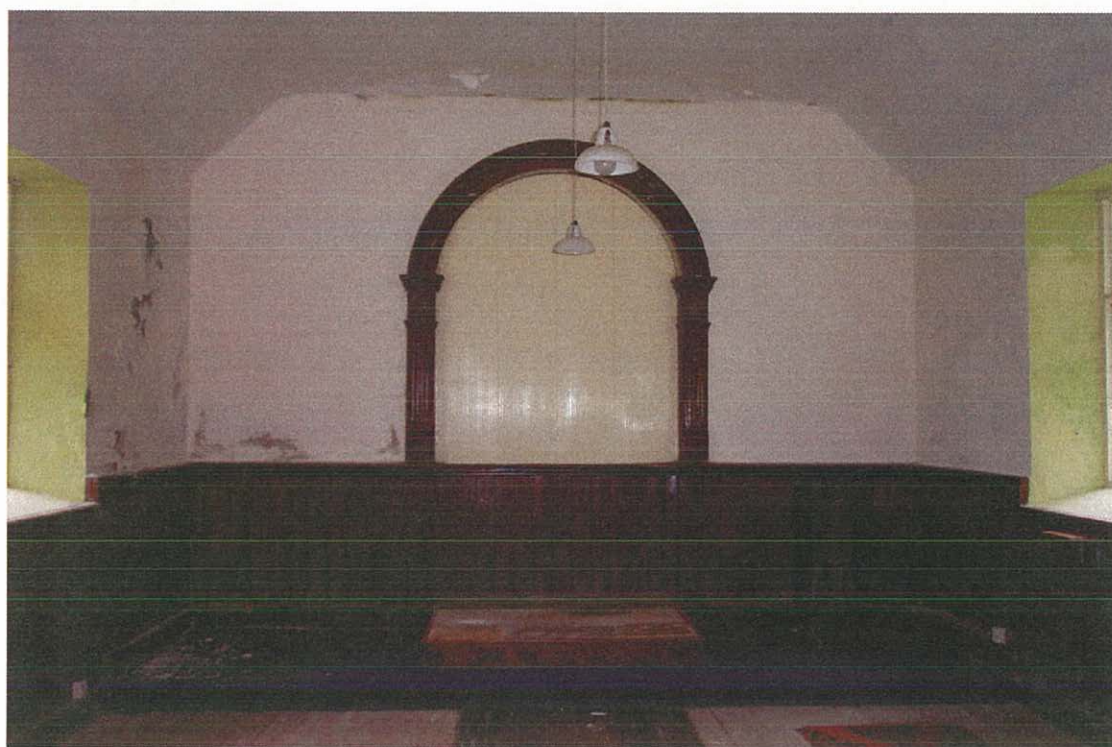


Photo 6: Chapel interior. View S

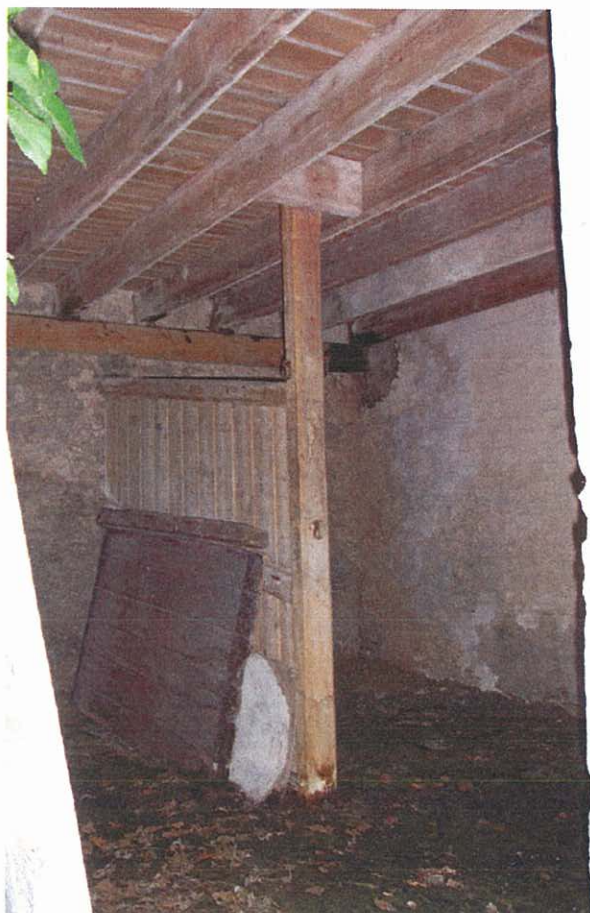


Photo 7: Vestry, south ground floor. View NW



Photo 8: Vestry. View E



Photo 9: Vestry detail of west door. View E



Photo 10: Vestry. View S



Photo 11: Vestry, first floor. View S


**MOUNTAIN CHAPE, LLANTEG, PEMBROKESHIRE
BUILDING RECORDING AND GRAVEYARD SURVEY 2002**

REPORT NUMBER 2003119

NOVEMBER 2003

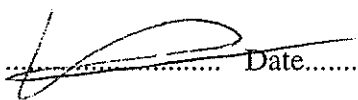
This report has been prepared by Pete Crane

Position Senior Archaeologist

Signature  Date 11/11/2003

This report has been checked and approved by Ken Murphy on behalf of Cambria Archaeology,
Dyfed Archaeological Trust Ltd.

Position Principal Archaeologist

Signature  Date 11/11/03

As part of our desire to provide a quality service we would welcome any comments you may have
on the content or presentation of this report

