

CADW: WELSH HISTORIC MONUMENTS

**EARLY MEDIEVAL ECCLESIASTICAL SITES
PROJECT**

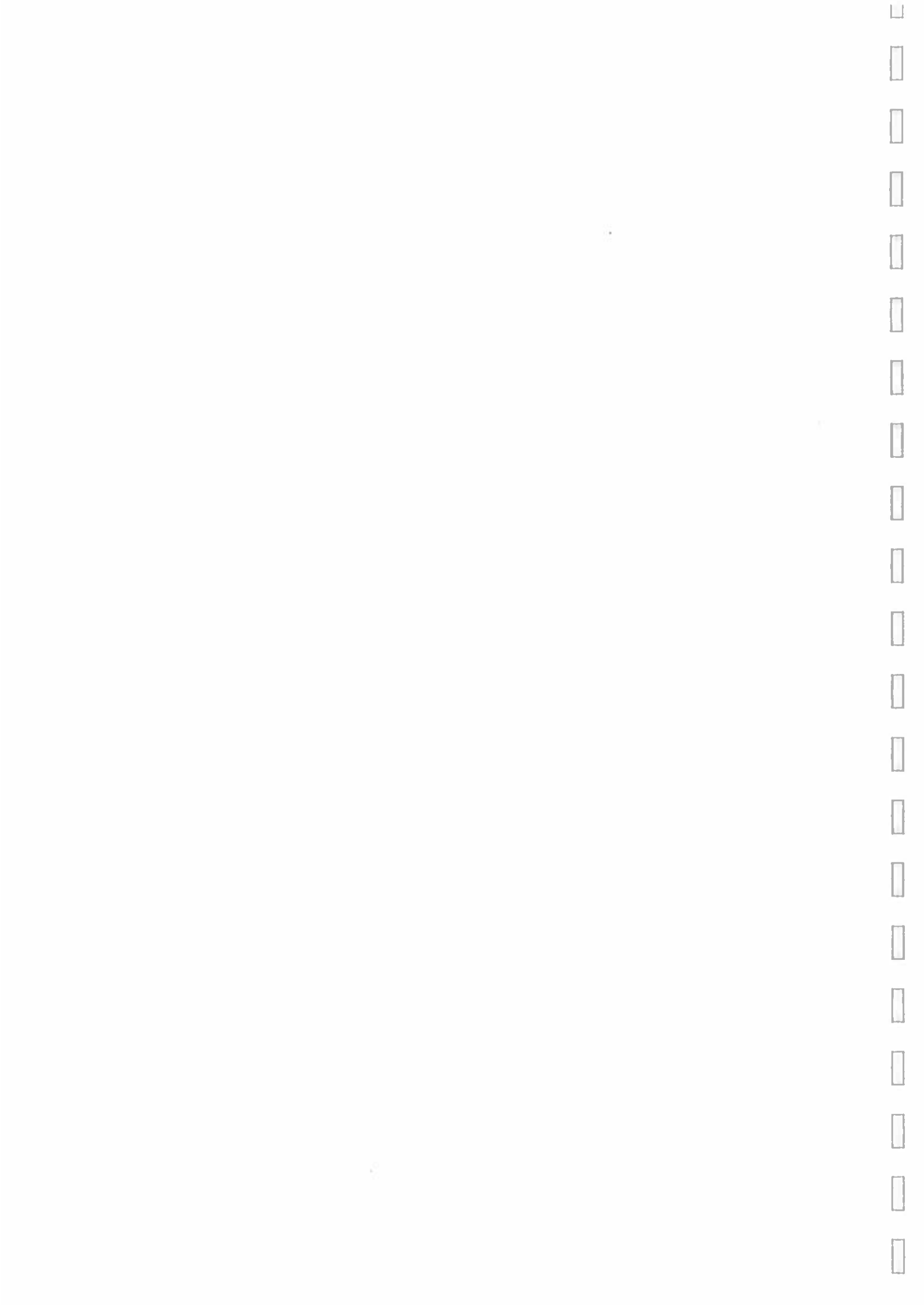
**STAGE 2: ASSESSMENT AND FIELDWORK
CEREDIGION**

**PART 2b: GAZETTEER OF EARLY CHRISTIAN
MONUMENTS**



By: Neil Ludlow
SMR input: Jenny Hall

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EARLY MEDIEVAL ECCLESIASTICAL SITES PROJECT STAGE 2: ASSESSMENT AND FIELDWORK CEREDIGION

Gan / By

Neil Ludlow

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ARCHAEOLEG CAMBRIA
Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Dyfed Cyf
Neuadd y Sir, Stryd Caerfyrddin, Llandeilo, Sir Gaerfyrddin SA19
6AF
Ffon: Ymholiadau Cyffredinol 01558 823121
Adran Rheoli Treftadaeth 01558 823131
Ffacs: 01558 823133
Ebost: cambria@acadat.com Gwefan: www.acadat.com

CAMBRIA ARCHAEOLOGY
Dyfed Archaeological Trust Limited
The Shire Hall, Carmarthen Street, Llandello, Carmarthenshire
SA19 6AF
Tel: General Enquiries 01558 823121
Heritage Management Section 01558 823131
Fax: 01558 823133
Email: cambria@acadat.com Website: www.acadat.com

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PART 2b: GAZETTEER OF EARLY CHRISTIAN MONUMENTS

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EARLY MEDIEVAL ECCLESIASTICAL SITES IN CEREDIGION

STAGE 2: ASSESSMENT AND FIELDWORK

1.0 SUMMARY

The early medieval ecclesiastical sites project (EME) was initiated by Cadw, through the four Welsh Trusts, in 2001. The aim of the project was to identify ecclesiastical sites in Wales with pre Anglo-Norman Conquest origins, in order to formulate management strategies and scheduling priorities. Cambria Archaeology (Dyfed Archaeological Trust) was appointed to cover the counties of Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire. A cut-off date of 1100 AD was selected.

Early medieval ecclesiastical sites fall into two main categories -

- *Church/chapel sites, ie. 'developed' cemetery sites*
- *Open cemetery sites, ie. 'undeveloped', never having received a building. These include a number of bronze age round barrows and iron age enclosure re-use sites. These open sites are usually more difficult to identify and assess.*

Stage 1 of the project consisted of a desk-based assessment of the three counties, using the Sites and Monuments Record (SMR) as the baseline data. From this assessment emerged a graded list of 61 Ceredigion sites with probable or possible early medieval pre-Conquest origins, in addition to a list of 39 Early Christian Monuments (ECMs).

Stage 2 comprised analysis of aerial photographs of these sites, where available, and selective field visits in order to assess their nature, extent, condition, archaeological potential, threats and value. As a result, the list of 61 sites was amended and refined to a list of 54 sites, comprising -

	<u>2004</u>	<u>(2002)</u>
▪ Grade A sites (high probability)	6	(9)
▪ Grade B sites (medium probability)	11	(13)
▪ Grade C sites (low probability)	11	(12)
▪ Grade D sites (possible sites)	26	(27)

In addition -

▪ Early Christian Monuments (ECMs)	35	(39)
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The main outcome from Stage 2 has been the enhancement and refinement of both the SMR and the schedule of Ancient Monuments, with the formulation of management strategies, scheduling priorities and recommendations for future archaeological investigation.

One of the outcomes of this Stage 1 assessment is a demonstration that many of the traditional indicators and suppositions do seem to hold true ie. circular churchyards, in situ Early Christian Monuments (ECMs) and 'Celtic' dedications are often accompanied by other evidence for early medieval origins. Re-use of iron age sites, and the former presence of large, curvilinear outer ecclesiastical enclosures were suggested at a number of new churchyard sites. In addition, the former location of ECMs, topographic evidence and post Anglo-Norman Conquest documentary sources were used to suggest earlier origins for several new sites. However, it was also demonstrated that the 'native' ecclesiastical tradition was remarkably persistent, particularly in the north and east of the county, which was not brought under direct Anglo-Norman rule until the late 13th century.

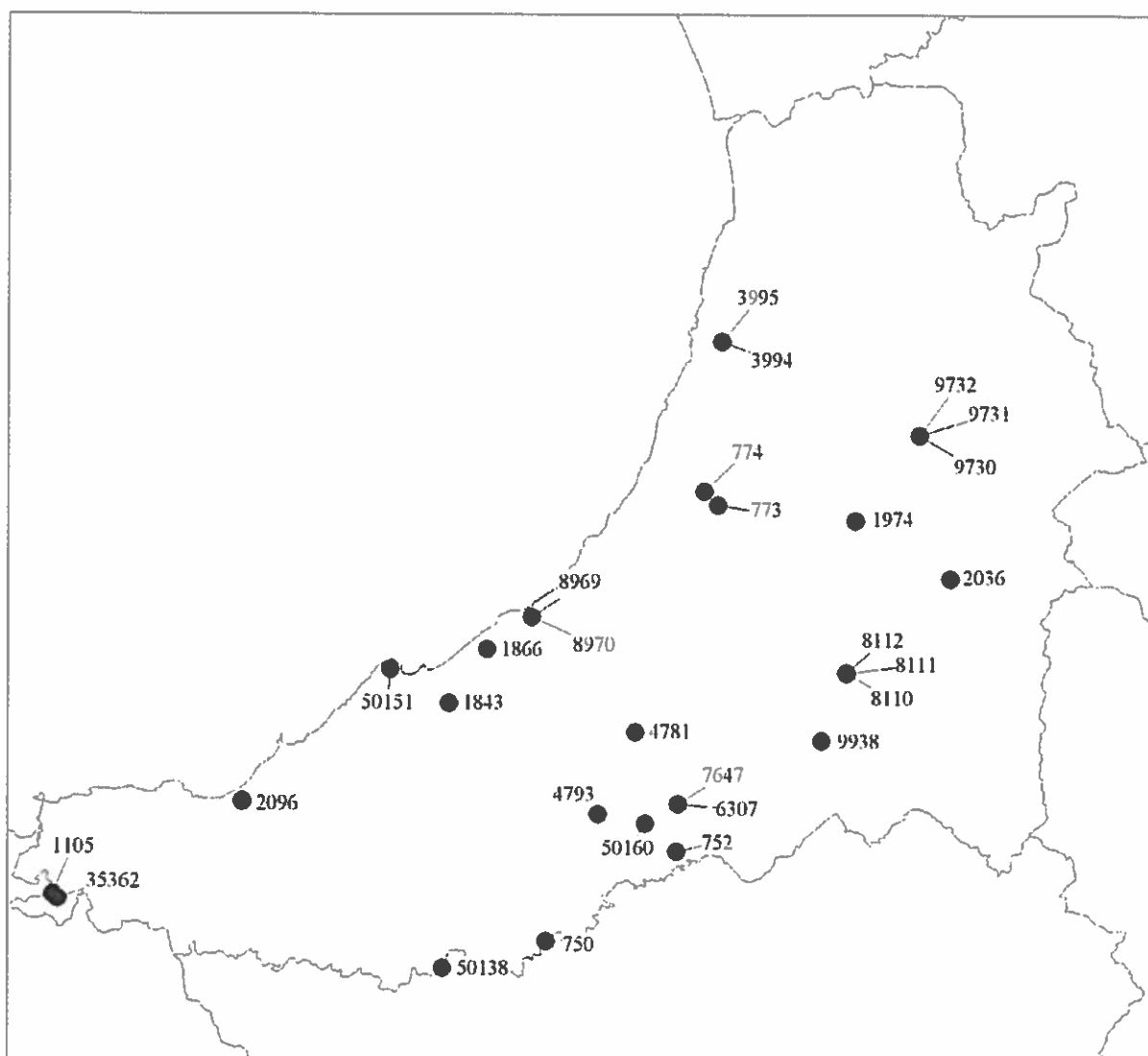


**2.0 ALPHABETICAL LIST OF EARLY CHRISTIAN MONUMENTS (ECMs),
BY PARISH (with PRNs)**

PRN: 1105	Cardigan, Bryngwyn Fawr ECM; Plasnewydd Wheel Cross
PRN: 35362	Cardigan, Bryngwyn Fawr ECM
PRN: 1866	Henfynyw parish church, 'Tigernacus Stone'
PRN: 752	Lampeter, Pont Faen Stone
PRN: 1843	Llanarth parish church, 'Gurhirt's Cross'
PRN: 3994	Llanbadarn Fawr parish church, cross
PRN: 3995	Llanbadarn Fawr parish church, cross
PRN: 8969	Llanddewi Aberarth parish church, ECM
PRN: 8970	Llanddewi Aberarth parish church, cross
PRN: 9933	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, 'Dallus Stone'
PRN: 9934	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, 'Idnert Stone'
PRN: 9935	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, ECM
PRN: 9936	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, ECM
PRN: 9937	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, ECM
PRN: 9938	Llanddewi Brefi parish church, 'Cenlisini Stone'
PRN: 1826	Llandysul parish church, 'Velvoria Stone'
PRN: 50138	Llandysul parish church, ECM
PRN: 9730	Llanfihangel-y-Creuddyn, Llantrisant church, ECM
PRN: 9731	Llanfihangel-y-Creuddyn, Llantrisant church, ECM
PRN: 9732	Llanfihangel-y-Creuddyn, Llantrisant church, ECM
PRN: 4781	Llanfihangel Ystrad, Llanllyr, 'Tesquitus Stone'
PRN: 4793	Llanfihangel Ystrad, Maes-mynach ECM
PRN: 773	Llangwryfon, old parish church, ECM
PRN: 774	Llangwryfon, Maes-llyn, 'Domnicus Stone'
PRN: 50151	Llanllwchaiarn parish church, ECM
PRN: 750	Llanwenog, Capel Whyl, 'Trenacatus Stone'
PRN: 1974	Llanwnws (Gwnnws Issa), Llanwnws parish church, 'Hiroidil Stone'
PRN: 2096	Penbryn, Dyffryn Bern ECM
PRN: 6307	Silian parish church, ECM
PRN: 7647	Silian parish church, 'Silbandus Stone'
PRN: 50160	?Silian, ECM
PRN: 2036	Tregaron (Caron Uwch Clawdd), Strata Florida ECM
PRN: 8110	Tregaron parish church, 'Potentina Stone'
PRN: 8111	Tregaron parish church, 'Eneveri Stone'
PRN: 8112	Tregaron parish church, ECM



Location map of Early Christian Monuments, Ceredigion





PRN: 750
NGR: SN48604241
Parish: Llanwenog
Site Name: TRENACATUS STONE;CAPEL WHYL;CRUG Y CHWIL
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/M
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status: Deschedu
Area Status:
Ownership: NMGW
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5908;7516;50154
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group 1 ECM (Latin- and Ogam-inscribed stone), of probable late 5th or early 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now in the National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. The inscription translates as 'Trenaclatus, here he lies, the son of Malagnus' (ibid.). The stone was first recorded in 1808 when Samuel Meyrick recorded that it was discovered below the east wall in the ruins of the medieval Capel Whyll PRNs 7516 and 50154, destroyed in 1796 (ibid.), where it was probably +/- in situ. It was moved to Llanfechan House in 1808, and then to Highmead House in c.1918, and was acquired by NMGW in 1950 (ibid.). It is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Group 1 ECM PRN 750 from Capel Whyll PRNs 7516 and 50154 with 5th-6th c. Latin and Ogam inscription.Inscribed in Latin TRENACATUS IC IACIT FILIUS MAGLAGNI & Ogam TRENACCATLO.Now in NMGW

References:

Published

Text

Longueville Jones H	1860	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.6 p.42-44 Illust.
Brash RR	1869	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.15 p.160-1
Rhys J		Lectures on Welsh Philology	p.393
Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	p.191
Meyrick SR	1810	History of Cardiganshire	1907 Edition p.213 215
	1866	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.12 p.196
	1878	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.9 p.343
	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.8
Evans DC	1930	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol. p.63-4
Davies DJ	1937	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.XII p.37-8 44
Thomas W Gwyn	1994	Cardigan County History Vol I	p408 409 414 pl.XIV
	1905	Y Cymmrodor	Vol.18 p.87
	1905	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.5 p.23
Anwyl E	1906	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.6 p.98
	1921	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 p.30
Macalister RAS	1921-2	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 Pt.XXXIX p.30

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1995	Notification of Descheduling	SAM file Cd 48
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 752
NGR: SN57054818
Parish: Lampeter
Site Name: PONT FAEN STONE
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/E
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description:

Early Medieval

Lost, Group II-III ECM (cross-carved stone) of possible 7th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming). It was found in 1878 acting as a gatepost in the corner of Pont-faen Cottage, just north of Lampeter (ibid.). It was said to have been brought there from Peterwell House, NGR SN 5710 4774 (ibid.). By 1890 it was lying beside the road but was subsequently moved to south Lodge, Falcondale House SN 5720 4822 (ibid.). It went missing between 1935 and 1971. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	?brought from Peterwell SN57104774 to Pont-faen SN57054818 now lost? Open outline cross 7-9th c.

References:

Published

Text

1891	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.8 p.234 318
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Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 773
 NGR: SN59707048
 Parish: Llangwryfon
 Site Name: LLANGWYRYFON OLD PARISH CHURCHYARD
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early medieval
 Form: O.Struct/E

Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status:
 Area Status:
 Ownership:
 Part of:
 Consists of:

Associated with: 12418

Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:

Description: Lost, Group III ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 9th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming). Its only record is that of Samuel Meyrick who, in 1808, described it as in use as a gatepost in Llangwryfon old churchyard, PRN 12418 (ibid.). His drawings show a roughly rectangular slab with an outline Latin cross, of a form that suggests a 9th century date or later (ibid.). It appears that the stone was probably a late import onto the site. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Group II(?) outline Latin cross with rounded arm-pits and indented limbs with dots-rings in interspaces and at ends arm-ends. Upward-curved bar below the shaft. Recorded in use as gatepost at Llangwryfon churchyard SN59627053. Now lost(?)

References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.VII.5
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.15

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 774
NGR: SN58797136
Parish: Llangwryfon
Site Name: DOMNICUS STONE;MAES-LLYN FARM
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/M

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: NMGW

Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 49236

Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group I ECM (Latin-inscribed stone), of probable late 5th - early 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now in the National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. It was found during ploughing in a field north of Maes-llyn Farm, Llangwryfon, in 1942, buried upright in the ground, 0.15m beneath the surface (ibid.). Beside it was a 'pavement' of smaller slabs (ibid.). It has been interpreted as having been (re-)used as a slide slab of a cist burial (ibid.), PRN 49236, but this interpretation is open to question. There has been some plough-damage and the tops of two letters have been lost. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Inscribed DOMNICI IACITFILIIUS BRAVECCI in three lines reading vertically downwards

References:

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 1105
NGR: SN16774537
Parish: Cardigan
Site Name: BRYNGWYN FAWR STONE; PLASNEWYDD WHEEL CROSS
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early medieval
Form: O.Struct/M
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: NMGW
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (cross-carved stone) of probable 7th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now in National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. It was discovered in 1921 in use as a gatepost opposite Plas Newydd Farm PRN 16731 (ibid.). It was donated to NMGW in 1936. The findspot lies 530m SE of St Dogmaels Abbey, and along with Group III ECM PRN 35362, the stone is thought to probably represent a boundary stone marking the limits of the 'noddfa' or sanctuary land belonging to the early medieval St Dogmaels monastery PRN 1222 (nb. see also 'Mwtshwr' PRN 11446). The cross is incomplete and an incised figure is very weathered. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar stone 7th-9th c. ring cross above standing human figure found 1921 in use as gatepost

References:

Published

Text

Macalister RAS	1930	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.85 p.424
	1937	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.92 p.5
Macalister RAS	1922	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 Pt.XXXIX p.23

Manuscript

Text

Sambrook RP	2000	St Dogmaels Historic Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 1826
NGR: SN41904068
Parish: Llandyssul
Site Name: VELVORIA STONE;LLANDYSUL PARISH CHURCH;VELVOR STONE
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/C

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:

Area Status:
Ownership: ECL

Part of:
Consists of:

Associated with: 5643;50137;50138

Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:

Views:

Description: Fragmentary Group I ECM (Latin-inscribed stone), of probable 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llandysul parish church PRNs 5643, built into the north wall of the west tower. It was first noted in c.1700, in its present fragmentary state, in the churchyard PRN 50137 (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. By 1808 it was built into a churchyard stile, and by 1856 had been built into the churchyard wall (ibid.). It was moved to its present location in 1907-18 (ibid.). The stone is fragmentary, but the remaining inscription is worn but clear. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Llandyssul church PRN 5643. Latin inscription VELVOR(IA) FILIA BROHO(MAGLI). Also possibly an Ogam inscription. CastNo.14.306.28 in NMW

References:

Published

Text

Westwood JO	1856	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.2 p.143-4
Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Meyrick SR	1810	History of Cardiganshire	p.193 Pl.iv Fig.1
	1906-7	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.2 No.69 p.144
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.8
Hughes & Jenkins	1967	Ceredigion	Vol.V No.4 p.428
Eyre-Evans G	1918	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.18 p.144
Macalister RAS	1921	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 p.29
	1922	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.2 p.213
Macalister RAS	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.296 302
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.413
	1932	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.23 p.94
Hughes IT	1957	Ceredigion	Vol.III No.2 p.104

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Ground Photographs

DAT	1983	SMR	28-15
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Negative References:

PRN: 1843
NGR: SN42285774
Parish: Llanarth
Site Name: LLANARTH PARISH CHURCH;GURHIRT'S CROSS
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/B
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 12396;49330
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description: Group III ECM (cross-slab with inscription) of probable 9th - 10th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside the west tower of Llanarth parish church PRN 12396, set against the north wall. It was first mentioned in 1808 when it was standing in the churchyard PRN 49330, south of the church (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. It was moved into the church in 1851 but was re-erected outside the church door during restoration in 1870 (ibid.) It was moved to its present position in 1926 (ibid.). The stone is somewhat damaged by lamination leaving the inscription fragmentary. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Group III ECM in Llanarth parish church PRN 12396 moved from churchyard PRN 49330. 9th-10th c. outline cross & inscription GU{{R}}...T

References:

Published

Text

	1863	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.9 p.262-3 Illust
Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	p.235
	1850	Archaeologia Cambrensis	2nd Series Vol.1 p.73
	1851	Archaeologia Cambrensis	2nd Series Vol.2 p.307
Rhys J	1874	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.5 p.20
	1892	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.9 p.169
Macalister RAS	1921	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 p.29-30
Bevan RE	1926	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.4 p.66-8
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.8
	1905	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.5 p.21
Anwyl E	1906	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.6 p.98
	1922	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.2 p.213
Macalister RAS	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.296
Walrond JD	1960	Ceredigion	Vol.IV No.1 p.65

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 1866
NGR: SN44766120
Parish: Henfynyw Upper
Site Name: HENFYNYW PARISH CHURCH;TIGERNACUS STONE
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/C
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5911;12397;49326
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description:

Early Medieval

Group 1 ECM (incomplete inscribed stone) of possible 7th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), built into the chancel east wall at Henfynyw parish church PRNs 12397 and 5911. It was first mentioned in the 19th century when it was fixed over the north door of the church; it was moved to its present location during church restoration in c.1865 (ibid.). The stone is in two pieces, fractured and the damaged inscription may be incomplete. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed Stone	Stone	1	Fragment of Latin inscription TIGEL(?)R(N... 7th-9th c. Built into the fabric of the church

References:

Published

Text

	1880	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.11 p.299
	1896	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.13 p.110
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.8
Jones DL	1983	Ceredigion	Vol.9 No.4 p.363

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 1974
NGR: SN68526950
Parish: Gwnnws Issa
Site Name: HIROIDIL STONE; LLANWNNWS PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/M
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5158; 50155
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (cross-carved stone with Latin inscriptions), of probable 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), set against the east wall, into the floor, of the west porch of Llanwnnws parish church PRN 5158. The inscriptions translate as 'Christ', and 'Whosoever shall have read this name may he give a blessing for the soul of Hiroidil son of Carotinn'. The stone was first mentioned in c.1697 when it was standing in the churchyard PRN 50155 (ibid.), where it was probably in situ; in 1879 it was standing in the north side of the yard (ibid.). It was moved to its present location in the 1940s (ibid.). One corner of the stone has fractured away, and the surface is laminated and worn. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Latin inscription early 9th c. Stone formerly stood in churchyard of St.Gwnnws church SN68526950 now in church porch

References:

Published

Text

Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.VII.6
Rhys J	1874	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.5 p.245-6
Westwood JO	1886	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.3 p.49
Owen E	1896	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.13 p.135
	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.156
Macalister RAS	1927	T.Cardiganshire AS	Vol.5 p.11-12 17
Nash-Williams VE	1938	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.93 p.253-5 Illust.
	1905	Y Cymmrydor	Vol.18 p.96
Hughes HH	1921	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.1 p.87
Macalister RAS	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.292
	1935	Antiquaries Journal	Vol.15 p.416
Lewis JM	1964	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.113 p.167

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1988	AM107	CD 123
CADW	1993	AM107	SAM file
CADW	2000	AM107	SAM file CD111
Hall J & Sambrook P	2003	Ystrad Meurig Community Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 2036
NGR: SN74666576
Parish: Caron-Uwch-Clawdd
Site Name: STRATA FLORIDA
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use: Other
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 2043,5561;50162
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II-III ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th - 11th century date, with a deeply-incised, linear Latin cross with triangular terminals (Edwards forthcoming). It now stands against the external face of the east wall of St Mary's Church, Strata Florida PRN 5661. It was discovered in 1848, during excavations in Strata Florida Abbey, re-used as the marker of a post-Conquest burial. It may have been a post-Conquest import, but as Edwards points out, it is a 'large slab and unlikely to have been moved far' (ibid.), suggesting that it may have been +/- in situ. It was in its present location by 1889 (ibid.). There has been some weathering but the stone is otherwise in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Now at Strata Florida parish church SN74666576. 7th-9th c. Latin linear cross. Found with inhumation in abbey cemetery but probably reused as Mediaeval tombstone

References:

Published

Text

	1848	Archaeologia Cambrensis	1st Series Vol.3 p.131.illus.p.1100
Westwood IO	1876 1994	Lapidarium Walliae	p.147 Pl.LXIX Cardiganshire County Hist Vol 1 p.413 417
Macalister T.A.S	1927	T.Cardiganshire AS.Vol 5 p.15	

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1988	AM107	SAM file
CADW	1993	AM107	SAM file Cd 60
CADW	1999	AM107	SAM file CD060
Hall J & Sambrook P	2003	Ystrad Fflur Community Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 2096
NGR: SN28905137
Parish: Penbryn
Site Name: DYFFRYN BERN STONE;CORBALENGI STONE
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use: Pasture
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: Pri
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 50158
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description:

Group 1 ECM (Latin-inscribed stone), of probable 5th - early 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), standing on a slight rise or plateau in a field called - significantly - 'Parc Cerrig y Llundiau' ('field on the stone with lines') near Dyffryn Bern Farm. It was first mentioned by Edward Lhuyd in the late 17th century when it lay beside a cairn that formerly occupied this rise or plateau (ibid.). The cairn was levelled in c.1806 when it was reported to contain ashes and some Roman coins, and a 2nd century Romano-British black-burnished ware cooking-pot, now in NMGW, Cardiff, interpreted as a Romano-British cremation PRN 2097 (ibid.). The cairn may therefore have been a Romano-British barrow burial, or a re-used bronze age round barrow (PRN 2098). The ECM - which is a memorial to one Corbalengus, bearing the inscription 'of Corbalengus, he lies, an Ordovician' - suggests that the barrow was again (re-)used in the 5th - early 6th century for the burial of a post-Roman, ?high status individual, PRN 50158 (ibid.). The stone has been re-erected in the centre of the natural rise in the field, close to the site of the ?barrow. It is a Scheduled Ancient Monument, and is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Latin inscription CORBALENGI IACIT ORDOVUS now at SN28905136 site of cairn 2097. When first recorded lay close to this spot. Originally from cairn?

References:

Published

Text

Longueville Jones H	1861	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.7 p.305-8
Lhuyd E	1695	Camden's Britannia	ed Gibson Col.774
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.IV 2
	1859	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.5 p.328 330 331
Way A	1870	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.1 p.206
Rhys J	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.126-127
Ceredigion District Council		Ceredigion's Coastal Heritage	p.15
	1905	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.5 p.165-167
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.9
Walrond JD	1960	Ceredigion	Vol.IV No.1 p.60-6
	1994		Cards County Hist Vol 1 p.
	1905	Y Cymmrydor	Vol.18 p.70

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1988	AM107	SAM file
CADW	1993	AM107	SAM file Cd 49
Cadw	1999	AM107	SAM file CD049(CER)
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Aerial Photographs

Musson CR	1992	AP92-029.52 High level view of field containing ECM evidently well cultiv little trace of barrow
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Negative References:

PRN: 3994
NGR: SN59918100
Parish: Llanbadarnfawr
Site Name: LLANBADARN FAWR PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: CROSS
Form: O.Struct/B
Early Medieval

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 816;3995;4847

Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: High-quality, Group III ECM (cross) of probable 10th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanbadarn Fawr parish church PRN 4847, standing in the south transept. It was first mentioned in 1808 when it was standing in the churchyard PRN 816, in the angle between the south transept and the nave (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. It was moved to a spot opposite the south porch in 1830, and moved into the south transept in 1916 (ibid.). It was re-set in its present position in 1987 (ibid.). The carving is severely weathered. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	At Llanbadarn Fawr church SN59918100 10th-11th c. pillar cross. Cast No.Pro.103 in NMW

References:

Published

Text

Author	Year	Title	Series/Volume
Macalister RAS	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.153
	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.18-20
Eyre-Evans G	1916	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.16 p.356-7
	1917	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.17 p.165
Hughes HH	1920	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.20 p.7

Manuscript

Text

Author	Year	Title
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 3995
NGR: SN59918100
Parish: Llanbadarnfawr
Site Name: LLANBADARN FAWR PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: CROSS Early Medieval, Medieval
Form: O.Struct/B
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 816;3994;4847
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description: Group III ECM (cross) of probable 10th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanbadarn Fawr parish church PRN 4847, standing in the south transept. It was first mentioned in 1808 when it was standing in the churchyard PRN 816, in the angle between the south transept and the nave (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. It was moved to a spot opposite the south porch in 1830, and moved into the south transept in 1916 (ibid.). It was re-set in its present position in 1987 (ibid.). Its 9th-12th century date range could put it into the post-Conquest period. The carving is severely weathered. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	At Llanbadarn Fawr church SN59918100. 9th-12th c. pillar cross

References:

Published

Text

	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.153
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.15-6
Eyre-Evans G	1916	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.16 p.356-7
	1917	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.17 p.165
Hughes HH	1920	Archaeologia Cambrensis	6th Series Vol.20 p.7

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 4781
NGR: SN54345588
Parish: Llanfihangel Ystrad
Site Name: TESQUITUS STONE; LLANLLYR ABBEY
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/C
Land Use: Other
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: Pri
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 4580;4786;50142
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Fragmentary Group II ECM (Latin-inscribed stone with crosses), of probable 7th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), standing under an arch in the garden of Llanllyr House PRN 9765, which occupies the general area of the medieval Llanllyr Abbey PRN 4786. It was first noted in 1859, but 'was probably discovered c.1830 during the demolition of the old house' PRN 4580, which was located 220m WNW of the present house (ibid.). It was erected in the garden after 1915 (ibid.). The inscription appears to record the grant of a plot of land - a 'deserted place' - for use as a hermitage or monastery (ibid.), perhaps recording the establishment of a monastic establishment at Llanllyr in the 7th - 9th century (PRN 50142). The stone has been split down the middle, across the inscription, and only half now survives. The rest is worn but clear. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Found when dismantling house. Now at SN54345588. Latin inscription TESQUITUSDITOC MADOMNUACO AONFILIUSASA ITGENEDIT & two later ring crosses

References:

Published

Text

Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.5
Westwood JO	1863	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series ^Vol.9 p.258
	1878	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.9 p.352
Rhys J	1896	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.13 p.119
Rhys J	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.127-8
Rhys J	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.12708
	1922	T Card As Vol.5 p.10-11	DRF
Macalister RAS	1927	^T.Card.AS	Vol.5 p.10
Cambrian News	1991	Transforming a Mansion	29:3:91 DRF
	1905	Y Cymmrydor	Vol.18 p.54
Macalister RAS	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.292
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.396
Lewes JH	1971	Ceredigion	Vol.VI No.4 p.348

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1987	AM107	SAM File
Murphy K	1999	Tir Gofal farm visit Llanllŷr	ACA Reports
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 4793
NGR: SN51955061
Parish: Llanfihangel Ystrad
Site Name: MAES MYNACH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/M
Land Use: Other
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (pillar stone), of probable 8th or 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now standing against the east wall of the porch at Llanilar parish church PRN 5171. It was first recorded in 1808 at Maes Mynach Farm (ibid.), where it is shown on historic maps, but was said to have been brought thither from the Cribyn Gaer iron age hillfort PRN 4794 (see Capel St Silin PRN 6030 for a discussion of this possibility etc.). By 1879 it was lying by the roadside at the entrance to Cwm Mynach but was moved to the grounds of Castle Hill, Llanilar, before 1950 (ibid.). It was moved to its present location in 1958 (ibid.). The stone is weathered, and the top rough, but the condition is otherwise good. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Incised pillar stone 8th-9th c. Now in porch of Llanilar church SN623751

References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	PLV(i)
	1869	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.15 p.413
Westwood JO	1876	Lapidarium Walliae	p.138 Pl.67 Fig.3
	1878	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.9 p.351
Lewis J	1964	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.113 p.166

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1988	AM107	Cd 113
CADW	1993	AM107	SAM file
Cadw	2000	AM107	SAM file CD113(CER)
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Aerial Photographs

Musson CR	1992	AP92-036.44 Near overhead of St Hilary's church and churchyard present location of ECM Cd113	
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Negative References:

PRN: 6307
NGR: SN57155124
Parish: Silian
Site Name: SILIAN PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use: Building
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 4796;7647;17375;50159
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (pillar stone), of probable 8th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), with interlace and fretwork carving, lying loose in the vestry at Silian parish church PRNs 4796 and 17375. It was first recorded in 1808, when it was standing, partially buried, in the churchyard PRN 50159 (ibid.). By 1876 it was standing against the east wall of the church, and was moved to its present location between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). There has been slight damage and lamination of the carved faces, otherwise the stone is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	St.Suliens SN572513 8th-9th c. Sculpted Cast No.14.306.23 in NMW

References:

Published

Text

Lloyd		History of Wales	p.317
Lewis S	1833	Topographical Dictionary of Wales	
James H	1994	The archaeology of Early Christianity in Cards	Cards County Hist Vol I p.411
	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	420
	1964	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.5 p.18 19 20
			Vol.113 p.166-8.

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1987	AM107	Card 64
CADW	1992	AM107	SAM file Cd 64
Cadw	1999	AM107	SAM file CD064(CER)
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 7647
NGR: SN57155124
Parish: Silian
Site Name: SILBANDUS STONE; SILIAN PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early medieval
Form: O.Struct/B
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 4796;6307;17375;50159
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group I-II ECM (Latin-inscribed stone), of probable early 6th century date, with a linear equal-arm cross added in the 7th - 9th century (Edwards forthcoming), built horizontally into the external face of the nave south wall at Silian parish church PRNs 4796 and 17375. It was first recorded in 1876, when it was in its present location (ibid.), presumably having been built into the fabric during the rebuild of 1873 (PRN 17375) and may have been +/- in situ. The inscription translates as 'Si(l)bandus lies here' recording a Christian burial, and the cross was probably added to enable its re-use as a grave-marker on the site (ibid.). One face of the stone is hidden, and there is a diagonal; crack across the centre. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	St Suliens SN572513. Latin inscription SILBANDVS IACIT 5th-6th c. plus incised linear cross 7th-9th c. Cast No.14.306.22 in NMW

References:

Published

Text

Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Westwood JO	1876	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.7 p.196-7 Illust.
	1878	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.9 p.352
Macalister RAS	1921	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 p.30
RAS	1921	Transactions of the Carmarthenshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.15 p.30
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.9
	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.298

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1987	AM107	SAM No.64
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 8110
 NGR: SN67995969
 Parish: Caron-Is-Clawdd
 Site Name: POTENINA STONE; TREGARON PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
 Form: O.Struct/M
 Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status:
 Area Status:
 Ownership: NMGW
 Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5136;8111;8112;8113;50161
 Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:

Early Medieval

Description: Fragmentary Group 1 ECM (Latin-inscribed stone), of probable 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now in the National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. The inscription translates as 'Potenina wife' (ibid.). The stone was first recorded in 1804 when it was built into the south wall of Tregaron parish church PRN 5136 (ibid.). The church was repaired 1804-5 when Samuel Meyrick removed the stone and took it to his home, Goodrich Hall in Herefordshire (ibid.). It was donated to NMGW in 1935 (ibid.). What remains of the stone is in two adjoining fragments, the surviving remnants being in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Moved from Tregaron churchyard to Goodrich Court now in NMGW. Latin inscription 'POTENTINA MALIER'

References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.VII.3
Westwood JO	1850	Archaeologia Cambrensis	2nd Series Vol.1 p.91
Rhys J	1877	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.8 p.139
Williams & Nash-Williams I & V	1936	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.91 p.15 Illust.
Nash-Williams VE	1950	ECMs of Wales	p.104 No.132
Evans E	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.387

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 8111
NGR: SN67995968
Parish: Caron-Is-Clawdd
Site Name: ENEVERI STONE;TREGARON PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early medieval
Form: O.Struct/M

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:

Part of:

Consists of:

Associated with: 5136;8110;8112;8113;50161

Siting:

Orientation:

Aspect:

Proximity:

Views:

Description: Group II or Group III ECM (cross-carved stone with inscription), with a possible date-range from the 7th to the 11th centuries (Edwards forthcoming), now in the National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. The inscription translates as 'of Enevir' (ibid.). The stone was first recorded in 1804 when it was built into the south wall of Tregaron parish church PRN 5136 (ibid.). The church was repaired 1804-5 when Samuel Meyrick removed the stone and took it to his home, Goodrich Hall in Herefordshire (ibid.). It was donated to NMGW in 1935 (ibid.). The stone is slightly damaged but otherwise in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Moved from Tregaron churchyard ring cross & inscription 'ENEVIRI'

References:

Published

Text

Lloyd JE		History of Wales	p.50 318
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	p.252
	1864	Archaeologia Cambrensis	3rd Series Vol.10 p.273
Rhys J	1877	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.8 p.139
Williams & Nash-Williams	1936	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.91 p.15
1 & V			
Nash-Williams VE	1950	ECMs of Wales	p.104-6 No.133

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 8112
NGR: SN67995969
Parish: Caron-Is-Clawdd
Site Name: TREGARON PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/E?

Early Medieval

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

5136;8110;8111;8113;50161

Description: Lost Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming). It was incised with a linear Latin ring-cross (ibid.). The stone was first recorded in 1805 after which it appears to have been lost (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
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References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.VII.2 & 4
Nash-Williams VE	1950	ECMs of Wales	p.104-6 No.134

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 8969
NGR: SN47656329
Parish: Llanddewi Aberarth Upper
Site Name: LLANDDEWI ABERARTH PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5666;8970;17367;50134
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Incomplete 'hogback' stone, of mid-late 10th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Aberarth parish church PRNs 5666 and 17367, clamped against the south wall of the west tower. It was found in 1860 during demolition of the medieval chancel and nave (ibid.). It was taken off site, to Dol Aeron House, Aberaeron, but was returned to the church in c.1896 (ibid.). It is the only hogback recorded in Wales, and may represent a burial in the 'Viking' tradition and therefore indicate a Norse element in the early medieval population? (ibid.). One of the ends is missing, and there has been some flaking of the carved surface, but otherwise the stone is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Hogback stone 10th c.

References:

Published

Text

Ceredigion District Council	1896	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.13 p.117
Downey DS	1984	Ceredigion's Coastal Heritage	p.28 Illustration
		Ceredigion	Vol.10 No.1 p.82

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 8970
NGR: SN47656329
Parish: Llanddewi Aberarth Upper
Site Name: LLANDDEWI ABERARTH PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE;CROSS Early Medieval
Form: O.Struc/C

Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL

Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5666;8969;17367;50134

Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group III ECM (two cross-shaft fragments, one with Latin inscriptions), of probable 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Aberarth parish church PRNs 5666 and 17367, clamped against the south wall of the west tower. They were found in 1860 during demolition of the medieval chancel and nave (ibid.). They were taken off site, to Dol Aeron House, Aberaeron, but were returned to the church in c.1896 (ibid.). The cross may suggest monastic origins for this otherwise indeterminate site (ibid.). It is in poor condition, both fragments having been split for re-use as building stone, the surfaces are laminated and one has been rust-stained from its mounting. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	3	9th c. fragments of cross shaft sculptored.Two have inscription illustrated in ECMs of Wales
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	9th-10th c. fragment of shaft sculptured lost?

References:

Published

Text

	1896	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.13 p.113
Rhys J	1897	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.14 p.127
Ceredigion District Council		Ceredigion's Coastal Heritage	p.28 Illustration
	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.12
Downey DS	1984	Ceredigion	Vol.10 No.1 p.82

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 9730
NGR: SN72677498
Parish: Llanfihangel y Creuddyn Upper
Site Name: LLANTRISANT CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5490;9731;9732;50141
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th - 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llantrisant church PRN 5490, lying against the vestry north wall. It was found in 1970 during grave-digging in the churchyard PRN 50141 near the nave south wall (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. By 1998 it was lying flat over a grave, but was subsequently brought into the church (ibid.). The stone is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed Stone	Stone	01	Linear Latin Cross

References:

Published

Text

Cer Arch Survey	1988	Archaeology in the Ysbyty Ystwyth Area	p.36
Thomas WG	1977	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.126 p.64-8 Illusts

Manuscript

Text

Sambrook RP & Hall J	2003	Pontarfynach Community Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 9731
NGR: SN72677498
Parish: Llanfihangel y Creuddyn Upper
Site Name: LLANTRISANT CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/B
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5490,9730,9732,50141
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description:

Early Medieval

Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming), lying flat in Llantrisant churchyard PRN 50141, next to ECM PRN 9732. It was found in 1970 during grave-digging in the churchyard near the south wall of the church PRN 5490 (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. The stone is in good condition but has been recently fractured, damaging the cross. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Linear latin cross

References:

Published

Text			
Thomas WG	1977	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.126 p.64-8 Illusts.

Manuscript

Text			
Sambrook RP & Hall J	2003	Pontarfynach Community Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 9732
NGR: SN72677498
Parish: Llanfihangel y Creuddyn Upper
Site Name: LLANTRISANT CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5490;9730;9731;50141
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description: Group III ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 9th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming), lying flat in Llantrisant churchyard PRN 50141, next to ECM PRN 9731. It first recorded, in its present location, in 1972 (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. The stone is overgrown and laminated, but otherwise in good condition. NDL 2004

Early Medieval

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Outline Latin cross

References:

Published

Text

Author	Date	Title	Location
Thomas WG	1977	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.126 p.64-8 Illusts.

Manuscript

Text

Author	Date	Title	Location
Sambrook RP & Hall J	2003	Pontarfynach Community Audit	SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 9933
 NGR: SN66385531
 Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
 Site Name: DALLUS STONE;LLANDDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
 Form: O.Struct/B
 Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status: SAM
 Area Status:
 Ownership: ECL
 Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9934;9935;9936;9937;9938;11850
 Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:

Description: Incomplete Group 1 ECM (Latin inscribed stone), of probable 6th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138, set against the north side of the chancel arch. It was first noted in 1746 when it was set into a stile in the southeast churchyard boundary wall (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. It may have gone missing until 1907, but was moved into the church between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). It is incomplete, the top of the stone having been broken off damaging part of the inscription, but is otherwise in good condition (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar stone Latin inscription in two lines vertical DALLUS DUMELUS 6th C.Group 1 Inside Church against north wall chancel arch

References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	p.271
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.9
Rees S	1992	Dyfed: A guide to Ancient & Historic Wales	p.121
Thomas WG	1994	The Early Christian Monuments	Cards County Hist Vol 1 p.412 plate XV
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.390

Manuscript

Text

CADW	1987	AM107	SAM file Cd 47
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 9934
NGR: SN66385531
Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
Site Name: IDNERT STONE;LLANDEDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/B
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9933;9935;9936;9937;9938;11850
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Fragmentary Latin inscribed stone, of probable 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), in two parts, built into the external face of the nave west wall at Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138. It was first recorded in 1693 when it was set above the chancel door (ibid.), and was probably +/- in situ. It had been brought into the church by 1802, and was relocated when the church was partly rebuilt in the 1830s, but the majority of the stone was broken up for building stone during restoration in the 1870s, when the surviving fragments were set in their present position (ibid.). The inscription records 'the plundering of St David' and has been interpreted as a 9th century reference to the pillaging of the church of Llanddewi Brefi itself (ibid.). The surviving portions of the stone are in good condition (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	9th c. N-W Gr.I built into w.wall of church 5135 Two fragments Latin inscription in two vertical lines (+HI)C IACET (I)DNERT FILIUS IA(QUI) OCCISV(S F)VIT PROPTER PR(AEDIUM SANCTI) built into W. wall of church 9th C

References:

Published

Text

Lloyd		History of Wales	p.318
Lhuyd E	1695	Camden's Britannia	ed.Gibson Col.768-9
Meyrick SR	1808	History of Cardiganshire	Pl.V
	1878	Archaeologia Cambrensis	4th Series Vol.9 p.350-351
	1891	Archaeologia Cambrensis	5th Series Vol.8 p.234 318
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.10
Williams G	1963	Ceredigion	Vol.4 Pt.IV p.339
	1905	Y Cymmrydor	Vol.18 p.43
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.391
Williams G	1963	Ceredigion	Vol.IV No.4 p.339

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 9935
NGR: SN66385531
Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
Site Name: LLANDDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
Form: O.Struct/A
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status: SAM
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9933;9934;9936;9937;9938;11850
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th-9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138, set against the north side of the chancel arch. It was first mentioned in 1876-9, when it was standing in the churchyard near the SW corner of the church (ibid.), and may have been +/- in situ. It was moved to its present location between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). The top of the stone is damaged but is otherwise in good condition (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar stone incised linear cross top limb - crossleted 7-9th century N-W Gr.2 inside church 5135 against north wall at west end of chancel

References:

Published

Text

Tyrrell Green E	1914	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.1 No.4 p.49
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Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 9936
 NGR: SN66385531
 Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
 Site Name: LLANDDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE Early Medieval
 Form: O.Struct/A

Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status: SAM
 Area Status:
 Ownership: ECL

Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9933;9934;9935;9937;9938;11850

Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:

Description: Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th-9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138, set against the south side of the chancel arch. It was first noted in 1808, when it was standing in the churchyard near the west end of the church (ibid.), and may have been +/- in situ. It was moved to its present location between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). It is in good condition (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar stone incised linear Latin cross with bifid foot trifid arm ends 7-9th c. N-W Gr.2 inside church 5135 against south wall at west end of chancel Some commentators mention trace of ogham inscription on reverse

References:

Published

Text

Tyrrell Green E	1914	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.1 No.4 p.49
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.5 p.15
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.390

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 9937
 NGR: SN66385531
 Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
 Site Name: LLANDDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
 Form: O.Struct/C
 Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status: SAM
 Area Status:
 Ownership: ECL
 Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9933;9934;9935;9936;9938;11850
 Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:

Early Medieval

Description: Incomplete Group II ECM (cross-carved stone), of probable 7th-9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138, set against the north side of the chancel arch. It was first noted in 1808, when it was in use as a gatepost at the west entrance to the churchyard (ibid.), and may have been +/- in situ. It had been moved to a location south of the south transept by 1876-9 (ibid.). It was moved to its present location between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). It is incomplete and in poor condition, made up of three adjoining fragments with missing pieces, and the surfaces have laminated (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar cross incised linear cross potent 7-9th c. N-W Gr.2 inside church 5135 against north wall at west end of chancel

References:

Published

Text

Macalister RAS	1891 1945	Archaeologia Cambrensis CIIC	5th Series Vol.8 p.235 318 Vol.1 p.337
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Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 9938
 NGR: SN66385531
 Parish: Llanddewi Brefi
 Site Name: CENLISINI STONE;ST DAVID'S STAFF;LLANDDEWI BREFI PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
 Form: O.Struct/A
 Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status: SAM
 Area Status:
 Ownership: ECL
 Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5135;5138;5139;6306;9933;9934;9935;9936;9937;11850
 Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:
 Description:

Group II ECM (cross-carved stone with Latin inscription), of probable 7th-9th century date and probably a grave-marker (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llanddewi Brefi parish church PRNs 5135 and 5138, set against the south side of the chancel arch. It was first mentioned in 1695, when it was standing in the churchyard near the church door (ibid.), and may have been +/- in situ. It had been moved to a location near the southwest entrance to the church by 1876-9, and was moved to its present location between 1956 and 1964 (ibid.). The top of the stone is damaged by lamination but is otherwise in good condition (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	1	Pillar stone incised linear Latin cross-crosslet & vertical inscription CENLISINI BT DS 7-9th c. in church 5135 against south wall at west end of chancel

References:

Published

Text

Meyrick SR	1810	History of Cardiganshire	p.252 Pl.V No.3
Rhys J		Early Inscribed Stones in Wales	p.4
Lhuyd E	1695	Camden's Britannia	ed.Gibson Col.769-70
Tyrrell Green E	1914	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.I No.4 p.49
Macalister RAS	1927	Transactions of the Cardiganshire Antiquarian Society	Vol.V p.12
Macalister RAS	1928	Archaeologia Cambrensis	7th Series Vol.8 p.308
	1931	Archaeologia Cambrensis	Vol.86 p.390

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2	
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West	

Negative References:

PRN: 35362
NGR: SN17074509
Parish: Cardigan
Site Name: BRYNGWYN FARM
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/M
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description:

Early Medieval

Group III ECM (cross-carved stone) of probable late 8th - 10th century date (Edwards forthcoming), now in National Museum and Gallery of Wales, Cardiff. It was discovered in 1996 incorporated into a drystone wall in front of 'Nantyffin', Longdown Bank, St Dogmaels, 170m east of Bryngwyn farmhouse (ibid.). It was donated to NMGW. The findspot lies 1140m SE of St Dogmaels Abbey, and along with Group III ECM PRN 1150, which was found 390m to the NW, the stone is thought to probably represent a boundary stone marking the limits of the 'noddfa' or sanctuary land belonging to the early medieval St Dogmaels monastery PRN 1222 (nb. see also 'Mwtshwr' PRN 11446). The top of the stone is missing and the carving is very weathered. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
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References:

Manuscript

Text

Redknap M	1997	DRF
Sambrook RP	2000	St Dogmaels Historic Audit SMR Library
Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West 40376

Negative References:

PRN: 50138
NGR: SN41904068
Parish: Llandyssul
Site Name: LLANDYSUL PARISH CHURCH
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/C
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership: ECL
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with: 1826;5643;50137
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:
Description:

Early Medieval

Incomplete cross-carved stone, of 7th - 11th century date (Edwards forthcoming), inside Llandysul parish church PRN 5643, set into the top of the north aisle altar. It was first noted in 1918 when it was standing in the churchyard PRN 50137 (ibid.), where it may have been +/- in situ. It was moved into the church in 1932, and set in its present location in 1939 (ibid.). Its dating and function are unclear (ibid.). It has been suggested that the stone was 'found on the slope below Coedfoel', but Edwards suggests that this account relates to another monument (ibid.). The stone is incomplete and the carving is worn. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Cross-carved stone 7th - 11th century? in Llandysul parish church first recorded in churchyard. Three linear. conjoined crosses

References:

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 50151
 NGR: SN38485990
 Parish: Llanllwchaearn
 Site Name: LLANLLWCHAEARN PARISH CHURCH
 Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
 Form: O.Struct/C
 Land Use:
 Vegetation:
 Site Status:
 Area Status:
 Ownership: ECL
 Part of:
 Consists of:
 Associated with: 5292;10509
 Siting:
 Orientation:
 Aspect:
 Proximity:
 Views:
 Description:

Early Medieval

Fragment of a Group II ECM (pillar stone), of probable 8th or early 9th century date (Edwards forthcoming), lying loose inside Llanllwchaearn parish church PRNs 5292 and 10509, under a pew near the west end. It has apparently been in the church since the 1930s but was only identified in 1997 (ibid.). It is unlikely to be in situ. The stone is fragmentary, but what survives is in good condition. NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Fragment of quadrangular pillar with incised design including equal arm crosses 8th-9thc.

References:

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:

PRN: 50160
NGR: SN5550?
Parish: Silian
Site Name: SILIAN?
Site Type: INSCRIBED STONE
Form: O.Struct/E? Early medieval
Land Use:
Vegetation:
Site Status:
Area Status:
Ownership:
Part of:
Consists of:
Associated with:
Siting:
Orientation:
Aspect:
Proximity:
Views:

Description: Lost Group II ECM (incomplete cross-carved stone), of 7th - 11th century date?, of unknown provenance, only known from a photograph in NWGW, Cardiff, Neg. no. 8149 (Edwards forthcoming). The label states that the stone was from 'Silian' (ibid.). It was carved with two linear Latin crosses, one with an angular 'ring', the other incomplete. The stone was incomplete, with two broken edges and fragmentary carving (ibid.). NDL 2004

Associated Artefacts:

Type	Material	Quantity	Description
Inscribed stone	Stone	01	Lost Group II ECM with two linear Latin crosses 7th - 11th c. Latin inscription

References:

Manuscript

Text

Ludlow ND	2004	Cadw Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project Part 2
Edwards N	forthcoming	A Corpus of Early Medieval Inscribed Stones and Stone Sculpture in Wales Vol. 2 The South West

Negative References:





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