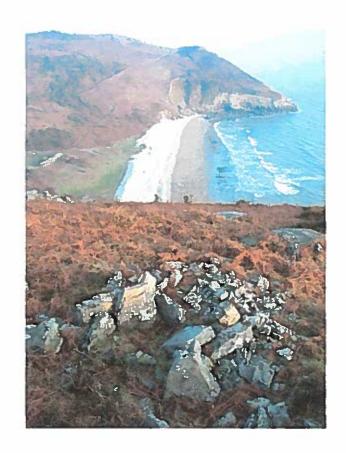


PREHISTORIC FUNERARY & RITUAL SITES PROJECT

WEST CARMARTHENSHIRE 2000-2001



Report No. 2001/25

Report Prepared for:

CADW: Welsh Historic Monuments

CAMBRIA ARCHAEOLOGY

REPORT NO. 2001/25 PROJECT RECORD NO. 42503

MARCH 2001

PREHISTORIC FUNERARY & RITUAL SITES PROJECT WEST CARMARTHENSHIRE 2000-2001

By

Nikki Bestley BA PhD

Cambria Archaeology is the marketing name of the Dyfed Archaeological Trust Limited.

The report has been prepared for the specific use of the client. The Dyfed Archaeological Trust Ltd can accept no responsibility for its use by any other person or persons who may read it or rely on the information it contains.

ARCHAEOLEG CAMBRIA
Ymddiriedolaeth Archaeolegol Dyfed Cyf
Neuadd y Sir, Stryd Caerfyrddin, Llandeilo, Sir Gaerfyrddin SA19 6AF
Ffon: Ymholiadau Cyffredinol 01558 823121
Adran Rheoli Treftadaeth 01558 823131
Ffacs: 01558 823133
Ebost: cambria@acadat.com Gwefan: www.acadat.com

CAMBRIA ARCHAEOLOGY
Dyfed Archaeological Trust Limited
The Shire Hall, Carmarthen Street, Llandeilo, Carmarthenshire SA19 6AF
Tel: General Enquiries 01558 823121
Heritage Management Section 01558 823131
Fax: 01558 823133
Email: cambria@acadat.com Website: www.acadat.com

The Trust is both a Limited Company (No. 1198990) and a Registered Charity (No. 504616)
CADEIRYDD CHAIRMAN: B.C.BURNHAM, MA PHD FSA MIFA. CYFARWYDDWR DIRECTOR: E G HUGHES BA MIFA

INTRODUCTION	4
PROJECT AIMS Figure 1. Location of west Carmarthenshire study area.	:
METHODOLOGY	7
THE SURVEY	8
Table 1: Summary of monument types and scheduled sites. Figure 2. Location of all monument types (place-name/documentary sites excluded).	10
Scheduling recommendations	11
Condition and survival Table 2: Summary of monument condition/survival after fieldwork assessments	11 13
Distribution Figure 3. Location of round barrows recorded from place-name evidence and documentary	14
sources. Figure 4. Location of standing stone sites recorded from place-name evidence and documentary	
sources. Table 3: Topographical siting of monument types	16 17
MONUMENT SITE TYPES	18
Cairnfields Figure 5. Distribution of cairnfields.	19 20
Chambered Tombs Figure 6. Distribution of chambered tombs.	21 22
Cists Figure 7. Distribution of cists.	23 24
Cup marked stones Figure 8. Distribution of cup marked stones.	25 26
Henges Figure 9. Distribution of henge monuments.	27 28
Long barrows Figure 10. Distribution of long barrows.	29 30
Prehistoric monument complex Figure 11. Distribution of prehistoric monument complexes.	31 32

Ring barrows	33
Figure 12. Distribution of ring barrows.	34
Round barrows	35
Figure 13. Distribution of round barrows.	44
Round barrow cemetery	45
Figure 14. Distribution of round barrow cemeteries.	46
Round barrow group	47
Figure 15. Distribution of round barrow groups.	49
Round barrow pair	50
Figure 16. Distribution of round barrow pairs.	51
Standing stones	52
Figure 17. Distribution of standing stones.	55
Standing stone pairs	56
Figure 18. Distribution of standing stone pairs.	57
Stone circles	58
Figure 19. Distribution of stone circles.	59
Stone row	60
Figure 20. Distribution of stone rows.	61
Sites visited and discounted	62
Figure 21. Distribution of sites visited but discounted as prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments.	(2)
monuments.	63
DISCUSSION	64
A CUMONUM ED COMPANIE	
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	65
REFERENCES	66
Figure 22. Sites known through place-name evidence and documentary sources.	
Figure 24. Distribution of new sites discovered during fieldwork.	
Figure 23. Distribution of site types recorded through cropmark evidence	
Figure 25. Cremations and inhumations recorded from finds.	
Figure 26. Comparative map showing the locations of round barrows and ring barrows.	
•	

Figure 27. Comparative map showing the locations of round barrows, ring barrows and standing stones.

Figure 28. Comparative map showing the locations of chambered tombs, round barrows and standing stones.

Figure 29. Comparative map showing the locations of standing stones and stone pairs.

APPENDIX 1 SITE TYPES EXTRACTED FROM SMR

APPENDIX 2 GAZETTEER OF SITES FROM THE SMR ORDERED BY PRN

APPENDIX 3 LIST OF PLACE-NAME SITES EXTRACTED FROM THE SMR

APPENDIX 4 SITES RECORDED FROM CROPMARK EVIDENCE

APPENDIX 5 NEW SITES ADDED TO THE SMR

APPENDIX 6 LIST OF CREMATIONS AND INHUMATIONS

CD ROM INSIDE REAR COVER. DIGITAL IMAGES OF SELECTED SITES. Reference is made to a digital image(s), where it exists, in individual site records in Appendix 2.

INTRODUCTION

A pilot project was undertaken by Clwyd-Powys Archaeological Trust (CPAT) on behalf of Cadw: Welsh Historic Monuments in 1991 to examine Neolithic and Bronze Age funerary and ritual monuments in the Upper Severn Valley. The principal objectives of the survey was the enhancement of the Regional Sites and Monuments Record and to contribute to Cadw's Scheduled Ancient Monument enhancement programme. During this project a preliminary working methodology and glossary of terminology were developed (Gibson 1998). Similar surveys by CPAT followed for sites in Denbigh & East Conwy during 1998-9 and Flintshire & Wrexham during 1999-2000. The funding for this Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites project (henceforth referred to as PFRS) was extended during 2000-01 to facilitate the first of a series of surveys undertaken by the three other Welsh Archaeological Trusts. All the work has been funded by Cadw: Welsh Historic Monuments.

The ultimate aim of the PFRS project is to visit every known Neolithic and Bronze Age ritual and funerary monument throughout Wales to ensure the continued preservation of these monuments for future generations. In addition to this there is also a valuable research opportunity in which to re-think our understandings of prehistoric landscapes and to disseminate these findings to the wider public. The collaboration of all four Welsh Archaeological Trusts in this project ensures that there is standardisation in the recording of these monuments. Furthermore, the ongoing revision and redefinition of monument types allows for a more readily accessible set of data for future pan-Wales studies of social, cultural and economic development from prehistory to the present, both regionally and nationally, and at all levels of enquiry, from the professional archaeologist to the amateur.

During this first year of the project in southwest Wales, Cambria Archaeology (Dyfed Archaeological Trust) undertook a rapid assessment of the form and condition of known prehistoric funerary and ritual sites, gathered from the regional Sites and Monuments Record (SMR) for the area of west Carmarthenshire. In addition a number of new sites were discovered during the course of fieldwork. With the exception of those with Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM) status, the vast majority of known sites were last visited some fifteen or more years ago. Thus a project such as this was long overdue in order to examine the condition of known sites, to revise their descriptions on the SMR and to redefine their typologies.

This project has largely followed the methodology and terminology developed in previous years by CPAT in accordance with the specifications required by and proposed to Cadw. There has been some refinement of the definitions of some of the monument site types and the addition of new types where appropriate. Definitions of each monument type are included within the discussion at the beginning of each site type sub-section throughout the course of this report with a list of all generic types extracted from the SMR included within Appendix 1. Site types are presented in alphabetical order, with a full gazetteer ordered by SMR record number in Appendix 2.

PROJECT AIMS

The aims of the PFRS: west Carmarthenshire project were threefold:

- 1. to update the existing SMR records for the area, making any alterations and additions as necessary
- 2. to assess the fragility and vulnerability of known sites, making both scheduling and management recommendations for selected monuments
- 3. to contribute towards an evolving understanding and interpretation of these sites in both a regional and national perspective.

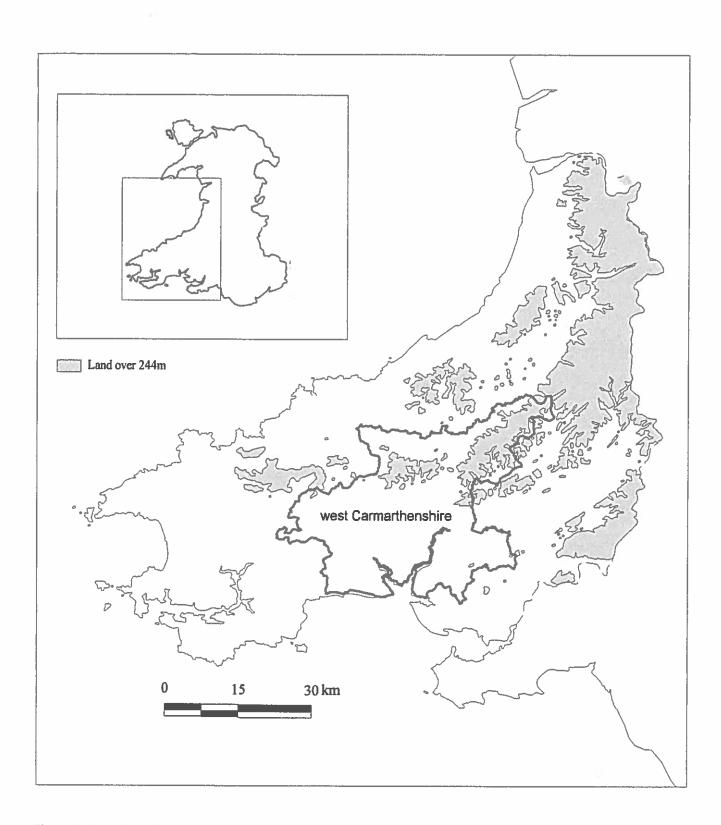


Figure 1. Location of west Carmarthenshire study area

METHODOLOGY

The SMR was interrogated to produce a project database of all sites which potentially fell into the category of Neolithic and Bronze Age funerary and ritual monuments within the west Carmarthenshire area. Included within this were all sites which have been positively identified as belonging to a known set of monument types as listed in Appendix 1 (e.g. round barrows, standing stones, etc.) as well as including those sites for which there may be alternative classifications (e.g. barrows which may be clearance cairns, standing stones which may be rubbing stones, etc.). In the initial search those sites recorded from documentary sources and place-name evidence alone were also incorporated into the database, as were both known destroyed sites and those listed as cropmarks.

From this initial enquiry, 649 sites were extracted. All of these entries were then assessed both on the basis of the records held on the computerised SMR database and any other paper records held in the offices of Cambria. These paper records included Site Record Forms (SRF), Detailed Record Files (DRF) and other sources of information such as Ordnance Survey record cards, AM107 reports for sites with SAM status and Project reports which included references to prehistoric funerary and ritual sites (e.g. the Forest Enterprise Welsh Historic Assets survey). Where possible, aerial photographs were consulted, as were other bibliographic references.

Following this assessment a refined database was prepared which highlighted 371 sites requiring a visit during the fieldwork phase of the project. The sites excluded from this refined database included 72 sites visited in recent years and found to have no surviving, visible archaeological presence (ie 'destroyed sites'). The refined database also excluded 5 duplicated records and 201 sites identified on the basis of place-name or documentary evidence alone. Arranging a site visit to the large number of sites known only from place-name or documentary references was beyond the scope of the project. However, a separately funded project to undertake this exercise might be worthy of consideration in the future.

Despite their numerous and more recent assessment, all SAM sites in the west Carmarthenshire area were visited as part of the fieldwork phase of the project. Many of these sites were in the same locality as unscheduled sites and their assessment allowed a benchmark from which to make management and scheduling recommendations for the other monuments within the study area. A visit to these sites also provided an opportunity to produce an updated report on their form and condition and facilitated the recording of additional information fields for these sites which had been added to the project Site Visit Forms (e.g. topographical siting, viewshed, etc.).

For all sites visited as part of the project the following information was recorded where available: current form, condition, land-use, size, topographical siting, and viewshed (including intervisibility). National Grid References were checked and details of generic type were altered as necessary, based on the glossary of terminology and monument type definitions developed by CPAT and refined by Cambria Archaeology during the course of

the fieldwork. Photographs were taken as and when appropriate using colour slide, black and white print and digital formats. Digital photographs are included within this report on the accompanying CD rom and organised in numerical order based on their corresponding site Primary Record Number (PRN).

THE SURVEY

The area chosen for the first year of this project within Cambria Archaeology's region (Carmarthenshire, Ceredigion and Pembrokeshire) was that of west Carmarthenshire (see Figure 1), which corresponds to the former Carmarthen District. This is a rich and varied landscape, incorporating part of the coast, the Taf, Tywi and Gwendraeth estuaries as well as inland upland areas, characterised by rolling hills and numerous valleys. Within this area there are a number of well-known monument complexes, including those of Glandy Cross in the west of the study area and Mynydd Llangendeirne in the southeast, both of which contain a large number of different prehistoric funerary and ritual monument types.

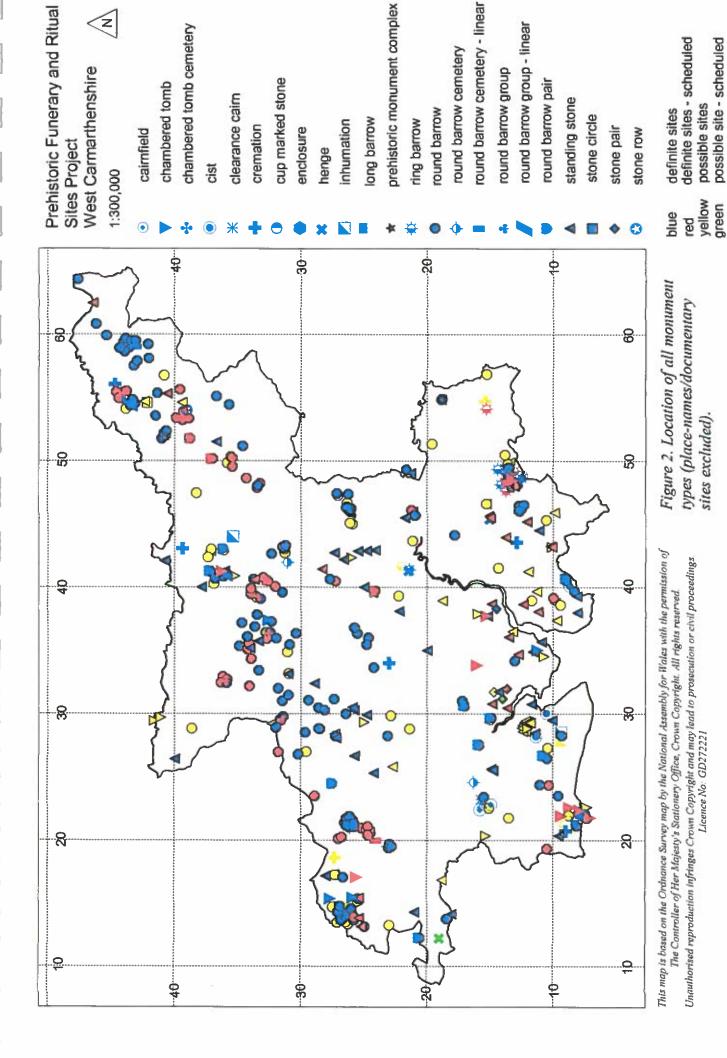
In addition to the 371 sites selected during the desk-top analysis, a further 23 new sites were identified during the course of the fieldwork. Consequently, site records were prepared for a total of 394 visited sites. All these sites are included in the summary of monument types provided in Tables 1 and 2. Tables 1 and 2 also include sites which are grouped into newly defined hierarchies (eg Round barrow pair or Round barrow group). A total of 29 new PRNs were created to describe these new site groupings.

By far the greatest number of ritual and funerary monuments recorded in the area of west Carmarthenshire are round barrows, accounting for 320 sites. Standing stones are also well represented (240 sites), although this figure includes a large number recorded only as place-name sites or from other documentary sources. Table 2 shows that almost half the total of standing stones (139 sites) are derived from place-name evidence alone, such as fields whose names perhaps contain 'Maen' or other linguistic references to stone or a stone. By contrast only 53 possible barrows are suggested from place-name evidence alone, the rest being either extant in the landscape, known destroyed sites or those which are recorded from other documentary sources. Within both tables monument sub-types, such as 'round barrow cemetery-linear', are included within the overall generic type, i.e. under 'round barrow cemetery'. Ten round barrow cemeteries with five or more monuments are distributed throughout the west Carmarthenshire area. A further ten round barrow groups (which contain a close grouping of three or four barrows) were also identified during fieldwork, with thirteen round barrow pairs (two closely associated barrows) also recorded and added to the SMR. Within the west Carmarthenshire area there were no recorded examples of cursus monuments, ring ditches, square barrows or timber circles as listed by CPAT, nor any monuments denoted by pits (including pit alignments or pit circles).

Table 1: Summary of monument types and scheduled sites.

This table includes a total of 500 entries (ie the original 649 sites extracted from the SMR plus the additional 23 new sites identified in the field and the 29 new site groupings, but minus the 201 sites known from place-name or documentary sources alone). Scheduled sites are those definite and/or possible sites which are partly or wholly scheduled.

Monument type	definite sites	possible sites	definite & possible sites which are scheduled (whole/part)	new scheduling recommendations
Cairnfield	3	0	0	1
Chambered tomb	14	14	18	0
Ch. tomb cemetery	1	0	1	0
Cist	3	1	0	0
Clearance cairn	4	0	0	0
Cove	0	1	0	0
Cremation	5	2	0	0
Cup marked stone	2	0	2	0
Enclosure	3	0	3	0
Henge	3	5	4	1
Inhumation	2	1	0	0
Long barrow	1	1	0	1
Prehistoric complex	6	0	1	0
Ring barrow	11	7	4/1	1
Round barrow	198	69	72	27
Rnd barrow cemetery	9	0	3	1
Rnd barrow group	10	0	3/3	1
Rnd barrow pair	13	0	4/2	0
Standing stone	70	31	21	4
Stone circle	0	2	1	0
Stone pair	2	5	2	0
Stone row	1	1	1 de-scheduled	1
TOTAL	361	139	134/6	38



Scheduling recommendations

A high proportion of the sites in the west Carmarthenshire area already have scheduled status (see Table 1). During the course of the fieldwork and subsequently a judgment was made as to whether to recommend additional individual sites for scheduling, on the basis of the National Assembly's criteria for scheduling ancient monuments (Planning and the Historic Environment: Archaeology, Welsh Office Circular 60/96, 5 December 1996, Annex C). For the purposes of the PFRS project these scheduling criteria have been summarised by CPAT (Jones 2000, Appendix 3). These included a series of 'discrimination' criteria (Survival, Potential, Group value. Archaeological documentation, Historical documentation/associations and Amenity and cultural value) and a series of 'management' criteria (Condition, Fragility and Vulnerability).

During this exercise emphasis was placed on an assessment of the current state of preservation of each site and their capacity to inform future generations. For example, several of the sites recommended are not under any perceived immediate threat, but are simply good examples of their type. Many of the sites under immediate or medium-term threat, particularly round barrows, are so badly damaged that it was considered unlikely they would pass scheduling criteria. Some of these have been largely ploughed away (remaining perhaps only to a height of 20cm or less). None of these have been recommended. Details of monuments recommended for scheduling, and other scheduling recommendations are contained in a separate report.

Condition and survival

In a landscape which is intensively farmed it is not surprising that the condition of a number of sites, particularly earthen mounds, has deteriorated since they were last visited. For many sites, it has been at least fifteen years since they last assessed and recorded, and in that time some have been eradicated altogether, usually as the result of regular ploughing. Some standing stones and other monuments have been moved or destroyed as a result of land improvement measures, whilst other monuments, already severely eroded, may not last another generation of farming activity. However, a good proportion of sites remained unchanged and in a stable condition and can be expected to remain so for the foreseeable future, thanks to their sympathetic landowners.

Currently the condition of monuments within the SMR are graded on a sliding scale from A (intact) to E (destroyed), plus category R for monuments which have been restored, and M for those that have been moved from their original location. Also included is the category U for those sites whose condition is unknown, usually the result of inability to access the site for a variety of different reasons. Category B sites are those considered to be 'substantially intact', category C for those sites which are damaged, and category D for those monuments which have suffered substantial destruction but are nonetheless still visible in the landscape, either as slight traces of mounds, or badly damaged monuments.

In many ways this classification of condition is necessarily subjective. However, as a rule of thumb category D was assigned to monuments in a particularly poor condition but nonetheless with some visible archaeological traces still surviving. Comparing these with other sites previously assigned to the D class did in fact result in some sites being upgraded to a C condition. This was particularly in the case for round barrows, where those which survived to a reasonable height were sometimes upgraded to separate them from those which remain only as faint ground swellings or very low mounds. As a rule, round barrows tend to have a more unstable and unpredictable survival rate: their preservation is dependent not only on the continuing good will of the landowner, but is also dependent on their location. Not surprisingly, those barrows in arable fields tend to be more severely denuded and are deteriorating at a faster rate than those located in pasture fields or on uncultivated land. With land-use and ownership often changing it is difficult to predict just how many of these monuments are at risk, and how many are stable.

Below is a summary of the code used to record monument condition as listed in the SMR and used throughout the report and gazetteer:

- A Intact
- B Substantially intact
- C Damaged
- D Substantial destruction
- E Destroyed
- M Moved from original location
- R Restored
- U Unknown

Table 2: Summary of monument condition/survival after fieldwork assessments

('Other' refers to sites recorded in the SMR as cropmarks or finds and which do not ordinarily have a condition statement attached)

Monument type	A	В	С	D	E	M	R	U	Other	Placename/ Documents	TOTAL
Cairnfield	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	3
Chambered tomb	0	3	10	7	6	1	1	0	0	0	28
Ch. tomb cemetery	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cist	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	3	7
Clearance cairn	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	6
Cove	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Cremation	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	7
Cup marked stone	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Enclosure	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
Henge	0	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	8
Inhumation	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	3
Long barrow	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Prehistoric complex	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Ring barrow	0	1	5	8	4	0	0	0	0	1	19
Round barrow	0	27	71	78	67	0	0	10	14	53	320
R barrow cemetery	0	1	2	4	1	0	0	1	0	1	10
Rnd barrow group	0	0	1	4	4	0	0	0	1	0	10
Rnd barrow pair	0	0	2	6	3	2	0	0	0	0	13
Standing stone	5	36	3	2	31	17	3	4	0	139	240
Stone circle	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Stone pair	0	3	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	8
Stone row	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
TOTAL	5	76	108	117	123	22	4	17	28	201	701

By far the greatest number of destroyed sites are round barrows, as might be expected. A large number of these monuments remain extant in the landscape, but predominantly in a C or D condition. Standing stones tend to fare better in the preservation stakes in the A and B grades, as might also be expected. However, a large number of standing stones have been destroyed during the course of agricultural activity and land improvement measures over the last 50 years.

Of all the sites visited and recorded in west Carmarthenshire, just under 10% were downgraded from their previous recorded condition to a lower grade, 3% were upgraded, with 87% considered to remain in the same recorded grade. For the most part those which remained in the same recorded grade were those sites in a 'C' (damaged) condition: although some had deteriorated since they were last visited, this deterioration was not considered severe enough to warrant their down-grading to a 'D' (substantial

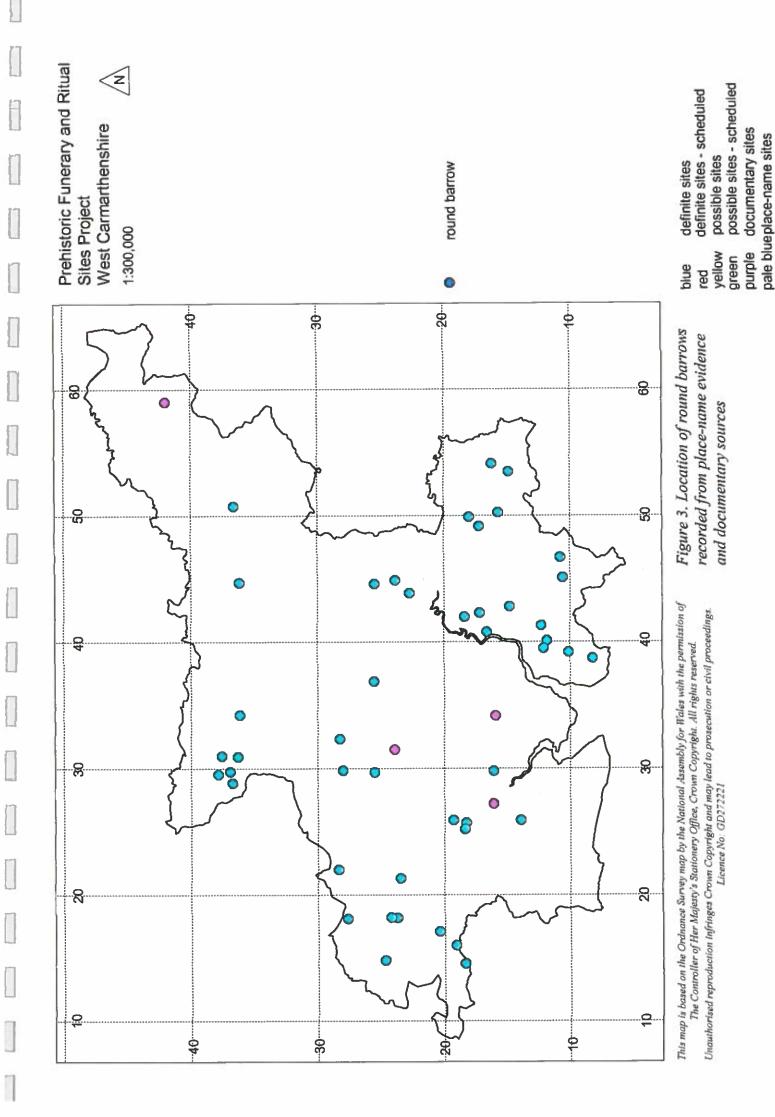
destruction) condition. Most monuments, when downgraded, were re-classified as either a D or E from their previous B or C condition.

Distribution

Figure 2 shows the general distribution of sites from the refined database (ie it excludes those sites included in the SMR on the basis of placename/documentary sources alone). Possible sites are those for which there may be one or more interpretation (e.g. standing stones which may be rubbing stones, remains of chambered tombs which may alternatively be standing stone pairs; round barrows which may be ring barrows or clearance cairns, etc.). The distribution shows a marked concentration of prehistoric funerary and ritual sites in specific parts of the landscape of west Carmarthenshire. Round barrows are particularly concentrated within the northern half of the project area, and notably on the higher ground (over 244m). More standing stones are present in the southern part of the area especially around the Taf, Tywi and Gwendraeth estuaries.

Figures 3 and 4 detail the locations of the two main monument types included in the SMR from placename/documentary sources alone: round barrows (53) and standing stones (139). The distribution of these sites is biased towards the southern part of the project area. This as a direct result of the level of work and research that has been carried out in these specific parts of west Carmarthenshire. During the 1980s the Manpower Services Commission (MSC) funded a series of parish surveys which focused on certain areas within the regional SMR and which would particularly account for the large number of standing stone place-names currently listed.

Table 3 lists the topographical siting recorded for the sites visited and recorded during the fieldwork phase of the project. This shows that hillslopes and undulating uplands were the preferred locations for the majority of sites, particularly round barrows and standing stones. Likewise, all prehistoric monument complexes and round barrow cemeteries and groups were located on the highest ground within their immediate setting and were often located in places from which there were good views out over the wider landscape and over to other prominent landmarks, themselves the focus of other ritual and funerary monuments. It was also noted during fieldwork that many monuments would seem to be sited on the higher ground following river courses, with pathways of movement also potentially discernible from the uplands in the northeast of the area down to the estuaries of the Taf, Tywi and Gwendraeth in the southwest.



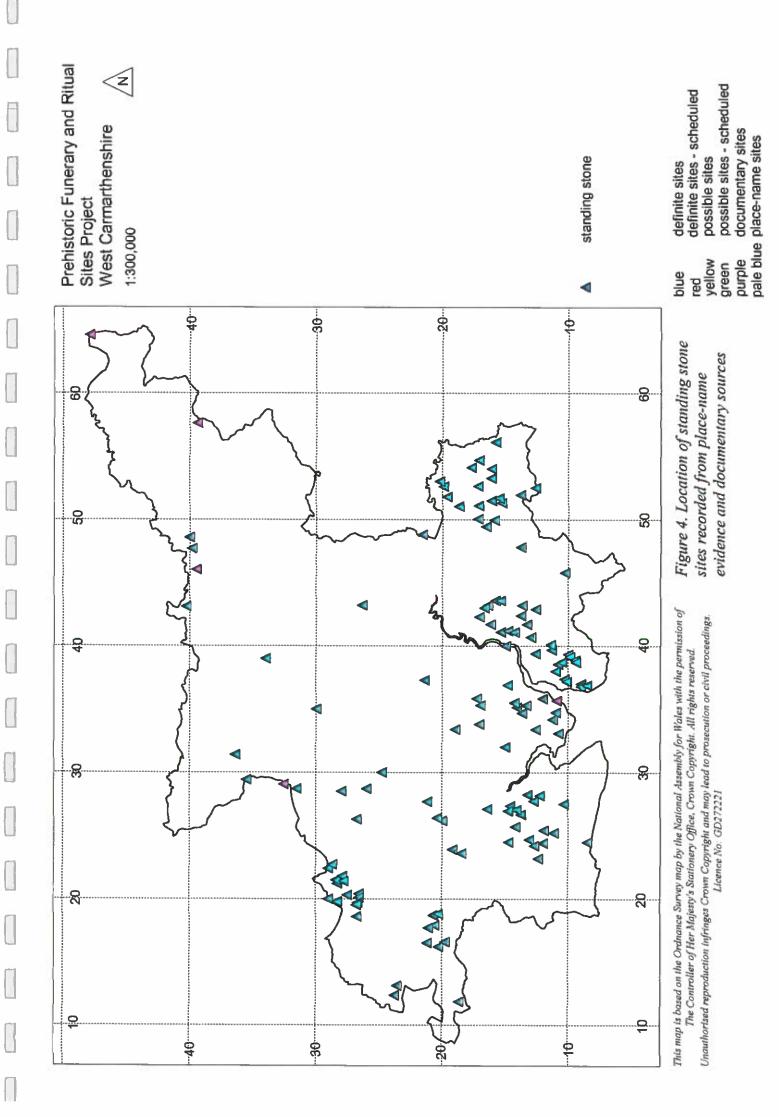


Table 3: Topographical siting of monument types

NB this table does not include all the 500 entries listed in Table 1 but only those sites visited durng the fieldwork for which topographic siting was recorded

	Ы		Γ	F	Τ	Τ	Г		Γ	Г	Γ	Γ	Г		1	Γ	Γ	Г	_	_	Ι.	Г	<u> </u>	Г	
	TOTAL		٣	25	-	2	0	0	0	7	2	9	0	-	2	14	213	9	7	13	78	2	7	7	389
į	Summit			-												_	26	2	_	_					32
	Streamside			-					!												_	_			
	Saddle															-	-				-				т
	Ridge			_											3	7	25	-	_	_	80				42
	Local	Summit	_	-								2				-	30		3	3	4		-		46
	Level			-								-				2	3			1	3	_	-		11
L SITING	Hillslope		-	6							7	2			_	4	29		2	3	49	1	4	2	148
TOPOGRAPHICAL SITING	High	Plateau		4								_			_	2	55	3		3	9		1		77
OPOGE	Gully																				-				1
	Floodplai			_													5			1	4				11
	False	Crest				-									_	_	1								2
	Corrid		_			-						_					_				_		_		2
	Col			2																					3
	Coastal	Ridge		4	_					1															9
	Coastal	Plateau								-				_											7
		MONUMENT	Caimfield	Chambered Tomb	Ch. Tomb Cemetery	Cist	Clearance Caim	Cove	Cremation	Cup Marked Stone	Enclosure	Henge	Inhumation	Long Barrow	Prehistoric complex	Ring Ваттом	Round Barrow	Rnd Barrow Cem	Rnd Barrow Group	Rnd Barrow Pair	Standing Stone	Stone Circle	Stone Pair	Stone Row	TOTAL

MONUMENT SITE TYPES

Within this section of the report each monument type is presented in turn in alphabetical order. Each monument type begins with a working definition which are broadly based on those developed by CPAT. However, they have in some cases been refined by Cambria as a result of fieldwork and, where relevant, with reference to the guidelines contained within the English Heritage Thesaurus of Monument Class Descriptions (http://www.eng-h.gov.uk/mpp/mcd) and Thesaurus of Monument Types (http://www.rchme.gov.uk/thesaurus/thes_splash.htm).

The definition of each monument type is followed by a brief commentary and a reference table of all sites in west Carmarthenshire. This includes summary information about each site including PRN, site name, NGR, condition and site status. A distribution map is also included. The full report on each site is included within the gazetteer in Appendix 2. These are organised in numerical order according to their PRN. Those sites extracted from the SMR as recorded from place-name evidence or documentary sources alone are listed within Appendix 3. These are also organised in numerical order according to their PRN. They are accompanied by a map showing their distribution.

Cairnfields

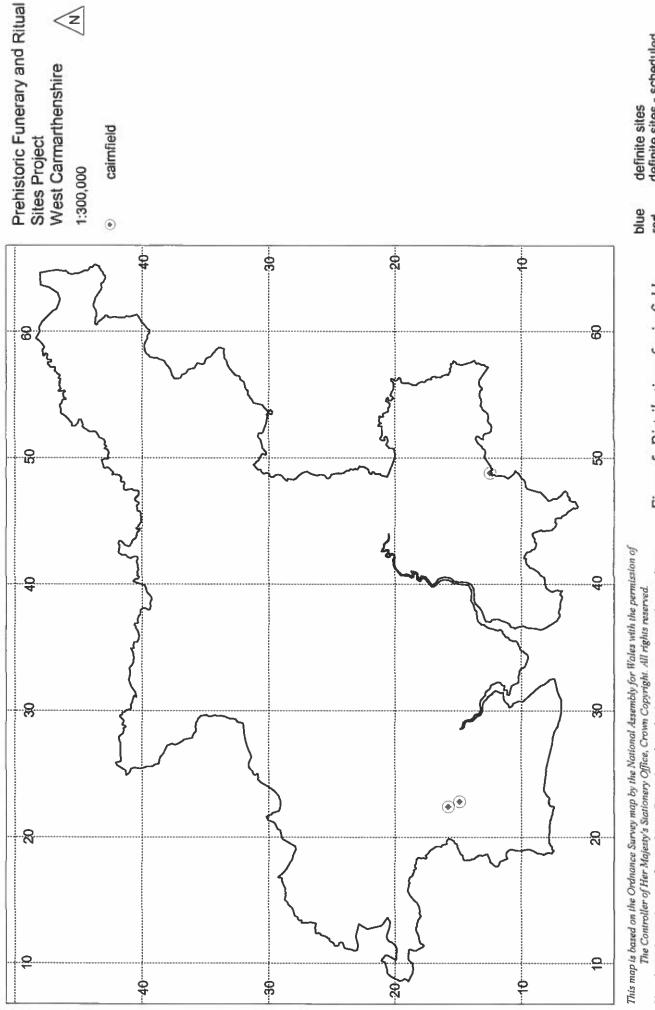
Definition: A large group of numerous small cairns within close proximity to one another, assumed by their apparent morphology, location and association to be prehistoric funerary and/or ritual monuments. Distinct from clearance cairns and barrow cemeteries, and generally with all cairns in the group less than 10m in diameter.

Number of sites: 3 definite.

Comments: Three examples of cairnfields (Fig. 5) are located within the west Carmarthenshire area, two of which (13370 & 13371) lie close together near St. Clears, with the third (7707) just below Mynydd Llangendeirne.

The definition of a 'cairnfield' is more commonly associated within the broad class of agriculture and subsistence monuments. However, in the case of the Ysguborwen cairnfield (7707) it is more readily associated with, quite literally, a field of a large number of small prehistoric funerary and/or ritual cairns, yet in many ways distinct from a round barrow cemetery by their size and morphology. This particular monument form might be better served by being re-named as a 'Ritual cairnfield' in order to make the distinction between the ritual and domestic types of these monuments more readily apparent.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
7707	YSGUBORWEN	SN48801250	D		High plateau/
13370	COED OLD PALE	SN228149	U		Local summit/flat/top
13371	GREAT PALE WOOD	SN224158	В		Hillslope/steep/middle



⋖

Figure 5. Distribution of cairnfields

Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Licence No. GD272221

definite sites - scheduled possible sites possible site - scheduled definite sites blue red yellow green

Chambered Tombs

Definition: Monument with evidence of a burial chamber, and occasionally a passage, comprised of upright stones and considered to be a funerary monument of Neolithic date. The burial chamber may be covered by a capstone or roof-stones and may be enclosed within a round or long mound or cairn. The burial chamber is generally larger than, and distinct from, a cist.

Number of sites: 14 definite; 14 possible.

Comments: A total of 28 sites were extracted from a search of the SMR. Of these, 3 (1077, 1683 and 2150) had been classified as chambered tombs, but are more probably standing stone pairs, and have been re-classified as such. However, as there is still an element of doubt about them, they are listed in the table below as well as in the table for standing stone pair. Figure 6 illustrates the distribution of all definite and possible chambered tomb sites, a large number of which are scheduled. Note the concentration of sites in the south of the area towards the coast and the along the river Tywi.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
940	CEFN BRAFLE	SN19572294	D	SAM	High plateau/undulating/top
1025	CASTELL GARW	SN14772693	M		Hillslope/moderate/middle
1077	PANT-YR-ODIN	SN14972551	C	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1135	CARN BESI	SN15362768	D	SAM	Ridge/gentle/top
1137	MAEN HIR	SN15452589	R		Hillslope/gentle/top
1138	GWAL Y FILIAST	SN17052564	В	SAM	Hillslope/steep/middle
1683	MEINI LLWYDION	SN43181011	С	SAM	Level/flat/middle
1698	GWAL-Y-FILIAST	SN48541328	C	SAM	Col/flat/middle
1699	MYNYDD LLANGYNDEYRN	SN48541328	D	SAM	Col/flat/middle
1713	PANT Y CERRIG	SN42342600	E		
1768	COETAN SAMSON	SN41283602	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
1770	LLECH YR AST	SN40903523	Е		Summit/flat/top
2085	GELLI GATTI	SN29454164	Е		Floodplain/gentle/bottom
2092	PARCIAU STONES	SN29704110	Е		Hillslope/gentle/bottom
2141	TWLC Y FILIAST	SN33831608	В	SAM	Streamside
2146	LLWN DU	SN37721534	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2150	MYRDDINS QUOIT	SN37911598	В	SAM	High plateau/gentle/middle
2182	FRON UCHA	SN34541074	C	SAM	Hillslope/steep/middle
2210	WAUN Y FELIN	SN35041126	E		
2314	CERRIG LLWYDION	SN37383258	D	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
3822	MORFA BYCHAN A	SN22130743	C	SAM	Coastal ridge/steep/top
3823	MORFA BYCHAN B	SN22140748	C	SAM	
3824	MORFA BYCHAN C	SN22160754	С	SAM	Coastal ridge/steep/top
3825	MORFA BYCHAN D	SN22160762	С	SAM	Coastal ridge/steep/top
3866	RHIW ROSSER MOUND	SN20341536	E		
3964	CRUG Y DEYRN	SN29342500	C	SAM	High plateau/undulating/top
5067	PARC POUND	SN28831203	D		Hillslope/moderate/middle
7634	MORFA BYCHAN	SN22150749	C		Coastal ridge/steep/top

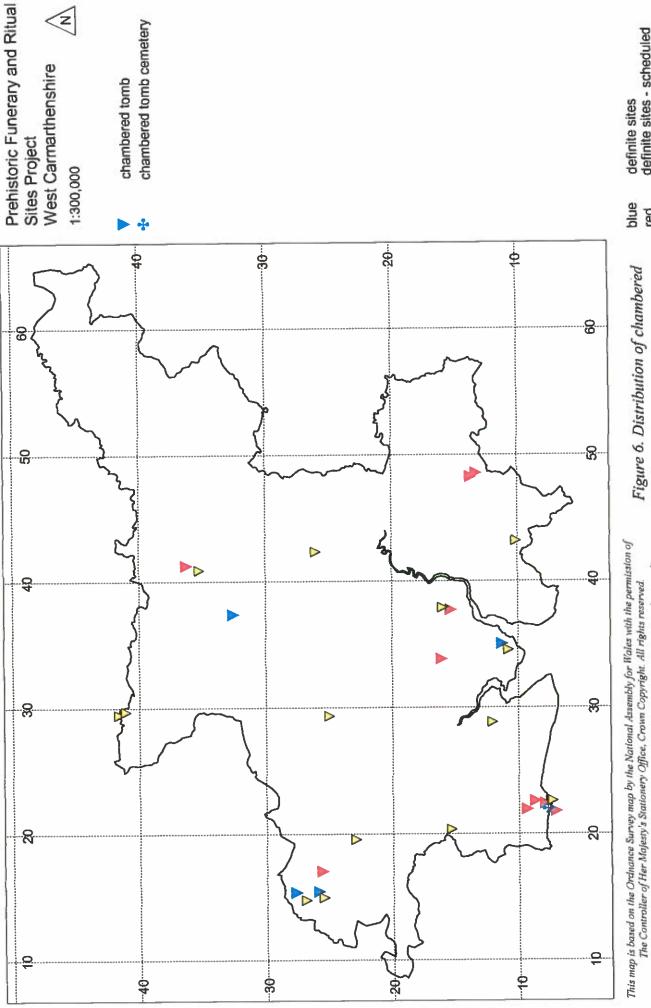


Figure 6. Distribution of chambered tombs

Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Licence No: GD272221

definite sites definite sites - scheduled possible sites possible site - scheduled red yellow green plue

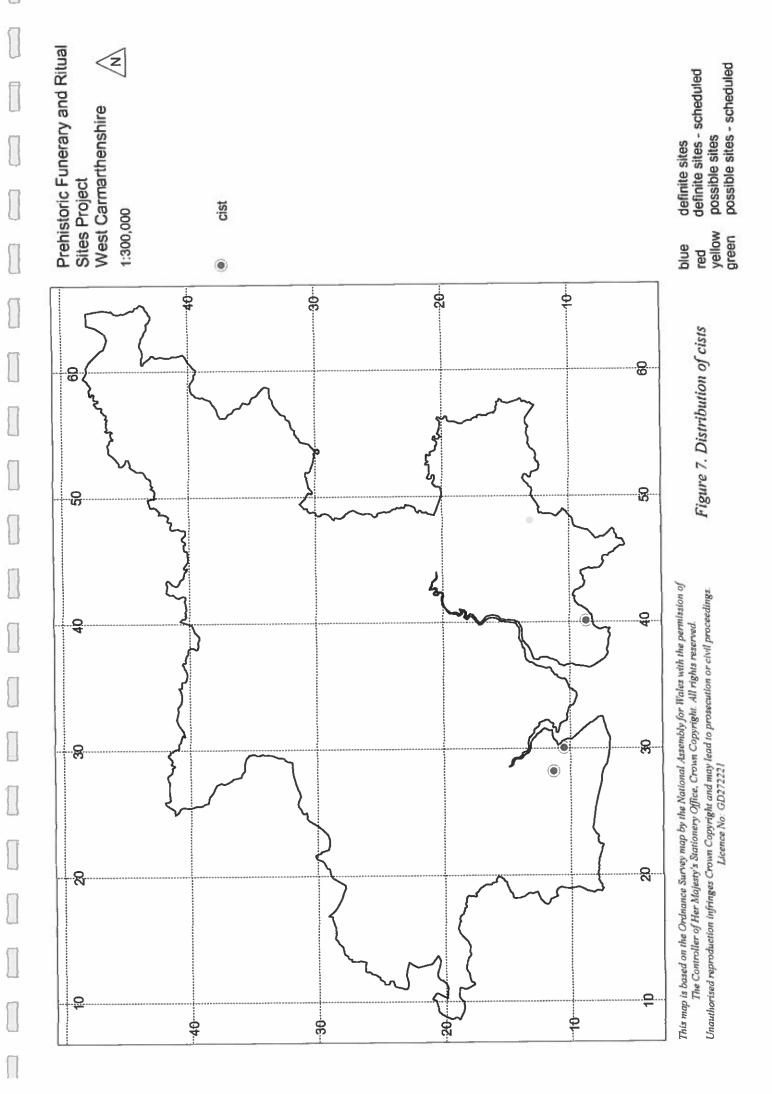
Cists

Definition: An isolated stone-lined pit assumed to have held a human burial of prehistoric or later date. Generally rectangular structures formed from stone slabs set on edge and covered by one or more horizontal slabs or capstones. May be built on the surface or sunk in the ground.

Number of sites: 3 definite; 1 possible.

Comments: Four cists were retrieved from the SMR, of which only one now remains extant in the landscape. Two (2171 and 5066) were discovered and subsequently destroyed during the building of houses, with another (7344) having been ploughed out, although it may have been a cist contained within a round barrow rather than a cist in its own right. The fourth example, 10744, is much ruined but located a few metres away from standing stone 7710 on Mynydd Llangendeirne. The distribution of these sites is shown in Figure 7, with the majority of sites recorded from the south of the area.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
2171	ORCHARD PARK	SN30041047	E		
5066	LLANDAWKE HOUSE	SN282113	E		
7344	PENLAN ISAF	SN40100865	E		False crest/moderate/middle
10744	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48031304	D		Corridor/flat/edge



Cup marked stones

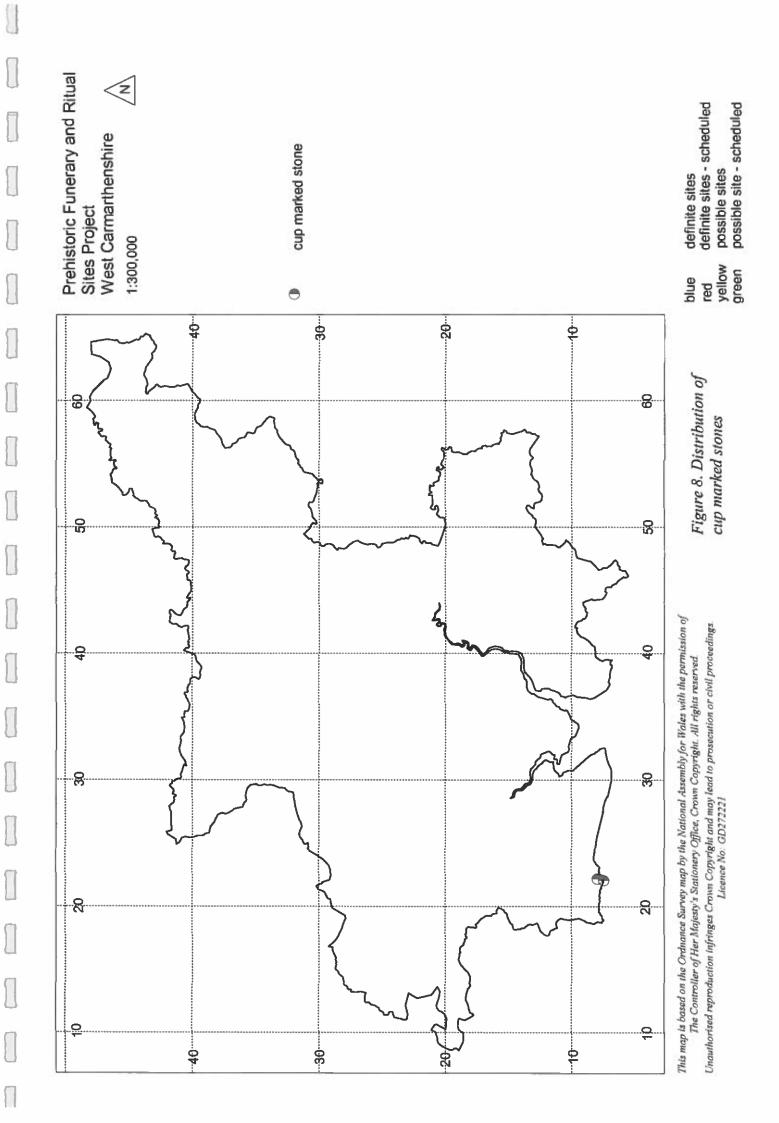
Definition: A stone bearing one or more small, roughly hemispherical depressions, either in situ or part of, or closely associated with, a funerary and/or ritual monument. The cups may be smoothed from natural erosion and may be naturally-marked stones appropriated within a ritual context, or both the result of cultural and natural agency.

Number of sites: 2 definite.

Comments: Two new examples of cup marked stones were added to the SMR for the west Carmarthenshire area having been discovered and recorded during a field visit to the Morfa Bychan chambered tombs on Ragwen Point (3822-3825) (see Figure 8). Both sites fall within the current scheduled area protecting the Morfa Bychan cairns.

At least one of the stones (42518), which bore a pair of cupmarks, would seem to have been specifically sited between two of the chambered tombs. This suggests that these cupmarks were not the chance result of later weathering and erosion of the stone subsequent to the building and use of the tombs. It seems more likely that they were either purposefully carved, or were embellished natural markings, on a stone which was itself appropriated and deliberately sited in a highly significant ceremonial area at Morfa Bychan. Equally, the second set of cupmarks recorded on the ridge overlooking the tombs also appear too evenly spread and formed to be simply the result of natural forces without some form of cultural agency. The significance of 'natural' spaces and elements within prehistoric ritual activity has recently begun to be realised, and many prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments make use of naturally occurring features within their construction and use.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
42518	MORFA BYCHAN	SN22130751	В		Coastal ridge/steep/top
42519	MORFA BYCHAN	SN2215007589	В		Coastal
					plateau/flat/edge



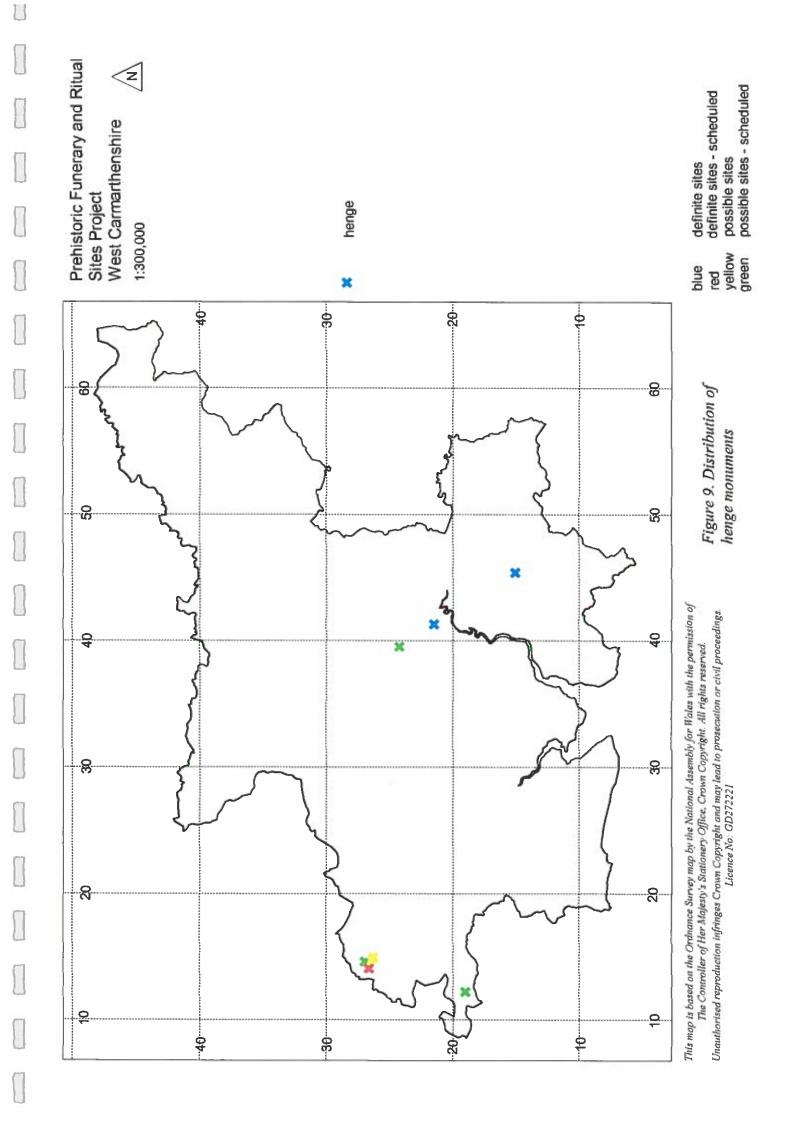
Henges

Definition: A circular earthwork or cropmark monument normally comprising a ditch with an external or internal bank and one or more entrances, associated with ritual or funerary activity of later Neolithic date and normally also in association with other funerary and/or ritual monuments of Neolithic or Bronze Age date. Internal settings may include timber, stone or pit circles, stone settings, central mounds, cremation pits, etc., and generally the henge itself exceeds a diameter of 20m. A sub-type of this category, hengiform monuments, display the same characteristics as a henge, but have an internal diameter of less than 20m.

Number of sites: 3 definite; 5 possible

Comments: Eight possible henge monuments were recorded within the project area. One example was identified from aerial photographs (14237) and surrounded a centrally-placed standing stone (1674) but has no other visible surface archaeological presence. The rest are extant in the landscape but variable in size and survival. Figure 9 shows the distribution of these definite and possible sites within the west Carmarthenshire area. One example (226), although listed as a henge in the SMR, falls more readily into the 'Hengiform monument' category, purely on the basis of its size (under 20m diameter) despite a substantial bank and ditch surrounding a central mound. Meini Gwyr (990), part of the Glandy Cross complex of monuments, is listed in the SMR as a henge, although it is generally referred to as an embanked stone circle.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
226	PENLAN	SN41402140	C		Hillslope/gentle/top
990	MEINI-GWYR	SN14172658	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/middle
1024	CASTELL-GARW	SN14722690	В	SAM	Hillslope/steep/middle
2270	GARN FAWR CIRCLE	SN39632416	D	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
3729	GAER Y	SN12311893	С	SAM	Level/gentle/top
9769	PANTYMENYN	SN14812629	E		
13036	PANTYMENYN	SN14842628			
14237	CLOS TEG	SN455150			Local summit/flat/middle



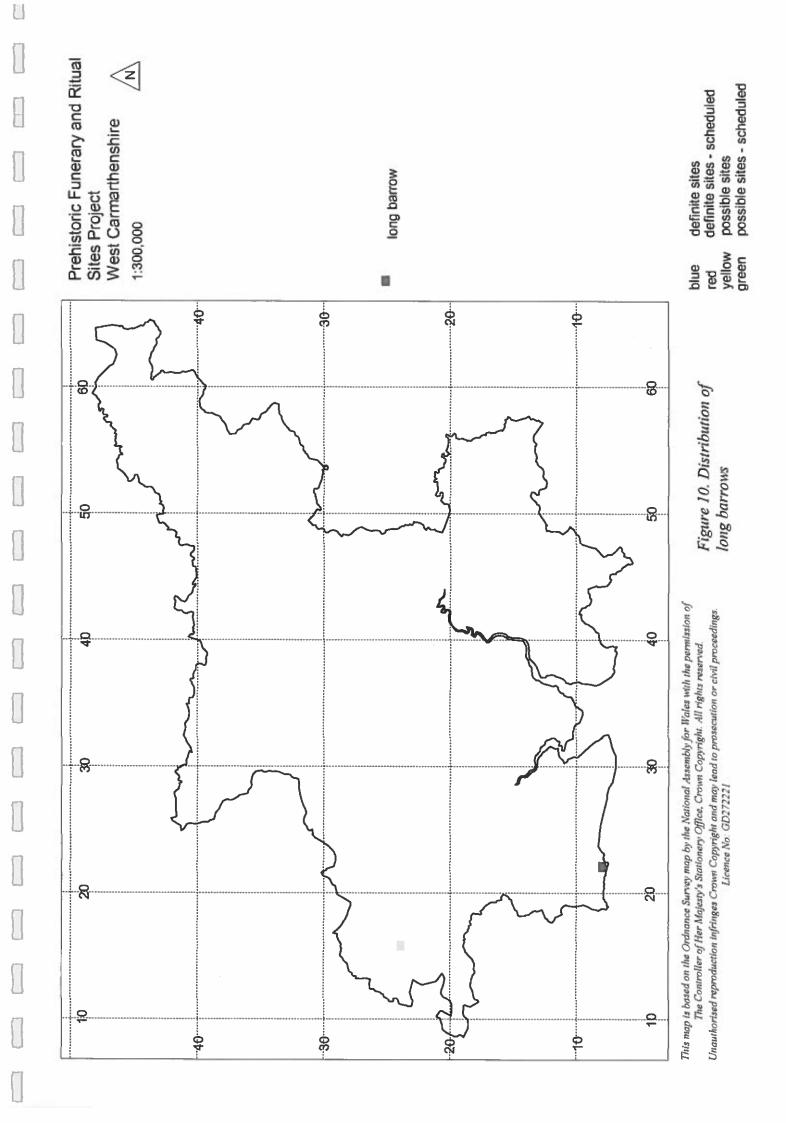
Long barrows

Definition: Earthwork or cropmark indications of a long, roughly rectangular or trapezoidal mound of earth and/or stones presumed to have been built and used as a funerary and/or ritual monument during the Neolithic and Bronze Age.

Number of sites: 1 definite; 1 possible

Comments: One definite and one possible long barrow were examined in the field. One was already recorded as a long cairn (11430), and one previously recorded as a possible stone circle based on documentary evidence (10235), but re-classified as a potential long barrow after consulting both the documentary sources/plan for the site and making the field visit. Their locations are marked on Figure 10.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site status	Location
10235	RECTORY THE	SN15832354	С		Streamside
11430	MORFA BYCHAN	SN22100755	C		Coastal
					plateau/flat/top



Prehistoric monument complex

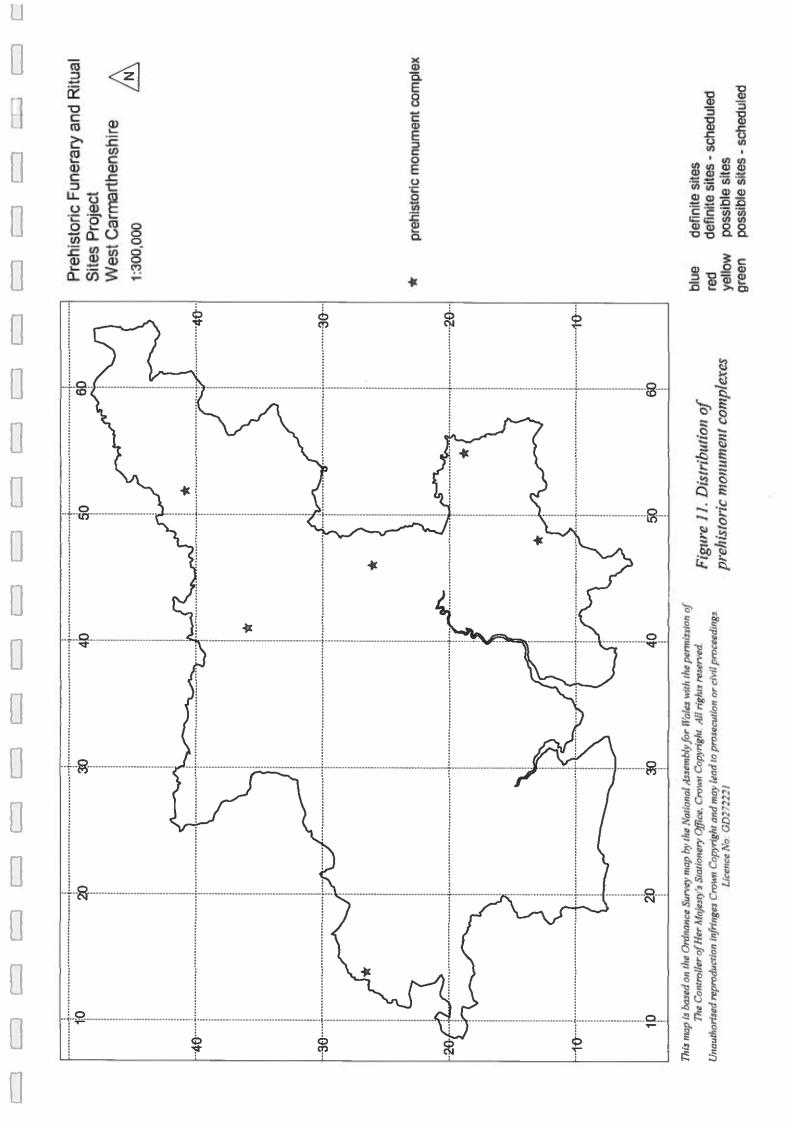
Definition: A pair or group of two or more different types of prehistoric funerary and/or ritual monuments which are perceived as having some association. An example would be a round barrow and standing stone in close proximity, or a group including a wider range of monuments.

Number of sites: 6 definite.

Comments: This monument type essentially acts as a hierarchical grouping for a closely-associated set of different types of sites, for example a standing stone with a round barrow and/or a ring cairn. Although each site is assigned its own individual PRN as a monument in its own right, the grouping together of monuments that are considered to be inter-related allows them to be recognised as a complex. This would not otherwise be possible when searching the SMR.

As a result of both the fieldwork and desk-top aspect of this project six prehistoric monument complexes have been recognised in the landscape and added to the SMR. These make an important contribution to our understandings of the inter-relationships and patterns of association between different monument types in the Neolithic and Bronze Age. Their locations are shown on Figure 11.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
42531	MEINI GWYN	SN46002610	В		Ridge/flat/middle
42532	MYNYDD LLANDGENDEIRNE	SN4813	C		
42568	PEN PAL	SN54871884	С		Ridge/flat/top
42571	GLANDY CROSS	SN13852660	D		High plateau/flat/middle
42572	BLAENNANTRHYS	SN41003600	С	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
42574	PEN CIL-GARN	SN51854090	D		Ridge/flat/top



Ring barrows

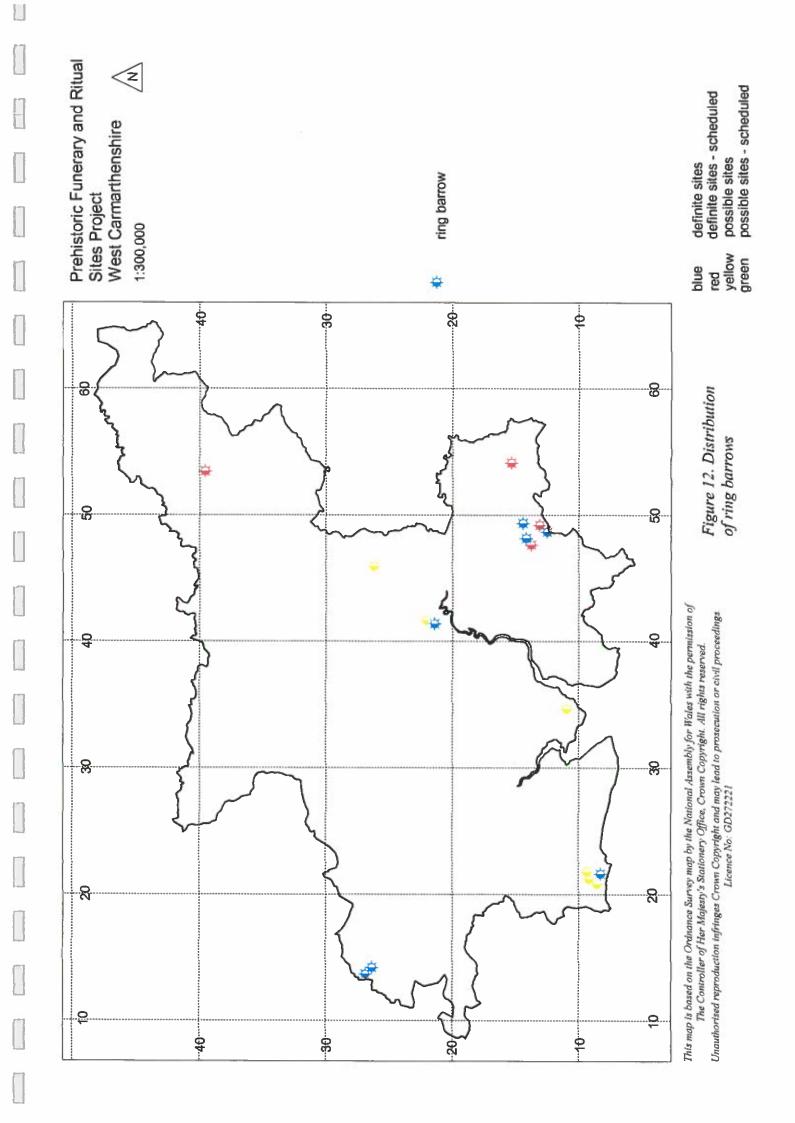
Definition: A monument comprised of a ring of earth and/or stones, usually anything between 5m and 20m in diameter, surrounding a hollow central area that is (or was initially) free of cairn material, and which is presumed to have been the focus of various prehistoric funerary and ritual ceremonies.

This site type is included by CPAT as a sub-type under the category of round barrow. However, within this project it was considered that these were a distinct monument form and so have been left as a separate site type within the SMR.

Number of sites: 11 definite; 7 possible.

Comments: Seventeen definite and possible ring barrows are recorded in the SMR. All of these were visited and verified during fieldwork, with one new site also recorded. Their distribution throughout the west Carmarthenshire area is shown on Figure 12. Note the clustering in the area of Mynydd Llangendeirne.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
224	PENLAN	SN41402130	D		Hillslope/gentle/top
227	PENLAN	SN41502150	E		Hillslope/gentle/top
667	GLANDY CROSS	SN13752663	E		High plateau/flat/top
1051	PRECELLY FARM	SN14092647	C	SAM (part)	High plateau/flat/middle
1693	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48311326	С		Col/flat/middle
1694	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48201325	D	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
1695	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48981344	С	SAM	Saddle
1696	CAE CWMPAS	SN48711304	Е		
3819	GREENBRIDGE CIRCLE	SN21780927	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
3820	PWLL MOUNTAIN II	SN212091	C		
3821	PWLL MOUNTAIN III	SN212091	С		
7682	GARNESS FARM	SN21620818	D		Level/gentle/edge
7693	LANFACH	SN34671087	D		Hillslope/steep/middle
7716	CAREG-EIDON	SN49501365	D		Local summit/moderate/middle
11984	HEOL-DDU	SN54131523	D	SAM	Level/flat/middle
13254	MYNYDD LLANLLWNI	SN51223931NW	В		
13489	CRUGIAU EDRYD	SN53453948	D	SAM	Summit/flat/top
42506	MEINI GWYN	SN45962612	D		Ridge/flat/top



Round barrows

Definition: A round mound of earth and/or stone with a flattened or rounded top presumed to be for burial and other ritual activity and initially built and used within the Neolithic and/or Bronze Age. The mound may be enclosed by a circular or intermittent outer ditch and may have a complex structure including stone kerbs, stone settings or burial cists. Internal (and occasionally external) features are rarely able to be recorded for these monuments unless they have been excavated and documented.

Within the SMR various sub-types of round barrows are noted within the field of 'descriptive type'. This allows for the division and extraction of barrows on the basis of their material composition and shape (e.g. cairn-circular, mound-oval). A 'dimensions' field is also recorded to enable searches to be made on the basis of the height and/or diameter of the monuments, rather than categorising the barrows as sub-types of 'large', 'very large', etc.

Number of sites: 198 definite; 69 possible.

Comments: The remains of both definite and potential round barrow sites formed the majority of the prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments extracted from the SMR database. It was clear from both their documentary sources and field visits that the category 'round barrow' acts as an umbrella term for a wide variety of different sizes and composition of a nonetheless easily identifiable monument form. These barrows can be composed purely of stone, although more usually are an admixture of both stone and earth in varying proportions. They are equally varied in size and height, but hold in common a usually clearly defined circular shape, distinct from other monument types in the prehistoric landscape. Sometimes, where preserved, a rounded profile is also evident, although there is no doubt that these monuments assumed a variety of different forms (rounded, flat-topped, low, small, high, large, kerbed, capped) which would undoubtedly have played a role in their ritual usage and their 'monumentality'. These differing types of round barrow form may potentially reflect localised traditions, but equally may be deliberate variations on a symbolic, social and cultural level, especially where these different forms are closely associated in the landscape.

Fourteen new sites were discovered during the course of fieldwork and have been added to the SMR, making a total of 267 definite and possible sites. Figure 13 shows the distribution of all round barrows other than those recorded from placename evidence and documentary sources.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
707	CRUG Y BISWAL	SN51763884	D	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
710	CRUGIAU EDRYD A	SN53483953	С	SAM	Summit/flat/top
712	CRUG PENHEOL	SN50233547	С	SAM	Summit/flat/top
714	CRUGIAU GIAR NORTH	SN50183701	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/top

715	CRUGIAU GIAR	SN50143712	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
716	SOUTH CLUN MAERDY BARROW	SN54433568	E		
725	CRUG Y BWDRAN	SN55623957	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
730	CRUG CNWC	SN55103667	บ		71:11-1
737	HAFOD TRIDRWS		C		Hillslope/moderate/middle
753	PEN-WERN	SN51153466 SN51744105			Hillslope/gentle/middle
754	GOETRE		D C		Ridge/undulating/top
755	BLAEN PLWYF	SN52174088			Ridge/flat/top
760	CRUG	SN52344068	E		
	LLANYBYTHER	SN53554154	D		High plateau/flat/top
770	TAN Y COED COCHION	SN54364352	D		Hillslope/steep/top
771	TAN Y COED COCHION	SN54444352	С		Hillslope/steep/top
772	TAN Y COED COCHION	SN54514350	D		Hillslope/steep/top
782	BANC Y GARN	SN55324418	D	SAM	Local summit/undulating/top
783	BANC Y GARN	SN55414405	D	SAM	Local summit/undulating/top
784	CERRIG MANGOR	SN55104429	С	SAM	Local summit/undulating/top
792	PEN TAS-EITHIN	SN57504325	Е		Sammo and name top
793	GELLIDEWI UCHAF	SN59184378	C		Local summit/flat/top
794	GELLIDEWI UCHAF	SN59014396	С		High plateau/undulating/middle
804	ALLT PEN DDOL GADER	SN55344139	E		piaroda andaraning middle
817	TOWER HILL FARM	SN59204214	D		Local summit/flat/top
820	ESGAIR LIVING	SN56744085	С		
926	CRUGIAU	SN12282060	C		Level/flat/middle
927	CRUGIAU	SN12282058	C		Level/flat/middle
934	PORTIS-PARC	SN13252302	E		Hillslope/steep/middle
937	CROSS HANDS II	SN19422301	D		High plateau/undulating/top
938	CROSS HANDS I	SN19472296	D		High plateau/undulating/top
939	CROSSHANDS III	SN19542299	E		High plateau/undulating/top
1013	GLANDY MAWR	SN14572702	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/edge
1020	GLANDY MAWR	SN14422693	E		Hillslope/gentle/top
1050	PRECELLY FARM	SN14002626	B	SAM	High plateau/flat/middle
1083	EISTEDDFA BRYNBERIAN	SN13842659	E	Or MAI	Tigh placew flavillouie
1084	MAEN-GWYN	CN112002602			
1085	TY-NEWYDD-	SN13892607 SN14162644			
1003	PANT	51414102044			

1086	MAEN-GWYN	SN13932621			
1124	CRUG EBOLION	SN26983180	В	CANG	TV-1-1-4/D-4/-
1129	CRUG MAWR	SN26803022	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
1132	TRYCHRUG	}	C	0434	Hillslope/gentle/top
1132		SN2947331622		SAM	Summit/flat/top
1133	TRYCHRUG	SN2951131648	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
	TRYCHRUG	SN2954231648	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
1136	CRUG-GLAS	SN29763143	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
1154	RHOS COYNANT	SN15382549	E		Local summit/flat/top
1188	CRUGIAU EDRYD B	SN53473949	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
1189	CRUGIAU EDRYD	SN53463946	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
1190	CRUGIAU EDRYD D	SN53443943	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
1191	CRUG Y BISWAL	SN51753878	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
1192	VICTORIA PARK FARM BARROW	SN57904300	E		
1223	GLANDY CROSS BARROW CEMETERY	SN14052625			
1225	GLANDY MAWR	SN145270	E		Hillslope/gentle/top
1393	ALLT CUNEDDA	SN4075909017	D		Ridge/flat/top
1394	ALLT CUNEDDA	SN40530897	D		Ridge/flat/top
1665	CWMHWPLYN	SN42923612	D		Local summit/flat/top
1675	CNWC Y GARN	SN44121782	D		Hillslope/steep/middle
1697	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48381339	С	SAM	Ridge
1706	CRUG BANC	SN40492725	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/middle
1707	CRUG BWLCH BYCHAN	SN40632769	C	SAM	High plateau/gentle/middle
1718	CRUG BLAEN CWM EGWAD	SN46222600	Е		
1720	BULL HALL CRUG	SN46272631	D		Local summit/flat/top
1721	PEN Y CNWC	SN46352635	D		Local summit/flat/top
1722	CRUG-Y-RHYD- HIR	SN47422714	С		Local summit/flat/top
1723	CRUG-Y-RHYD- HIR	SN47282706	D		
1729	RHYD GANOL	SN47382624	Е		
1730	TURBARY COMMON THE	SN46682632			
1731	ABERGWILI TUMULUS	SN43672116			
1763	BLAENNANTRHY S	SN40953606	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
1764	BLAENNANTRHY S	SN40853612	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1765	BLAENNANTRHY S	SN41043599	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
1766	BLAENNANTRHY S	SN41123592	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle

1771	CRUGIAU	SN41233716	E		Summit/flat/top
1772	CRUGIAU	SN41273715	E		Summit/flat/top
1773	CRUG WAUN MEIRCH	SN40693678	D		High plateau/flat/top
1781	CRUG SGETHLIN	SN43043616	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1783	PEN GARN	SN43013712	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1791	CRUG-Y-BEDW	SN4952635435	C	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
1799	CRUG MAES COCH	SN47443826	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
1802	CRUG GWYN	SN40063204	D	SAM	High plateau/undulating/top
1804	CRUG GILFACH FACH	SN40783299	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/edge
1805	CRUGIAU FACH	SN40543270	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1806	CRUGIAU FACH	SN40503262	C	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1807	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN43153135	Е		Summit/flat/top
1808	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN43143142	D		Summit/flat/top
1809	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN43193147	E		Summit/flat/top
1810	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN42793131	E		Hillslope/moderate/top
1811	CRUGIAU;PEN YR ESGAIR	SN42793131	E		Hillslope/moderate/top
1812	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN427313	E		Hillslope/moderate/top
1815	CWMCREIGIAU	SN42653235	U		
1816	CRUGIAU RHOS WEN	SN47883348	С	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
1817	CRUGIAU RHOS WEN	SN48213326	С	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
1818	CRUGYN AMLWG	SN48613432	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1913	BWLCH BLAEN CORN	SN64334764	E		
2112	PEN YR HEOL	SN39160997	D	SAM	High plateau/flat/middle
2129	PENLAN ISAF	SN397083	E		Local summit/flat/top
2202	NANTYGOITRE	SN391118	U		
2221	CRUG PEN LLWYD	SN30472861	D		Hillslope/gentle/top
2222	CARN ISA	SN30282813	E		High plateau/flat/top
2230	PARC Y GARN	SN31162736	E		
2233	PANT Y COED	SN30012645	D		
2234	CRUG PEN RHIW CRYNFRYN	SN36362556	C		High plateau/flat/middle
2235	CRUG BLAEN CWM	SN36812578	D		High plateau/flat/middle
2240	CRUG PEN Y BANC	SN33652424	E		Local summit/flat/top
2254	CRUG PANT Y BUGAIL	SN36032467	С		High plateau/flat/middle
2255	CRUG PANT Y	SN35452483	E		High plateau/flat/top

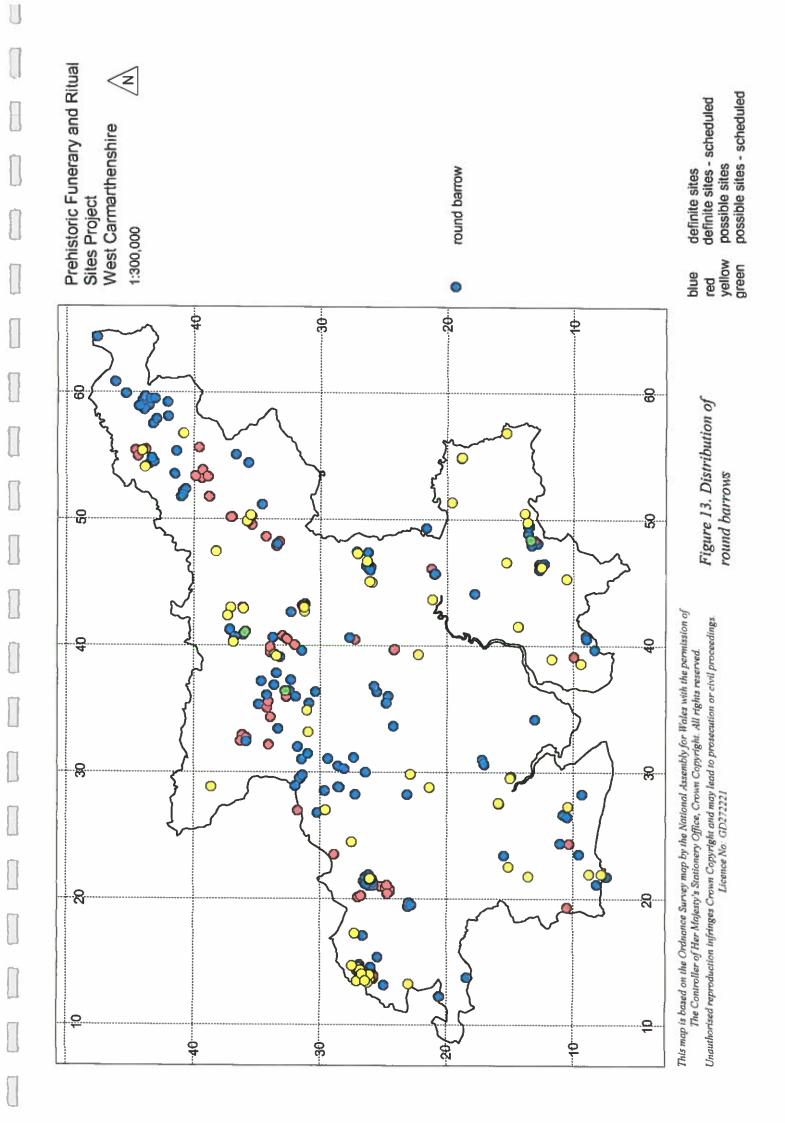
	BUGAIL				
2259	CRUGIAU GARN FAWR	SN39682419	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
2260	CRUGIAU GARN FAWR	SN39742413	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
2269	CRUG PARC Y CNWC	SN39312226	Е		Local summit/flat/top
2274	CRUGIAU MOELVRE	SN3261636127	С	SAM	Summit/flat/top
2275	CRUGIAU MOELVRE	SN3267636121	С	SAM	Summit/flat/top
2276	CRUGIAU MOELVRE	SN3263636094	C	SAM	Summit/flat/top
2293	CRUG Y GORLLWYN	SN32183408	С	SAM	Summit/flat/top
2294	CRUG MOCH	SN33423336	С		High plateau/flat/middle
2295	NANT SAIS	SN34353397	В	SAM	High plateau/gentle/middle
2296	CRUG BACH	SN31023148	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
2297	CRUG IEUAN	SN31253123	С	SAM	Local summit//top
2298	CRUG DISGWYLFA	SN32013179	E		
2299	NANTYCERIG	SN33183097	D		Hillslope/moderate/middle
2300	BLAEN-FFYNNON	SN34873108			High plateau/flat/top
2301	CRUG Y DDALFA	SN35363490	D		Hillslope/gentle/top
2302	CRUGYGORLLW YN	SN35083423	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
2303	CRUG PERFA	SN35583414	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
2305	CARN WERN	SN35883424	D		High plateau/flat/top
2306	CRUGIAU NANT GRONW	SN36423281	С	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2307	CRUGIAU NANT GRONW	SN36203271	С	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2308	CRUGIAU NANT GRONW	SN36403268	υ	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2309	CRUG BACH	SN35103104	E		High plateau/flat/top
2310	CRUG YR AST	SN35963197	Е		Local summit/flat/top
2311	CRUCTARW	SN37183470	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
2312	CRUG PENDWLL	SN36893369	D		High plateau/flat/top
2315	CRUG CLUN GOCH	SN37283237	D		High plateau/gentle/top
2316	CRUG GLAS	SN39113349	С	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
2317	CRUG BACH	SN39393363	С	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
2318	CARN WEN	SN39903397	D	SAM	Ridge/flat/top
2319	CRUG BACH	SN39603147	В	SAM	
2320	CRUG Y BIGWRN	SN36363040	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
2324	CRUG Y DURN	SN37833350	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
3439	CRUG BACH	SN288285	Е		
3733	BRYN DWYRAIN	SN13771844	С		level/flat/middle
3816	PARC Y TWMP	SN19341050	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
3835	HAMMER'S END	SN21290783	С		Hillslope/moderate/middle
3836	HAMMER'S END	SN21440754	В		Hillslope/moderate/middle
3840	CADNO	SN23520954	D		Hillslope/moderate/top

	TUMULUS	1			
3859	PLASHYATT	SN28000958	E		
3867	DOLWERYDD	SN23431547	U		Hillslope/moderate/middle
3878	EITHIN BACH	SN27521589	C		Hillslope/gentle/middle
30,0	MOUND	01427321309	-		misiope/genue/inidule
3879	EITHIN FACH	SN27591593			Hillslope/gentle/middle
3882	PANT DWFN	SN29541501	D		High plateau/flat/middle
3898	CASTLE LLOYD	SN24361031	C	SAM	Summit/gentle/top
	TUMULUS I	01121301031		07.041	Summingende/top
3899	CASTLE LLOYD	SN24481066	E		
	TUMULUS II			1	
3902	BRYNHELIG	SN29681493	С		High plateau/gentle/middle
3912	TAFARN DIFLAS I	SN26661080	С	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
3913	TAFARN DIFLAS	SN26761086	D		Hillslope/gentle/top
	II				
3915	PARC Y CNAP	SN27321045	D		Hillslope/moderate/middle
3926	CRUGYWEL	SN21392654	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
3928	CASTELL MAWR	SN245275	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
3929	CASTELL MAWR	SN245275	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
3930	NOLAIS	SN20962523	С	SAM	False crest/moderate/edge
	TUMULUS				
3931	CRUGELWIN	SN23492888	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
3933	CRUG BACH	SN20142694	C	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
3934	PANTGLAS	SN2147926131	C	SAM	High plateau/gentle/middle
	TUMULI				
3935	BRONYSCAWEN	SN212261	E		
3936	BRONYSCAWEN	SN212261	E		All Particular and the second
3937	CRUG WAUN	SN28522966	C		High
3939	TWR CRUG MAWR	G) 100000000			plateau/undulating/top
3939	CRUG MAWK	SN28832859	D		High
3948	LAN C;PLEASANT	SN20552463	C	SAM	plateau/undulating/top Ridge//top
7770	VIEW A	31120332403	-	SAM	Ridge//top
3949	LAN D;PLEASANT	SN20712464	D	SAM	Ridge//top
JJ .J	VIEW B	51120712404		DAIN!	Ridge/top
3950	LAN E;PLEASANT	SN20812464	В	SAM	Ridge//top
	VIEW C	51120012101		0.11	radge/rop
3951	LAN F;PLEASANT	SN20952465	D	SAM	Ridge//top
	VIEW D				1105-110
3966	BRON NIWL	SN29862289	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
	MOUND				
4724	CAE GARN	SN51331964	С		
5073	CASTELL	SN20252678	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
	COSSAN				
5116	CARREG TRYR	SN60824623	E		
	CROES				
5357	CAE GARN	SN41521434	С		Hillslope/gentle/middle
5369	OLD QUARRY	SN45002595	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
	CRUG				
5387	CAE DOMEN	SN42363736	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
5392	CRUG WAUN	SN40643376	E		
5825	PANTGLAS	SN21462611	E		High plateau/gentle/middle

	TUMULUS		1		
7519	GOETRE	SN51874093	D		Ridge/flat/top
7683	GILFACH WEN	SN34201305	С	1	Hillslope/gentle/bottom
7706	CARNAU-ISAF	SN28993825	E		Hillslope/moderate/middle
7711	LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48111306	С		Saddle
7712	MYNYDD	SN48241327	В	SAM	Ridge/flat/edge
	LLANGENDEIRNE		-		The got that tags
7713	MYNYDD	SN48961354	С		Local summit/flat/top
	LLANGENDEIRNE				
7717	CAREG-EIDON	SN49451360	U		Local
					summit/moderate/middle
7765	PEN PAL	SN549188	С		Ridge/flat/top
7769	CAPEL DYDDGEN	SN46321255	С		Hillslope/gentle/middle
	FARM				
8048	PANTGLAS	SN21522606			High plateau/flat/middle
8057	PARC Y DOMMEN	SN270296			
8058	PARC Y DOMEN	SN288214	E		
8492	GELLI-WROL	SN5989445419	С		Hillslope/steep/middle
8870	LAN B	SN20502468	D	SAM	Ridge//top
8903	CAPEL DYDDGEN	SN46291255	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
	TUMULI				6.00
8904	CAPEL DYDDGEN	SN46261253	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
	TUMULI			i	1 0
8906	PLAS BACH	SN46621529	D		High plateau/flat/top
9613	CEFN-BLAENAU	SN581421	D		Hillslope/gentle/top
9619	GELLIDEWI	SN591440	E		
	UCHAF				
9753	PANT-WRAIGEN	SN13682653	E		
9754	GOODWIN'S ROW	SN14002614	E		
9755	LLAIN	SN13982612	C		
9758	TROED Y RHIW	SN135271	E		
9759	FFYNNON-LWYD	SN1466127076	D		High plateau/flat/middle
9760	FFYNNON-LWYD	SN147271	U		
9765	CROSS INN	SN14052670			
9770	PANTYMENYN	SN14382608	C		High plateau/flat/middle
9771	MAEN-GWYN	SN13662580	D		High plateau/flat/middle
9772	TY-NEWYDD	SN13972606	C	SAM	
	RHOS				
9773	TY-NEWYDD	SN13932600	D	SAM	
	RHOS				
9827	FRON-YN	SN46112121	В	SAM	Floodplain/flat/edge
9866	BRYN-TAWEL	SN49751365	D		Hillslope/gentle/bottom
9958	LLECHWENNY	SN49302164	C		Floodplain/flat/edge
10093	PWLLYGRAFEL	SN31011721	D		Floodplain/flat/edge
10206	CRUG WAUN	SN40283687	D		Hillslope/moderate/middle
	MERCH (West)				
10232	BLAEN Y PANT	SN45092613	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
10446	GRUG-BACH	SN39303360	U		Ridge/flat/top
10447	GRUG-GLAS	SN39203350	U		Ridge/flat/top
10745	PANTYRHEDIN	SN28252314	E		Ridge/undulating/top
10746	CRUGIAU RHOS-	SN48073342			
	WEN				

11109	10747	CARREG WEN	SN289320	С	Trillata a / a a wita / wita tri
ESGAIR					Hillslope/gentle/middle
ESGAIR				В	Summit/flat/top
ESGAIR	11116	1	SN43083139	E	Summit/flat/top
11118	11117		SN43103135	Е	Summit/flat/top
11162	11118	CRUGIAU PEN YR	SN43043132	E	Summit/flat/top
11224	11162		SN21781353	D	Hillslone/gentle/middle
11586					
LLANGENDEIRNE					
LLANFIHANGEL RHOS Y CORN SN49833582 GOCH I		LLANGENDEIRNE			
BLAEN-RHYD-GOCH II	11590	LLANFIHANGEL	SN50323555	D	Summit/flat/top
GOCH II	11593	1	SN49833582		
12040	11594	,	SN49843583	В	
12040 PANTGLAS SN21582605 High plateau/flat/middle 12041 PANTGLAS SN21532614 E High plateau/gentle/middle 12042 PANTGLAS SN21622613 E High plateau/flat/middle 12044 PANTGLAS SN21302607 E Hillslope/gentle/middle 12045 PANTGLAS SN21282600 E Hillslope/gentle/middle 12690 GLANDY CROSS SN13682681 E Hillslope/gentle/middle 12690 GLANDY CROSS SN13682681 E Hillslope/gentle/middle 12690 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46352634 D Local summit/flat/top 12802 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46352634 D Local summit/flat/top 12803 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46122621 D Indicated SN13040 D Floodplain/flat/edge 13006 BANC Y GARN SN55414409 D Floodplain/flat/edge 13041 GLYNNGYRDDIN SN45662101 C GLYN MYRDDIN SN45662101 C GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C GLYN MYRDDIN SN17242729 D Hillslope/gentle/middle 13144 BANC Y FELIN SN17082664 D Local summit/flat/top 13374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E Indicated SN50481381 UNKNOWN SN21960774 E SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top LANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top High plateau/flat/middle 14280 LAN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 14280 LAN SN5684615284 C SN50481388 U	12038	PANTGLAS	SN21502613	Е	High plateau/flat/middle
12041	12040	PANTGLAS	SN21582605		
12042 PANTGLAS SN21622613 E	12041	PANTGLAS	SN21552614	E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12044 PANTGLAS SN21302607 E	12042	PANTGLAS	SN21622613	Е	
12045 PANTGLAS SN21282600 E Hillslope/gentle/middle 12690 GLANDY CROSS SN13682681 E Hillslope/moderate/top 12802 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46352634 D Local summit/flat/top 12803 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46122621 D I3006 BANC Y GARN SN55414409 D I3019 CLYN COCH SN30601704 D Floodplain/flat/edge I3034 PANT WRAIGEN SN13742656 E I3041 GLYNMYRDDIN SN45662101 C I3042 GLYN MYRDDIN SN45662101 C I3042 GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C I3061 OLD PALE SN22541511 D Local summit/flat/top I3143 RHYD YCHAIN SN17242729 D Hillslope/gentle/middle I3144 BANC Y FELIN SN17082664 D Local summit/flat/top I3374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E I3375 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E I3390 MYNYDD SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN I4280 LAN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C C C C C C C C C	12044	PANTGLAS			
12690 GLANDY CROSS SN13682681 E	12045	PANTGLAS			
12802 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46352634 D Local summit/flat/top 12803 PANT-Y-LLYN SN46122621 D D 13006 BANC Y GARN SN55414409 D D 13019 CLYN COCH SN30601704 D Floodplain/flat/edge 13034 PANT WRAIGEN SN13742656 E 13041 GLYNMYRDDIN	12690	GLANDY CROSS			
12803	12802				
13006 BANC Y GARN SN55414409 D	12803	PANT-Y-LLYN			
13019	13006	BANC Y GARN			
13034					Floodplain/flat/edge
13041 GLYNMYRDDIN SN45662101 C 13042 GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C 13061 OLD PALE SN22541511 D Local summit/flat/top 13143 RHYD YCHAIN SN17242729 D Hillslope/gentle/middle 13144 BANC Y FELIN SN17082664 D Local summit/flat/top 13374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E 13375 UNKNOWN SN21960774 E 13590 MYNYDD SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C 27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D SUMM					
13042 GLYN MYRDDIN SN45712092 C 13061 OLD PALE SN22541511 D Local summit/flat/top 13143 RHYD YCHAIN SN17242729 D Hillslope/gentle/middle 13144 BANC Y FELIN SN17082664 D Local summit/flat/top 13374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E 13375 UNKNOWN SN21960774 E 13590 MYNYDD SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 14280 LAN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C 27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top					
13061 OLD PALE SN22541511 D					
13143 RHYD YCHAIN SN17242729 D					Local summit/flat/top
13144 BANC Y FELIN SN17082664 D Local summit/flat/top 13374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E 13375 UNKNOWN SN21960774 E 13590 MYNYDD SN50293555 D Summit/flat/top LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C 27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top					
13374 UNKNOWN SN21950875 E	13144				
13375 UNKNOWN SN21960774 E	13374				
13590 MYNYDD					
14280 LAN SN13152497 D High plateau/flat/middle 27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C 27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top MOELVRE SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top		MYNYDD LLANFIHANGEL			Summit/flat/top
27667 BANC Y LLYN SN5684615284 C 27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top MOELVRE SUMMIT/Flat/top Summit/flat/top	14280		SN13152497	D	High plateau/flat/middle
27775 MYNYDD CERRIG SN50481388 U Hillslope/moderate/bottom 30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top MOELVRE SUMMIT/Flat/top Summit/flat/top					Ingi plateau naonilogie
30318 GARN LLWYD SN45321058 B Hillslope/moderate/bottom 42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top MOELVRE SUMMIT/Flat/top SUMMIT/Flat/top					
42505 PENCWNC SN4630526387 D Local summit/flat/top 42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU MOELVRE SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top		·			Hillslone/moderate/hottor
42508 PEN PAL SN54881882 D Ridge/flat/top 42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU MOELVRE SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top					
42509 PEN PAL SN54851884 D Ridge/flat/top 42510 CRUGIAU MOELVRE SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top					
42510 CRUGIAU SN3256936103 D Summit/flat/top		·			
		CRUGIAU			
	42511	BRONYSCAWEN	SN2119426172	С	High plateau/flat/top

42515	MEINI GWYN	SN4597226116	D	Ridge/flat/top
42517	CAPEL DYDDGEN	SN4623212492	D	Hillslope/gentle/middle
42520	GELLI DEWI UCHAF	SN5900244098	С	High plateau/undulating/middle
42521	GELLI DEWI UCHAF	SN5928143720	С	High plateau/undulating/middle
42522	GELLI DEWI UCHAF	SN5409543862	D	Hillslope/moderate/middle
42523	BLAENYCWM	SN5937943538	С	High plateau/undulating/middle
42524	BLAENYCWM	SN5936443438	D	High plateau/undulating/middle
42525	TREPARCAU	SN28252725	E	Hillslope/gentle/middle
42526	CLYN COCH	SN30721706	E	Floodplain/flat/edge



Round barrow cemetery

Definition: A group of five or more closely spaced round barrows. Although spacing between barrows varies, few barrows will be more than 150m from their nearest neighbour and most will be less than 100m apart.

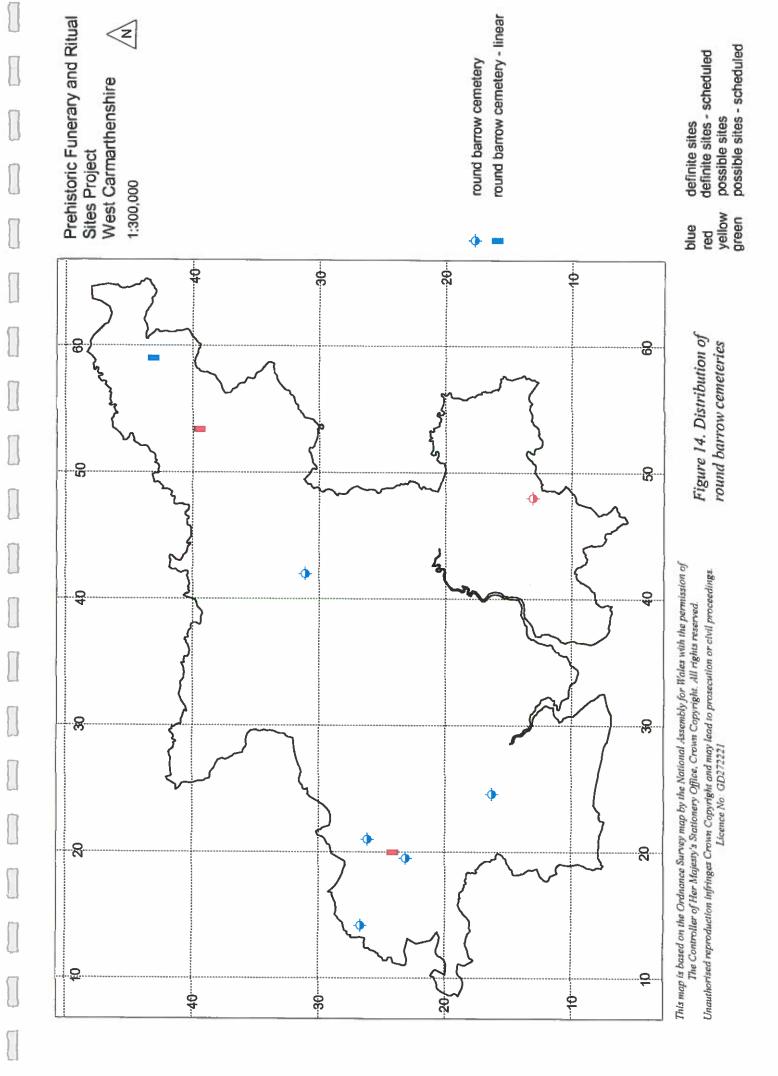
A sub-type of this category are those cemetery groups aligned in a linear fashion and entered into the SMR as 'Round barrow cemetery-linear'.

Number of sites: 9 definite.

Comments: In line with the English Heritage Thesaurus of Monument Class Descriptions, a round barrow cemetery has been defined as a group of 5 or more barrows. On this basis one new barrow cemetery (42529) added to the SMR. Although CPAT have used the term 'barrow cemetery' to refer to a group of two or more barrows sited together in the landscape it was felt that this was potentially misleading, with 'barrow pairs' (two barrows together) a distinct monument category in their own right, and arrangements of three or four barrows themselves assigned the generic term 'barrow group'.

In all, nine barrow cemeteries are located within the west Carmarthenshire area, three of which (14190, 14191 and 42529) fall into the sub-type of having a distinct 'linear' arrangement. Two cemetery groupings have been largely destroyed (11115 and 12039). In each of these cases only one mound currently survives from an original larger number. Of the others, there is a varied survival rate, with the best preserved example being that of Crugiau Edryd (14191). A tenth example is recorded in the SMR from documentary sources only and is shown on Figure 22. All other definite and possible barrow cemeteries are denoted on Figure 14.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
1238	GLANDY CROSS BARROW CEMETERY	SN14172658	С		
1661	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN4813	D	SAM	Ridge/
11115	CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR	SN4231	D		Summit/gentle/top
12039	PANTGLAS	SN2126	E		High plateau/flat/top
14190	LAN	SN2024	C	SAM	High plateau/gentle/top
14191	CRUGIAU EDRYD	SN534394	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
14421	CROSS HANDS	SN195230	D		High plateau/undulating/top
27045	ZABULON	SN246162	U		
42529	GELLIDEWI BLAENYCWM	SN5943	D		



Round barrow group

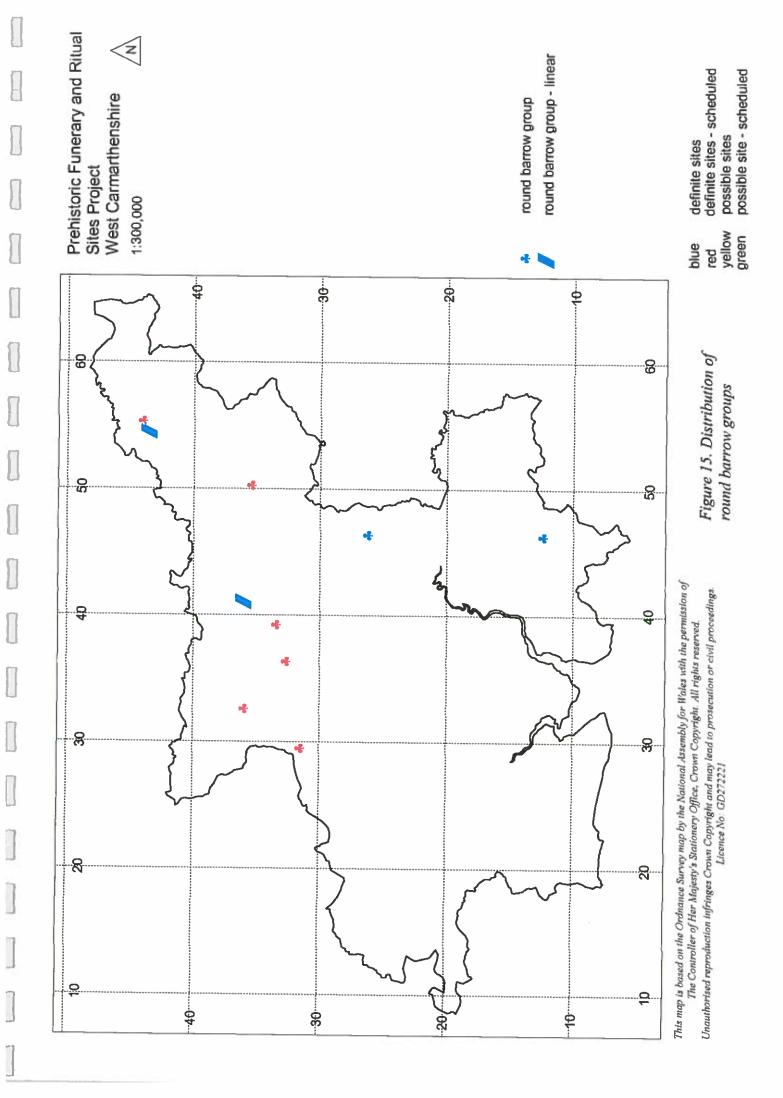
Definition: A group of three or four round barrows within close proximity, usually no more than 100m apart from one another and often, although not always, occupying a prominent landscape position. Sub-types include linear barrow groups (three or four barrows arranged in a clear and roughly straight line) (listed as 'Round barrow group-linear'), and a phenomenon peculiar to at least two sites within the west Carmarthenshire area where there was a triangular arrangement of three barrows with a closely associated single barrow outlier (not yet assigned a sub-type term).

Number of sites: 10 definite.

Comments: It was felt during the fieldwork that a number of distinct patterns involving either three or four barrows could be identified and that this patterning suggested the deliberate construction of a specific monument group. Because these groups technically fall short of the required number of barrows needed to constitute a 'barrow cemetery' as defined within the English Heritage Thesaurus of Monument Class Descriptions (five or more barrows), it was felt that a new generic term needed to be added to the SMR. Otherwise such groups of barrows would not automatically become apparent when doing a SMR search.

In all, ten barrow groups have been added to the SMR, although each barrow also retains its own individual PRN within the database. Two of these groups, 42569 (Crugiau Moelvre) and 42576 (Trychrug) were curiously similar: both consisted of a compact triangular arrangement of three barrows with a closely associated fourth outlier, with both groups located on upland local summits. A triangular arrangement of three barrows was also noted at Nant Gronw (42578), with a similar arrangement at Mynydd Llanfihangel (42592) and Penycwnc (42530), although the latter had a possible additional barrow within the triangle. Two groups were linear in arrangement: the three barrows at Tan-y-Coed Cochion (42573) and the four at Blaenantrhys (42504), although the latter also forms part of a larger prehistoric monument complex (42572) complete with standing stone and chambered tomb. A rough linear arrangement was also noted at Blaenbydernyn (42575) and Capel Dyddgen (42570). The Waunfawr group (42577) were assigned through map and documentary evidence alone as it was not possible to access the four barrows located within this forestry plantation. All these sites are shown on Figure 15. The majority of these round barrow groups were located in the north of the west Carmarthenshire area and thus on the higher ground which characterises the topography of this part of the region.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
42504	BLAENNANTRHYS	SN41043600	C		Hillslope/gentle/middle
42530	PENCWNC	SN46352635	D		Local summit/flat/top
42569	CRUGIAU MOELVRE	SN32603610	C	SAM	Summit/flat/top
42570	CAPEL DYDDGEN	SN46251250	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
42573	TAN Y COED COCHION	SN54454355	D		Ridge//top
42575	BLAEN-BYDERNYN	SN553442	С	SAM	Local summit/moderate/top
42576	TRYCHRUG-CRUG GLAS	SN295316	В	SAM	Summit/flat/top
42577	WAUNFAWR PLANTATION	SN39253355	U	SAM (part)	
42578	CRUGIAU NANT GRONW	SN36353275	C	SAM (part)	
42592	MYNYDD LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN	SN50253555	D	SAM (part)	



Round barrow pair

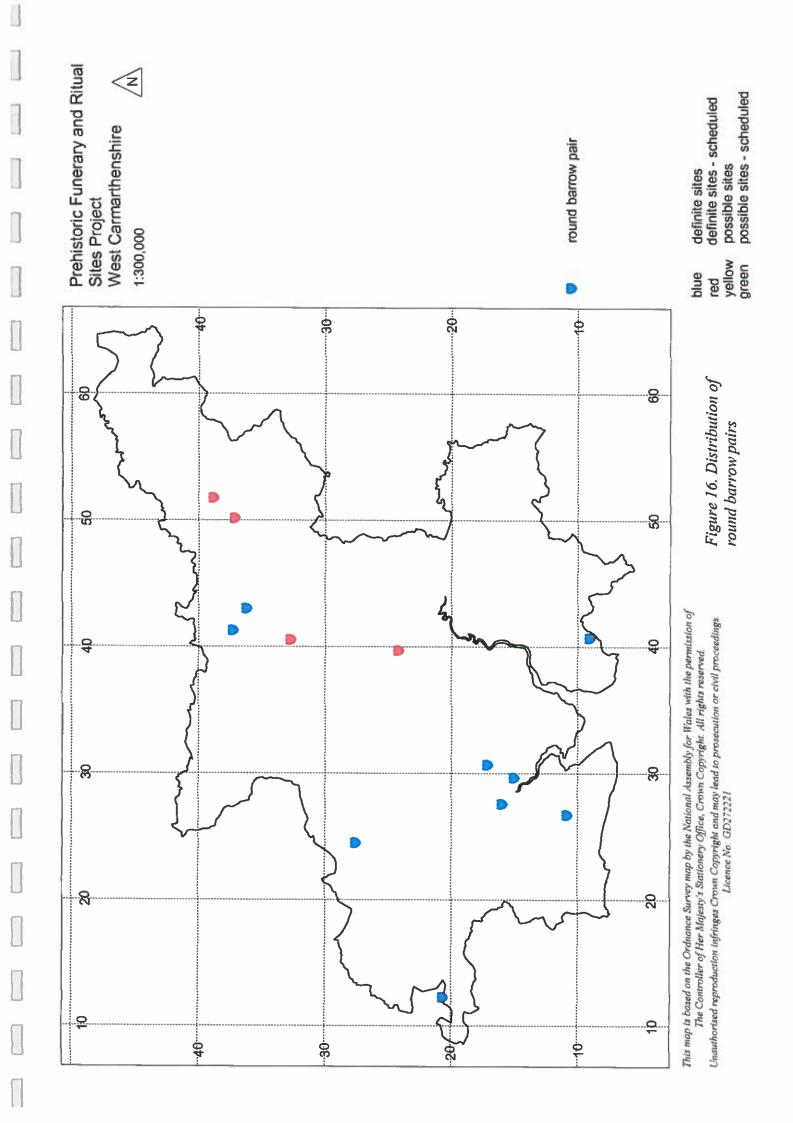
Definition: A clear pairing of two round barrows sited within close proximity of each other, usually within 100m and distinct from individual barrows, round barrow groups and round barrow cemeteries. Often both barrows will be of similar size and construction suggesting that they were deliberately paired together, and were not simply the result of an unfinished cemetery or intended larger grouping. Often aligned on a NE-SW or NW-SE alignment and occupying the same topographical siting in the landscape.

Number of sites: 13 definite.

Comments: During the course of both preliminary map research and fieldwork, it was felt that a new generic term, 'Round barrow pair', would be a valid and useful addition to the glossary of monument type definitions> These possibly represent a deliberate pairing of monuments. It was felt that without such a generic term, this potential class of monument would be otherwise missed by the usual methods and results of a SMR query. Each individual barrow retains its own PRN.

During the course of this project 13 examples of barrow pairs were recorded in the west Carmarthenshire area and are shown on Figure 16. This twinning of barrows may reflect a regional tradition which is also represented by 'standing stone pairs'. The quite deliberate and purposeful siting of two same-type monuments within close proximity suggests that there was something significant in the late Neolithic/early Bronze Age in this area about symbolic 'coupling' within the ritual and funerary monumental landscape.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Coud	Site Status	Location
42579	ALLT CUNEDDA	SN40700900	D		Ridge/flat/top
42580	TAFARN DIFLAS	SN26701080	C	SAM (part)	Hillslope/gentle/middle
42581	BRYNHELIG-PANT DWFN	SN29651500	C		High plateau/gentle/middle
42582	EITHIN FACH	SN27571593	С		Hillslope/gentle/middle
42583	CRUGIAU	SN12282060	С		Level/flat/middle
42584	CRUGIAU GEIR	SN50153710	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
42585	CRUG Y BISWAL	SN51753880	С	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
42586	CRUGIAU	SN41273725	E		Summit/flat/top
42587	CRUG SGETHLIN	SN43003615	D	SAM (part)	Local summit/flat/top
42588	CRUGIAU FACH	SN40543270	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
42589	CASTELL MAWR	SN245275	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
42590	CLYN COCH	SN30651708	D		Floodplain/flat/edge
42591	CRUGIAU GARN FAWR	SN39702415	С	SAM	Local summit/flat/top



Standing stones

Definition: A standing stone is defined as a singular upright monolith or boulder set in the ground and assumed to be a ritual monument of prehistoric date. A sub-type included within this monument type are recumbent stones. Standing stones are often, though not always, associated with other ritual and funerary monuments of Neolithic and Bronze Age date and may also be the focus of ceremonial activities including the use of pits and timber structures, the lighting of fires and also acts of structured deposition.

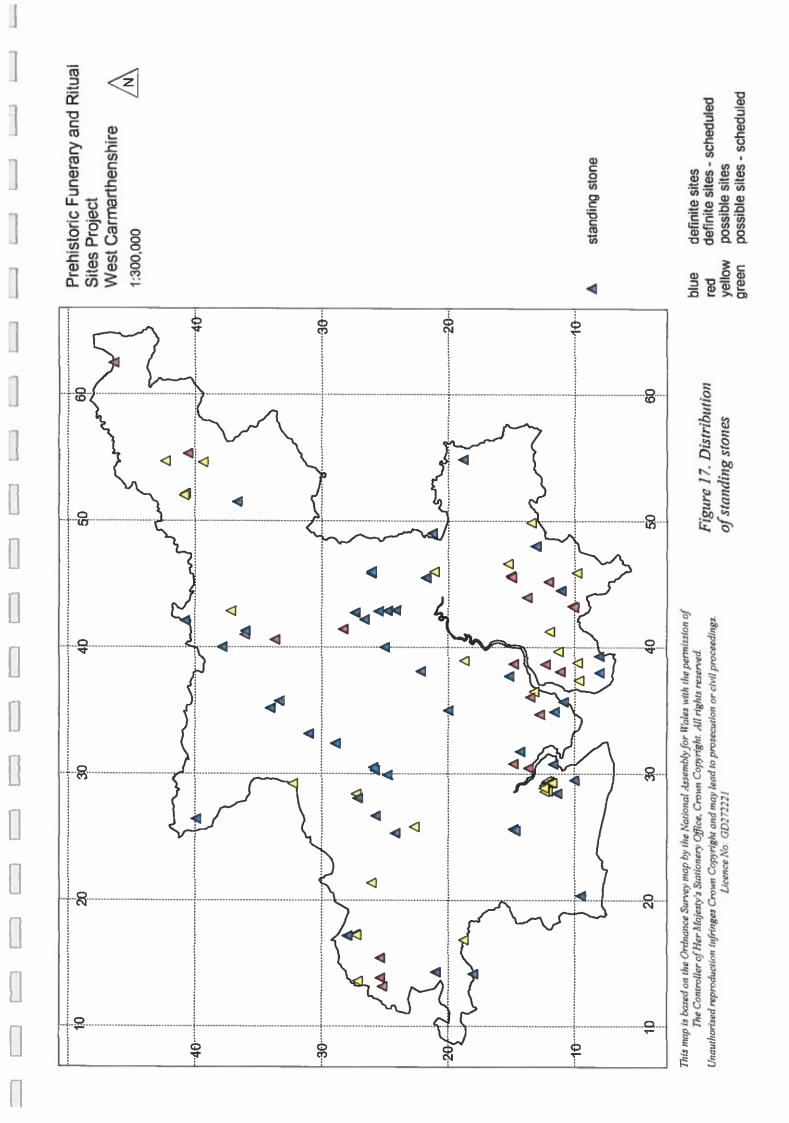
Number of sites: 70 definite; 31 possible

Comments: After round barrows, 'standing stones' form the second highest recorded number of prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments in the west Carmarthenshire area. Four new sites were recorded during the fieldwork making a total of 101 definite and possible sites. The distristribution of these sites are shown on Figure 17. The total rises to 240 when those sites recorded through place-name evidence and documentary sources are also included. Place-name and documentary sites are shown on Figure 4 and Figure 22.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
259	MARROS	SN20350955	В		Local summit/gentle/top
	MOUNTAIN				
718	CAREG-HIR	SN54613940	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
722	CAPEL NENOG	SN515367	M		
930	MAEN LLWYD	SN143210	E		
1034	MAENPICA	SN13172523	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/middle
1063	RHOS MAEN HIR	SN13852540	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/middle
1067	CILFOD FACH	SN26433996	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
	MAENHIR				1
1130	GILFACH Y	SN29223230	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
	GWEISION				
1158	COYNANT	SN15412540	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
	MAENHIR				
1194	FFYNNON IAGO	SN547424	E		
	STONE				
1673	GARREG GOCH Y	SN45651508	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
1674	PISTYLL GWYN	SN45531501	В	SAM	High plateau/flat/top
1682	GWEMPA	SN44511112	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1684	PULPIT THE	SN43251021	M	SAM	Level/flat/middle
1685	LLECHDWNNI	SN43191009	В	SAM	level/flat/middle
1688	GARREG FAWR	SN43941379	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/top
1702	MAEN LLWYD	SN45201210	В	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1708	DAN Y CERRIG	SN42852551	Е		Hillslope/gentle/top
	STONE				
1709	FFOSYMAEN	SN41442830	R	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
	STONE				
1710	FFYNNON NEWYDD	SN42722737	E		
	STONE				
1711	PARC GARREG	SN42192662	M		Streamside/
	LWYD			12.74	

1712	PARCIAU STONE	SN4025	E		
1726	MEINI GWYN	SN45852612	В		Ridge/flat/middle
1727	MEINI GWYN	SN45982610	В		Ridge/flat/top
1728	MEINI GWYN	SN46002610	В		Ridge/flat/top
1733	PENTRE YNYS	SN42882478	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1734	RHYD Y	SN42942412	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
	FWYALCHEN STONE				1 moropo gentio magic
1744	PANT Y MAENLLWYD	SN45492178	М		Saddle/flat/middle
1767	BLAENNANTRHYS	SN40993606	D	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
1769	BLAENNANTRHYS	SN41283602	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1775	PARC GARREG LWYD	SN40023786	М		Hillslope/moderate/middle
1782	CWM CATHEN MAENHIR	SN42853716	Е		Hillslope/gentle/middle
1803	GARREG HIR;GAREG HIR	SN40603367	A	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
1912	HIRVAEN GWYDDOG	SN62454645	В	SAM	Hillslope/moderate/middle
2111	PARC MAEN LLWYD	SN38000809	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
2125	MAEN LLWYD	SN39300809	Е		
2151	LLWYN DU	SN37731521	Е		
2153	MAEN MELYN	SN34711279	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/bottom
2161	MAEN-LLWYD	SN30791484	В	SAM	Floodplain/flat/edge
2168	DELACORSE STONE	SN30751169	В		Hillslope/gentle/top
2181	PARC Y GARREG LWYD	SN31761430	В		Hillslope/gentle/middle
2185	DARKWAY HILL MAENHIR	SN349116	E		
2188	TREVENTY STONE	SN30451365	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2196	MAEN LLWYD	SN36061353	R	SAM	Local summit/gentle/top
2199	QUOIT STONE	SN38691486	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2201	MAEN LLWYD	SN38081118	В	SAM	Hillslope/moderate/middle
2203	MAEN LLWYD	SN39681129	E		
2217	MAEN-LLWYD	SN38651235	В	SAM	/undulating/middle
2226	GAREG LLWYD	SN30282577	С		Hillslope/gentle/top
2292	GARREG WEN	SN33153101	В		Hillslope/moderate/middle
2327	GARREG WEN	SN35753337	В		Hillslope/moderate/W
2328	BLAEN PANT	SN35173407	U		High plateau//top
3402	BWLCH MAENLLWYD	SN381222	Е		
3904	LLAIN Y COLLEGE	SN2563414875	A		Floodplain/flat/edge
3914	LLANDAWKE MAEN HIR	SN28441144	M		Gully/gentle/middle
3917	BROADWAY STONE	SN29491005	В		Hillslope/steep/bottom
3938	MAEN GWYN HIR	SN26672576	M		Timstoperateeproottom
3944	TREPARCAU STONES	SN28062720	D		Hillslope/gentle/middle
3968	FFYNNON WEN	SN253242	E		
3974	PEN YR ALLT	SN299248	E		

	STONE				
4852	BEDD Y	SN52154077	E		Ridge/flat/top
4910	PARC Y GARREG	SN14141806	M		Level/flat/middle
5061	MILTON BANK	SN294120	М		Hillslope/gentle/middle
5248	CARREG FAWR NANT JACK	SN35701092	Е		
5249	PANT YR ATHRO MAEN LLWYD	SN36491324	Е		
5257	GARREG WEN Y	SN3520	М		
5382	MERLIN'S STONE	SN45982112	В		Floodplain/flat/edge
7347	MAENSANT;CAE LLAN	SN4588809849	С		Hillslope/gentle/top
7517	GOETRE	SN520409	E		Ridge/flat/top
7518	GOETRE	SN520409	Е		Ridge/flat/top
7710	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	SN48021305	R		Corridor/flat/middle
8037	BRIXTON FARM	SN29091242	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8038	CROSS INN	SN293123	М		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8039	PARSON'S LODGE	SN29441216	A		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8040	PARSON'S LODGE	SN293121	M		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8041	MILTON FARM	SN293119	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
8042	MILTON FARM	SN293118	Е		Hillslope/moderate/middle
8043	BRIXTON FARM	SN28631218	Е		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8044	BRIXTON FARM	SN286124	Е		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8045	BRIXTON FARM	SN28891247	E		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8054	PARC Y MAEN	SN284273	M		Hillslope/gentle/middle
8059	GARREG WEN	SN258227	E		Hillslope/moderate/middle
8773	CASTELL TWBY	SN480131	В		Ridge/undulating/top
8875	PANTEG STONE	SN553406	В	SAM	Hillslope/steep/middle
8907	PLAS BACH	SN46621529	В		High plateau/flat/top
9757	TROED Y RHIW	SN13602717	U		
10213	YSTRAD WRALLT STONE	SN49022126	E		Floodplain/flat/middle
10412	PARC Y GARREG WEN	SN305259	E		
10604	GLASFRYN	SN38951875			
11222	CEFN MAEN	SN388098	M		
11230	PARK MAIN	SN374097	U		
12043	PANTGLAS	SN21362608	Е		Hillslope/gentle/middle
12065	CAE POMPREN	SN41251197	M		Hillslope/steep/middle
13129	PLAS FARM	SN17302735	A		Hillslope/gentle/middle
13130	PLAS FARM	SN17262733	Α		Hillslope/gentle/middle
13142	RHYD YCHAIN	SN17232729	M		Hillslope/gentle/middle
34442	SARN LAS FARM	SN16851881	M		Hillslope/gentle/middle
42507	PEN PAL	SN54851885	В		Ridge/flat/top
42513	BERLLAN-DAWEL	SN1718228030	В		Hillslope/steep/middle
42514	BERLLAN-DAWEL	SN1717327980	В		Hillslope/steep/middle
42516	BLAENBEREM	SN4985413464	С		



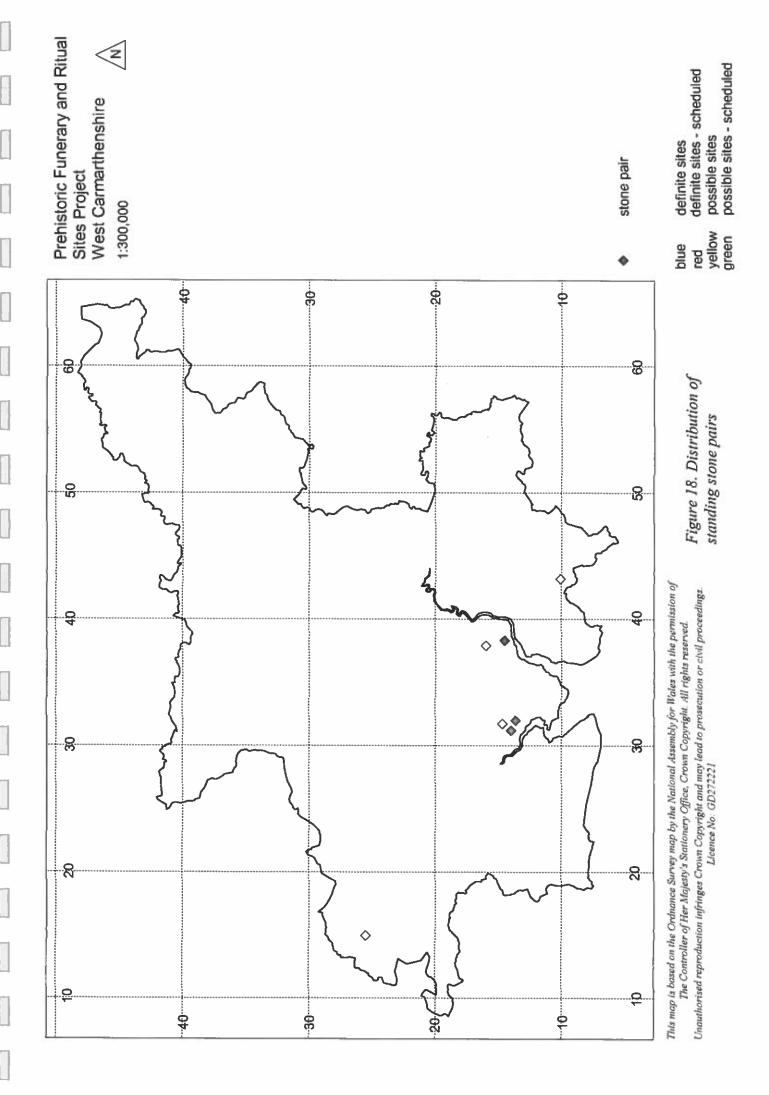
Standing stone pairs

Definition: Quite specifically a pair of standing stones located immediately adjacent or within close proximity to one another, usually no more than 15m apart. Often, although not always, characterised by a so-called 'male' stone (a tall and tapering monolith) which is associated with a 'female' stone (a shorter and more squat stone), and both assumed to have had a ritual function.

Number of sites: 2 definite; 5 possible.

Comments: Following the SMR search, one new site was discovered during fieldwork (42527), and three sites previously classified as 'chambered tombs' were re-defined as more likely of stone pairs (1077, 1683 and 2150), making a total of 7 sites. The three examples previously categorised as chambered tombs had been classified as such prior to the identification of the distinct monument type 'standing stone pair'. It was only through the recent fieldwork part of this project that they were visited and re-assessed in the light of this awareness of this particular monument form. Their location within the project area is shown on Figure 18.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
1077	PANT-YR-ODIN MEINI HIRION	SN14972551	C	SAM	Local summit/flat/top
1683	MEINI LLWYDION	SN43181011	C	SAM	Level/flat/middle
2150	MYRDDINS QUOIT	SN37911598	В	SAM	High plateau/gentle/middle
2179	MAEN-LLWYD	SN31201402	M	SAM	Hillslope/moderate/bottom
2180	MAENI LLWYDION	SN314139	В	SAM	Hillslope/gentle/middle
2205	HENDY FARM	SN38311450	В		Hillslope/gentle/
42527	MEINI TY-RHOS	SN3153414120	M		Hillslope/gentle/middle



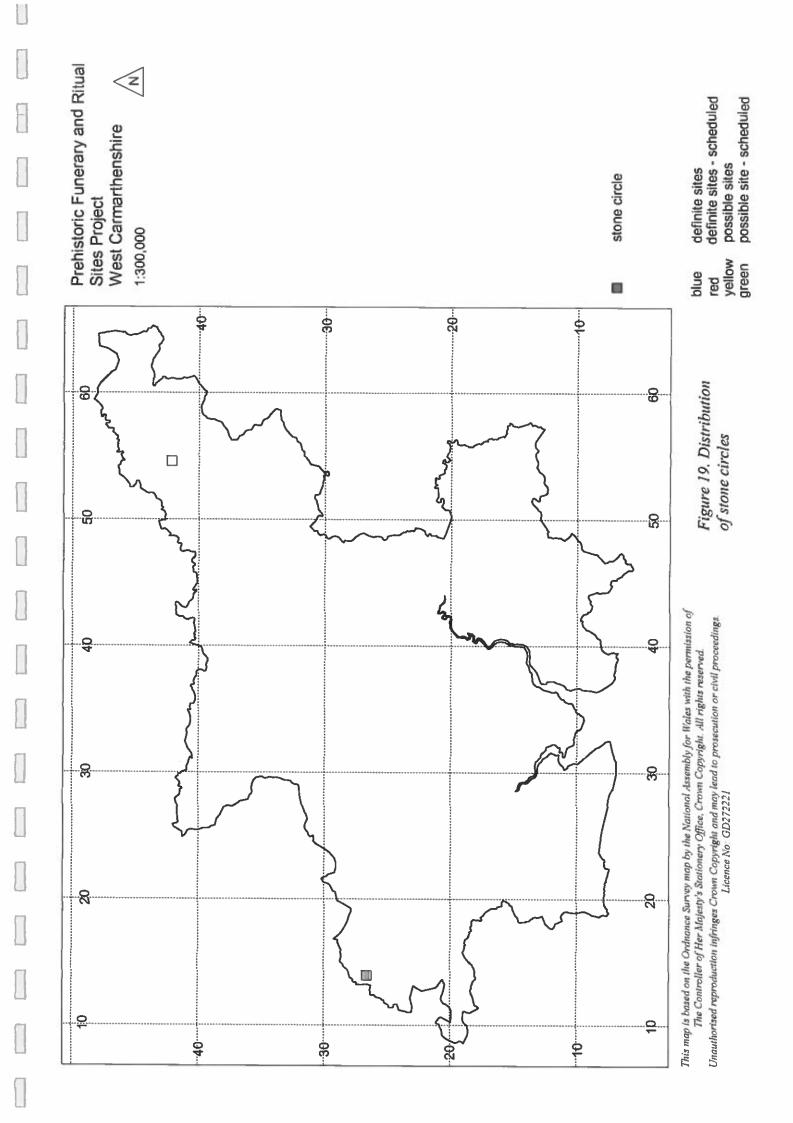
Stone circles

Definition: An approximately circular or oval setting of spaced, usually free-standing, upright or originally upright stones. More than one circle may be present, arranged concentrically. Stone circles may be found in association with other prehistoric monuments, such as round barrows, and may themselves be a constituent part of henge monuments. Other features may also be present within the circles themselves, such as cists or pits, and they are assumed to have had a ritual and possibly funerary function in the Neolithic and Bronze Age.

Number of sites: 2 possible.

Comments: Of the three sites retrieved from the SMR one site was destroyed (9468), with the other, 10235, now re-classified as a more likely long barrow than stone circle. The embanked stone circle of Meini Gwyr (990) has been included under the category of henge monuments in this report, whilst the much denuded monument at Yr-Allor (1000) had been classified as either a stone circle, stone pair or chambered tomb, with both of these sites part of the Glandy Cross monument complex (Kirk & Williams 2000). As a result of fieldwork and re-reading of documentary sources, it is felt that this latter site was neither a stone pair nor a chambered tomb, and may be best considered as the remnants of a stone circle, or even the remains of a cove (defined as a prehistoric structure consisting of three or more standing stones in close proximity to each other, forming an un-roofed and approximately rectangular structure open in one direction). A second cove, 13065, is also noted from documentary sources and is itself located in the Glandy Cross complex. Both these possible cove sites are shown on Figure 22, with the stone circles discussed here shown on Figure 19.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
1000	ALLOR YR	SN13952661	D	SAM	
9468	CAPEL IAGO	SN54604218	E		Hillslope/moderate/middle



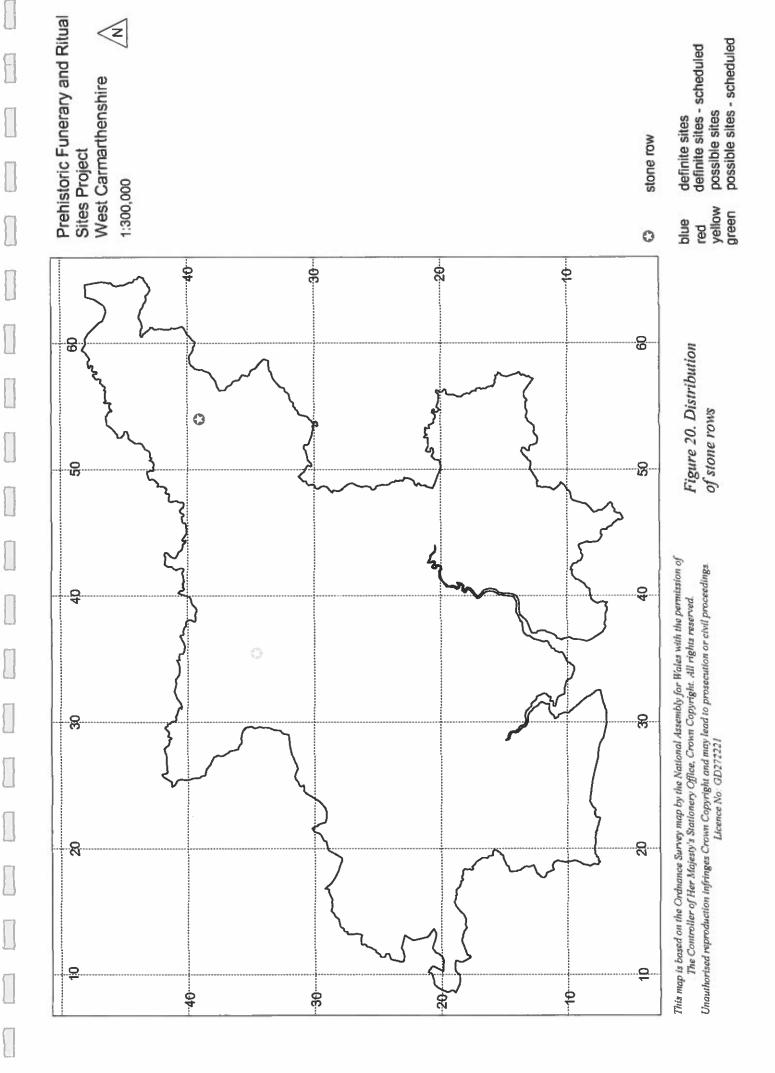
Stone row

Definition: One or more roughly parallel rows of three or more upright stones set at intervals along a common axis and presumed to have been used for ritual activity during the Bronze Age.

Number of sites: 1 definite; 1 possible.

Comments: The one example of a stone row known from the west Carmarthenshire area (719) has been destroyed since it was first recorded by the RCAHM in 1917. As with a number of the monuments throughout the west Carmarthenshire area, this site has been engulfed within huge tracts of forestry, and many, including this site, are either inaccessible or have been destroyed, or both. One new potential stone row, however, was noted during fieldwork around Llangeler at Ty-Matiau (42512), although further work is necessary to determine the exact nature of this site. The location of both of these sites is shown on Figure 20.

PRN	Site Name	NGR	Cond	Site Status	Location
719	MYNYDD LLANYBYTHER	SN5439	U	Descheduled	Hillslope/gentle/middle
42512	TY-MATIAU	SN35483452	С		Hillslope/gentle/top



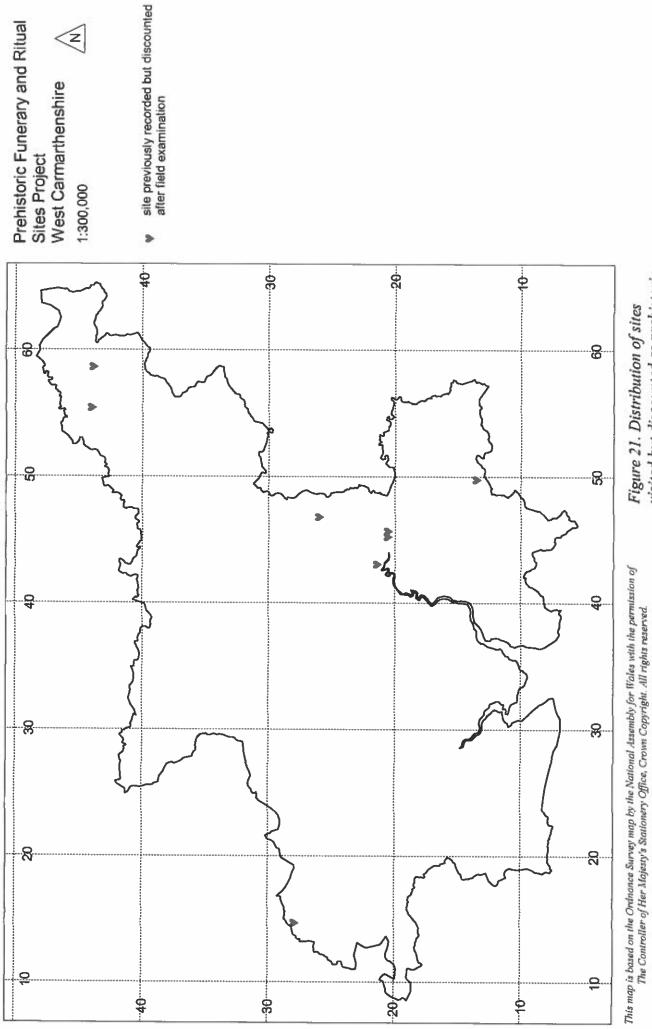
Sites visited and discounted

Number of sites: 9

Comments: During the field survey a number of sites previously listed in the SMR as possible prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments were visited and/or discounted as being potential sites. This was because either previous excavation (eg with the mounds at Abergwili (1731) and Glandy Mawr (9760)), or field visits (as with 'barrows' 13041 and 13042) had revealed them to be natural. Two other sites listed in the SMR and recorded from APs were also discounted as monuments after field visits showed them to be large clumps of gorse with no visible associated archaeological features (1730 and 13254).

A potential barrow (13006) close to the Blaenbydernyn group of three cairns (42575) was also discounted after a site visit and information provided by the farmer who confirmed suspicions that the feature was actually the result of a well-hole, which had been dug in 1976. Another site, 9619, included in the SMR after a field visit in 1979 by the University of Wales, Lampeter Archaeological Society was shown through fieldwork to have been wrongly recorded with an inaccurate grid reference and was actually a duplication for barrow 794. Five other PRNs were also found, through the initial desk-top search of the SMR to be duplicate records for existing sites. The later later numbers had been recorded from documentary sources and concentrated on Mynydd Llangendeirne (records 36312-16 duplicating those for sites 7713-17). Finally, one other site, 9866, was interpreted after a field visit as a hut platform rather than the remains of a round barrow.

The location and distribution of these sites are shown on Figure 21 and each site more fully discussed within the gazetteer.



visited but discounted as prehistoric Figure 21. Distribution of sites funerary and ritual monuments

Unauthorised reproduction infringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings. Licence No. GD272221

DISCUSSION

Various tentative patterns have emerged over the course of this project which need to be assessed within the rest of the west Wales area as the survey of these prehistoric and funerary and ritual monuments continues and develops.

The distribution and topographical siting of all these monuments, and with round barrows and standing stones in particular, shows that the locations of these monuments were very carefully chosen, and for a variety of reasons. Many of these monuments were sited in prominent positions: not only with commanding views out over the rest of the landscape, but the sites (or their locations) could equally be seen from other points in the landscape, often also the location of other similar Neolithic and/or Bronze Age monuments.

Intervisibility between sites was a pattern clearly observed during the fieldwork phase: significantly, even if the actual monuments themselves were not directly visible, their locations certainly were. If we imagine a prehistoric past where oral-mythic culture played a significant role in ritual understandings and expressions in the landscape, then knowledge about different sites (what they looked like, what happened there, who built them, etc.) would have added to the significance of being able to see from certain sites the places where other monuments were built, without necessarily needing to see the actual monuments themselves. Another distinct pattern which was observed was the grouping of sites, and round barrows in particular, in discreet clusters. Pairs of barrows were especially prevalent (thirteen examples), whilst also clear groups of three and four round barrows were also common (ten examples), arranged in a linear, triangular or clustered fashion. Such patterning was not readily apparent from an initial search of the SMR. Therefore, two new hierarchy terms, designed to reflect these groupings were developed: round barrow pairs and round barrow groups. From many of these groups of sites it was not only possible to see the other monuments within the immediate group but it was also possible to look out over to other prominent locations in the landscape where other groups of sites were themselves sited.

The widespread use and incorporation of white quartz within various monuments was also noticeable. This was frequently used for standing stones; it was frequently placed as a 'capping' on top of some round barrows; it sometimes formed part of the fabric of other barrows or was spread around the base of monuments. This is possibly significant for both visual and symbolic reasons. Not only would a large lump of white quartz or a barrow completely covered with quartz fragments look visually impressive in the landscape, but it would potentially be seen from quite long distances: in daylight if caught by the sun the quartz would shine brightly, whilst at night under moonlight white quartz is known to glow transluscently and thus would also stand out in the landscape. A large number of sites which were associated with white quartz were also located in prominent places in the landscape suggesting that these monuments were deliberately and carefully sited and constructed to be seen from over a wide area. On a symbolic level white quartz is known from anthropological contexts as a 'magical' substance, used to appease the

ancestors, and may well have played a highly important cosmological and ceremonial role in prehistoric ritual and funerary belief and practice.

There is no escaping the fundamental relationship which existed between the natural and cultural worlds in the prehistoric past. Many of the monuments visited as part of this project were quite clearly carefully sited. They looked out over huge swathes of undulating landscape dominated inland by the major valleys of the rivers Taf and Tywi, and in the south of the region by the three estuaries and the coast. The location of sites also appeared to make specific reference to other significant natural elements, particularly water. Monuments were often located close to natural springs or small streams, or were actually directly overlooking rivers. Many barrows were also located in waterlogged and boggy areas in the landscape as if to further re-affirm a connection between ritual practice, natural elements and cosmological belief. Such connections could also be suggested for certain standing stones where potential naturally-occurring glacial erratics were appropriated as ritual monuments in the Neolithic and Bronze Age.

As this project develops it will be interesting to see how these apparent patterns develop throughout the rest of Carmarthenshire, Pembrokeshire and Ceredigion, and also what new patterns may emerge. Together this project will help to contribute to a wider understanding and interpretation of the nature and significance of ritual and funerary monuments in the prehistoric past, and in association with the other Welsh Archaeological Trusts, will enable the development of a regional and national perspective on Neolithic and Bronze Age monumentality in Wales.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The project and this report were undertaken with the assistance of Richard Ramsey (fieldwork), Jenny Hall (SMR), and Ken Murphy, with thanks also to Gwilym Hughes. The fieldwork aspect was facilitated by the co-operation and kindness of the numerous landowners and farmers who gave permission to access the monuments on their land, and also by those who contributed their local knowledge, which was often enlightening. The project was funded by a grant from Cadw: Welsh Historic Monuments.

REFERENCES

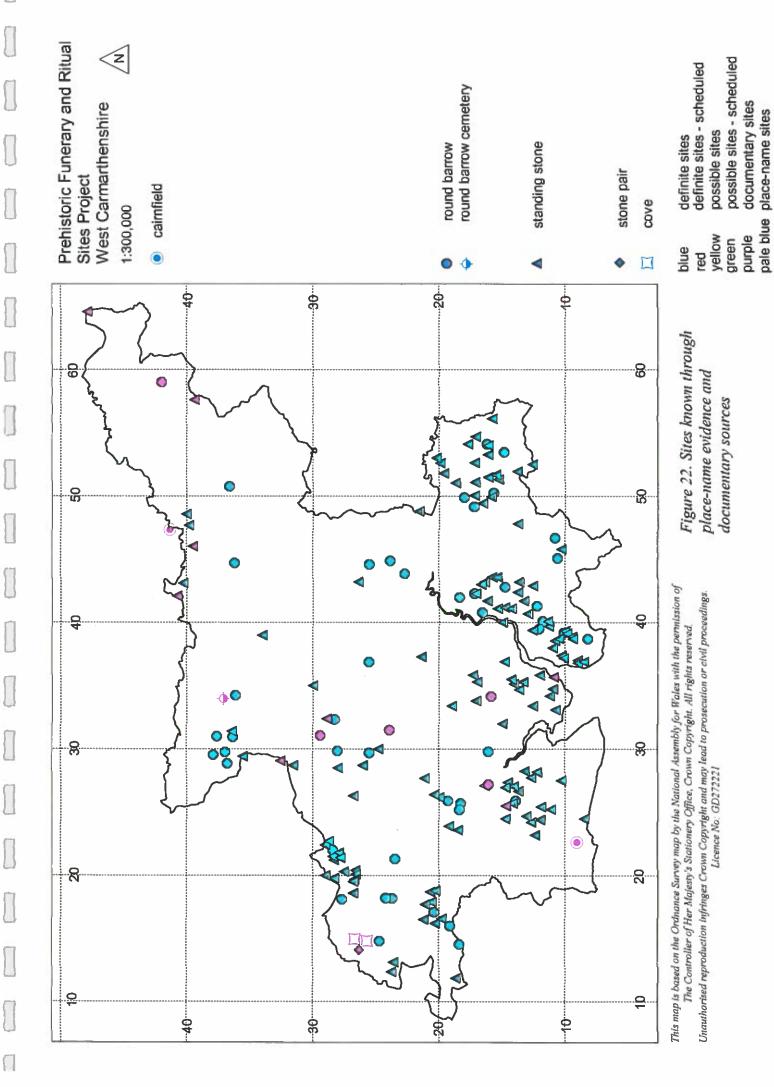
Gibson, A M, 1998 Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites: Upper Severn Valley. CPAT Report 277.

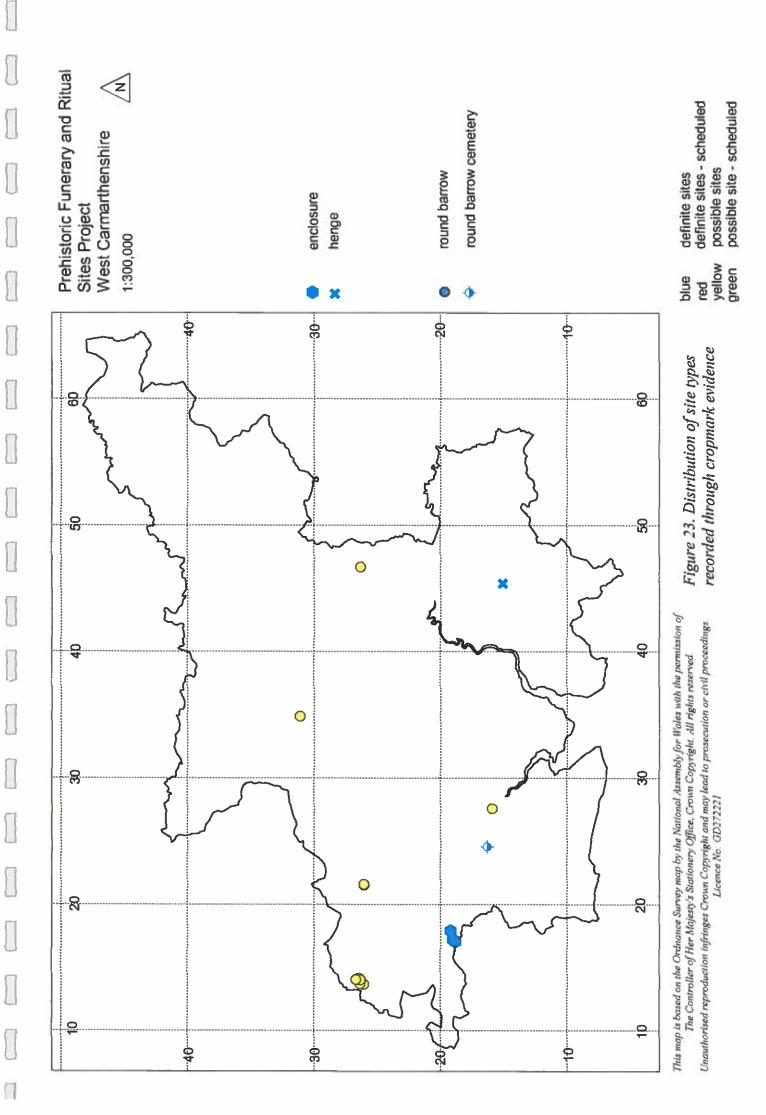
Jones, N W 1999 Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites: Denbighshire and East Conwy. CPAT Report 314.

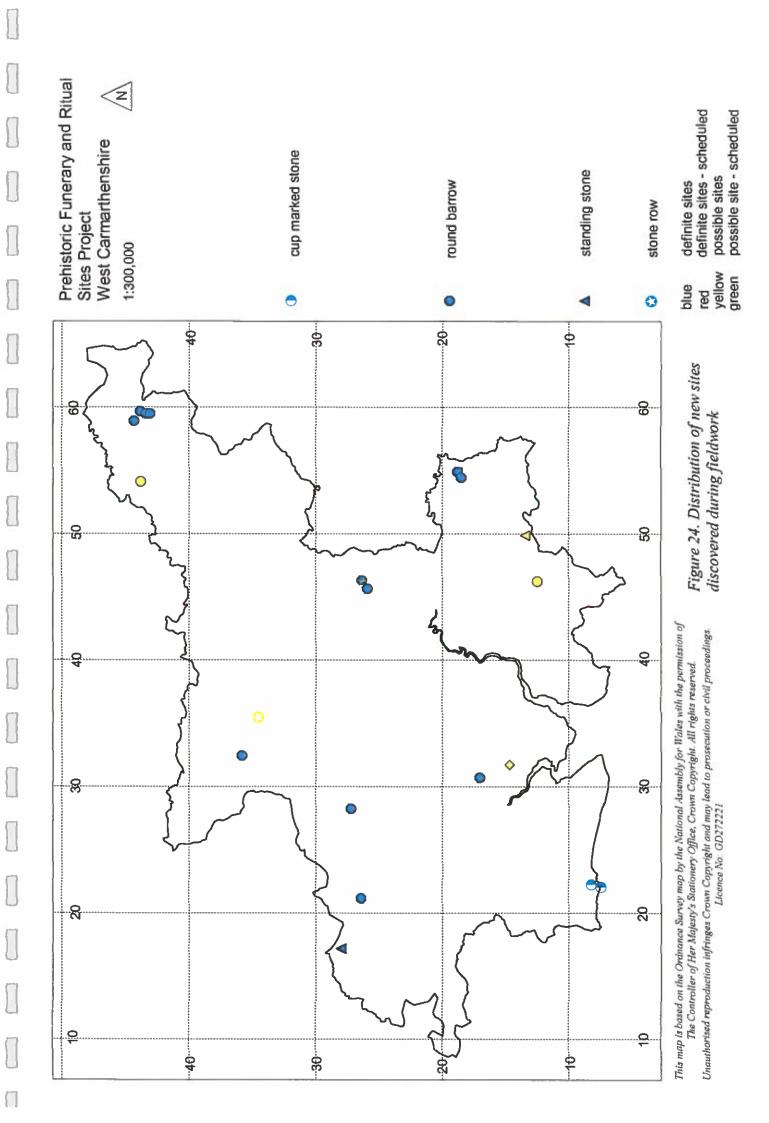
Jones, N W 2000 Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites: Flintshire and Wrexham. CPAT Report 351.

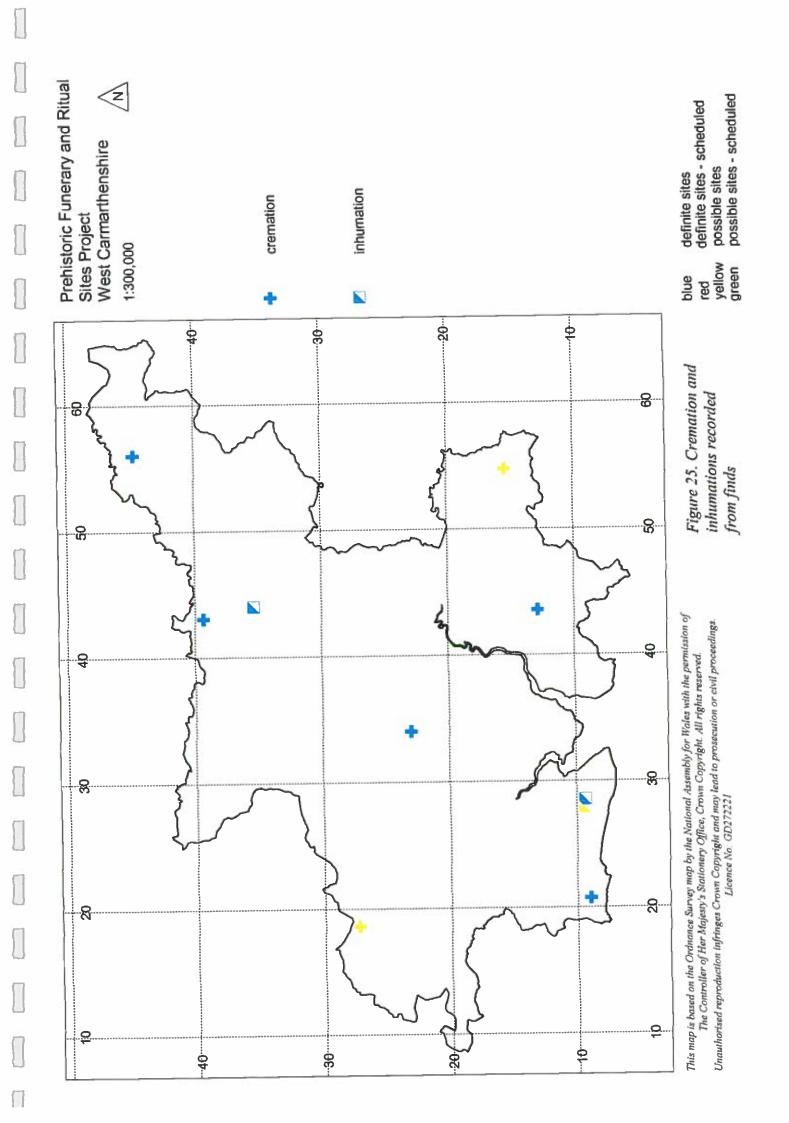
Kirk, T and Williams, G 2000 'A later prehistoric and monumental complex in Carmarthenshire, Wales', *Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society* 22, 257-295.

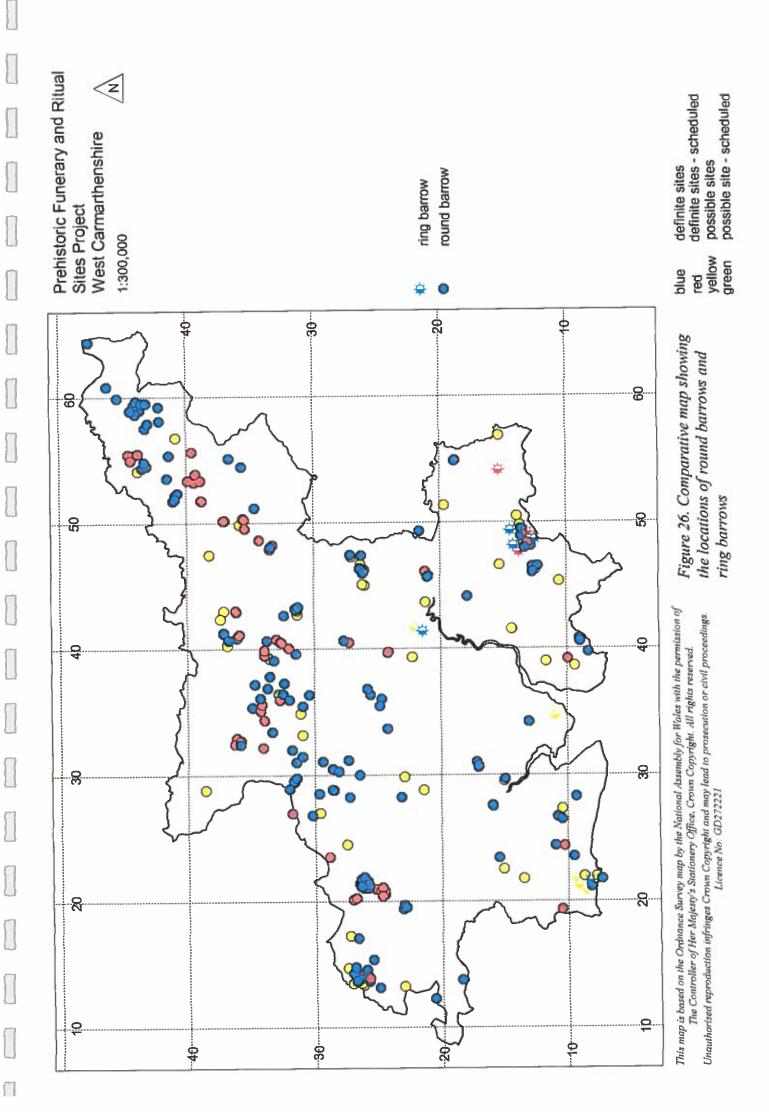
Welsh Office 1996 Planning and the Historic Environment: Archaeology. Welsh Office Circular 60/90.

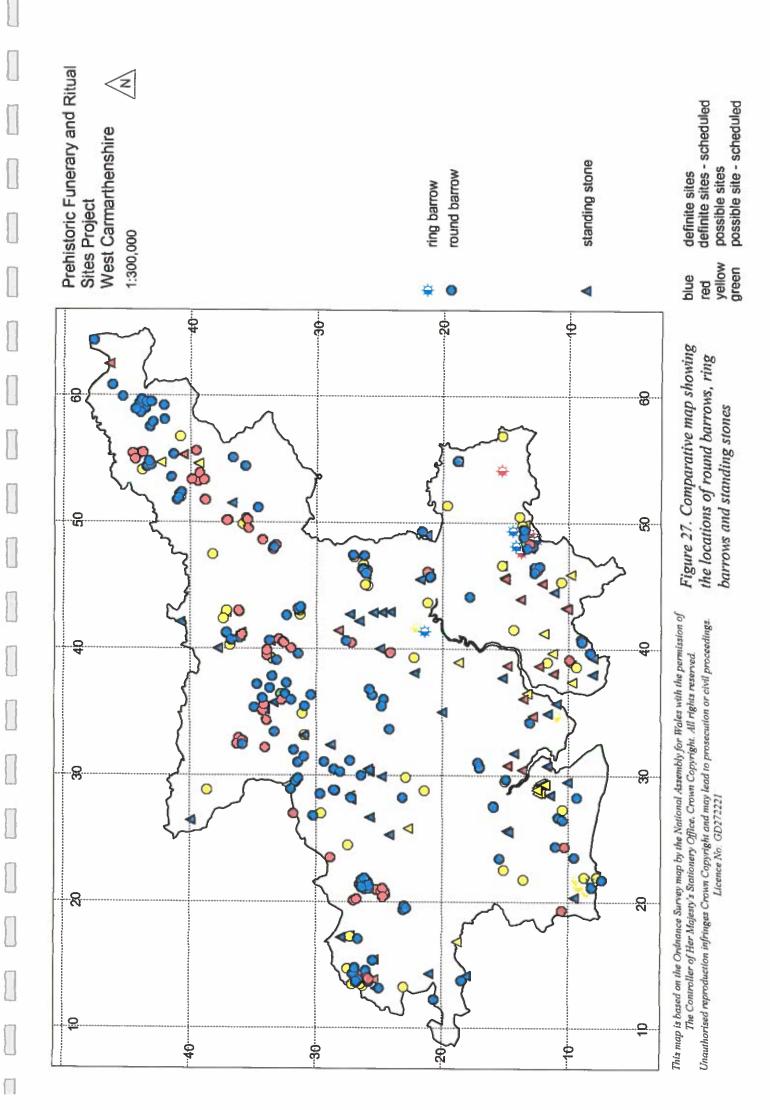


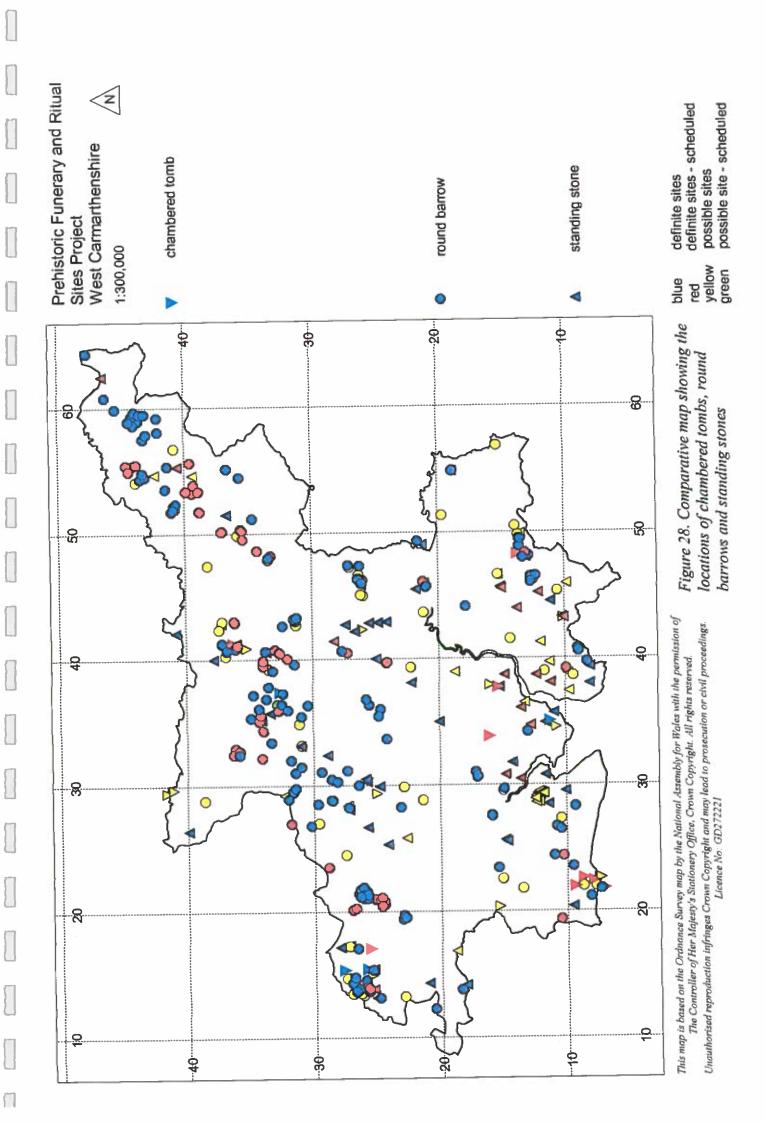


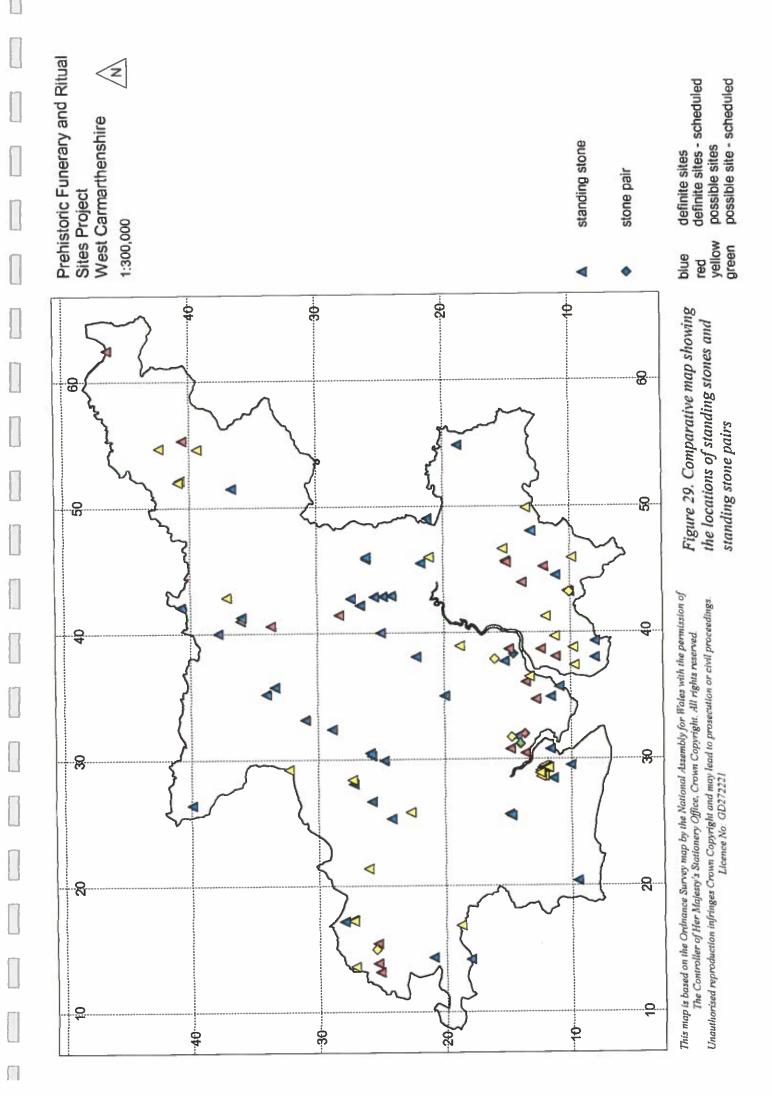












PRN 1767 <u>NGR</u> SN40993606

FORM O.Struct SITE NAME **BLAENNANTRHYS**

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS **SAM**

CONDITION D

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

1763;1765;1766;1768;1764;42504 ASSOCIATED WITH

PART OF 42572

Lying c.40m ESE of cairn 1673 is a fallen standing stone, which was once upright, and possibly even one of a pair, if an account reported by Jones in 1932 can be believed in which 'the present tenant of Blaen-nant Rhys farmhouse remembers a time when two meini hirion stood on the spot, within a few yards of each other, but his father removed one.' The only stone that remains here now has fallen and lies broken, but would originally have stood c.1.5m in height, with its larger, flatter faces orientated E-W.

Site additionally classified as a possible stone pair in the SMR.

To the SE this stone is intervisible with the other two extant cairns which form a linear barrow cemetery running NW-SE, whilst chambered tomb 1768 is intervisible with this stone c.200m to the ESE. To the SW lie the upper slopes on which a second chambered tomb, 1770, once stood, whilst to the N lies the higher ground on which a barrow pair (1771 and 1772) also once stood. To the NE the site overlooks the Gwyddil valley as it flows towards the Afon Tyweli.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0266

> PRN 1768 **NGR** SN41283602

Earthwork SITE NAME COETAN SAMSON **FORM**

CHAMBERED TOMB SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Chambered Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle CONDITION D

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1763;1764;1765;1766;1767;1769;1770;42504

PART OF 42572

The remains of a burial chamber and its surrounding cairn, located at the edge of a pasture field and a short distance away from the linear barrow cemetery (42504) which lies just over 200m away to the W of the tomb. Much of the tomb is overgrown with brambles and bushes but a number of large stones are visible through the grass cover. From historical accounts there appears little doubt that this was once a chambered tomb, possibly of portal dolmen type, consisting of a large capstone originally supported on perhaps 3 or more uprights (see Jones 1932 Carm. Antiq.,p.37).

There are pariculalrly good views to the NE down the valley of the Gwyddil as it flows into the Afon Tyweli, whilst to the Sw the site looks upslope to higher ground on which another chambered tomb, 1770 (now destroyed), once stood.

Nant Gwyddil runs c.400m away to the ESE of the site.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0265 PRN 1765 NGR SN41043599

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS SAM

<u>CONDITION</u> D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1763;1766;1767;1764;1768

PART OF 42504;42572

This site is also listed in the SMR as a possible ring barrow.

A large cairn, possibly a ring barrow comprising two concentric rings of stones, forming part of a linear barrow cemetery (42504) and larger prehistoric monument complex (42572) on Blaennantrhys farm. There is a hollow central area in which there are a couple of large slabs, and blocks of white quartz stones are visible around the banks. A large white quartz block is also visible at the centre of the monument.

Hillslope/gentle/middle

Hillslope/gentle/middle

SITING

SITING

Intervisible with chambered tomb 1768 c.200m to the E of the site, and with the other barrows to the NW and SE. Good views out and along the valley of the Gwyddil which flows into the Afon Tyweli to the NE.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0267

<u>PRN</u> 1766 <u>NGR</u> SN41123592

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1763;1764;1765;1767;1768

PART OF 42504;42572

The most southerly of a linear arrangement of three extant barrows, and a fourth destroyed cairn, on Blaennantrhys farm. This cairn is the most densely covered in vegetation, particularly gorse, of all the monuments in this group, although a number of angular blocks of stone, including some white quartz, are visible on the otherwise turf-covered mound. A piece of farm machinery has been dumped in the S corner of this field adjacent to the barrow.

Enjoys the same views as the rest of the complex at Blaennantrhys.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0268

PRN 1763 NGR SN40953606

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

<u>CONDITION</u> D

<u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1764;1765;1766;1767;1768

PART OF 42504;42572

One of three, and possibly originally four, round barrows in a linear NW-SE alignment on Blaennantryhs farm. Part of barrow cemetery 42504 and monument complex 42572, with a standing stone (and possibly originally a stone pair) just 40m ESE of this site. This site is quite badly damaged, but nonetheless its shape is still well-defined as a circular cairn with a number of white quartz blocks visible on its surface. A chunk of the cairn material is missing on its NE side, while on its NW edge there is a piece of farm machinery. The middle of the monument is overgrown with gorse bushes although some large blocks of stone, including some of white quartz are visible to the middle of the mound.

Good views out to the NE down the Gwyddil valley which joins the Afon Tyweli, with the view to the SW obscured by the high ground on which a chambered tomb, 1770, once stood. To the N, on the higher ground, there was a barrow pair, 1771 and 1772.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0266

<u>PRN</u> 1764 <u>NGR</u> SN40853612

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM Documents; Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1763;1765;1766;1767;1768

PART OF 42504;42572

This site has been destroyed. Originally it would have been the most northerly of a linear group of four barrows aligned NW-SE, and in 1932 was 'only a rough circular patch of higher ground, distinguished by an abundance of thistles and broken stones' (Jones, F Carm. Antiq.,p.37). Part of barrow cemetery 42504 and larger prehistoric monument complex 42572, it lay c.100m to the NW of barrow 1763 and would have been intervisible with chambered tomb 1768 and standing stone/stone pair 1767.

Same good views as the rest of the Blaennantrhys complex, with the view to the SW obscured by the upper slopes on which another chambered tomb (1770) was located.

Close to Nant Gwyddil which flowed into the Afon Tyweli to the NE.

PRN 1734 NGR SN42942412

SITE NAME RHYD Y FWYALCHEN STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B
ASSOCIATED WITH 1733

possible to see this other stone in the distance.

A conglomerate upright monolith with numerous quartz and pebble inclusions, this stone tapers at its top and is leaning slightly to the E. Natural wind and rain erosion has exposed the round quartz pebbles and other stones within the fabric of the boulder, which stands nearly 2m in height. Its narrow sides are orientated SSW-NNE, with its larger flatter faces aligned WNW-ESE. The ground at the base of the stone is being eroded by animal-treading with some smaller stones exposed. The stone is located just after a break of slope with another stone, 1733, on the next hillside to the N/NNW. Currently the view towards this stone is obscured by trees, but at the highest point towards the top of the field in which this stone is located it is

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

The view from the stone looks N to the higher ground on the other side of Nant Felys on which standing stone 1733 stands, with the rest of the view orchestrated to the WSW along the course of the stream as it runs to meet Afon Gwili.

Nant Felys runs W along to the Afon Gwili at the bottom of the slope on which this stone stands, with this stream also separating this stone from the high ground on the other side of the stream on which another stone, 1733, stands c.750m to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA

1744 **NGR** SN45492178 PRN O.Struct PANT Y MAENLLWYD SITE NAME <u>FORM</u> STANDING STONE SITE TYPE Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith SITE STATUS Saddle/flat/middle SITING CONDITION M

ASSOCIATED WITH

This standing stone has been moved from its original location some years ago further downslope and into a different field. On this visit we went to its original location in order to record its viewshed and topographical siting. Originally this limestone monolith, 1.5m tall, stood on a flat tongue/saddle of land at the foot of Merlins Hill just before the ground begins to slope down to the Towy valley floodplain to the E/SE.

The view is dominated by a gap in the topography which affords wide views out to the E, with the prominent hill at Nantgaredig, a landmark from other sites in the area, in the immediate foreground and blocking the view to the ENE. Black Mountain is visible in the distance and behind the site to the S the stone was overshadowed by Merlins Hill itself, the site of an Iron age fort (1745) but which might have had much earlier beginnings as an enclosure in the late Neolithic/early Bronze age.

Overlooking the floodplain of the River Towy to the S and also at a point of watershed where two streams run in different directions down to the Towy.

PRN 1731 NGR SN43672116

SITE NAME ABERGWILI TUMULUS FORM Landform

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Listed in the SMR as a possible round barrow or motte but neither a prehistoric nor medieval monument. The mound was excavated by DAT in 1984 prior to the building of a new bungalow, Manor Gwili, on the site, and was shown to be a natural feature of glacial origin, and neither a Bronze age barrow nor medieval motte.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1733 NGR SN42882478

SITE NAME PENTRE YNYS FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1708;1734

A square and squat limestone monolith, heavily eroded on its ENE side and weathered to such an extent that chunks are falling off the stone. The stone is set within a small hollow in a pasture field and may possibly have been intervisible with stone 1734 on the opposite hillside, the view today obscured by the trees running along the edge of Nant Felys which separates the stones, although this stone was certainly visible from the top of the field in which 1734 was set. A white quartz block was noted set against the SSE side of the stone, with the stone enjoying commanding views, particularly in the directions to which the stone was orientated, to the SSE and WSW. To the N of the stone and set just below the summit of the hill on which this stone was situated was once another standing stone, 1708, c.750m away, the same distance as between this stone and 1734 on the opposite hillside.

This stone has more commanding views than nearby stone 1734, and is located on higher ground, with the land further rising up to the N behind this stone to a local summit, just beneath which another stone, 1708, was originally located. To the SSE the view looks over the Mynydd Llangendeirne, along the Gwili valley to the WSW, and over to the location of the standing stones and other monuments at Meini Gwyn (42531) and Penycwnc (42530) to the ENE.

Located close to a series of springs and with Nant Felys running along the bottom of the hillslope separating this stone from another stone, 1734, on the other side of the stream.

PRN 1728 NGR SN46002610

SITE NAME MEINI GWYN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION B SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1718;42530

PART OF 42531

A second recumbent white quartz boulder, smaller than stones 1727 and 1726 located c.50m and 150m away to the WSW/W respectively, and part of prehistoric monument complex 42531 located a short distance away from barrow cemetery 42530 to the NE. Within this complex and close to the stone lies possible ring cairn 42506 and round barrows 42515 and 12803 with all of these sites located towards the W end of a NE-SW ridge on which barrow 1722 is located to the NE on the highest point today marked in the landscape by a TV mast. The stone, orientated ENE-WSW on its long axis with its larger faces looking SE-NW, has in the past been considered as one of a pair with stone 1727, but here is considered as a monument in its own right, given its association within a complex of numerous other prehistoric sites located in a very particular part of the landscape. Between this stone and 1727 we also noted the occurrence of two large hollows/pits, both c.5m in diameter.

Huge views visible from the site: to the SW is the coast (Carmarthen Bay and the sea), with Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W and a large vista over the surrounding landscape, particularly through the W sector from S to N. The stone is also intervisible with barrow 1720 of the Penycnwc cemetery 42530 c.350m away to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1729 NGR SN47382624

SITE NAME RHYD GANOL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING
ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1730 <u>NGR</u> SN46682632

SITE NAME TURBARY COMMON THE FORM Cropmark
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Not a cropmark barrow, just a huge clump of gorse. The immediate and surrounding area were investigated but there was no sign of a round barrow nor any other archaeological features.

The site has been additionally classified as a natural feature in the SMR.

<u>DIGITAL CAMERA</u>

<u>PRN</u> 1726 <u>NGR</u> SN45852612

SITE NAME MEINI GWYN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

 DESCRIPTIVE TYPE
 Boulder
 SITE STATUS
 Not Scheduled

 CONDITION
 B
 SITING
 Ridge/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1718;42530

PART OF 42531

A large white quartz recumbent boulder now forming part of a garden rockery feature at the back of Dolgwm house, and adjacent to a field containing another two similar white quartz standing stones with all three stones forming part of prehistoric monument complex 42531. Commanding views are achievable from this site which is located at the top of tongue of flat land before it begins to slope off to the NNE. This rock was clearly very specifically sited and moreover quite carefully selected: within its fabric there are observable a number of faceted crystals. The stone was placed at the very end of a NE-SW running ridge and although it is not possible to see beyond the ridge from this stone, a view which is obscured by the high ground on which barrow cemetery 42530 is located c.500m away to the NE, it is possible to see neighbouring stone 1727, c.100m away to the ESE. The surface of this boulder has a number of hollows (which could be both natural and/or cultural) and which were water-filled at the time of our visit, and this stone may well have been deliberately carved, or chosen because of its ability, to catch water in this way. Two earthfast conglomerate stones with large quantities of quartz inclusions lie at the S end of the stone around its base, which is otherwise surrounded with shrubs and ericas.

Huge views visible from the site: to the SW is the coast, and Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W. Viewshed is 140 degree arc from SW to N.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1727 <u>NGR</u> SN45982610

SITE NAME MEINI GWYN FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1718;42530
PART OF 42531

A large white quartz boulder-type standing stone, part of prehistoric monument complex 42531 and very similar to the two other standing stones in this group, 1726 c.100m to the WNW and 1728 c.40m to the ENE. A possible ring cairn (42506) lies c.20m to the WNW of this stone in alignment with stone 1726 which is now obscured from view by the boundary and trees of Dolgwm house. This massive recumbent boulder, with its long axis aligned NNW-SSE and large faces SW-NE, has an almost triangular shape and is surrounded by large angular boulders and smaller stones as packing material at its base, which are of igneous/conglomerate rocks with quartz inclusions.

Huge views visible from the site: to the SW is the coast (Carmarthen Bay and the sea), with Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W and a large vista over the surrounding landscape, particularly through the W sector from S to N. The stone is also intervisible with barrow 1720 of the Penycnc cemetery 42530 c.350m away to the NE.

<u>PRN</u> 1722 <u>NGR</u> SN47422714

SITE NAME CRUG-Y-RHYD-HIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Local summit/flat/top
ASSOCIATED WITH

A large round barrow, consisting of a mound 18m in diameter (and c.27m in diameter including its bank and ditch) which although somewhat damaged remains an impressive monument in the landscape. The barrow is located adjacent to a TV mast on a local highpoint on top of the same high plateau that supports barrow cemetery 42530 and monument complex 42531, c.1.25m and 1.7km away respectively on slightly lower ground to the SW. There is a clearly defined circular edge to the barrow, with a large horseshoe-shaped depression 6m wide in the north side of the mound, presumably the result of robbing. An external bank and ditch surround the site, the well-spread bank measuring c.2-4m in diameter, and the ditch c.1.5m. A number of stones are visible around the perimeter of the barrow and on top of the mound, which apart from its depression remains in a good condition.

Fine views to the E/ESE over Black Mountain and the Brecon Beacons, with other commanding views all around the landscape, with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W, and a view of Carmarthen Bay, which although slightly obscured is still visible.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1723 NGR SN47282706

SITE NAME CRUG-Y-RHYD-HIR FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Site also listed in the SMR as a possible clearance cairn.

Close to the NE boundary of a rough pasture field, c.150m SW of barrow 1722, is an elongated spread of large angular boulders which appeared to have no obvious form and is was considered likely to be the result of clearance rather than a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument, in spite of its proximity to another round barrow. Some rabbit burrowing evident.

<u>PRN</u>

1718

<u>NGR</u>

SN46222600

SITE NAME

CRUG BLAEN CWM EGWAD

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 42530;1728;1726;1727;12803;42506;42531

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This barrow lay just over 200m to the SW of the Meini Gwyn monument complex 42531 and c.350m S/SSW of barrow cemetery 42530, and may have been once both intervisible and contemporaneous with all these sites.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

1720

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN46272631

SITE NAME

BULL HALL CRUG

FORM

SITING

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1721;12802;42505;42531

PART OF

42530

A well-defined although much denuded round barrow partly cut by a recent fence and with a trig point on top. The barrow is clearly circular with much cairn material visible including a high proportion of white quartz blocks. Located on the same NE-SW running ridge as the standing stones and other monuments at Meini Gwyn (42531) c.300m to the SW of the site and intervisible with all but stone 1726. The cairn, a stone and earth admixture, stands to a height of c.0.4m and has been clearly robbed of much of its material. This barrow is one of four other possible barrows forming cemetery 42530, although the others (1721,12802 & 42505) are more severely denuded, this being the best preserved.

Clear and commanding views from 80-340 degrees. To the E can be seen Black Mountain whilst to the SW there is a clear view of Carmarthen Bay and the sea. To the WNW is Frenni Fawr and the Preselis and the higher ground towards the NE on which barrow 1722 is located.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

1721

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN46352635

SITE NAME

PEN Y CNWC

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITE STATUS

<u>SITING</u> Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 12802;1720;42505;42531

PART OF

42530

Located adjacent to barrow 12802 and 42505, and intervisible with 1720. Barrow forms part of the Pencwnc barrow cemetery 42530 and is possibly also associated with the prehistoric monument complex at Meini Gwyn (42531) further along the same ridge. This site is barely visible in the field and is virtually destroyed.

Widespread views, particularly over to Frenni Fawr to the WNW. The view also looks over to Black Mountain at 110 degrees, higher ground on the same high plateau and which is the location of barrow 1722 (recognisable from its single mast) to the NE, as well as Carmarthen Bay to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0663

PRN 1710 NGR SN42722737

SITE NAME FFYNNON NEWYDD STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1711 <u>NGR</u> SN42192662

SITE NAME PARC GARREG LWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Streamside/

ASSOCIATED WITH

This sharply leaning standing stone, allegedly moved to this position from its original location further E on the other side of the stream at SN42252664, stands c.1.25m tall, and is a triangular-shaped stone, Im wide at its base and tapering to a point at its top. The stone is currently sited in boggy terrain 7m E of a small stream on tongue of land between two hills and faces roughly E-W on its long axis (narrow sides) with its larger faces looking N-S. In the field to the E of this stone, in its alleged original location, were noted one upright and two recumbent boulders as well as a mound, which may require further investigation (see Dcp_0044-5).

There are good views particularly to the S down the valley of Nant Brechfa and Afon Gwili.

Adjacent to a small stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0043

PRN 1712 NGR SN4025

SITE NAME PARCIAU STONE FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

A possible standing stone that was cleared to the farmward of Parciau farm, and has si

A possible standing stone that was cleared to the farmyard of Parciau farm, and has since been buried there. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1713 NGR SN42342600

SITE NAME PANT Y CERRIG FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith
CONDITION
E
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. The site referred to may either be destroyed, or a rock outcrop/natural feature misinterpreted as a tomb. The only feature we observed in the area was a curvilinear row of four discrete patches of outcropping rock. A stream runs nearby adjacent to which we could see other lumps of rock but nothing resembling the remnants of a chambered tomb.

<u>PRN</u>

1707

<u>NGR</u>

SN40632769

SITE NAME

CRUG BWLCH BYCHAN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular CONDITION

SITE STATUS

SAM

SITING

High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1706

A gorse-covered round mound located on a flat tongue of land c.450m below another barrow 1706 which lies upslope to the SSW from this site, the two barrows having possibly been intervisible with each other. The mound survives to a height of 0.6m and measures c.18m in diameter and appears to be in a stable condition.

This site does not enjoy the same 360 degree views as its nearby barrow 1706, but nonetheless has fantastic views out to the E from 40-140 degrees and also to the W over the Gwili valley.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1708

NGR

SN42852551

SITE NAME

DAN Y CERRIG STONE

<u>FORM</u>

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1733

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This stone would have had fantastic views out over the landscape and was possibly intervisible with another standing stone, 1733, located 700m downslope to the S. Originally recorded by the RCAHM in 1917, and said to have stood 8ft (c.2.5m) high.

Overlooking the Afon Gwili to the SW and down to the Towy valley to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1709

NGR

SN41442830

SITE NAME

FFOSYMAEN STONE

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

SITE STATUS

SAM

CONDITION

R

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

Massive standing stone located in a field of long grass. We were unable to gain permission to get access to the site but were able to assess the monument from a track adjacent to the field in which the stone is located. As a result of the long grass we were unable to see any features of the ring barrow bank that James noted from APs in 1987 as surrounding the stone. The monument remains in a stable condition.

Commanding views towards the SE and also to the N.

Nant Cwm-cerwyni runs along the bottom of teh slope to the E, with the Afon Gwili and other streams to the N.

PRN

1699

NGR

SN48541328

SITE NAME

MYNYDD LLANGYNDEYRN

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Chamber

SITE STATUS

SITING

SAM

Col/flat/middle

D CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 1697;1693;1661;1698

PART OF

42532

This is the westernmost of a pair of chambers and the best preserved of the two. Even though this is the most intact it is still difficult to say with any accuracy exactly which way the chamber would have been orientated, although it is likely to have been roughly to the N. There appears to be evidence for a kerb with possible curved entrances to each chamber and white quartz stones also associated with the monuments.

As with its twin, 1698, this chamber looked out onto Mynydd Llangendeirne and its wider views were obscured by the rocky ridges which characterise this particular part of the landscape. However, to the N could be seen the Brechfa hills and the Twyi/Cothi valleys.

Located at the foot of a large rocky ridge and adjacent to a small stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0630

PRN

1702

NGR

SN45201210

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

MAEN LLWYD

STANDING STONE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith

SITE STATUS

SAM

O.Struct

CONDITION

В

SITING

FORM

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1682;42570

A large standing stone located on level high ground just before a break of slope to the S. The larger flat faces of the stone face WNW-ESE, whilst the narrower sides face NNE-SSW. The stone tapers in width on its narrower sides from the base (1m) to its top (0.65m) producing a slight triangular profile. The stone is weathered in a similar fashion to is near neighbour 1682 which lies 1.2km away to the SW, and this stone may form part of a routeway through the landscape which stretches from Mynydd Llangendeirne in the NE to Llansaint and the coast to the SW.

Good views out to the SW sector.

<u>DIGITAL CAMERA</u>

PRN

1706

NGR

SN40492725

SITE NAME

CRUG BANC

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SAM SITE STATUS

CONDITION

C

SITING Local summit/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1707

A reasonably well-preserved round barrow located on a flat tongue of high ground with the land beginning to slope down to the E c.100m away from the site. The site is located in the middle of a pasture field and may have been intervisible with another barrow, 1707, located c.450m away to the NNE on the same high plateau. The barrow stands to c.0.6m in height.

Fantastic 360 degree panorama all around from the site.

Overlooking the valley of the Afon Gwili from the S through to the N throughout the W sector as it meaders around the high ground on which this barrow is located.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0042

<u>PRN</u> 1697 <u>NGR</u>

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE FORM Earthwork

SN48381339

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM
CONDITION C SITING Ridge

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1698;1699;42532

PART OF 1661;42532

Large reasonably well-preserved potential barrow consisting of a number of large angular blocks of stone visible on the surface of the mound. There has also been a large degree if tumble of cairn material.

Across to chambered tombs 1698 and 1699 to the SE and NW out over the wider landscape

Surrounded by waterlogged, marshy area

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0629

PRN 1698 NGR SN48541328

SITE NAME GWAL-Y-FILIAST FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Chamber SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Col/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1661;1693;1697;1699

PART OF 42532

The easternmost of a pair of chambers, possibly united underneath one large cairn, and the least well-preserved of the two. Both this chamber and its twin, 1699, which lies 4m to the W, were specifically sited in a saddle area of flat upland running between the rocky ridges of Mynydd Llangendeirne, and were built in a sheltered position in a hollow at the foot of a large rock outcrop, which contrasts starkly with the ridge-top location of some of the later barrows located just to the W of this monument. The chamber is too ruinous to determine with any accuracy the exact orientation of its opening, but it is likely to have been to roughly to the NW. Lumps of white quartz were noted outside the kerbs of both cairns and were presumably associated with the tombs during the time of their construction and use.

Views from both chambers were restricted by the surrounding outcrops, but the monument as a whole was visible from barrows 1693 and 7712, and to the N could just be seen the Brechfa hills and Twyi/Cothi valleys.

Located immediately beneath a rock outcrop and adjacent to a small stream.

<u>PRN</u> 1694 <u>NGR</u> SN48201325

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 7712;11586
PART OF 1661;42532

Monument not as visually distinctive during our winter visit as it was in the summer. A roughly circular/horse-shoe shaped ring cairn. There was no sign of the ruined cist recorded on the sketch plan made in 1982 by DAT. The stones appear to be regularly placed delimiting a central area forming a rough kerb. This barrow is intervisible with two other barrows located on the same ride-top: 11586 and 7712.

SITING

Ridge/flat/top

Panoramic views all around huge swathes of the landscape and onto Mynydd Llandendeirne itself. Black Mountain visible to the E, the Preselis to the NW and the coast to the S and SW.

Situated on the spine/edge of a limestone ridge before it slopes steeply down to the N/NW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0625

PRN 1695 NGR SN48981344

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM
CONDITION C SITING Saddle

ASSOCIATED WITH 7713

PART OF 1661;42532

Located downslope from 7713 and intervisible with it. Very densely overgrown ring barrow adjacent to a field boundary wall, unrecordable in the summer due to vegetational cover and only slightly more accessible in the winter. Seems well preserved, probably as a result of the prolific bracken and brambles.

Good views out over the southern sector

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0633

PRN 1696 NGR SN48711304

SITE NAME CAE CWMPAS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

PART OF 1661;42532

This round barrow was buildozed away and destroyed in c.1972. There were no reports of any finds associated with the monument and was a stone mound.

<u>PRN</u> 1688 <u>NGR</u> SN43941379

SITE NAME GARREG FAWR FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

A fine and magnificent standing stone, tapered at the top and standing to a height of nearly 3.5m. The stone is orientated NE-SW on its long axis (narrow sides) with its larger flat faces looking SE-NW. Lots of small loose stones are visible around the base of the giant monolith in a hollow eroded away by animal treading. The monument appears to be in a stable condition and is under no immediate threat.

Commanding views around the landscape, particularly to the W and N over the Towy valley.

Overlooking the Gwendraith Fach to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1693 <u>NGR</u> SN48311326

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-ring SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Col/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1698;1699;7712 PART OF 1661;42532

This impressive ring caim lies at the foot of the limestone outcrop on which three other barrows are sited and this site is clearly visible from barrow 7712 in particular. This caim seems to be specifically sited at the junction between the end of two rock outcrops and the beginning of a second, and is located on a saddle between the spines of limestone and millstone grit and which gives access to the rest of the Mynydd Llangendeirne area. The site was more easily located and more visually impressive during our winter visit in January 2001 and was re-photographed. A gorse bush on the S side of the caim is potentially damaging the monument.

From this site the view is dominated by the plateau of Mynydd Llangendeirne and over to the outcrop at the base of which the two chambered tombs (1698-9) are located. To the N the view is hindered by the rocky outcrops but wider views out to the SW and to the Gower were still visible from this site, as was Black Mountain to the E.

Located at the foot of the scarp slope above which barrows 7712, 1694 and 11586 are situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0628

1683 PRN **NGR**

SN43181011

SITE NAME **MEINI LLWYDION**

STANDING STONE PAIR?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group

ASSOCIATED WITH 1682;1684

CONDITION

SITE TYPE

C

SITE STATUS SAM

FORM

SITING Level/flat/middle

O.Struct

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible stone pair.

A much more probable standing stone pair rather than the remains of a chambered tomb. Two stones - one tall and tapering, the other more squat and triangular - lie on a tongue of gently undulating land, with another stone, 1685, lying 30m to the SSE. Both stones are in good condition, and weathered slightly through natural wind and rain erosion. The smaller triangular stone is orientated with its larger faces looking NW-SE and its narrower sides facing NE-SW. It stands 1.6m high, with a width of c.0.4m and tapering from 1.2m to 0.6m wide on its larger faces. This stone is leaning slightly to the NW and has a couple of deep hollows on its NW face. The taller stone stands upright, 2.3m high, 0.55m wide and also tapers from 1.2m to 0.5m from bottom to top on its larger faces, which are orientated SSE-NNW. Both stones lie c.2.5m apart from each other, the taller stone being the more easterly of the two.

Long views obscured by the higher ground running parallel to the site to the W and E.

Close to a small stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1684

NGR

SN43251021

SITE NAME

CONDITION

PULPIT THE

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

M

SITE STATUS

FORM

SITING

SAM

O.Struct

Level/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1682;1683;1685

A large and almost square upright stone tapering gradually to a pinnacle. This is a substantial block located next to a natural bedrock outcrop. The stone is situated on the edge of a small scarp before the ground sharply drops away to the NW. Before the present-day woodland was in place it is probable that this stone was intervisible with the nearby stone pair 1683 and standing stone 1685 just over 100m away to the SSW/SW.

To the NW the view is obscured by the neighbouring spur and to the NE the view to the other high ground is separated by a flat tongue of land on which standing stone 1685 and stone pair 1683 are located.

Located on the edge of woodland adjacent to a rock outcrop and close to a stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1685

NGR

SN43191009

SITE NAME

LLECHDWNNI

FORM

SITING

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

level/flat/middle

O.Struct

SAM

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 1682;1684

A boulder rather than an upright stone but most definitely specifically chosen and sited as part of a standing stone complex which also included 1683 and 1684, 30m and 120m to the NNW and NNE respectively. It is an interesting stone, in that its appearance is deceptive from different angles. When looking WNW it looks

more like a tapering stone, but when looking SW it is quite clearly a boulder. Looking just to the W of N the narrow edge of the boulder looks directly towards the gap between stone pair 1683 sited just 30m away.

Views obscured by the higher ground running parallel to the site on its W and E sides.

Close to a small stream.

PRN 1675 NGR SN44121782

SITE NAME CNWC Y GARN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> D <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/steep/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u>

This round barrow, still reasonably visible in amongst the long grass, was located just above a marked break of slope and on a slight terrace before the ground drops steeply to the NW and rises equally steeply to the SE. The barrow is most severely denuded on its S and SW sides, eroded due to tractors crossing the field to the gate behind the barrow at the top of the field. A stream runs behind the barrow to the SW in a steep-sided gully and is one of many small watercourses running down of this hillside and eventually feeding into the river Towy to the NW.

Commanding views out over the landscape, hence the later re-use of this site as a medieval beacon. Has particularly good views out over the interlocking spurs characteristic of the meandering course of the River Towy to the W and N.

Close to small streams on either side of the hill on which this barrow was located.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1682 NGR SN44511112

SITE NAME GWEMPA FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle
ASSOCIATED WITH 1683;1684;1685;1702

A large well-preserved limestone monolith lying in the corner of a gently sloping pasture field. The larger faces of the stone are orientated SW-NE and the narrow sides SE-NW. The SW face and SE side are particularly weathered. The squared top of the stone has also been considerably weathered, particularly within a defined band which suggests a weakness in the stone at this point. On the other large face of the stone, although not as weathered, there is nonetheless a large groove and hollow in the top right corner of the stone and another worn depression in the bottom right section. A small well-set stone lies on the E side of the monolith and the monument may be set within its own slight mound. This stone is possibly located on a prehistoric ritual routeway through the landscape which followed the lie of the land and which incorporated a number of monuments along its processional path. Following the contours round from this standing stone to the SW leads directly to the area at Llechdwnni where there are a series of standing stones (1683,1684 & 1685), which themselves connect with a series of monuments (1393, 1394, 2129, 2125, 2111) which gradually make their way down to the sea at the junction of the Gwendraith with the Tywi estuary just to the WNW of Kidwelly. Following the same 130m contour round from this stone at Gwempa to the NE leads to another standing stone, 1702 (SAM Cm191), with the round barrow group at Capel Dyddgen (42570) another kilometre further on. These in turn could arguably link up with the start of the prehistoric monument complex of Mynydd Llangendeirne (42532), thus establishing a routeway to the coast stretching some 13kms which encountered different types of monuments on the way as it moved SW from the uplands to the sea.

Fantastic views over to the Preselis and particularly Frenni Fawr to the NW.

Located between two springs, one 450m to the ESE and the other 600m to the WSW.

PRN 1673 NGR SN45651508

SITE NAME GARREG GOCH Y FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/top
ASSOCIATED WITH 1674;14237

One of certainly two, and possibly originally three or more standing stones located on top of a local high plateau with commanding views over a wide area. This stone, a large and well-weathered tapering sandstone block is now incorporated in a hedgeline and is surrounded by brambles, trees and barbed wire. Both this stone and its extant neighbour 1674, c.120m away to the SW, are intervisible, with an old field boundary which separated the two stones having been grubbed out, although its line is still visible. The farmer here told us of a third stone 'just out from the hedgeline' which was moved in 1968. The position of this third stone is unclear and there is no visible presence today, but the farmer seemed to suggest that it originally lay close to this stone, and possibly formed a NE-SW alignment with this stone and 1674. It may have been the case that this third now destroyed stone was one half of a stone pair with the stone now incorporated into the boundary, as it certainly lay closer to this stone than 1674 which was itself surrounded by henge 14237, whilst these other stones were not.

This site has been addistionally classified as one of a possible standing stone pair.

This stone would have shared the same huge views out from the site around the surrounding landscape as nearby stone 1674. To the E the valley of the Gwendraeth and the undulating surrounding landscape dominate the view, with Black Mountain to the NE and beyond to the Brecon Beacons, including the highpoint of Llyn y Fan Fawr, the source of the river Tawe and where there are also standing stones and a cairn. Mynydd Llangedeirne, itself associated with a number of prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, is visible to the ESE/SE, with Paxtons Tower and the location of the monuments at Pen-Pal (42568) to the NNE.

Close to a spring and overlooking the Gwendraeth Fach which flows to the SE at the bottom of the high ground on which this stone is situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1674 NGR SN45531501

SITE NAME PISTYLL GWYN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1673;14237
PART OF 14237

A large square sandstone monolith, orientated roughly N-S/E-W currently stands towards the top of a pasture field and is centrally located within a large bank and ditch/henge (14237) noted from aerial photographs, of which no visible presence remains on the ground today. The stone is located with a commanding view out over the wider landscape. This stone was originally one of two, and possibly three, standing stones on top of this high plateau, a second stone, 1673, now incorporated into a field boundary c.120m NE of this site and the third stone now lost, having been moved many years ago from its original position just out from the hedgeline. Only stone 1674 appears to have been surrounded by the henge, the other two stones forming a SW-NW alignment with this stone, but lying outside the bank and ditch area.

Huge views out from the site around the surrounding landscape. To the E the valley of the Gwendraeth and the undulating surrounding landscape dominate the view, with Black Mountain to the NE and beyond to the Brecon Beacons, including the highpoint of Llyn y Fan Fawr, the source of the river Tawe and where there are also standing stones and a cairn. Mynydd Llangedeirne, itself associated with a number of prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, is visible to the ESE/SE, with Paxtons Tower and the location of the monuments at Pen-Pal (42568) to the NNE.

Close to a spring and overlooking the Gwendraeth Fach which flows ENE-WSW at the foot of the high ground on which this site is located.

<u>PRN</u> 1665 <u>NGR</u> SN42923612

SITE NAME CWMHWPLYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1781
PART OF 42587

Lying c.100m to the WSW of Crug Sgethlin (1781) this is the most westerly site of a barrow pair located on top of a flat knoll and local highpoint in the area. This barrow is quite severely damaged and lies in the SW corner of a pasture field. Part of the barrow has been cut by two field boundaries and looks as though the cairn has been robbed for building material for the walls. A clear arc of a circular bank is visible on the E side of the barrow and at its centre there is a definite concave depression. Lots of loose stone is visible on the surface and the barrow has clearly been much disturbed. The SW hedgeline is very much a mixture of soil and small stones identical to the composition of the other mound in the pair (1781), and it would seem that this could be a section of the original barrow material, the hedgeline having run straight over the top of the mound when it was first built. Some white quartz stones are visible in the area of the barrow, otherwise it is grass-covered. On the other sides of the boundaries in the adjacent fields any remnants of this barrow appear to have been destroyed, although in the corner of the field to the N of the site, just over the wall, there is a pile of stones, including some white quartz which may be all that remains of the barrow on this other side.

Commanding 360 degree views from the site all around the landscape, with Mynydd Pencarreg and Mynydd Llanybydder (both locations with a large concentration of Bronze age monuments) clearly visible to the E. 1km to the N and downslope from this site lies barrows 1783, 5387 and standing stone 1782, whilst 2km to the W lies the prehistoric monument complex at Blaenantrhys, with both locations clearly visible from this site.

Overlooking Afon Tyweli to the N.

PRN 1394 NGR SN40530897

FORM Earthwork ALLT CUNEDDA SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular SITING Ridge/flat/top D **CONDITION**

ASSOCIATED WITH 2129;1393;7344

PART OF 42579

Located on top of the same local highpoint as nearby barrow 1393, c.200m to the ENE, is another round barrow, the mound today severely denuded but still just discernible as a circular mound truncated on its NE edge by a field boundary separating the two barrows which originally would have been intervisible with one another. Today this barrow lies within a field of long grass, used for silage, and remains only to a height of c.0.3m, but has the same diameter as its 'twin' barrow 1393, and presumably both were built and used contemporaneously. Although both barrows are too far apart to strictly be called a barrow pair, they were nonetheless so similar and close to warrant being interpreted within a barrow pair context. Both of the barrows located on top of this ridge may have been part of a wider processional pathway through the landscape that began at Mynydd Llangendeirne, moving SW to encounter the barrows at Capel Dyddgen (42570), various standing stones (1702,1682,1683,1684,1685) before reaching these barrows and continuing SW to incorporate the cist/ cairn at 7344, another barrow at 2129 and two standing stones 2125 and 2111 which led eventually down to the water.

Huge 360 degree panoramic views from all around the site. There are amazing views to the S over the sand, sea and Gwendraith estuary as well as down to the Gower Peninsula/Rhosilli Down/ Worms Head. To the NE lies Mynydd Llangendeirne with its numerous prehistoric and funerary monuments, whilst to the NW and W of the site there would have been clear views of both the Taf and the Towy estuaries and over to the Preselis and Llanboidy. To the WSW it was possible to see the coastline of Carmarthen Bay around Pendine Sands and possibly over to the location of the Morfa Bychan cairns on Ragwen Point. Caldey Island would also have been visible in the SW sector but today the views are obscured by the trees marking out the modern field boundaries.

Overlooking the sea and Carmarthen Bay/Gwendraith estuary to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN4813 PRN 1661 NGR

Earthwork MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE <u>FORM</u> SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW CEMETERY SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-00 SITE STATUS SAM Ridge/ D SITING CONDITION

1698;1699;7710;8773;10744 ASSOCIATED WITH

PART OF 42532

1693;1694;1695;1696;1696;1697;7711;7712;7713;7716; CONSISTS OF

This is the group PRN denoting the collection of round and ring barrows found on Mynydd Llangendeym, but which is part of an overall prehistoric monument complex (42532) which includes standing stones, cists and chambered tombs as well as the different barrows located on this particular rocky upland area. The area occupied by prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments spans some 1.5km, with sites located along the top of one rock outcrop, with others at the foot of rock faces and along the saddle between the limestone and millstone ridges that span the length of the Mynydd, running roughly E-W. This area of common land, owned and grazed by the Crwbin commoners, has a particularly dense concentration of prehistoric monuments and was clearly a highly significant ceremonial and ritual locale in the Neolithic and Bronze age.

Fantastic views out from the whole of Mynydd Llangendeirne over the surrounding landscape, as far as the coast to the W and SW.

Whole area is close to a couple of natural springs on its S side and a small stream.

PRN 1393 NGR SN4075909017

SITE NAME ALLT CUNEDDA FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPEMound-circularSITE STATUSNot ScheduledCONDITIONDSITINGRidge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1394;2129;7344

<u>PART OF</u> 42579

A visibly circular and severely denuded round barrow located on top of a ridge running WSW-ENE, which when originally built would have had commanding views out over the landscape as well as itself being potentially visible from afar. The field has been ploughed and the barrow further denuded since the last visit by DAT in 1984, but nonetheless the barrow remains to a height of c.0.5m and is still apparent in the field. This barrow was one of two sited on top of this particular local highpoint, with its nearby barrow, 1394, c.200m away to the WSW. Strictly speaking these barrows cannot be considered a barrow pair as they are too far away from one another, but nonetheless were clearly associated with one another and intervisible, so for all intents and purposes should be seen as a pair of mounds specifically sited together in this particular part of the landscape (see 42579). Both of the barrows located on top of this ridge may have been part of a wider processional pathway through the landscape that began at Mynydd Llangendeirne, moving SW to encounter the barrows at Capel Dyddgen (42570), various standing stones (1702,1682,1683,1684,1685) before reaching these barrows and continuing SW to incorporate the cist/cairn at 7344,another barrow at 2129 and two standing stones 2125 and 2111 which led eventually down to the water.

Huge 360 degree panoramic views from all around the site. There are amazing views to the S over the sand, sea and Gwendraith estuary as well as down to the Gower Peninsula/Rhosilli Down/Worms Head. To the NE lies Mynydd Llangendeirne with its numerous prehistoric and funerary monuments, whilst to the NW and W of the site there would have been clear views of both the Taf and the Towy estuaries and over to the Preselis and Llanboidy. To the WSW it was possible to see the coastline of Carmarthen Bay around Pendine Sands and possibly over to the location of the Morfa Bychan cairns on Ragwen Point. Caldey Island would also have been visible in the SW sector but today the views are obscured by the trees marking out the modern field boundaries.

Overlooking the Gwendraith estuary and the sea to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0022;Dcp_0023

PRN

1194

NGR

SN547424

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

FFYNNON IAGO STONE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

FORM

SITING

Not Scheduled

O.Struct

CONDITION

E

ASSOCIATED WITH 9468

No archaeological traces of this standing stone exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. A possible stone circle (9468), also now destroyed, was located c.250m SW of this stone and may have acted as a 'marker' for the stone circle.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1223

NGR

SN14052625

SITE NAME

GLANDY CROSS BARROW CEMETERY

FORM

SITING

Cropmark

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

1225

NGR

SN145270

SITE NAME

GLANDY MAWR

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

SITE STATUS

FORM

CONDITION

E

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1013;1020;9759

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The field in which this monument, originally sited c.50m SW of cairn 1013, was located has been regularly and recently ploughed and there is no visible presence of a monument here today. This barrow originally possibly lay as one of four cairns in a linear alignment running SW-NE, with 1020 downslope to the SW, and two further cairns, 1013 and 9759, lying upslope and on top of the hill to the NE.

Fantastic views out over the Preselis and down on the Glandy Cross complex to the SW. To the ESE/SE this site would have overlooked Castell Garw henge (1024) and its associated stones (1025).

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

1238

NGR

SN14172658

SITE NAME

GLANDY CROSS BARROW CEMETERY

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW CEMETERY

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-00 CONDITION

C

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

The group PRN for the Glandy Cross monument complex. An area of outstanding archaeological importance as a ritual centre during the Neolithic and Bronze Age and although a number of monuments remain, a significant number of others have been destroyed, particularly in the last decade.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini in particular.

<u>PRN</u> 1190 <u>NGR</u>

SITE NAME CRUGIAU EDRYD "D"

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS SAM

SN53443943

FORM

SITING

SITING

High plateau/flat/top

Earthwork

Summit/flat/top

CONDITION B

ACCOCIATED WITH 710-1100-110

ASSOCIATED WITH 710;1188;1189;13489

<u>PART OF</u> 14191

This is a well-preserved round barrow and the lowest lying of the four round barrows which comprise the Crugiau Edryd barrow cemetery on top of Mynydd Llanybydder. This mound, the most southerly of the group, is largely undisturbed apart from two slight depressions on its W and SE sides. There is some threat posed to the site by cars parking alongside this mound and its neighbour 1189 (barrow C), and also the dumping of rubbish/litter in the area around the site.

Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. The view to the N is obscured by the other mounds in the group, with the view to the N becoming gradually more visible as one moves from this mound NE towards barrow A (710). Another monument complex of four barrows and three standing stones lies immediately to the N on lower ground at Pen Cil-gam (42574).

Close to the Geredig stream and spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0285

PRN 1191 NGR SN51753878

SITE NAME CRUG Y BISWAL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS SAM

<u>CONDITION</u> B

ASSOCIATED WITH 707;14191

PART OF 42585

Located in a stunning landscape location on top of Mynydd Llanllwni, on the same expansive high plateau on which the barrow pair at Crugiau Giar (714 & 715) are sited 2.5km away to the SW. This site is the most southerly barrow of a barrow pair, with its twin 707 just over 20m away to the N. This barrow is extremely well-preserved except for the crater robbed from the top of the mound and survives to a height of roughly 1.75m. The large central depression in the top of the mound was waterlogged during the time of our visit. A ring of large boulders has been placed 10m out from the edge of the barrow on its SE sides and serves to protect the barrow from cars. The barrows at Crugiau Edryd (14191) lie 1.6km away to the ENE and are clearly intervisible with this site.

Huge panoramic views from the site over huge swathes of the landscape, especially to the N and W.

Close to the steep-sided narrow valley/gorge of Nant Iar.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0277

PRN 1192 NGR SN57904300

SITE NAME VICTORIA PARK FARM BARROW FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 792

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

PRN 1188 <u>NGR</u> SN53473949

SITE NAME CRUGIAU EDRYD "B"

FORM ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

CONDITION В

ASSOCIATED WITH 710;1189;1190;13489

PART OF

14191

SITE STATUS **SAM**

> Summit/flat/top SITING

Earthwork

This barrow is not as badly mutilated as its neighbour, 710, and forms part of the Crugiau Edryd barrow cemetery (14191) located on the top of Mynydd Llanybydder on open peaty moorland. This barrow is easily identifiable as the one with a trig point on top, but is also more densely covered with marsh-grass, particularly on its NE side. A few metres from the edge of this site lies the small ring cairn 13489, and a track passes by the SW side of this barrow and the NE edge of the ring cairn which can be seen as threatening to the condition of both monuments.

Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. Another monument complex of four barrows and three standing stones lies immediately to the N on lower ground at Pen Cil-gam (42574).

CLose to Garedig stream and spring

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0280

> 1189 NGR SN53463946 <u>PRN</u>

CRUGIAU EDRYD "C" SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular

CONDITION B

ASSOCIATED WITH 710;1188;1190;13489

PART OF

14191

Earthwork FORM

> SITE STATUS SAM

> > Summit/flat/top **SITING**

This is a well-preserved round barrow still standing to a good height and part of the barrow cemetery 14191 at Crugiau Edryd on top of Mynydd Llanybydder. There has been some mutilation to the top of the mound,

and half of the barrow on the SE side is covered with tufts of marsh-grass. The south side of the barrow is being threatened by a car-parking space, and rubbish is being dumped on top and on the SSE side of the mound. Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies

to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. Part of the view to the N is obscured by rising land and 1188. Another monument complex of four barrows and three standing stones lies immediately to the N on lower ground at Pen Cil-garn (42574).

Located close to Garedig spring and stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 284

PRN 1154 NGR SN15382549

SITE NAME RHOS COYNANT **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E

SITING Local summit/flat/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1077;1137;1158

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Barrow was originally located c.200m upslope to the S from 1137 at the top of a local summit and adjacent to standing stone 1158 c.12m to the SE, with stone pair/chambered tomb 1077 c.400m to the W on the same local summit.

Fantastic views out over to Carn Meini to the N, the rest of the Preselis and the Glandy Cross complex to the NW, Llanboidy windfarm to the E (adjacent to the location of the large Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926)), NE along the Taf valley and more immediately the location of Dolwilym/Gwal-y-Filiast chambered tomb (1138), and SE to Whitland.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1158 **NGR** SN15412540 COYNANT MAENHIR O.Struct

SITE NAME <u>FORM</u> SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1077;1137;1154

A large, well-preserved standing stone located at the SW corner of a pasture field, c.10m S of destroyed round barrow 1154, 400m S of what was originally a chambered tomb (1137) and c.400m E of stone pair/chambered tomb 1077, which is also located on the same flat-topped local summit as this site. The narrow faces of the stone are orientated SE-NW, with the larger flat faces of this rectangular stone facing SW-NE.

Fantastic views out over to Carn Meini to the N, the rest of the Preselis and the Glandy Cross complex to the NW, Llanboidy windfarm to the E (adjacent to the location of the large Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926)), NE along the Taf valley and more immediately the location of Dolwilym/Gwal-y-Filiast chambered tomb (1138), and SE to Whitland.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_327

1163

SN186273

SITE NAME **PENCELLI FORM Finds**

NGR

SITE TYPE **CREMATION? DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Not Scheduled

SITE STATUS **CONDITION SITING**

ASSOCIATED WITH

PRN

PRN 1137 NGR SN15452589

SITE NAME MAEN HIR

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION R

ASSOCIATED WITH 1077;1154;1158

FORM O.Struct

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

One stone is all that remains to mark the site of a one-time chambered tomb which originally comprised 5 uprights and one capstone. The chambered tomb was demolished c.1840, the stones used as gateposts, but the one stone that exists in the location today was re-erected there in c.1890 to commemorate the original tomb. The stone that remains is c.1.7m high and c.0.75m wide and is packed at its base by several smaller stones.

Fantastic views out over to Carn Meini to the N, the rest of the Preselis and the Glandy Cross complex to the NW, Llanboidy windfarm to the E (adjacent to the location of the large Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926)), NE along the Taf valley and more immediately the location of Dolwilym/Gwal-y-Filiast chambered tomb (1138), and SE to Whitland. Viewshed is from 310 degrees round to 160, with the SW sector obscured by the high ground on which the stone pair/chambered tomb 1077 is located 600m some SW of this site, and also round barrow 1154 and standing stone 1158 400m upslope to the S on this same local summit.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0326

PRN 1138 NGR SN17052564

SITE NAME GWAL Y FILIAST

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Chamber

CONDITION B

ASSOCIATED WITH

FORM O.Struct

SITE STATUS SAM

SITING Hillslope/steep/middle

Impressive portal-dolmen type chambered tomb set in woodland and on a public footpath through Dolwilym woods. The polygonal chamber consists of four large uprights supporting a massive capstone opening to the SW which is the main direction of the view from the site and also the direction of the river immediately downslope from the site. The large stone external to and at the back of the chamber faces N and there was evidence for a possible forecourt and a series of kerbstones visible on the SW and S sides of the monument which may define its outer extent. This may also lend further weight to the theory that this was originally a passage grave.

Massive views along the Taf valley to the S and NW.

Located on the side of a steeply sloping valley running down to the rivet taf at the bottom which is fast-flowing and noisy and both visible and audible from the site.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0319;Dcp_0320

PRN 1135 **NGR** SN15362768

CARN BESI SITE NAME **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE **CHAMBERED TOMB**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Chamber **SITE STATUS** SAM **CONDITION** D <u>SITING</u> Ridge/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

Situated just below the highest point of a SW-NE running ridge, at the SW end of which lies the Glandy Cross monument complex, this much ruined burial chamber is now presenced in the landscape by its capstone which lies on top of a stone and turf-covered mound, c.10m in diameter and 0.5m high. The uprights of the chamber have long been removed and the flat slab of the capstone lies on top of some smaller stones and faces in a NW-SE direction. To the SE the location of the chambered tomb at Dolwilwm/Gwal-y-Filiast (1138) would have been visible, whilst just over 1km to the SW is the standing stone complex and henge at Castell Garw (1124 and 1125).

Huge panoramic views all around the landscape from the site, and particularly over to the Preselis and Carn Meini in the northern sector. 360 degree viewshed.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_325

1136

<u>PRN</u> NGR SN29763143

SITE NAME **CRUG-GLAS** <u>FORM</u> Earthwork **ROUND BARROW** SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В

Summit/flat/top SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 1132;1133;1134

PART OF 42576

An outlier barrow to a triangular group of three barrows (1132-4) lying c.300m to the NW of the site and directly intervisible with them. A well-preserved round barrow still standing to a good height, c.2.6m, with a diameter of c.30m. No recent damage apparent to the site.

Fantastic long distance views through an almost 360 degree panorama, although the view is more restricted through the SE sector by the higher ground on which Crug Ieuan (2297) and other barrows following the course of the Afon Duad are located. From this site there are good views out over to Moelvre and its barrows to the NNE/NE as well as over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W.

Overlooking Dewi Fawr river to the SE, Afon Cawnen to the SSW, Afon Sylgen to the NNE and various other small rivers and springs.

PRN 1133 NGR

SITE NAME TRYCHRUG

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 1132;1134;1136

PART OF

SITE TYPE

42576

FORM Earthwork

SAM SITE STATUS

> SITING Summit/flat/top

One of a triangular group of three barrows with a fourth outlier forming a barrow cemetery on top of a high plateau/local summit overlooking large tracts of the landscape. This barrow, the central mound, stands to a height of c.1.5m with a diameter of 20m, and is the largest of the group, the other barrows (particularly 1132 & 1134) being smaller. The field in which these barrows stand has been recently ploughed and lots of small fragments of white quartz are visible around the barrows. The other two barrows which make up this triangular group (1132 and 1134) lie c.30m away to the W and NNE, with outlier 1136 c.300m to the SE. A similar group of three barrows in a triangular arrangement with a fourth outlier is also apparent on top of the hill at Moelvre (see group PRN 42569) which is directly intervisible with this site.

SN2951131648

Fantastic long distance views through an almost 360 degree panorama, although the view is more restricted through the SE sector by the higher ground on which Crug Ieuan (2297) and other barrows following the course of the Afon Duad are located. From this site there are good views out over to Moelvre and its barrows to the NNE/NE as well as over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W.

Overlooking Dewi Fawr river to the SE, Afon Cawnen to the SSW, Afon Sylgen to the NNE and various other small rivers and springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0203;Dcp 0204

<u>PRN</u> 1134 NGR SN2954231648

TRYCHRUG SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW

SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 1132;1133;1136

PART OF

42576

Earthwork FORM

SITE STATUS SAM

> Summit/flat/top SITING

One of a triangular group of three barrows with a fourth outlier forming a barrow cemetery on top of a high plateau/local summit overlooking large tracts of the landscape. This barrow, the northerly, stands to a height of c.1m with a diameter of 15m. The field in which these barrows stand has been recently ploughed and lots of small fragments of white quartz are visible around the barrows. The other two barrows which make up this triangular group (1133 and 1134) lie a few metres away to the SSW and SW, with outlier 1136 c.300m to the SE. A similar group of three barrows in a triangular arrangement with a fourth outlier is also apparent on top of the hill at Moelvre (see group PRN 42569) which is directly intervisible with this site.

Fantastic long distance views through an almost 360 degree panorama, although the view is more restricted through the SE sector by the higher ground on which Crug Ieuan (2297) and other barrows following the course of the Afon Duad are located. From this site there are good views out over to Moelvre and its barrows to the NNE/NE as well as over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W.

Overlooking Dewi Fawr river to the SE, Afon Cawnen to the SSW, Afon Sylgen to the NNE and various other small rivers and springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0203

<u>PRN</u> 1129 <u>NGR</u> SN26803022

SITE NAME CRUG MAWR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B ASSOCIATED WITH

Round barrow assessed from hedgeline and road as we were unable to gain permission to access the site. Barrow remains standing to a good height, c.1.2m, and is under long grass with cattle grazing on and around the mound. We were only able to see the NW side of the barrow visible on this side of the field boundary: the other half of the barrow which has a hedgebank running across its top was obscured from view.

<u>SITING</u>

Hillslope/gentle/top

To the SW the Llanboidy wind farm (and location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery 12039) was clearly visible and there were good views throughout the S sector. The Preselis were visible to the W, but Frenni Fawr was obscured by rising land to the NW.

Close to a spring and overlooking the Afon Cawnen to the ESE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0209

<u>PRN</u> 1130 <u>NGR</u> SN29223230

SITE NAME GILFACH Y GWEISION FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 10747

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The standing stone originally stood c.300m to the NE of round barrow 10747 but was removed when the hedgerow adjacent to it was grubbed out in c.1970.

Close to a spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1132 NGR SN2947331622
TE NAME TRYCHRUG FORM Earthw

SITE NAME TRYCHRUG FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1133;1134;1136

PART OF 42576

One of a triangular group of three barrows with a fourth outlier forming barrow cemetery 42576 on top of a high plateau/local summit overlooking large tracts of the landscape. This barrow, the southerly, stands to a height of c.0.8m with a diameter of 13m, and is the smallest of the group, the other barrows (particularly 1133 & 1136) all much bigger. The field in which these barrows stand has been recently ploughed and lots of small fragments of white quartz are visible around the barrows. The other two barrows which make up this triangular group (1133 and 1134) lie a few metres away to the ENE and NE, with outlier 1136 c.300m to the SE. A similar group of three barrows in a triangular arrangement with a fourth outlier is also apparent on top of the hill at Moelvre (see group PRN 42569) which is directly intervisible with this site.

Fantastic long distance views through an almost 360 degree panorama, although the view is more restricted through the SE sector by the higher ground on which Crug Ieuan (2297) and other barrows following the course of the Afon Duad are located. From this site there are good views out over to Moelvre and its barrows to the NNE/NE as well as over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W.

Overlooking Dewi Fawr river to the SE, Afon Cawnen to the SSW, Afon Sylgen to the NNE and various other small rivers and springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0204

PRN 1084 NGR SN13892607

SITE NAME MAEN-GWYN FORM Cropmark

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1085 NGR SN14162644

SITE NAME TY-NEWYDD-PANT FORM Cropmark
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1086 NGR SN13932621

SITE NAME MAEN-GWYN FORM Cropmark

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1124 NGR SN26983180

SITE NAME CRUG EBOLION FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

This monument is located directly on the county boundary and despite its classification in the DAT SMR as being sited in Pembrokeshire, it was visited during the remit of this project as a result of its Carmarthenshire SAM status, under Cm093. The impressive mound, which stands c.1.4m tall, is cut by an E-W running field boundary, with the N half in a recently cultivated arable/pasture field and the southern side of the monument in a different field, the mound on this side being covered with turf and a few gorse bushes. The N side of the barrow looks to have been recently damaged by the cultivation activity with lots of small loose stones visible on the surface of the mound.

A 360 degree panorama is visible from this site, with Frenni Fawr clearly visible to the NW, the Preselis further to the W, Moelfre, with its own cluster of round barrows (42569) to the NE and long views all round the S sector over to the Pembrokeshire ridgeway.

Overlooking Afon Pedran to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0207;Dcp 0208

PRN

1067

NGR

SN26433996

SITE NAME

CILFOD FACH MAENHIR

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site was destroyed in c.1974 when the gateway into the field was widened and the stone removed and dumped.

Located on a hillside sloping down to Nant Lwyd to the SSW and overlooking the valley of the Afon Cych to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1077

NGR

SN14972551

SITE NAME

PANT-YR-ODIN MEINI HIRION

FORM O.Struct

SAM

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE PAIR? **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith-2

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

C

Local summit/flat/top SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 1137;1154;1158;9770

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible stone pair.

This is more likely to be a stone pair than a chambered tomb as previously noted in the SMR. One of the stones has fallen and now lies recumbent. From the stones Carn Meini is clearly visible to the north and this and the rest of the Preselis dominate the view. The stone pair occurs on the top of a flat local highpoint on which standing stone 1158 and round barrow 1154 also occur at its eastern edge, and lies just over a kilometre from the monument complex at Glandy Cross which clusters to the NW. 600m to the NE of the site and on slightly lower ground is the remains of another chambered tomb, 1137.

Fantastic views out over to Carn Meini to the N, the rest of the Preselis and the Glandy Cross complex to the NW, Llanboidy windfarm to the E (adjacent to the location of the large Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926)), NE along the Taf valley and more immediately the location of Dolwilym/Gwal-y-Filiast chambered tomb (1138), and SE to Whitland. The dominant view, however, is that over to the Preselis and Carn Meini in particular, which focus attention is this direction.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 329;Dcp 0647;Dcp 0648

<u>PRN</u>

1083

NGR

SN13842659

SITE NAME

EISTEDDFA BRYNBERIAN

Earthwork **FORM**

Not Scheduled

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn

SITE STATUS

<u>SITING</u>

CONDITION

Ε

ASSOCIATED WITH 667;1000;9753;12690;13034

PART OF

42571

During our visit the area was under long grass and difficult to assess but no clear archaeological features for this or any of the other monuments were discernible and apart from the Yr Allor stones (1000), it would appear that this site and the other round/ring barrows in the immediate area have been destroyed during recent land improvement measures and agricultural activity. Part of prehistoric monument complex 42571.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

PRN 1050 **NGR** SN14002626

Earthwork PRECELLY FARM FORM SITE NAME

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS SAM **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 990;1051;42571

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

A large and well-preserved round barrow formed of an admixture of earth and stones, including quartz. The barrow remains standing to a height of nearly 2 metres and is a substantial mound, by far the largest in the Glandy Cross complex and certainly the best preserved. This mound was intervisible with Meini Gwyr (990) and ring barrow 1051 which together formed a linear alignment.

Fine views over to the Preselis and Carn Meini.

Dcp 0339 DIGITAL CAMERA

> SN14092647 PRN 1051 NGR

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME PRECELLY FARM

RING BARROW SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS SAM (part) **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Ring cairn-circular

High plateau/flat/middle CONDITION C SITING

990;1050 ASSOCIATED WITH

A well-preserved example of a ring cairn with three kerbstones visible on its N and NW sides, and some of the fabric of the cairn ring visible on the surface of an otherwise turf-covered monument. Some erosion is being caused to the site by cattle-treading. Some very large stones were also noted in the field boundary to the NNW of the barrow at SN1411126476 which may originally have been associated with it. This site lies directly inbetween, and is intervisible with, Meini Gwyr (990) to the NE and the large round barrow 1050 to the SW. A possible entrance was noted on the SW side.

Fine views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

Dcp_0341 DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1063 NGR SN13852540

FORM **RHOS MAEN HIR** O.Struct SITE NAME

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

High plateau/flat/middle SITING **CONDITION** В

ASSOCIATED WITH

A fine standing stone used as a gatepost on a boundary between two pasture fields. Two strands of barbed wire are wrapped around the stone and lots of white quartz stone visible around the base of the stone and within the boundary bank. Although the condition of the stone is reasonably secure, the land immediately around the stone is being severely eroded by farm traffic which is driving immediately past the stone for access to the adjacent field, particularly on its western side.

Fantastic views of the Preselis to the NW and the northern face aligned directly on Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0337 PRN 1025 NGR SN14772693

SITE NAME CASTELL GARW FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB?

<u>DESCRIPTIVE TYPE</u> Stone Group <u>SITE STATUS</u> Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle
ASSOCIATED WITH 1024

In looking for the remnants of the supposed chambered tomb it was noted that a number of very large stones had been cleared to and/or were incorporated into the boundary line adjacent to the henge monument 1024 with which this site is associated. There is little to suggest that there was ever a chambered tomb here, with the stones more likely to be the remnants of a complex of standing stones and stone settings from both within and around the henge monument. One stone in particular stood out as a probable standing stone that has been moved and it now lies recumbent on the boundary wall at the SE corner of the henge (see Dcp_0650). Further up the boundary on the eastern edge of the henge there was another collection of stones which had also been cleared to the boundary (see Dcp_0651). On the other side of the boundary in the adjacent field there are many other large stones, which could represent further possible standing stones cleared to the edge. A group of smaller angular blocks of stone and a large slab were noted at the break of slope also in SE corner of the henge (see Dcp_0652). It is possible that there may have been an embanked stone circle here similar to that of Meini Gwyr (990) a few hundred metres to the SW at Glandy Cross. None of the other boundaries visible separating the other fields in the surrounding area contain quite as much or such large stones as this particular boundary line running through Castell Garw henge. On the other side of the road and to the N of Castell Garw henge and these stones there is a particularly large stone upturned and embedded in earth, and may possibly be a displaced capstone or monolith associated with this monument (see Dcp_0335). At least one stone was originally upright in the centre of the surrounding enclosure (1024), and stood c.1m high, 1m wide and 0.3m thick, as recorded by the OS (1965 SN12NW 14).

Within the SMR this site has been additionally classified as a potential standing stone or stone group site.

Clear views over towards the Preselis to the W and the Glandy Cross area to the SW, with Carn Besi to the NE and Llanboidy to the E.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0335; Dcp_0650;Dcp_0651;Dc

PRN 1034 NGR SN13172523

SITE NAME MAENPICA FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 14280

Were unable to gain official permission to visit the stone despite numerous attempts. Eventually the stone was recorded and photographed from the track leading down to Maenpica. A series of 'folly' standing stones have been positioned in the field on the other side of the track, one of which shows signs of having once been used as a gatepost.

Looks over towards a horizon dominated by Carn Meini and the Preselis.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0347

PRN 1020 NGR SN14422693

SITE NAME GLANDY MAWR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim
CONDITION
E
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1013;1225

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The field in which this monument, originally sited c.160m SW of cairn 1013, was located has been regularly and recently ploughed and there is no visible presence of a monument here today. This barrow originally possibly lay as one of four cairns in a linear alignment running SW-NE, with 1225,1013 and 9759, lying upslope and on top of the hill to the NE.

Fantastic views out over the Preselis and down on the Glandy Cross complex to the SW. To the ESE/SE this site would have overlooked Castell Garw henge (1024) and its associated stones (1025).

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1024 <u>NGR</u> SN14722690

SITE NAME CASTELL-GARW FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE HENGE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1025

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible hillfort.

This site was visible from round barrow 9771 located 1.5km away to the SW, and although it has been suggested to be a late Bronze age/early Iron age enclosure on the basis of a 1st millennium BC radiocarbon date (Kirk & Williams 2000), it is highly likely that the standing stones (1025?) recorded by the OS from within the enclosure represent a much earlier phase of the monument dating to perhaps the late Neolithic, and contemporary with the Carn Besi burial chamber (1138) just a few hundred metres up the road to the NE and the development of the Glandy Cross area as a whole as a ritual and ceremonial centre to the SW. Its classification as a henge may be problematic given that the pre-enclosure turf-line returned a date of 830-540, but nonetheless this site when partially excavated yielded evidence for a series of stake holes and rhyolite artefacts, suggesting the possibility of some kind of timber structure associated with a series of upright stones which may have been a chambered tomb (1025?), or more probably a stone setting akin to that at Yr Allor (1000) near the site where the rhyolite fragments may have been sourced (from axe factory 14810), or even a stone circle similar to that of Meini Gwyr (990).

This site is almost certainly a prehistoric ritual monument and not a hillfort: its topogrpahical location and morphology suggest that it is not an Iron age defended enclosure.

Fantastic views of the Preselis to the NNW, a high ridge to the S, Llanboidy to the E and the location of Carn Besi (1138) to the NE, with the Glandy Cross complex downslope to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0333;Dcp_0334

PRN 1000 NGR SN13952661

SITE NAME ALLOR YR FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STONE CIRCLE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group SITE STATUS SAM
CONDITION D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 667;1083;9753;12690;13034;14810

<u>PART OF</u> 42571

This site was also listed as a possible stone pair, or a possible chambered tomb.

Two stones remain out of three recorded in Camden's Brittannica (1695). The third stone was recumbent and noted by the RCAHM in 1917 as having been 'thrown into the adjacent hedge'. This is therefore not a stone pair site, and has been shown by excavation by DAT in 1991-2 to not be the remains of a chambered tomb either. Excavations showed a series of early Bronze age pits around the upright stones in the area untouched by ploughing. Other features which may have given an indication as to the original form of the site have probably been destroyed. Perhaps this was originally a stone circle or setting of stones, some of which were cleared and moved before the seventeenth century. Equally, the stones could be the remnants of a cove. These stones are part of a wider monument complex 42571 which survived until recently, but have been eradicated by modern farming methods and land improvement measures.

This site has been additionally classified in the SMR as a possible cove.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_06336

<u>PRN</u> 1013 <u>NGR</u> SN14572702

SITE NAME GLANDY MAWR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 1225;1020;9759

This cairn is situated c.80m SW of round barrow 9759 on the highest point of a spur running SW and just before the land begins dropping down towards Glandy Cross. To the NE the land is a flat high plateau before eventually rising up and leading towards Carn Besi (1135). Part of the cairn is cut on its NE side by a boundary wall. A number of small angular blocks of stone which make up the cairn material were visible on the surface of the mound which was otherwise covered in bracken and grass. The circle of stones surrounding the mound could not be seen due to vegetational cover, but were still present. The field had been recently ploughed but there was no damage to the monument although it cut rather close and encroached on the current scheduled area. Other sites associated with this cairn and located within a short distance of this monument on the same hillslope/high plateau include two mounds downslope to the WSW/SW of this cairn (1225 & 1020-both destroyed) and 9759 c.100m to the NE in the adjacent field.

Fantastic views all around the landscape, particularly over the Preselis as well as down towards Castell Garw henge (1024) and all around a landscape rich in prehistoric monuments.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0344

PRN

939

NGR

SN19542299

SITE NAME

CROSSHANDS III

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION

Ε

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

SITING

High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 937;938;940

PART OF

14421

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This barrow would have been part of barrow cemetery 14421 and was located in a field opposite barrows 937 and 938 which are themselves becoming gradually eroded by modern agricultural practices.

Good views out to the Preselis to the NW and NNW, as well as down towards the Taf valley to the W and N over to Frenni Fawr with Llanboidy windfarm and the location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926) to the NNE/NE.

Close to a small stream which runs down the valley to the W and eventually into the Afon Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

940

NGR

SN19572294

SITE NAME

CEFN BRAFLE

FORM

SITING

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group

SITE STATUS

SAM High plateau/undulating/top

CONDITION

D

ASSOCIATED WITH 937;938;939;14421

The remains of a chambered tomb located on a flat tongue of land on the same high undulating plateau on which barrow cemetery 14421 is situated. All that remains of the monument are two ivy-clad grey stone uprights with a large white quartz stone lying recumbent, possibly a displaced capstone, a few metres to the S of the orthostats.

Fantastic views from the site over to Frenni Fawr to the N, the Preselis to the NNW/NW, Llanboidy windfarm and the location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926) to the NNE/NE, and the Taf valley to the W. Viewshed from 260 to 90 degrees through N.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0317

PRN

990

NGR

SN14172658

SITE NAME

MEINI-GWYR

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

HENGE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular

SITE STATUS

FORM

SAM

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1050;1051;42571

A large embanked stone circle with only two monoliths remaining on its eastern edge and a possible entrance opening to the west. The bank still stands to a good height and is clearly defined.

Fine views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0342

PRN 934 **NGR** SN13252302

SITE NAME PORTIS-PARC FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 924

Since the last visit by DAT in 1984 when the mound was c.0.3m high the monument has been completely obliterated. It was sited just to the E of Portis Parc camp (924) which is still visible. The area has been regularly ploughed and is now seeded with organic clover.

Would have had fantastic views out to the E, S and W, with the view to the N obscured by the rising slope.

Close to a spring and two streams which run down into the Afon Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 937 **NGR** SN19422301

SITE NAME CROSS HANDS II Earthwork **FORM** SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D High plateau/undulating/top SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 938;939;940

PART OF 14421

A low and spread circular mound, still visible in the field, forming part of a barrow group 14421 and associated with the remains of a possible chambered tomb (940). The mound is reasonably well defined in a gently undulating narrow strip of high land where two steep-sided narrow valleys meet, one to the WNW and

Good views out to the Preselis to the NW and NNW, as well as down the Taf valley to the W and N towards Frenni Fawr with the Llanboidy windfarm and the location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926) to the NNE/NE.

Close to a small stream which runs down the valley to the W and eventually into the Afon Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 938 NGR SN19472296 **CROSS HANDS I FORM** Earthwork

SITE NAME SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 937;939;940

PART OF 14421

A small circular mound located just to the E of barrow 937, and part of barrow group 14421. This mound is not quite so pronounced in the landscape as its immediate neighbour, and remains to a height of c.0.25m, with a diameter of c.10m. We noted that adjacent to this mound, just a little further to the E there were two more possible smaller barrows, very denuded and with a maximum height of c.0.15m, one directly next to 938, the other lying c.20m away, which could be smaller satellite mounds associated with the barrow cemetery of which 937 and 938 are a part.

Good views out to the Preselis to the NW and NNW, as well as down towards the Taf valley to the W and N over to Frenni Fawr with Preselis to the NNW/NW, Llanboidy windfarm and the location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel (3926) to the NNE/NE.

Close to a small stream which runs down the valley to the W and eventually into the Afon Taf.

<u>PRN</u>

926

SN12282060 NGR

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

SITING

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 927

PART OF

42583

One of a pair of barrows located either side of an E-W field boundary. This barrow, the most northerly of the pair, is c.0.5m high and cut on its southern side by the hedge which separates if from 927. This earthen mound is c.25m in diameter and located in a pasture field. The mound is being damaged by animal treading and is the less well-preserved of the two mounds.

Good views S with the Preselis visible to the NNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0314

<u>PRN</u>

927

NGR

SN12282058

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

CRUGIAU

ROUND BARROW

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

FORM

SITING

Not Scheduled Level/flat/middle

Level/flat/middle

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 926 PART OF

42583

One of a pair of barrows located either side of an E-W running field boundary, with the barrows themselves aligned N-S. This mound is the better preserved of the pair and the most southerly and lies only few metres south of its twin, 926. The barrow is in good condition, remaining to a height of nearly 1m with a rounded profile. The mound has been partially spread and now stands c.25m in diameter.

Good views to the S and the Preselis visible to the NNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0313

PRN

930

NGR

SN143210

SITE NAME

MAEN LLWYD

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Thiis site was also listed in the SMR as a possible stone pair.

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

<u>PRN</u>

804

NGR

SN55344139

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

ALLT PEN DDOL GADER

ROUND BARROW

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 8875

Previous visits by DAT to the barrow had been unable to locate it due to dense afforestation. In the area where the monument is meant to be located there is still a conifer plantation and also a well-established trackway which thus possibly runs over the top of the site. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Would have had good views looking over towards the Teifi valley to the north-west and up to Mynydd Pencarreg to the north-east.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0668

<u>PRN</u>

806

NGR

SITE NAME

RHYDOWEN

FORM

Finds

SITE TYPE **CREMATION DESCRIPTIVE TYPE**

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

817

NGR

SN59204214

SN560447

SITE NAME

TOWER HILL FARM

FORM

SITING

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular

SITE STATUS

Local summit/flat/top

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

Flattened round barrow located on a local highpoint on ground gently sloping down to the SSW. Lots of large angular blocks of stone are visible on the surface of this grass-covered cairn which has been slightly hollowed in the centre and denuded on its SE side. This site may have been intervisible with barrow 9613 located across the steep-sided valleys of the Ceimant and Rhyd-y-mwynto the W of the site.

Commanding views to the NE, and especially to the S and SE over to Black Mountain. Virtually a 360 degree view, with the view only obscured to the E by the immediate landscape rising up next to the cairn.

Close to Nant Rhyd-y-mwyn.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0289

<u>PRN</u>

820

NGR

SN56744085

SITE NAME

ESGAIR LIVING

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Surface Irregularities

SITING

FORM

ASSOCIATED WITH

PRN 792 NGR SN57504325

SITE NAME PEN TAS-EITHIN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 1192

No archaeological traces of this round barrow exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. The site was destroyed c.1855 when the stones were used to build Victoria Park farm just to the S of the original location of the barrow on the top of Mynydd Pencarreg.

Would have had fantastic panoramic views out over the surrounding landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 793 NGR SN59184378

SITE NAME GELLIDEWI UCHAF FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 794;42521;42522;42524

PART OF 42529

The remains of a cairn, 0.65m high and roughly 1 lm in diameter, is situated on top of a natural hillock within the upland plateau that runs between Mynydd Pencarreg and the higher ground towards Cellan. The barrow makes use of a natural outcrop of rock on the SE edge of the hillock on which it is situated to delimit part of its perimeter. Lots of small blocks of stone which formed part of the cairn material were visible on the surface of the mound and there is also a central depression which may indicate the remains of a cist. A possible small outer bank and inner ditch surrounding the grass-covered monument was also noted.

Views were achievable along the NW towards the Teifi valley and other barrows in the group which makes up cemetery 42529, as well as back along the upland plateau to the SE and over to cairns 42523 and 42524 with which this site was intervisible. The view was also dominated by the higher ground which flanked the plateau to the SW and NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0659

<u>PRN</u> 794 <u>NGR</u> SN59014396

SITE NAME GELLIDEWI UCHAF FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/undulating/mid

ASSOCIATED WITH 787;793;42520;42522

PART OF 42529

Although wrongly classified in the SMR as destroyed, this cairn was clearly visible as standing some 0.8m high and measured some 13m in diameter. A number of loose blocks of stone, part of the cairn fabric, were visible on the surface whilst the rest of the cairn was grass covered. A number of white quartz blocks were also noted in amongst the cairn material. This site was clearly intervisible with round barrow 793 which lies 200m away to the SE and also with barrow 42520 and the Iron Age hillfort 787 which both lie to the NNW of this site. Together with at least 6 other round barrows this site forms part of a linear barrow cemetery running the length of an upland plateau flanked by higher ground either side to the SW and NE, on which a number of other prehistoric monuments were located.

Good views to the WSW and the Teifi valley, with Mynydd Pencarreg rising to the SW and the higher ground at Cellan visible to the NE.

ground at Cellan visible to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dep_0658

PRN 783 NGR SN55414405

SITE NAME BANC Y GARN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS S

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D SITING Local summit/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 782;784;42573

<u>PART OF</u> 42575

The most southerly of three barrows forming a linear group of cairns at Blaen-bydernyn (42575) running roughly NW-SE. This mound is situated in the corner of a field adjacent to the boundary and road, but is only just visible beneath the dense vegetational cover which has engulfed it. The barrow is covered in gorse bushes and self-seeded oak trees which are likely to be causing root-damage to the monument. A few stones are just visible on the surface of the mound which is otherwise inaccessible because of the brambles and gorse.

Fantastic views from the S round through the western and northern sectors (from 160-60 degrees) and immediately to the SW looked over to the high ground on which the similar Tany-y-Coed Cochion barrows were located, with the Preselis just visible in the distance. To the E the view is obscured by the rising uplands of Mynydd Pencarreg with Mynydd Llanybydder to the S/SSE. To the N there are dramatic views of the Cambrian mountains and the Teifi Valley to the NNE, although the view to the NW was slightly obscured by the higher ground on which barrow 784 was situated 400m away, although this cairn was clearly visible and thus part of the NW view.

Close to a number of small streams and overlooking the Teifi valley to the NNE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 784 NGR SN55104429

SITE NAME CERRIG MANGOR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Local summit/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 782;783;42573

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 782;783;42573 <u>PART OF</u> 42575

The most northerly of a group of three barrows arranged in a roughly linear fashion running NW-SE on sloping land which also runs in the same alignment. This barrow is located on the highest point in the landscape and has dramatic views out over wide tracts of the landscape. The mound stands to a height of c.1m and is clearly circular and well-defined. Stones are visible on the surface of the turf-covered barrow and

there is a large depression visible in the centre and SW side of the mound, evidence of an earlier excavation in 1850 when a cremation urn and burnt bone were found. Both of the other barrows associated with this mound in the Blaen-bydernyn group (42575) are visible from the site and lie c.250m and 400m away to the SE.

Fantastic views out from this site which is located on the highest part of the local landscape. Commanding views from the S round through the western and northern sectors (from 160-60 degrees) and immediately to the SW looked over to the high ground on which the similar Tany-y-Coed Cochion barrows (42573) were located, with the Preselis just visible in the distance. To the E the view is obscured by the rising uplands of Mynydd Pencarreg with Mynydd Llanybydder to the S/SSE. To the N there are dramatic views of the Cambrian mountains and the Teifi Valley to the NNE.

Close to a series of small streams and overlooking the Teifi valley.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0255

<u>PRN</u> 772 <u>NGR</u> SN54514350

SITE NAME TAN Y COED COCHION

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

CONDITION

D

ASSOCIATED WITH 770;771

PART OF

42573

FORM Earthwork

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING Hillslope/steep/top

Located c.150m to the E of cairn 771 and the most easterly of three cairns running in an E-W alignment along the top of steep-sided high tongue of land forming barrow cemetery 42573. This site is intervisible with 771 and may have just been intervisible with 770 which lies on slightly lower ground to the W. The cairn still stands to a reasonable height although its material looks to have been robbed away, especially from its central area. Some lumps of white quartz are visible amongst the other blocks of stone in the well-defined circular bank delimiting the site.

Fantastic views out to the SW over the Teifi valley and over to the Preselis which are visible in the distance. Mynydd Pencarreg rises to the E and Mynydd Llanybydder to the S. Good views also over the high ground to the N and NNE, as well as out to the W. The Cambrian mountains rise to the N, whilst to the NE on the immediately visible higher ground just 1km away there were a series of three very similar barrows at Blaen-bydernyn (42575), which are likely to have been intervisible with the cairns here at Tan-y-Coed.

Close to a number of small streams which run at the bottom of the high ground on which this monument is situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0254

PRN 782 NGR SN55324418

SITE NAME BANC Y GARN

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular

ZESCRII IIVE TITE Cannie

<u>CONDITION</u> D

ASSOCIATED WITH 783;784;42573

PART OF

SITE TYPE

42575

FORM Earthwork

SITE STATUS SAM

SITING Local summit/undulating/top

The middle cairn of three barrows forming a roughly linear alignment running NW-SE at Blaen-bydernyn. Although this cairn has been somewhat damaged, it still retains a clearly defined circular shape in the landscape, and there are many large and smaller blocks of stone visible on its surface. Some small clearance cairns abut the SE side of the monument, located just inside the gateway to a field. Both of the other barrows in this linear group are visible from this site, 784 lying c.250m upslope to the NW and 783 approximately 150m to the SE on a small rise.

Fantastic views from the S round through the western and northern sectors (from 160-60 degrees) and immediately to the SW looks over to the high ground on which the similar Tany-y-Coed Cochion barrows were located, with the Preselis just visible in the distance. To the E the view is obscured by the rising uplands of Mynydd Pencarreg with Mynydd Llanybydder to the S/SSE. To the N there are dramatic views of the Cambrian mountains and the Teifi Valley to the NNE. The view to the WNW is partially obscured by the slightly higher ground on which neighbouring barrow 784 is located.

Close to a number of small streams and overlooks the Tefi valley to the NNE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0256

770 <u>PRN</u> **NGR** SN54364352

SITE NAME TAN Y COED COCHION **FORM** Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular Not Scheduled <u>SITE STATUS</u> CONDITION Hillslope/steep/top D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 771;772 **PART OF** 42573

A clearly circular although much mutilated stony mound made up of many small blocks of stone visible on its surface. The highest part of the cairn stands c.0.5m high. In the centre there is a large hollow whilst the bank appears to survive intact on the N side. There are commanding views out from this site over huge swathes of landscape and it is intervisible with another cairn, 771, c.80m to the E. This site is the most westerly of a group of three cairns forming linear barrow cemetery 42573.

Fantastic views out to the SW over the Teifi valley and out to the Preselis. Mynydd Pencarreg rises to the E and Mynydd Llanybydder to the S. Good views also over the high ground to the N and NNE, as well as out to the W. To the N are the Cambrian mountains, whilst to the NE lies another set of three barrows on the highest ground at Blaen-bydernyn which may have been intervisible with the sites here at Tan-y-Coed.

Close to a series of small streams which run at the foot of the high ground on which this monument is situated,

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0252

> **PRN** 771 **NGR** SN54444352 Earthwork **FORM**

SITE NAME TAN Y COED COCHION

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular Not Scheduled CONDITION C **SITING** Hillslope/steep/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 770;772 PART OF 42573

The middle cairn of a group of three barrows running in an E-W alignment along a narrow strip of high land above Llanybydder forming barrow cemetery 42573. This caim is made up of a number of small angular blocks of stone forming a definite circular arrangement. There is a central depression within the barrow with many loose stones visible in its interior and it appears that much of the cairn material has been robbed from here, perhaps when the stone field boundary walls were constructed. Some very large stones have been dumped on the S side of the barrow during more recent land clearance activity and a hawthorn bush is well established in the bank on the SW side of the mound. On the NNE side there are some gorse bushes.

Magnificent views out over huge swathes of landscape, with the Preselis to the SW, the Teifi valley, Mynydd Pencarreg to the E, Mynydd Llanybydder to the S and rising land to the N and NNE (the Cambrian mountains). Immediately to the NE on the next section of high ground there were another three very similar barrows at Blaen-bedyrnyn (42573) and which are likely to have been intervisible with the cairns here at Tan-y-Coed.

Close to a number of small streams which run at the bottom of the high ground on which this monument is situated.

PRN 754 NGR SN52174088

SITE NAME GOETRE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

 DESCRIPTIVE TYPE
 Cairn-circular
 SITE STATUS
 Not Scheduled

 CONDITION
 C
 SITING
 Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 753;755;4852;7517;7518;7519

PART_OF 42574

A damaged but nonetheless impressive round barrow, roughly oval in shape and covered with gorse bushes. Large angular blocks of stone, including some white quartz, are visible all over the surface of the otherwise grass and gorse-covered mound. This is clearly a prehistoric ritual monument and although in a stable condition, it is still worthy of scheduling. This site is intervisible with both 7519 and 753 located to the W/WNW of this site, with this cairn the best preserved of the three surviving barrows of this prehistoric monument complex. The mound stands to a height of c.0.8m and measures c.15m in diameter and is a sizeable cairn purposefully built and not the result of clearance.

Fantastic views all around the landscape, overlooking the Teifi valley to the N and W, with Crugiau Edryd (14191) on Mynydd Pencarreg immediately behind to the S, both blocking and dominating the view in this direction. Down to the SW on the distant horizon it was possible to see the Carmarthenshire/Pembrokeshire coastline and to the N Plynlimon and the Ceredigion/Cambrian uplands with the Preselis over to the WSW.

Overlooking the Teifi and close to spring and small stream at the foot of the hilltop on which this site and the rest of the complex was situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 755 <u>NGR</u> SN52344068

SITE NAME BLAEN PLWYF FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairm-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 753;754;4852;7517;7517;7518;7519

PART OF 42574

There was no visible sign of this barrow in the field. The field has recently been under plough and the white quartz stones and cairn reported by DAT in 1983 has completely disappeared. Site destroyed. This site was part of monument complex 42574 and located slightly downslope from the rest of the monuments in this group, c.250m SW of barrow 754.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 760 NGR SN53554154

TE NAME CRUG LLANYBYTHER FORM Earthwork

SITE NAME CRUG LLANYBYTHER FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

The barely visible remains of a round cairn flattened by a forestry track which runs right over the top of the site. The cairn was just discernible from the rest of the track by a more dense concentration of stones visible on its surface and also a slight rise in the track in the area where the barrow once stood. The barrow lies adjacent to an old boundary Im to the SSW and a forestry plantation which obscures the view over to the SW and the Pen Cil-garn monument complex with which this site may well have been intervisible.

Commanding views to the N and E and would also have been dominated to the S by Mynydd Llanybydder and the Crugiau Edryd barrows. Views today obscured by surrounding forestry.

Overlooking the Teifi valley to the N and W, with Nant Hust running at the bottom of the hill to the SW.

<u>PRN</u>

730

NGR

SN55103667

SITE NAME

CRUG CNWC

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

U

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITING

Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

This site is totally submerged by forest and it was impossible to gain access to the site to assess its condition. In 1976 the site was reported to have been mutilated by deep ploughing and the planting of conifers. In 1983 the area was heavily afforested and the mound planted with trees. Site could not be assessed during the Forest Enterprise Welsh Historic Assets project (36436) carried out by DAT in 1998, nor during this project, as forest cover continues to mature.

Would have enjoyed good views out to the W,SW, and S.

Close to Nant Llwyd.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

737

NGR

SN51153466

SITE NAME

HAFOD TRIDRWS

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Caim-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 712

A circular barrow standing to a height of c.0.5m and denuded particularly on its E side. The cairn has a circular depression in its centre in which a couple of loose stones are visible. Part of the mound is covered in marsh-grass.

View to the NW/NNW obscured by the rising land on which Crug Penheol (712) and two other cairns (11590 & 13590) are located, whilst this barrow clearly looks over to Crugiau Edryd to the NE. Other good views out to the E, S and SW. o

Close to two ponds, wells and streams.

Dcp_0271

PRN

DIGITAL CAMERA

753

NGR SN51744105

754;7517;7518;755;7519

SITE NAME

PEN-WERN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular

CONDITION

D

SITING Ridge/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH **PART OF**

42574

A damaged but still visible round barrow, sited on the edge of the ridge/high plateau on which associated sites 754 and 7519, intervisible with this cairn, were sited. The well-defined circular cairn survives to a height of c.0.7m with a diameter of 13m and grass covered, with a few loose stones visible on its surface. White quartz stones were also noted on top of the mound, which also has a large thistle growing in its centre. Nearby caim 7519 is c.150m SE of this site, with barrow 754 c.450m to the ESE.

Fantastic views all around the landscape, overlooking the Teifi valley to the N and W, with Crugiau Edryd (14191) on Mynydd Pencarreg immediately behind to the S, both blocking and dominating the view in this direction. Down to the SW on the distant horizon it was possible to see the Camarthenshire/Pembrokeshire coastline and to the N Plynlimon and the Ceredigion/Cambrian uplands with the Preselis over to the WSW.

Overlooking the Teifi and close to a spring and small stream at the foot of the hilltop on which this site and the rest of the complex was situated.

PRN

719

NGR SN5439

SITE NAME

MYNYDD LLANYBYTHER

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STONE ROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Groupsetting-linear

Descheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 718;725;14191

A stone row, now descheduled, completely engulfed by forest. In 1997 only the largest stone of at least eight which made up the row remained in situ and was visible, the rest having been destroyed. The area remains heavily afforested and it was impossible to gain access to the site to assess its condition, although the monument is likely to be destroyed. When visited in 1998 the site was no longer visible.

The site may well have been intervisible with the barrow cemetery at Crugiau Edryd (14191) located on higher ground to the W.

Located close to Nant Hust.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

NGR

SN515367

SITE NAME

CAPEL NENOG

O.Struct FORM

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

M

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 712;714;715

Standing stone now moved from its original location on Mynydd Llanfihangel-rhos-y-corn and re-used as a tombstone at Capel Nenog, Llanybydder (SN54653741). When the stone was in its original location, it lay c.1.5km NE of Crug Penheol (712) and c.1.3km ESE of Crugiau Leir (714 & 715) on top of open peaty moorland in the uplands above and to the E of the Teifi, and would have had fantastic views out over the surrounding landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

725

NGR

SN55623957

SITE NAME

CRUG Y BWDRAN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

C

damaged when the trees on its NW side are felled.

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

ASSOCIATED WITH 719

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

A reasonably well-preserved round barrow located in between forestry and a forest track and road 2km E of Crugiau Edryd (14191). The barrow is engulfed on its NW side by forest and on its SE side is covered with long grass. The mound has a central depression and remains in a stable condition, although it could become

Possibly looked W over towards Mynydd Llanybydder and the Crugiau Edryd barrow cemetery (14191), with the other views good to the N, S and parts of the SW. The view to the SE was obscured by rising land.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0287

<u>PRN</u>

715

NGR

SN50143712

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU GIAR SOUTH

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 714;722

SITING High plateau/flat/top

PART OF

42584

This is the most northerly mound of a barrow pair, lying c.80m NNW of its twin 714. The mound is of a similar size and condition to its twin, overgrown with heather, moss and marsh grass and located in open peaty moorland. The mound has one white quartz stone visible on its S side plus 3 larger quartz boulders in a central hollow on top of the mound. The area surrounding this barrow is particularly waterlogged and the central depression in the top of the barrow was also filled with water at the time of our visit.

A complete 360 degree panorama, and has bigger views to the N than it's twin 714 whose views to the N were obscured by this mound. Great swathes of landscape are visible for miles around from this site, including Crugiau Edryd (14191) to the NE and the barrows on Mynydd Llanfihangel-rhos-y-corn (712,11590 & 13590) to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0276

<u>PRN</u>

716

NGR

CLUN MAERDY BARROW

FORM Earthwork

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No trace of a round barrow could be located. The monument is submerged within forestry and is likely to have been destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

718

NGR

SN54613940

SN54433568

SITE NAME

CAREG-HIR

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE? **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Stone Slab

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

В

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 719;14191

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible boundary stone.

Located at the edge of forestry on a gentle slope which rises gradually up to the W leading to the highest point on which the barrows at Crugiau Edryd (14191) are sited just over 1km away to the W, whilst a similar distance away to the ENE lies the barrow of Crug y Bwdran (725). The stone row at Llanybydder (719), now destroyed, lay just over 300m away to the NE. This standing stone is a small thin square slab, whose large flat faces are orientated ENE-WSW.

The views from the site are toady obscured by the forestry plantation immediately surrounding the site, but originally it would have enjoyed far reaching views all around the landscape and would have been intervisible with the barrows at Crugiau Edryd on the high ground to the W.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0278

SN50233547 PRN 712 **NGR**

Earthwork CRUG PENHEOL FORM SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS SAM **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Cairn-circular SITING Summit/flat/top CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH 722;737;1791;11590;13590

42592 PART OF

Much mutilated round barrow on top of a flat upland plateau which is boggy and waterlogged. The site occupies a prominent position in the landscape and is intervisible with a number of other Bronze age monuments in the area, with barrow 1791 to the W, barrow 737 to the SE, barrows 714 and 715 to the N, barrow 1191 to the NNE and the Crugiau Edryd barrows to the NE. Standing stone 722 also once stood to the NE of the site, and this area as a whole would seem to have been a significant place in the Bronze age for the building and use of various ritual monuments. The outer limits of this barrow still stand to a good height, whilst the middle has been dug into and now gives the barrow a 'saucer-like' profile. A trig point stands in this central depression in the mound, which was also waterlogged at the time of our visit.

Fantastic 360 degree views from all around the site, particularly to the E, S and NW. To the NE Crugiau Edryd (14191) is visible.

Close to the streams of Rhyd Goch, Nant y Caws and Afon Marlais.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0270

PRN 714 NGR SN50183701

Earthwork **CRUGIAU GIAR NORTH FORM** SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS

SITING CONDITION C

High plateau/flat/top ASSOCIATED WITH 715;722

PART OF 42584

The most southerly of a pair of barrows, its twin 715 lying c.80m to the NNW. The barrow is located on top of a flat upland plateau of open peaty moorland, waterlogged in places, and with high environmental potential. The barrow itself, which stands some 1.5m high and 22m in diameter, is covered with small heather bushes, marsh-grass and mosses and is clearly circular in outline. There is a central depression in the top of the barrow and white quartz stones visible.

ALmost 360 degree panoramic vista. To the ENE/NE Crugiau Edryd (14191) is clearly visible, and there are huge views out over swathes of landscape to the SE,S,SW,W and NW. The view to the N is slightly obscured by its twin barrow, 715.

PRN 707 **NGR** SN51763884

CRUG Y BISWAL SITE NAME **FORM Earthwork**

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1191;14191

PART OF 42585

Situated on the same large high plateau as the barrow pair at Crugiau Giar which lie 2.5km to the SW of this barrow pair on Mynydd Llanllwni. This is the most northerly and the least well-preserved of a pair of barrows, and survives as a low flattened mound standing to a height of c.0.3m. Its twin, 1191, lies just 20m away to the S and partially obscures the view to the southern sector. The barrows at Crugiau Edryd (14191) lie just over 1.5km to the ENE and are clearly intervisible.

SITING

High plateau/flat/top

Summit/flat/top

Fantastic views from the site, and an almost 360 degree panorama out over huge swathes of the landscape. Huge views particularly to the N, W and NE.

Close to the narrow steep-sided valley of Nant Iar.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0276

> 710 <u>PRN</u> **NGR** SN53483953

CRUGIAU EDRYD "A" SITE NAME **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1188;1189;1190;13489

PART OF 14191

Large round barrow belonging to the Crugiau Edryd linear cemetery group (14191) and the least well-preserved of the four round mounds. The most northerly of the group, this mound is much mutilated in its centre and has a number of stones visible through the vegetational cover. On its NE side there is an encroaching self-seeded conifer.

Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. Another monument complex of four barrows and three standing stones lies immediately to the N on lower ground at Pen Cil-garn (42574).

Close to Geredig stream and spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0279 PRN 259 SN20350955 NGR

FORM O.Struct SITE NAME MARROS MOUNTAIN

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

В Local summit/gentle/top SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

A small squat and triangular standing stone located in amongst bracken and gorse on Marros Mountain. A winter visit is required to see this site: during the summer the vegetational cover would be too high and the stone barely visible. Contrary to the previous report made in 1985 on this stone (see SRF) this stone displays all the characteristics of a standing stone. Interestingly the stone is located just below the actual highest point of the land on which it is located. There are good views from the site throughout the northern sector with it's larger faces orientated N-S, and it's narrow faces facing E-W. The stone measures some 0.75m at its base on the northern side and tapers to only 0.25m at its top, giving the stone a pronounced triangular profile.

From 300 degrees round to 80 degrees (roughly from NW through N and round to E)

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0595

PRN 655 SN547154 NGR

Finds DRAWSDRE ISAF FORM SITE NAME

SITE TYPE **CREMATION?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN13752663 <u>PRN</u> 667 NGR

SITE NAME **GLANDY CROSS FORM** Earthwork

RING BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING High plateau/flat/top E

ASSOCIATED WITH 1000;1083;9753;12690;13034

PART OF 42571

During our visit the area was under long grass and difficult to assess but no clear archaeological features for this or any of the other monuments were discernible and apart from the Yr Allor stones (1000), it would appear that this site and the other round/ring barrows in the immediate area have been destroyed during recent land improvement measures and agricultural activity. Part of prehistoric monument complex 42571.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

Close to a spring and with the Cleddau-Ddu c.1km to the W.

<u>PRN</u> 226 <u>NGR</u> SN41402140

SITE NAME PENLAN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE HENGE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPEEarthworkSITE STATUSNot ScheduledCONDITIONCSITINGHillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 224;227

An external bank 1m high delimits an internal ditch, c.4m wide and surrounding a large and regular circular mound, c.12m in diameter and 1.5m high making the dimensions of this monument fall into the category of 'hengiform' rather than henge monument, which theoretically should be more than 20m. The central mound is clearly circular with a rounded profile and is currently planted with trees: a large conifer is growing in the centre of the mound with other trees having been evenly planted around its edge. Part of the ditch area surrounding the mound is marshy and waterlogged, with associations with water a common feature noted at other henge monuments (see Richards 1996). A farm track passes directly to the ESE of the site and separates it from the field in which two ring cairns, 224 & 227, were located. The monument also gives the appearance of having been sited within a (natural?) dip in the field in a somewhat 'hidden' position, although the mound at least would still have been intervisible with the ring cairns. The henge is located in an area of woodland fenced off and kept separate from the rest of the farmland. Adjacent to the henge in the same fenced-off area is a linear/oval mound feature, also surrounded by a waterlogged and silted ditch. This deep ditch, c.3.5m wide on average but up to 5m wide in some places, encircled a raised 'island' area. This ditch was itself waterlogged and silted, with some collapse of the raised middle area evident on its western side. On the E side of the oval 'island' the depth of the ditch was far more pronounced and the central area less denuded. This area too was planted with woodland and marshy in places. A large flat slab was noted on the W side of the linear/oval mound: close to this a dry-stone walled causeway crossed the ditch and connected the mound with the field on the W side. The area was difficult to access and assess because of the vegetational cover, but nonetheless should be properly surveyed and planned, and perhaps even trial-trenched, to get an accurate interpretation of the antiquity of both features.

Fantastic views were achievable from this site, particularly out to the E along the Towy valley to Merlins Hill and the hill at Nantgaredig, with the high ground of Black Mountain on the other side of the Towy to the E/ESE. Also to the ESE/SE is it possible to make out the distinctively-shaped ridge of Mynydd Llangendeirne.

The interior mound is surrounded by a marshy, waterlogged area, as well as also being located close to a series of springs and overlooking the Towy.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 227 <u>NGR</u> SN41502150

SITE NAME PENLAN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular? SITE STATUS Not Scheduled
CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

CONDITION E
ASSOCIATED WITH 224;226

This ring-barrow, originally recorded from APs, has no visible presence on the ground, although the monument is located in an arable field regularly ploughed and, on our visit, covered with long grass. As no visible presence was also found during the last DAT visit to the site in 1985 it is presumed that this site has been destroyed. Another ring cairn, 224, lies c.250m S/SSW of this site, with possible henge 226 c.150m to the SW.

This site would have had the same commanding views as neighbouring sites 224 and 226. Fantastic views were achievable particularly out to the E along the Towy valley to Merlins Hill and the hill at Nantgaredig, with the high ground of Black Mountain on the other side of the Towy to the E/ESE. Also to the ESE/SE is it possible to make out the distinctively-shaped ridge of Mynydd Llangendeirne.

Close to a series of springs and overlooking the valley of the Towy.

PRN 224 NGR SN41402130

SITE NAME PENLAN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/gentle/top
ASSOCIATED WITH 226;227

The farmer at Penlan told us that there was a definite ring-shaped feature in this part of the field made up of small stones which he had noticed whilst ploughing. Since the last visit by DAT in 1985 the monument has been significantly denuded and was barely visible on our visit, partly due to the long grass covering the entire field in which this site was located. A winter visit to the site is required to properly assess its condition, but when previously assessed by DAT the site consisted of a ring of stones and earth, the bank spread to a width of 5m with a hollow central area, and an overall diameter for the monument of c.22m. c.250m NNE of this ring barrow there was originally another possible ring barrow (227), but no visible presence of this monument remains in the landscape today. There is also another curious mound c.100m to the N of this site, 226, now obscured from view by woodland, but which would have been intervisible with this site and may form part of a monument complex on this particular hillslope.

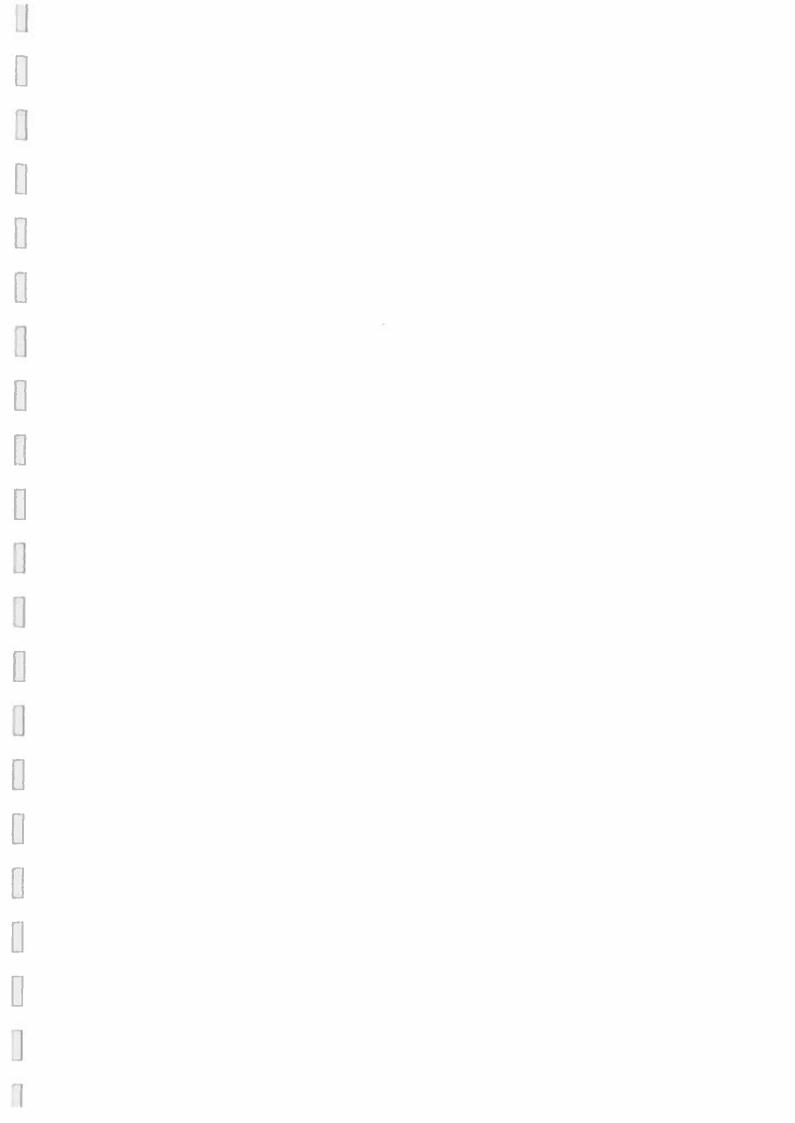
Fantastic views were achievable from this site, particularly out to the E along the Towy valley to Merlins Hill and the hill at Nantgaredig, with the high ground of Black Mountain on the other side of the Towy to the E/ESE. Also to the ESE/SE is it possible to make out the distinctively-shaped ridge of Mynydd Llangendeirne.

A series of springs lie close to the site and it also overlooks the River Towy to the E/SE and the Afon Gwili to the NE.



Appendix 2 GAZETTEER OF SITES FROM THE SMR ORDERED BY PRN

Digital images are available for many of the sites visited and are located on the accompanying CD rom. These images are stored in the relevant PRN files and each image has its own Dcp code (e.g. Dcp_0650) which are listed for each site as appropriate.



Appendix 1 SITE TYPES EXTRACTED FROM SMR

Cairnfield

Chambered tomb

Chambered tomb cemetery

Cist

Clearance cairn

Cove

Cremation

Cup marked stone

Enclosure

Henge

Inhumation

Long barrow

Pit

Prehistoric monument complex

Ring barrow

Round barrow

Round barrow cemetery

Round barrow group

Round barrow pair

Standing stone

Standing stone pair

Stone circle

Stone row

PRN 1769 NGR SN41283602

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E

ASSOCIATED WITH 1768;42504

PART OF 42572

There is no trace of a standing stone in the area immediately adjacent to the chambered tomb 1768, and it is possible that either this has been confused for one of the original orthostats of the tomb, or refers to the standing stone recorded by the OS 180m away to the west, which duplicates with PRN 1767. A second stone a few yards away from stone 1767 was apparently removed many years ago (see account by F.Jones in Carms Antiq. 1932,p.37), and may either have been this lost stone, or alternatively suggests that 1767 may actually have been a stone pair.

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1770 <u>NGR</u> SN40903523

SITE NAME LLECH YR AST FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1768;42572

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The chambered tomb lay on the upper slopes of the hillslope on which another chambered tomb, 1768, lies further down to the NE.

Located on the highest part of a hillslope which gently leads downslope to prehistoric monument complex 42572 to the NE and looking out over the valley of the Gwyddil which leads eventually to the Afon Tyweli.

Overlooking Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1771 <u>NGR</u> SN41233716

SITE NAME CRUGIAU FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1772;1773;10206;42572

PART OF 42586

One of a barrow pair located on a local high point and overlooking the prehistoric monument complex at Blaennantryhs (42572). No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Would have had good views out over surrounding landscape and was located only a short distance away from a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, with barrow 1773 just downslope 600m to the SW, barrows 1763-1766 c.1.1km downslope to the S and other monuments on the higher ground to the SE (1781 & 1665) and E (1783).

Close to Nant Gwyddil and overlooking this and the valley of the Afon Tyweli.

<u>PRN</u> 1772 <u>NGR</u> SN41273715

SITE NAME CRUGIAU FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1773;1771;10206;42572

PART OF 42586

One of a pair of barrows, its twin 1771 also destroyed, and both located on top of a local summit in an area rich in Bronze age monuments. No archaeological traces of either of these monuments exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Both sites had been destroyed during the late 19th/early 20th centuries.

Would have had good views out over surrounding landscape and was located only a short distance away from a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, with barrow 1773 just downslope 600m to the SW, barrows 1763-1766 c.1.1km downslope to the S and other monuments on the higher ground to the SE (1781 & 1665) and E (1783).

Close to Nant Gwyddil and overlooking this and the valley of the Afon Tyweli.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1773 <u>NGR</u> SN40693678

SITE NAME CRUG WAUN MEIRCH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1771;1772;10206;42572

Remains of a badly mutilated round cairn at the top of a high plateau, c.400m upslope to the E of barrow 10206. The barrow is cut through its centre by a field boundary wall, with the southern half of the barrow almost completely ploughed away.

To the NE the site overlooks the higher ground c.650m away where barrow pair 1771 & 1772 once stood. There are wide views out however to the W,S and SE sectors, and an almost 360 degree panorama.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1775 <u>NGR</u> SN40023786

SITE NAME PARC GARREG LWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

This stone has been moved to the edge of a pasture field away from its original location and lies recumbent. From original reports made by RCAHM in 1917, the stone was originally upright and stood some 3m high, with its larger flat faces orientated N-S. The stone was toppled some time during the 1920s by the landowner at the time who had tried to dig beneath it.

<u>PRN</u> 1781 <u>NGR</u> SN43043616

42587

SITE NAME CRUG SGETHLIN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Local summit/flat/top
ASSOCIATED WITH 1665

A badly mutilated round barrow although still well-defined in the landscape. This barrow is located on a flat knoll of land on a local highpoint, and is one of a possible pair, its badly damaged twin 1665 lying just over 100m away to the WSW. Crug Sgethlin is a clearly circular mound with a flattened middle, and at its highest point the mound stands to c.0.7m in height. Loose stones and rubble are visible around the outside of the mound alongside some white quartz blocks and towards the centre of the monument there is a large flat slab. The barrow would seem to be an admixture of earth and small stones and most of the mound is grass-topped. The land around the site is heavily waterlogged, and is a feature common to a lot of round barrows, suggesting that they may have been deliberately located in, and associated with, known wet places.

Commanding 360 degree views from the site all around the landscape, with Mynydd Pencarreg and Mynydd Llanybydder (both locations with a large concentration of Bronze age monuments) clearly visible to the E. Ikm to the N and downslope from this site lies barrows 1783, 5387 and standing stone 1782, whilst 2km to the W lies the prehistoric monument complex at Blaenantrhys, with both locations clearly visible from this site.

Overlooking the Afon Tyweli to the N.

PART OF

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0269

<u>PRN</u> 1782 <u>NGR</u> SN42853716

SITE NAME CWM CATHEN MAENHIR FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1783;5387

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. The stone was broken up and moved in 1938. This stone originally stood on

Good views out to the W, N and E with the view to the S obscured by the rising higher ground.

a direct alignment between two round barrows: 1783 c.170m to the SE, and 5387 c.500m to the NW.

Overlooking the Afon Tyweli.

1783 SN43013712 PRN NGR

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME **PEN GARN**

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1782;5387

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

The very slight remains of a barrow located in the SE comer of a pasture field. The barrow is visible as a slight circular swelling associated with a lot of loose small stones in the area of the mound, including some white quartz blocks. The barrow only survives to a height of c.20cm and a hedgeline runs over it on its S edge. c.700m NE of this site was originally another round barrow (5387), and in between this barrow and Pen Garn there was a standing stone (1782), now also destroyed.

The site would have had commanding views out to the W,N and E. Higher ground obscured the ground to the S.

Overlooking the valley of the Afon Tyweli.

DIGITAL CAMERA

1788 NGR SN43023929 PRN

SITE NAME PEN-Y-LAN **FORM Finds**

CREMATION SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1791 NGR SN4952635435

SITE NAME **CRUG-Y-BEDW FORM Earthwork**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 712

Located c.700m W of Crug Penheol (712) and also intervisible with Crugiau Edryd (14191) and Crugiau Giar (714 & 715). This grass-covered barrow lies on the edge of a forestry plantation and has a pronounced central depression. A large block of white quartz lies a few metres away from the W side of the barrow and may have been associated with it.

Good views out from the site over the rest of the highland on which a number of Bronze age monuments are situated.

<u>PRN</u> 1799 <u>NGR</u> SN47443826

SITE NAME CRUG MAES COCH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Ovelooking the Afon Talog.

PRN 1802 NGR SN40063204

SITE NAME CRUG GWYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1805;1806;2319

This barrow, although severely denuded, is a significant site not only for its location in an area with a particularly dense concentration of prehistoric monuments (see discussion below), but by virtue of its kerb and cairn of large white quartz boulders which would have clearly made this site prominent and visually distinctive in the landscape from quite some distance. The barrow is located further along the same high plateau on which the barrow pair at Crugiau Fach are located, c.650m away to the NE, and on its own local summit overlooking huge swathes of the landscape (a virtual 360 degree panorama), not to mention numerous other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments. The cairn has been badly mutilated in the past, presumably robbed of its stone, and this has left the top of the mound with a number of deep depressions. A small earthfast quartz boulder lies at the E edge of the barrow and looks W over towards the location of the Nant Gronw tumuli (2306-2308). This site is one of a particularly dense concentration of prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments which appear to be focused on the high ground above the valley of the Afon Duad. Standing stone 1803 is located c.200m E of where the river starts, and a whole series of round barrows populate the high ground either side of the river, and following its course to the SW. On the eastern side of the river there is a linear arrangement of barrows stretching for nearly 2km starting with 1804 in the NE and progressing SW incorporating the barrows at Crugiau Fach (1805 & 1806), with this barrow c.750m on from the previous barrow pair, and culminating with Crug-bach on another local summit another 700m further on again. On the W side of the Duad, there are the barrows on the high plateau, now in forestry in Waunfawr woods, running in a SW linear arrangement starting with 2318 and following the course of the river and the lie of the land to the SW taking in barrow 2317 and finishing with 2316. Two further possible barrows, 10446 and 10447, are also situated on this same high plateau. Interestingly, all these sites on both sides of the Duad were intervisible with each other across the gully, and all were associated with a large amount of white quartz on and around their mounds which would have further enhanced their visibility in the landscape from afar. Another two clusters of monuments are located to the W of this concentration, and appear themselves to be following the courses of the Afon Cloddil (2324,2314 and 2315) and Afon Bele (starting with 2327 and running SE along the course of the Bele encountering the barrows at Nant Gronw (2306,2307 & 2308) en route). Both the Cloddil and the Bele rivers join with the Duad c.2km WSW of Crug Bach (2319) at Cwmduad, with the Duad itself flowing down to the S until it joins the Gwili. Many other monuments are scattered throughout the high ground in between the valleys of the Duad, Cloddil and Bele, marking this area out as a particularly significant region during the Neolithic and Bronze age, and one worthy of further research.

Fantastic views out from the hilltop on which this site is located. This barrow would have been intervisble with a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, including barrows 2316,2317, and 2318 on the high ground to the NW, possibly barrow 1804 as an outlier to the pair of barrows at Crugiau Fach which are definitely visible to the NE, and barrow 2319 on the high ground rising up to the SW. There were also wide views out through the eastern sector over the valley of Nant Aeron and the high ground up to the ESE on which barrow cemetery 11115, was located.

Located on high ground separating the valleys of the Duad and Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0249

<u>PRN</u>

1803

NGR

SN40603367

SITE NAME

GARREG HIR; GAREG HIR

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

SITE STATUS

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith **CONDITION**

Α

SAM

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1804;1805;1806;5392

A fine standing stone located in rough grassland at the edge of a section of clear-felled forestry. The stone, standing just over 2m in height, is a large thin flat slab, with its broader, flatter faces orientated WSW-ESE and standing within its own small mound. Some small boulders of white quartz were noted within this mound on the SE side of the stone. Just over 700m to the SSE of the stone lies barrow 1804, an outlier of barrow pair 1805 and 1806 at Crugiau Fach which lay just over 300m to the SSW of 1804. A now destroyed barrow, 5392, originally lay c.75m to the NE of this stone.

Good views out to the southern sector, overlooking the Nant Aeron to the SE and looking down to the location of, or intervisible with, the barrow pair at Crugiau Fach (1805 & 1806) to the S and their outlier 1804 to the SSE.

Close to a spring to the NE and Afon Duad to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0246

<u>PRN</u>

1804

NGR

SN40783299

SITE NAME

CRUG GILFACH FACH

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular CONDITION

В

SITE STATUS

SITING High plateau/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 1803;1805;1806;42588

An outlier to barrow pair 1805 and 1806 and sited at the edge of a high plateau just before the land begins to gently slope away to the E. Two-thirds of the barrow is located on the edge of forestry, the remaining third on the land of Gilfach-fach farm with a fence running over the top of the mound. The eastern portion of the barrow on the land of Gilfach-fach has been badly damaged and cut by the ditch of an old hedgebank (now removed), whilst the portion of the barrow in the forestry remains in a stable condition, although has been slightly damaged. Angular blocks of white quartz were visible on top of the barrow, in the ditch and within the bank material of the old hedgeline which may originally have come from the barrow.

Good views down to the NE/ENE over the valley of Nant Aeron and towards the higher ground to the SE on which barrow cemetery 11115 was located, c.400m away to the SW/SSW is the Crugiau Fach barrow pair (1805 & 1806) which would have been intervisible with this site, the view today obscured by a forestry plantation.

Close to a small stream which runs down into Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0247

<u>PRN</u> 1805 <u>NGR</u> SN40543270

SITE NAME CRUGIAU FACH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1803;1804;1802;1806

PART OF 42588

The NE mound of a barrow pair, Crugiau Fach, located on top of a local highpoint from which there were wide views out over the surrounding landscape. This is the best preserved of the two mounds with a perfect rounded profile. Many small blocks of white quartz were visible on the surface of the mound and also in a wide area surrounding the mound, and it is possible that this represents an original capping of white quartz stones which may originally have covered the mound and made it a distinctive sight in the landscape for some considerable distance, especially when caught by sun- or moonlight.

Fantastic views out from the hilltop on which this site, and its twin 1806, are located. These barrows would have been intervisible with a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, including barrows 2316,2317, and 2318 on the high ground to the NW, barrow 1804 as an outlier to the pair c.400m to the NE, and barrow 1802 on the high ground rising up to the SW. There were also wide views out through the eastern sector over the valley of Nant Aeron and the high ground up to the ESE on which barrow cemetery 11115 was located.

Lying on high ground seperating Afon Duad and Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0248

PRN 1806 NGR SN40503262
TE NAME CRUGIAU FACH FORM Earthwork

SITE NAME CRUGIAU FACH
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

FORM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1803;1804;1802;1805

PART OF 42588

The SW mound of a pair of barrows at Crugiau Fach. This is the tallest of the two barrows but the most damaged, particularly on its N side as well having a concave depression in its top. Marsh grass was growing on parts of the mound and particularly surrounding it, suggesting that this area is more waterlogged and may be indicative of the remains of an original ditch which has now silted up. This barrow was directly located on

be indicative of the remains of an original ditch which has now silted up. This barrow was directly located on the highest part of the hill, with its twin, 1805, lying just downslope and c.100m away to the NE. Rees (1982) noted white quartz boulders on top of the barrow which have since been cleared from the site.

Fantastic views out from the hilltop on which this site, and its twin 1805, are located. These barrows would have been intervisble with a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, including barrows 2316,2317, and 2318 on the high ground to the NW, barrow 1804 as an outlier to the pair c.400m to the NE, and barrow 1802 on the high ground rising up to the SW. There were also wide views out through the eastern sector over the valley of Nant Aeron and the high ground up to the ESE on which barrow cemetery 11115 was located.

Located on a ridge of high land separating Nant Aeron from Afon Duad.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0248

<u>PRN</u> 1807 <u>NGR</u> SN43153135

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;11116;111

<u>PART OF</u> 1111:

No traces of this monument are visible in the field today. This destroyed site was originally one of at least 10 barrows which formed barrow cemetery 11115.

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1808 <u>NGR</u> SN43143142

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;11116;111

<u>PART OF</u> 11115

Barely visible remains of a round cairn located on the summit of the local highpoint which originally boasted at least 9 other barrows. A roughly circular outline of a mound and a few stones present beneath the grass cover is all that remains of this site which stands at a mere 5cm in height.

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1809 <u>NGR</u> SN43193147

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-oval SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1810;1811;1812;11109;11116;111

<u>PART OF</u> 11115

There are no traces of this monument left in the landscape today. This site was originally one of at least 10 barrows that formed barrow cemetery 11115.

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

PRN 1810 NGR SN42793131

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1811;1812;11109;11116;111

PART OF 11115

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Originally one of at least 10 barrows forming part of barrow cemetery 11115.

Fantastic views out to the W over to the Preselis and also to the SW, but the view to the NE and E is obscured by the high ground on which the rest of the barrows of this barrow cemetery are located.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 1811 <u>NGR</u> SN42793131

SITE NAME CRUGIAU; PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1810;1812;11109;11116;111

PART OF 11115

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Originally one of at least 10 barrows which formed barrow cemetery 11115.

Fantastic views out to the W over to the Preselis and also to the SW, but the view to the NE and E is obscured by the high ground on which the rest of the barrows of this barrow cemetery are located.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1812 NGR SN427313

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;11109;11116;111

PART OF 1111:

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Originally one of at least 10 barrows which formed part of barrow cemetery 11115.

Fantastic views out to the W over to the Preselis and also to the SW, but the view to the NE and E is obscured by the high ground on which the rest of the barrows of this barrow cemetery are located.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

<u>PRN</u>

1815

NGR

SN42653235

SITE NAME

CWMCREIGIAU

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Cairn

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

U

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 11115

Unable to gain permission to access the site despite numerous attempts.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1816

NGR

SN47883348

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU RHOS WEN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular **CONDITION**

C

SITE STATUS

SAM **SITING** Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1817;1818

A large and well preserved grass covered round barrow, c.15m in diameter and 3m high, in an area of clear-felled forest. This barrow is located at the NW end of a hilltop ridge, c.400m away from a second barrow, 1817, which is located at the other SE end of this same ridge. Both barrows were clearly intervisible. This mound has a shallow central depression and a number of quartz stones are visible in the surrounding

Fantatic views out to the NW sector and NNE over to Crugyrn Amlwg (1818) just over 1km away.

Close to Nant Blaen-ffynnon

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

1817

NGR

SN48213326

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU RHOS WEN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

SAM SITING Ridge/flat/top

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 1816;1818

A reasonably well-preserved round barrow situated at the SE end of a ridge on which barrow 1816 is also located, c.400m away to the NW. This barrow, c.22m in diameter, is located in an area of clear-felled forestry and has a possible kerbstone visible on its S edge. The mound contains a hollow central depression and is overgrown with grass, heather and brambles. c.20m regenerating spruce trees are establishing themselves on the mound.

Fantastic views out to the southern and western sectors, and also over to the NE and the location of other barrows on Mynydd Llanfihangel and Mynydd Llanybydder.

<u>PRN</u> 1818 **NGR** SN48613432

CRUGYN AMLWG SITE NAME <u>FORM</u> **Earthwork**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 1816;1817

CONSISTS OF

42503

A well-preserved round barrow, grass covered and surrounded by a wet and boggy area all around the mound, which may indicate the remnants of a ditch. Some spruce-tree regeneration evident.

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

Fantastic 360 degree views all around from the site, looking SW towards Crugiau Rhos-wen (1816 & 1817), NE over to Mynydd Llanybydder and Crugiau Edryd (14191) and further out to the E, S and W.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 1832 **NGR** SN47374130

SITE NAME LLANLLWNI **FORM Finds**

CIST GRAVE CEMETERY SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

1912 SN62454645 PRN **NGR**

SITE NAME HIRVAEN GWYDDOG FORM O.Struct

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 0;1927;1928;1929

This spectacular standing stone stands at the junction of three field boundaries and lies also on the county boundary separating Ceredigion from Carmarthenshire. This stone is set just below the local high point (now marked with a trig point) and stands some 5m in height, tapering towards the top and is trapezoidal in shape thus giving orientations for two of the faces which are not directly opposed. The larger face of the stone is oriented N, it's opposite narrower face looks S, whilst both sides of the stone are orientated ESE (105 degrees from N) and WSW (250 degrees from N). Two holes were noted on the west face of the stone and some minor damage to the eastern side of the stone, possibly caused when the barb-wire fence was recently

Fantastic views are achievable on a fine day when it is possible to see as far as the Preselis to the W, Plynlimon to the N and Black Mountain to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0664;Dcp 0665

1913

NGR

SN64334764

SITE NAME

BWLCH BLAEN CORN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2085

NGR

SN29454164

SITE NAME

GELLI GATTI

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

<u>SITING</u>

Floodplain/gentle/bottom

ASSOCIATED WITH 2092

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Overlooking the river to the SE and the W.

Located on the land immediately adjacent to the Teifi river overlooking a point to the N where the river kinks and sharply bends.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2092

NGR

SN29704110

SITE NAME

PARCIAU STONES

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-2 CONDITION

Ε

SITE STATUS **SITING**

Hillslope/gentle/bottom

ASSOCIATED WITH 2085

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. A possible stone pair, or remains of a chambered tomb, now destroyed, with possibly two of the stones having been incorporated into the hedge and into the corner of the field.

Overlooks the Teifi river.

Close to the banks of the Teifi as it flows SE.

PRN 2111 **NGR** SN38000809

SITE NAME PARC MAEN LLWYD **FORM** O.Struct

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith SITE STATUS SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

CONDITION В **ASSOCIATED WITH**

This large impressive standing stone, c.2m tall, is currently located within the garden of a house: it has been concreted in around its base and concrete steps abutt the stone on its east side, and it forms part of a rockery feature. The long axis (narrow sides) of the stone is orientated E-W, with the larger flat faces looking N-S, and it appears to be a quartzite boulder with numerous grains of crystalline quartz within its matrix which sparkle in the sun.

Amazing views out from the stone to the sands of the estuary to the SW and S to the Gower, Worms Head and Rhosilli Down. Pembrey burrows are visible to the SSW and to the W the Pembrokeshire coast and Caldey Island are clearly visible.

Overlooks the estuaries of the Taf, Towy and Gwendraith.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0046

<u>PRN</u> 2112 NGR SN39160997

PEN YR HEOL Earthwork SITE NAME FORM **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SAM SITE STATUS

D SITING High plateau/flat/middle CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

PRN

SITE TYPE

A large and readily visible round barrow in good condition located in a pasture field used for grazing cattle. We were unable to gain permission to access the site but were able to assess it from the road and it appears to remain in a stable condition.

Good views round from the W to the NE following the estuary and valley of the Towy.

Dcp 0047 DIGITAL CAMERA

2125

O.Struct SITE NAME MAEN LLWYD FORM

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

SN39300809

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS

CONDITION E SITING

NGR

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This standing stone when extant formed a linear pathway of movement through the landscape from NE-SW from Mynydd Llangendeirne, encountering round barrows and standing stones en route from the uplands to the lowlands and eventually to the sea. (see discussion under 2129).

DIGITAL CAMERA

ASSOCIATED WITH 2129

PRN 2129 NGR SN397083

SITE NAME PENLAN ISAF FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1393;1394;2125;7344

Although no trace of a barrow remains in this area, the location was a typical and perfect one for there originally having been a monument in this particular locale. Standing stone 2125 originally stood just over 400m away downslope to the WSW, whilst the cist 7344 was sited roughly the same distance away upslope to the NE. 500m further upslope in the same direction from 7344 were the barrows at Allt Cunedda (1393 and 1394), the location of which was visible from the barrow here. Although all these monuments would not be considered close enough to be defined as a prehistoric monument complex, nonetheless all these sites would seem to have been specifically located in a linear fashion so as to perhaps define the way in which the landscape was traversed and each monument encountered en route from Allt Cunedda to the sea. No archaeological traces of this monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Fantastic long distance views except to the E where the view os blocked by the higher ground on which barrows at Allt Cunedda were located (1393 and 1394).

Close to the Gwendraith and Tywi estauries.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0654

<u>PRN</u> 2141 <u>NGR</u> SN33831608

SITE NAME TWLC Y FILIAST FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Chambered Cairn-long SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Streamside
ASSOCIATED WITH

Chambered tomb excavated in 1953 by Savory (see report published in 1956) surrounded by an oval cairn, 18m long and 9m wide with a possible forecourt. The chamber and the remnants of its cairn material lie in woodland and is currently overgrown with trees and bracken. Monument appears to be in a stable condition, although some of the vegetation should perhaps be cleared. On the other side of the footbridge from the tomb on the same side of the river as the monument we noted some other very large stones which may have once

Monument stands along the edge of a brook in a steep-sided valley

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp. 0143

been associated with the monument.

<u>PRN</u> 2146 <u>NGR</u> SN37721534

SITE NAME LLWN DU; MYRDDINS QUOIT FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 2150;2151

The possible remains of a burial chamber now located on land used as a golf course. The monument was built just below the highest point of the landscape on land which gently slopes down to the WSW. The monument remains in a stable condition and has an information board associated with it. All that remains of the monument are two uprights facing roughly NE-SW and a third stone, tilted heavily to the NW and with two smaller boulders in its shadow. The RCAHM in 1917 report the site here as consisting of 'several boulders which were the supporters of a still remembered perfect cromlech'(p.440), although Barker chooses to interpret the site as a set of standing stones (1992:56). Another standing stone (2151) may have stood c.150m downslope to the S of this site, whilst c.650m to the NNE of here on the higher ground the remains of another chambered tomb/stone pair are located (2150).

Hillslope/gentle/middle

SITING

Overlooking the Towy estuary to the SSW with good views particularly when approaching the site from the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0141

<u>PRN</u> 2150 <u>NGR</u> SN37911598

SITE NAME MYRDDINS QUOIT FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE PAIR?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-2 SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2146

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible stone pair.

This site, a much more probable standing stone pair rather than a chambered tomb, lies c.650m upslope and to the NNE of chambered tomb/stone group 2146. Two large stones, c.1.5m tall and 3m apart, stand at the edge of a pasture field on a public footpath close to the hedgebank/field boundary. A third earthfast stone, c.0.5m x 0.5m, was noted lying between these two larger uprights and on the hedgeline. The two upright stones are orientated N-S on their narrow side/long axis with their larger flat faces looking E-W.

Situated with an enclosed viewshed although there is something of a view to the S along the Towy valley and towards the location of the Meini Llwydion stones (2146)

Close to a number of small streams.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0142

PRN 2151 NGR SN37731521

SITE NAME LLWYN DU FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2146

No archaeological traces of a standing stone exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. This stone would have been located c.200m south and downslope of the chambered tomb/standing stones at 2146.

<u>PRN</u> 2153 <u>NGR</u> SN34711279

SITE NAME MAEN MELYN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/gentle/bottom

ASSOCIATED WITH

A massive tapered stone block, of very similar red and grey matrix to the southernmost stone of stone pair 2205 3.5km away to the ENE, orientated E-W with its larger faces looking N-S. This stone, which is incorporated into a later hedgebank, was incredibly difficult to find in amongst all the vegetation that has engulfed it. It is a fine standing stone, 1.8m tall, and worthy of being kept clear of the bulk of the brambles and hedgerow that surround it. The surface of the stone is covered with a large amount of moss but otherwise seems stable.

It is difficult to assess the views from this site given its enclosed position but the stone would appear to have its best views to the S along a river valley running SSE towards Llanstephan and also up to the higher ground to the SSW and W.

Sited near a stream on a flat piece of land at the bottom of a gently sloping field.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0055

PRN 2161 NGR SN30791484

NAME MAEN-LLWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE NAME MAEN-LLWYD FORM
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING Floodplain/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 2188

A large boulder-type standing stone located in the middle of a pasture field used for grazing cattle, with a hollow around the base of the stone being eroded away by animal treading. The stone stands some 1.3m in height, and has a circumference of 6.7m. It is a substantial block and located just over 1km to the E of barrow pair 3902 and 3898 which sit on the high ground overlooking the river next to which this stone stands.

Good views down the valley of the Cywyn to the E.

Located on flat land between hills rising either side of the Afon Cywyn and within 100m of the river itself.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0062

PRN 2168 NGR SN30751169

SITE NAME DELACORSE STONE FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

An impressive boulder-type standing stone located towards the top of a hill just below the highest point and at the start of where the land begins to slope down to the Taf estuary to the NE. A hollow has been worn around the stone by cattle-treading and has exposed some loose stones and the bedrock surface.

Fantastic views to the SE over the estuary of the Taf and the sea, as well as over the Gower. The view continues round through the southern sector and over to the NW/NNW, with Frenni Fawr and the Preslis clearly visible.

Overlooking the Taf estuary and the sea.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0147

<u>PRN</u> 2171

NGR SN30041047

SITE NAME ORCHARD PARK **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE **CIST**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

E CONDITION

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor are there any other features in the immediately surrounding area. Site has been built over and destroyed. Originally this site would have overlooked the Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2179

NGR

SN31201402

SITE NAME

MAEN-LLWYD

FORM

SITING

Documents; O. Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE PAIR?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

SAM Hillslope/moderate/bottom

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 42527;2180;2181;2188

Located close to the meandering Afon Cywyn which runs into the Taf estuary is a possible stone pair, of which only one stone now remains. This stone was re-discovered in 1986 by DAT during excavations at the site and restored. Williams (1988:72) mentions the possibility that this stone was originally one of a pair, with the second stone, now missing, having originally been located further upslope to the NE (pers comm.). Two further stone pairs are situated nearby: 2180 c.200m to the ESE, and 42527 which would originally have stood c.300m away to the ENE. The remaining stone stands to a height of 1.2m, and is one of a widespread group of standing stones and stone pairs which appear to be focused on both sides of the Afon Cywyn as it sharply meanders down to meet the Taf. On the opposite side of the river to the WSW/SW is another standing stone, 2188, c.300m away and on the hillslope, and both these stones may originally have been intervisible.

Close to the Afon Cywyn and Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0655

<u>PRN</u>

2180

NGR

SN314139

SITE NAME

MAENI LLWYDION

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-2

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

В

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2179;2181;2188;42527

A fine stone pair, consisting of one upright stone and one recumbent boulder, c.40m apart and orientated towards each other. Stone 1 (SN3142913942) faces directly NE to its twin and is the recumbent boulder. It measures 1.1m in height, 3.7m in length and was 1.8m deep at its maximum. Stone 2 (SN3145413966) is smaller than its recumbent twin, and has a maximum height of 1m, measuring 1.1m in length and a depth of 0.5m. It has one jagged face (facing NE) and one completely flat face, which is the one that looks SW and towards the other stone of the pair. Both stones are sandstones, but of different kinds to each other. Both stones are located in a pasture field used for grazing sheep and remain in a good and stable condition.

The view is dominated by the panorama of higher ground surrounding the site from W to NE.

Overlooking the course of the Afon Cywyn.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0064;Dcp 0065;Dcp 0066

PRN 2181 **NGR** SN31761430

PARC Y GARREG LWYD SITE NAME O.Struct **FORM**

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION В

Hillslope/gentle/middle SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2179;2180;42527

Located c.600m upslope to the NE from stone 2179 this stone, a recumbent boulder that may originally have been upright, is located in the middle of a flat pasture field on land that gently slopes down to the WSW and the river Cywyn. During our visit the grass was too long to be able to assess if there was a hollow present around the stone and whether it had once been upstanding. The long axis of the stone is aligned 80-260 degrees, almost E-W, with the stone itself covered with dried muck from recent spreading, and it may originally have been intervisible with other stones, including 2179 and 2180, and possibly 2188 on the higher ground on the other side of the Afon Cywyn, all to the SW.

180 degree panorama from S to N through the western sector, with the Preselis just visible to the NW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2182 **NGR** SN34541074

SITE NAME FRON UCHA O.Struct <u>FORM</u> **CHAMBERED TOMB?**

SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Stone Group **SITE STATUS**

SAM CONDITION C SITING Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 7693

Located c.180m to the SW of possible ring cairn this collection of three large stones, one upright and the others recumbent, lie on a break of slope and have previously been considered to represent the remains of a ruined chambered tomb. From what remains it is difficult to say with any certainty that they constitute a megalithic monument and the soil area around them is badly eroded and not likely to yield any dating evidence which could answer the question of their authenticity. A tree has spread its roots between two of the stones in particular and any sign of a surrounding mound is difficult to ascertain. There were a lot of small stones, possibly cairn material, visible within the eroded earth around the stones and spread c.15m downslope of the stones to the SSE. Another chambered tomb (2210), now destroyed, was located c.700m to the NE of this site and may have been associated with it if this is a genuine monument.

Fantastic views from this site, with the view to the E dominated by the Towy estuary right round to the S and the sea, Pembrey, Rhosilli Down and Worms Head on the Gower. Directly E on the other side of the Towy can clearly be seen Iscoed mansion where a standing stone (2201) is located and which may have been intervisible before the present tree cover was in situ.

Overlooking the sea and the Towy estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2185 **NGR** SN349116

SITE NAME DARKWAY HILL MAENHIR <u>FORM</u> O.Struct

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E **SITING**

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

PRN 2188 **NGR** SN30451365

SITE NAME TREVENTY STONE FORM O.Struct

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS SAM **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Boulder

В **SITING** Hillslope/gentle/middle CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 2161;2179;2180

This stone, 1.2m tall, is one of a widely scattered group of standing stones which seem to have been focused along the course of the Afon Cywyn as it meanders sharply and flows down to meet the Taf estuary. On the same side of the river as this stone there is Maen Llwyd (2161) 1.15km to the NNE, whilst on the other side of the river, c.750m away, lies another Maen Llywd (2179), and a stone pair Meini Llwydion (2180) a little further on, both to the ENE of this stone. This suggests there was some form of relationship between these stones and the water, a relationship played out elsewhere along river courses (e.g. 2168,3904,2111,2201,2217,5248,2205) and focused particularly on the Taf and Towy estuaries. Unlike 2161 this stone is situated on a hillslope just down from the highest point but may have been intervisible with it and certainly overlooked the course of the Cywyn to the E.

The view over the Taf estuary to the W was obscured by the summit of the hillslope on which this stone was situated, with the view from this stone focused to the N and E over the Cywyn valley.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0063

2196

SN36061353 MAEN LLWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE NAME SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

NGR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

R Local summit/gentle/top CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

<u>PRN</u>

This is a massive standing stone, interestingly sited deliberately just below the very summit of the high point on which it is located, 30m to the E of the stone. The stone has been restored to its original position after being excavated in 1961 and remains in a good and stable condition.

From the stone itself the viewshed is almost complete round from 140-75 degrees through the W, with the complete view to the E obscured by the summit of the local highpoint below and 30m from which this stone has been deliberately sited. From the summit to the E of the stone there is a much better view: the same view that is shared if one clambers onto the top of the standing stone itself rather than looking around the landscape from its base on the ground. To the S it is possible to see the sea, to the E Black Mountain, to the NE the start of the Cambrian mountains and to the ENE Merlins Hill/Nantgaredig hill beyond Carmarthen. Looking E from the top of the knoll and the stone can be clearly seen the meandering river Towy and also the estuary. The views from this site were clearly being orchestrated and depended on whether one stood at the foot of the stone or on the knoll.

Overlooking the sea and the estuary of the Towy.

Dcp_0054 DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 2199 **NGR** SN38691486

SITE NAME QUOIT STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2205

A large standing stone, well weathered and pitted, and orientated SE-NW on its long axis (narrow sides) with its larger flat faces looking towards the NE-SW. The stone stands to a height of c.1.8m in a pasture field of long grass. The stone is covered with dried muck from recent spreading and there is some animal erosion present around its base, but otherwise the monument remains in a stable condition.

The main views from the stone are to the S and along the valley to the estaury of the Towy. To the Sw of the stone there is a wood which blocks the views today, but it is possible that this stone may originally have been intervisible with stone pair 2205 located downslope and c.500m away to the SW.

Located on a hillslope gentley sloping down to a stream at the foot of the hill which runs S into the Towy estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0051

> <u>PRN</u> 2201 NGR SN38081118

SITE NAME MAEN LLWYD **FORM** O.Struct SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle ASSOCIATED WITH

A large and fantastic standing stone, c.2.3m tall, orientated 330-120 degrees (roughly NW-SE) on its long axis with its larger flat sides facing roughly SW-NE and the lie of the land. Approaching the stone from the NE involves descending down a S/SW slope from the top of which affords fantastic views of not only the stone itself, but out to the beach, the sea and Caldey Island (see Dcp_0048). Packing stones are visible around the base of the stone which have been revealed by animal erosion.

From the stone itself the view to the W looks over to the high ground above Llanstephan and over to the location of the possible ring cairn (7693) and chambered tomb (2183) which were intervisible with this site. The sea may not have been visible from the stone itself, but it certainly was when approached from the higher ground to the NE. Nonetheless there were good views up the Towy valley to the N.

Located on a hillslope sloping down to a small stream and looking out over the Towy estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0048;Dcp_0049

2202

SN391118

SITE NAME NANTYGOITRE **FORM** Earthwork **ROUND BARROW?** SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION U **SITING** ASSOCIATED WITH

NGR

Flatly refused access to the site by its new owner, Mr Williams of Westdown Farm, who claimed to have ploughed out and destroyed whatever was there. Without being able to assess the site it has been classified as an Unknown condition rather than assuming it really has been actually destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2203

NGR

SN39681129

SITE NAME

MAEN LLWYD

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith CONDITION

E

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Place-name; O.Struct

SITING

<u>FORM</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of this standing stone exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2205

NGR

SN38311450

SITE NAME

HENDY FARM

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE PAIR

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-2 CONDITION

В

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/

ASSOCIATED WITH 2199

Located on the other side of the stream c.0.5km to the SW of standing stone 2199, and possibly originally intervisible with it, this pair of stones are today separated from one another by a narrow farm lane leading to Clomendy farm, and are located on either side of a hedgeline running the length of the E-W track. Visiting the site is complicated by the fact that each stone belongs to a different landowner: the most northerly stone is on the land owned by Gilfach (who also owns the land on which stone 2199 is situated) and they are most obliging. The second more southerly stone belongs to Hendy Farm with whom we had to negotiate for some time before being allowed to access and assess the site. Both stones remain in a good and stable condition, although the southerly stone is suffering more from encroaching vegetation than its twin. Stone 1, the most northerly, is a large well-weathered sandstone block, similar to stone 2199, and stands c.1.6m tall. The stone is leaning slightly and is located next to the hedgeline at the edge of a pasture field and sited on a slight knoll rise. The large faces of the stone face E-W, with its narrower sides looking N-S and in the direction of its twin on the other side of the lane. Both stones stand c.10m apart from one another. Stone 2, the more southerly stone, appears to be a slightly different stone from its twin, more red and grey, with a higher degree of weathering and visually very distinctive. This second stone is not as big as its twin, only c. lm high, but it should be noted that it currently stands in the hedgebank and may actually stand to a similar height. This stone is covered with ivy and surrounded by nettles, but is otherwise in a good condition and the monument as a whole appears to be stable.

Located close to a small stream which runs down into the Towy estuary to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0052;Dcp_0053

<u>PRN</u>

2210

NGR

SN35041126

SITE NAME

WAUN Y FELIN

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Chamber

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site built over and destroyed.

PRN 2217 **NGR** SN38651235

MAEN-LLWYD SITE NAME O.Struct <u>FORM</u>

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В SITING /undulating/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

A large tapering block of Old Red Sandstone which is very similar to another standing stone, 2201, located c.1.3km away to the SSW on lower ground. The long axis of the stone (its narrow sides) face N-S, with the larger flat faces orientated E-W. The stone is weathered and pitted but remains in a stable condition although there was some evidence for animal erosion around its base.

Good views to the NW-N along the Towy valley and sharing the same views as nearby stone 2201.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0050

<u>PRN</u> 2221 **NGR** SN30472861

CRUG PEN LLWYD SITE NAME Earthwork <u>FORM</u> **ROUND BARROW** SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION D **SITING** Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2222

Only the slight remains of a round barrow although still visible in the landscape as a ground swelling located at the top and on the highest part of a pasture field. Profile of barrow easily seen from the side of the road.

May have been intervisible with now-destroyed round barrow 2222 on the same lie of the land c.500m away to the SSW. Good views out to the E and round to the NNW

Overlooking the river of Dewi Fawr to the SW.

2222

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

SN30282813

SITE NAME CARN ISA <u>FORM</u> Earthwork SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

NGR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION Е High plateau/flat/top SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2221

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site ploughed out. This barrow was located on top of a local highpoint, c.500m SSW of another round barrow 2221 which has itself nearly disappeared, and the two are likely to have been intervisible.

Good views out all around the site although longer views would have been interrupted by higher ground to the N and NW of the site. Looked along the valley of the Dewi Fawr to the SW.

<u>PRN</u> 2226 <u>NGR</u> SN30282577

SITE NAME GAREG LLWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-recumbent SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH 2233;3964;10412

A recumbent standing stone, possibly fallen, located on a local high point within an undulating high plateau. The stone lies orientated NE-SW, and is 2.6m long and 1m high. Some loose stones are visible around the base of the stone, and some cattle-treading noticeable. This stone lay within 200m of another standing stone (now destroyed) which was sited to the NE of this site on the same high plateau and would have been intervisible with it.

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/top

View SW over to the high ground on which barrow 3964 is located just over 1km away, with view also to the NNW and over to barrow 2233 c.750m away. To the SW can also be seen the valley of the Cynin, with Llanboidy win farm possibly in view to the WNW.

At the top of a flat local summit just before the land begins to slope down to meet a tributary of the Afon Dewi Fawr to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2230 NGR SN31162736

SITE NAME PARC Y GARN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Recorded by the OS in 1965 as having been removed for road metalling.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2233 NGR SN30012645

SITE NAME PANT Y COED FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2226

Severely denuded and ploughed down round barrow, remaining only c.0.2m high on a local highpoint in a regularly ploughed field, visible now as a ground swelling. Located c.750m NNW of recumbent stone 2226 and possibly intervisible with it.

2234

NGR

SN36362556

SITE NAME

CRUG PEN RHIW CRYNFRYN

FORM

SITING

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2235;2254

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval

The remains of a reasonably well-preserved oval mound, standing c.0.8m high, measuring 16m SE-NW and 21m on its long axis aligned NE-SW. On its NW and SW sides the mound runs against a hedgeline whilst immediately to the ESE of the barrow the new owners have begun construction of a horse arena. Spoil from this arena is piled up all along the ESE edge of the barrow to a height of c.Im, and although the barrow is undamaged some of this spoil has been dumped on its very edge. When the topsoil was being removed from the area of the horse arena, which measures 40m x 20m, there was a large amount of white quartz blocks in amongst this material, some of which are still visible within the spoil. The landowners are sympathetic to the

Good views from the site, although the view today is blocked by modern hedgelines. This barrow would possibly have been intervisible with barrow 2235 located c.500m to the NE on slightly higher ground, and possibly also with Crug Pantybugail (2254) c.950m to the SSW.

Close to a spring and a stream which runs down into Nant Ring to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_00136

monument and have no intention of damaging it in any way.

PRN

2235

NGR

SN36812578

SITE NAME

CRUG BLAEN CWM

<u>FORM</u>

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound CONDITION

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2234

Located c.500m NE of barrow 2234 on slightly higher ground within the same high plateau, this mound is severely denuded and only visible as a faint ground swelling, the rest of the monument having been ploughed away. The farmer has ploughed this field several times and a noticeable quantity of white quartz was turned up during ploughing from the area on and around the barrow.

There are excellent views to the W and E through the northern sector with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr clearly visible to the W.

Close to a small stream which runs down into Nant Ring to the N, with the Gwili valley and its junction with the Duad visible to the NE.

<u>DIGITAL CAMERA</u>

PRN

2240

NGR

SN33652424

SITE NAME

CRUG PEN Y BANC

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound CONDITION

E

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

Since last visited by DAT in 1984 this monument, which stood 0.7m in height and 17m in diameter, has been completely eradicated. The field in which it was situated has been under constant plough and all that remains as a visible presence of this site is a concentration of stones on the surface of the field and strewn where the barrow once stood.

The site would have had fantastic views out over a 360 degree panorama, with the Preselis visible to the WNW, Frenni Fawr to the NW, the Gower and Worms Head to the SSE, Lundy Island in the distance to the SSW as well as the sea within the S sector.

2243

NGR

SN3423

SITE NAME

PANTYKENDY

SITE TYPE

CREMATION

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

<u>FORM</u> **Finds**

SITE STATUS

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

2254

NGR

SN36032467

SITE NAME

CRUG PANT Y BUGAIL

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2234;2255

Located on the same gently undulating high plateau as barrows 2234 and 2235, this well-preserved round mound stands to over a metre in height with a pronounced profile in the landscape and a clear circular edge. The monument is sited in a field used for silage and is located on a local highpoint with excellent views.

Virtually a 360 degree panorama from the site, with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr visible, the view only blocked from 250-270 degrees by higher ground. Another round barrow, 2234, was located on the same high plateau c.950m to the NNE of this site, whilst 600m to the WNW lay another barrow, 2255, now destroyed.

Overlooking the valley of the Gwili and Nant Cwm-tawel to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0137

PRN

2255

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN35452483

SITE NAME

CRUG PANT Y BUGAIL

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING

High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2254

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The farmer at Pwlldyfrach remembers some white quartz stones, including some large boulders, being ploughed up from this area and cleared in the past which may have been the remnants of, or associated with, this cairn.

Located c.600m WNW of barrow 2254 and would have been intervisible with it. Shared the same wide views including the Preselis and Frenni Fawr.

2259

NGR

SN39682419

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU GARN FAWR

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

ASSOCIATED WITH 2260;2270

SAM

CONDITION

C

<u>SITING</u>

Local summit/flat/top

PART OF

42591

A ploughed and spread round barrow that nonetheless remains well-preserved in the landscape, standing some 1.5m tall and spread to a diameter of c.28m. One of a pair of barrows, its twin 2260 located c.80m to the SE of this mound, and also adjacent to henge monument 2270 a few metres to the WSW.

Commanding views achieved all around the landscape with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W and WNW, Lundy Island and the sea to the SSW and Black Mountain and the Towy valley to the ESE.

The site overlooks the Gwili valley to the N, the Towy valley to the ESE and the sea to the S. Also located close to some natural springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 00139

<u>PRN</u>

2260

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN39742413

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU GARN FAWR

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

SAM

CONDITION

C

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2259;2270

PART OF

42591

One of a barrow pair, its twin 2259 being located c.80m NW of this monument and adjacent to henge site 2270. This barrow is situated in the SE corner of a pasture field and is infringed on its S edge by the field boundary which slightly overruns the mound.

Commanding views achieved all around the landscape with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W and WNW, Lundy Island and the sea to the SSW and Black Mountain and the Towy valley to the ESE. The view from 320-10 degrees through N is slightly obscured from this site unlike the others in the group.

The site overlooks the Gwili valley to the N, the Towy valley to the ESE and the sea to the S. Also located close to some natural springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0140

PRN

2269

NGR

SN39312226

SITE NAME

CRUG PARC Y CNWC

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

Local summit/flat/top <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Good views out over the Towy valley to the E/ESE and also over to the high ground on which the sites at Penlan were located (224,226 & 227).

Overlooked the Towy valley to the E and was also close to a number of springs issuing all around the bottom of the hill on top of which this cairn was sited.

2270

NGR

SN39632416

SITE NAME

GARN FAWR CIRCLE

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

HENGE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular

SAM SITE STATUS

CONDITION

D

SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2259;2260;42591

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible hillfort.

A reasonably defined but partially denuded bank surrounding a flat central area, and located within the NE corner of a pasture field a few metres away from barrow pair 2259 & 2260. The area is almost circular and overrun by field boundaries on its N and SE sides with a raised interior and a more pronounced, slightly higher central area, c. 16m in diameter.

This site is almost certainly a prehistoric ritual monument and not an Iron Age defended enclosure.

Commanding views achieved all around the landscape with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W and WNW, Lundy Island and the sea to the SSW and Black Mountain and the Towy valley to the ESE.

The site overlooks the Gwili valley to the N, the Towy valley to the ESE and the sea to the S. Also located close to some natural springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

2274

NGR

SN3261636127

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU MOELVRE

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular CONDITION

C

SITE STATUS SITING

Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2275;2276;42510

PART OF

42569

Part of barrow cemetery 42569. A well-preserved round mound with exposed white quartz blocks on two of its edges which may represent the remains of a kerb. The barrow has been dug into in the middle and around some of its sides, with the hollows used as sheep scrapes. Animal erosion is the biggest threat to this site, with damage visible particularly on the N side of the mound where sheep have been recently sheltering.

Almost 360 degree panorama with the view only obscured to the S (from 160-200 degrees) by the local summit on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) is located. To the WSW are the Preselis and to the W Frenni Fawr, with huge views also throughout the northern sector and over to the numerous barrows on the high ground to the ESE and SE (2316-8,1802,2319,2302,2303,2305), whose locations would have been visible even if the sites themselves were not. Intervisible also with the high ground on which the Trychrug-Crug Glas cemetery (42576), with an identical arangement of barrows to this hilltop, located to the SSW.

Overlooking a number of springs and small rivers to the E, NE and W.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0210

<u>PRN</u> 2275 <u>NGR</u> SN3267636121

SITE NAME CRUGIAU MOELVRE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH 2274;2276;42510

PART OF 42569

Part of barrow cemetery 42569. A well preserved round barrow, the easternmost of the group, and cut by the joining of three field boundaries which meet and run right over the top of the mound. Where intact the mound remains steep and high with some quartz stones visible in the hedgebank. Monument appears to remain in a stable condition.

<u>SITING</u>

SITING

Summit/flat/top

Summit/flat/top

Almost 360 degree panorama with the view only obscured to the S (from 160-200 degrees) by the local summit on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) is located. To the WSW are the Preselis and to the W Frenni Fawr, with huge views also throughout the northern sector and over to the numerous barrows on the high ground to the ESE and SE (2316-8,1802,2319,2302,2303,2305), whose locations would have been visible even if the sites themselves were not. Intervisible also with the high ground on which the Trychrug-Crug Glas cemetery (42576), with an identical arangement of barrows to this hilltop, located to the SSW.

Overlooking a number of springs and small rivers to the E,NE and W.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0212

PRN 2276 NGR SN3263636094

SITE NAME CRUGIAU MOELVRE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 2274;2275;42510

PART OF 42569

Part of barrow cemetery 42569. A reasonable well-preserved round barrow with a huge concave depression in its centre with some loose stones visible. Evidence of rabbit burrowing present with the mound also being eroded by sheep sheltering in the hollow on the N side of the site. Mound is grass covered and the quartz boulders which used to be visible are now underneath the turf.

Almost 360 degree panorama with the view only obscured to the S (from 160-200 degrees) by the local summit on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) is located. To the WSW are the Preselis and to the W Frenni Fawr, with huge views also throughout the northern sector and over to the numerous barrows on the high ground to the ESE and SE (2316-8,1802,2319,2302,2303,2305), whose locations would have been visible even if the sites themselves were not. Intervisible also with the high ground on which the Trychrug-Crug Glas cemetery (42576), with an identical arangement of barrows to this hilltop, located to the SSW.

Overlooking a number of springs and small rivers to the E, NE and W.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0211

NGR

SN33153101

SITE NAME **GARREG WEN**

STANDING STONE

SITE TYPE DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

В

FORM O.Struct

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

> SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2299

CONDITION

This magnificent standing stone is located in a pasture field on land gently sloping down to the E/ENE and is orientated E-W on its narrow sides, with its larger flat faces facing N-S. White quartz blocks and other stones are visible around its base and the stone also seems to be set within its own oval cairn, c.5m in diameter. The stone is well weathered on its N side.

Down the valley of the Fawr to the SE where it meets with Nant Gochen and over to the location of Crug Bach (2309) situated on the high ground on the other side of the river to the E.

SN32183408

On a hillslope sloping down to the ENE with Afon Fawr flowing past at the bottom.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0224

PRN

2293

NGR

CRUG Y GORLLWYN

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

FORM

SAM

SITE NAME

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITING

Summit/flat/top

CONDITION C ASSOCIATED WITH

The reasonably well-preserved remains of a round barrow, with a trig point on its top and located next to a weather radar station, visible from miles around. The area around the base of the trig point has been badly eroded and a number of small stones are visible on the surface of the mound. Some gorse bushes are also establishing themselves on the sides of the barrow.

Huge 360 degree views from the site all around the landscape, with Moelvre to the N, Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W, and the high ground to the E on which a number of other Bronze age barrows were located (2302,2303,2305,2312).

Overlooking a number of small streams which run down and along the hill on its NW side.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0220

PRN

2294

NGR

SN33423336

SITE NAME

CRUG MOCH

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2295

Remains of a round barrow, 0.7m high and c.17m in diameter lying at the edge of a pasture field. A hedgeline runs over the barrow from NW-SE and is running parallel to a track on the NE edge of the mound. White quartz blocks were visible on the surface of the mound, which is grass-covered with some well-established gorse bushes on its top.

360 degree panoramic views from the site. To the NW this barrow would have been intervisible with 2293 on top of the highest point in this landscape, whilst to the NNW is Moelvre hill and higher ground to the NE/ENE on this same plateau on which barrows 2302,2303 and 2305 are sited. This barrow may have been intervisible with Nant Sais barrow (2295) just over 1km away to NE. To the W the Preselis and Frenni Fawr are clearly visible.

Overlooking Afon Fawr to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0221

<u>PRN</u> 2295 <u>NGR</u> SN34353397

SITE NAME NANT SAIS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

B

SITE STATUS

SAM

SITING High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2294;2302

A large and well-preserved round barrow located at the edge of a forestry plantation and close to a stream meandering through this forestry on the SW edge of the site. The area all around the barrow is heavily waterlogged and boggy with potentially high palaeoenvironmental deposits. Some white quartz blocks were visible on what is otherwise a mound completely covered with gorse bushes.

Views today are blocked by the forestry plantation which surrounds the site in its SW sector, but it would have looked SW to Crug Moch (2294) and W over to Crug Gorllwyn (2293), with Moelvre and its associated barrows (2274-6) on the hill to the NW, and the other barrows on the same high plateau as this site spread out to the ENE. To the SE the site looked down the valley of the Afon Bele which flowed at the bottom of the hill on which the Nant Gronw barrows were located.

Adjacent to a small stream and located in a very wet and boggy part of the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0222

PRN 2296 NGR SN31023148

SITE NAME CRUG BACH FORM Earthwork

SITE NAME CRUG BACH FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> D <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 2297

Located c.350m to the NW of, and downslope from, Crug Ieuan (2297). The barrow remains in a pasture field as a low ground swelling, c.0.2m high, although it has not denuded in height since last visited by DAT

Fantastic views all around from the site, including the location of barrow 2293 on the hill next to Moelvre, also visible, to the NNE, with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W/WSW and to the NE over to the high plateau on which barrows 2302,2303,2305 and 2312 were located.

Overlooking Nant Hir to the N.

in 1984 and thus remains in a stable condition.

2297 **NGR** SN31253123 PRN

SITE NAME **CRUG IEUAN**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 2296;2298

FORM Earthwork

SAM SITE STATUS

> Local summit//top SITING

The barrow is located at the junction of a sharp bend in a road where it meets a farm track and in the corner of a pasture field. The barrow has been cut and damaged by a hedgeline which runs over the top of the barrow and also a telegraph pole and trig point erected on its summit. The barrow is located on the exact highest point of the immediate landscape and would have been intervisible with barrow 2296 lying downslope c.350m away to the NW. Large lumps of white quartz were visible within the exposed fabric of the barrow, whilst other lumps of quartz were noted in the hedgebank on the opposite side of the track and may have been robbed from the mound. The northern section of the barrow, the part in the pasture field, is the best preserved part of the monument, the other parts having been disturbed by the lay-by and road on the S side, the farm track and road sign on the E and SE sides and the telegraph pole and boundary line on the top

Fantastic complete 360 degree views from the site, with Moelvre slightly obscured by the hill in front of it with barrow 2293 on its summit to the N/NNE, Frenni Fawr and the Preselis visisble to the W and SW, Rhossili Down and the Gower to the S and Black Mountain to the E. Would possibly have been intervisible with Crug Disgwylfa (2298) sited c.1km to the NE before it was destroyed by the B4299 road, and also would have looked immediately over to the location of the four barrows at Trychrug (1132-4 & 1136) on the higher ground to the WNW.

Overlooking three streams: Nant Hir to the N, Dewo Fawr to the SW and Afon Cywyn to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0223

> SN32013179 <u>PRN</u> 2298 **NGR**

SITE NAME **CRUG DISGWYLFA**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

E ASSOCIATED WITH 2297 FORM Earthwork

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

SITING

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site has been destroyed by the B4229 road.

<u>PRN</u> 2299 <u>NGR</u> SN33183097

SITE NAME NANTYCERIG FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> D <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/moderate/middle <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 2292

In the field adjacent to standing stone 2292 and 50m SE of the stone are the remains of a possible round barrow, severely damaged and robbed of its cairn material but still retaining a circular shape. The ground all around the site is very stony and there are a number of large blocks of stone visible in the area of the barrow. The mound also appears to have an admixture of earth and stone, but when last visited by DAT in 1984 it was in a better state, measuring 20m in diameter, with a height of c.0.4m and consisting entirely of medium and large angular blocks of stone. In the last 15 years this site has been severely denuded and is now in a very sorry state indeed.

Intervisible with standing stone 2292 which lies c.50m to the NW of the site and which also had good views out to the E over to the higher ground and loction of Crug Bach (2309) as well as SE down the valley of the Fawr where it meets with Nant Gochen.

Afon Fawr flows at the bottom of the slope on which this cairn is sited.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2300 NGR SN34873108

ENAME BLAEN-FFYNNON FORM Cropmark

SITE NAME BLAEN-FFYNNON
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> <u>SITING</u> High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2309

Possible location of a now destroyed round barrow picked up from APs as a cropmark and located c.200m to the W of another barrow, Crug Bach (2309). No sign of a cairn or mound in this area, although it is within a well-cultivated pasture field and likely to have had any traces eradicated either by agricultural activity or when the relatively recent farm track running alongside the forestry plantation was built.

Fantastic views out from this location, shared with neighbouring barrow 2309, with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the SW/WSW, Black Mountain to the E, Rhosilli Down and the Gower to the S with the best views through the S sector from E to W. It is possible that this site, along with its neighbour 2309, would have been intervisible with standing stone 2292 and barrow 2299 located c.1.7km to the W

Located on high ground separating Nant Gochen from Afon Fawr.

SN35363490 PRN 2301 **NGR**

FORM Earthwork **CRUG Y DDALFA** SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular SITE STATUS SITING Hillslope/gentle/top D **CONDITION**

ASSOCIATED WITH 42512

A regularly ploughed barrow which as halved in height since last visited by DAT in 1984. Barrow has denuded and spread to a height of c.0.3m and is located in the NW corner of a pasture/silage field.

Fantastic views out from this site over the entire N sector from the W to the E, with the large hill of Moelvre visible to the WNW on which a number of round barrows were concentrated (2274-6 & 42510). May possibly have been intervisible with barrow 2311 to the E, with the view to the S obscured by the higher ground on which a number of other barrows (2302,2303,2305) were located, the sites themselves not visible from here although their location was.

Close to some springs and a small stream which flow into Nant Bargod visible to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SITE TYPE

SN35083423 PRN 2302 NGR

Earthwork CRUGYGORLLWYN **FORM** SITE NAME ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

High plateau/flat/top CONDITION В SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2303;2305;2295;42512

We were unable to gain access to the site, but were able to assess its condition from the road. This is a well-preserved round barrow, 20m in diameter and standing to a height of over 2m, located in a pasture field adjacent to a hedgeline which runs along the edge of a road. A large white quartz boulder was visible just to the N of the barrow whilst smaller white quartz stones were visible on the surface of the mound itself. There is some evidence of erosion and cattle-treading on the S side of the mound.

Shared the same excellent views as the other barrows located on the same high plateau and with which the site was intervisible (2303, 2305 and possibly 2311 and 2312). There were magnificent views out to the northern sector from W to E, with the large hill at Moelvre visible to the WNW on which a number of other round barrows were concentrated. Also visible was the high ground to the W on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) was situated, whilst to the E are the barrows on the high ground now engulfed by Waunfawr forestry

Close to a number of springs, 600m to the NE of the site.

PRN 2303 NGR SN35583414

SITE NAME CRUG PERFA FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 2311;2305;2302;42512

A large and well-preserved round barrow surrounded by boggy ground and located on top of a high plateau on which a number of other barrows were located E and W of this site. The barrow was a mixture of earth and stones, this material visible in the eroded part of the mound on its W side. A white quartz boulder is visible on the SW side of the barrow and other loose stones are visible on the surface of the mound. A small area of water is sitting on the SE side of the barrow, which stands some 1.7m high and 20m in diameter in a pasture field.

Fantastic views out from the site all around the northern sector from W to E, although part of that view today is blocked by forestry planatations on either side of the field in which this site is located. This barrow would have been intervisible with other barrows, particularly 2302 c.500m to the WNW and 2305, c.320m ENE of the site but now engulfed by forest. It may also have been possible to see barrow 2311 further to the ENE and 2312 to the ESE. At the W extreme of the view was the prominent hill on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) was situated, with Moelvre and its associated barrows to the WNW and the barrows on the high ground in the Waunfawr planation (2316-8) visible at the E extremity.

Overlooking a series of small springs further downslope to the N and the valley of Nant Bargod. The area around the barrow is very wet and boggy, and currently a small pond has formed next to the barrow on its SE side.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0233

PRN 2305 NGR SN35883424

SITE NAME CARN WERN FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2302;2303;2311;2312;42512

Deep within a conifer plantation in a small clearing lies the SE section of a round barrow, which may equally although less likely be a ring barrow, encroached on all sides by forestry. There is a clearly defined circular bank standing to a height of c.1m with a diameter of approx. 15m. Forest cover makes it difficult to assess the condition of the rest of the monument but it seems badly eroded in its northern sector by forestry activity. Within the middle of the barrow there has been some disturbance and digging, including animal activity (badgers?), which gives the barrow its current ring-like profile. The 'bank' is clearly defined and surrounds a flattened internal and shallower area with loose stones visible on the surface and lying underneath the moss and fern covering the site. The bank is lower on the planted side of the mound, whilst on the non-planted SE side the bank has been built up in height by the substantial moss and fern cover which also goes some way towards protecting the site. The width of the bank is some 3m at its maximum.

The site would have had wide views out over the landscape, particularly through the N sector from W to E, with the large hill at Moelvre visible to the WNW on which a number of other round barrows were concentrated (see group 42569). The barrow was intervisible with at least two other barrows located on the same high plateau as this monument, barrow 2311 1.4km to the NE and 2303 c.300m to the WSW. To the W it would have been ossible to see the hill on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) was located, whilst to the E there lies the high ground on which the barrows in the Waunfawr planation (2316-8) are situated. Today the views are blocked by the surrounding trees.

Close to a number of springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_029

NGR

SN36423281

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU NANT GRONW

SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

ROUND BARROW?

CONDITION

C

SITE STATUS

SITING

FORM

Hillslope/gentle/middle

Earthwork

SAM

ASSOCIATED WITH 2307;2308;2314;2315;2310;2327

PART OF

The remains of the most northerly round barrow in a group of three sites clustered on the W slopes of a gentle hill above Afon Bele. This site at present stands in an area of recently clear-felled forestry, and although difficult to access through all the brash left behind, it is nonetheless visitable and easily located with the GPS. The site has been upgraded from a D to a C condition, because although damaged, substantial parts of the monument remain in the landscape and it was not as badly damaged as expected. This site can be interpreted in one of two ways. Currently, the site consists of a clearly circular and well defined ring-bank, standing to a height of c.0.45m, the ring measuring c.2m in width and delimiting an overall diameter for the site of c.15m (including some spread). The ring is badly damaged on the W side and large lumps of white quartz are visible on the surface of the monument. A second smaller mound lies c.12m away to the S of this barrow at SN36423280 and has been interpreted as an associated burial mound, and possibly as one of the three mounds situated here at Nant Gronw. However, this is NOT the location of the third mound recorded by the OS which is situated at SN36403268 (PRN 2308) and located by us during this fieldwork now that the forestry has been cleared. A second interpretation for the barrow, therefore, is that it is not a ring-cairn but a round barrow, the second smaller mound a few metres away being the remains of a spoil heap dug from the site, with the third barrow actually c.150m away to the S.

The site is classified as both a possible round barrow and a possible ring barrow within the SMR.

The view to the N/NE is obscured by the land which rises up to a local highpoint on which another barrow, 2312, is situated. To the ESE of the site, a view now obscured today by forestry, and on the other side of a small stream which separates the two areas, are the remains of a round barrow (2315) and a chambered tomb (2314) which lie on the same contours as the barrows here at Nant Grow and may have originally been intervisible with them. The longest views here are out to the W.

Close to a natural spring, with Afon Bele running along at the bottom of the slope on which this site was located.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0234

PRN

2307

NGR

SN36203271

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU NANT GRONW

FORM

Earthwork

Hillslope/gentle/middle

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound C

SITE STATUS SAM SITING

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2308;2314;2315;2310;2327

PART OF

42578

The SW mound of a group of three barrows situated closely together at Nant Gronw. Barrow 2306 lies just over 200m to the NE, and barrow 2308 c.175m to the ESE. Now that the area around the monuments have been clear-felled they are all much easier to see, particularly this mound which is the best-preserved of them all. The mound here stands to a height of c.1.2m and is a clearly visible round mound lying on land gently sloping away to the W/WSW. The other two barrows of the group lie upslope from here. This barrow is damaged around its N side and has been eroded on its top, but otherwise remains in a reasonable condition.

Enjoys the same views as barrows 2306 and 2308. The view to the N/NE is obscured by the land which rises up to a local highpoint on which another barrow, 2312, is situated. To the ESE of the site, a view now obscured today by forestry, and on the other side of a small stream which separates the two areas, are the remains of a round barrow (2315) and a chambered tomb (2314) which lie on the same contours as the barrows here at Nant Grow and may have originally been intervisible with them. The longest views here are

Close to Afon Bele at the bottom of the slope, and also a natural spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0235

2308

NGR

SN36403268

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

CRUGIAU NANT GRONW

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

FORM

CONDITION

SITE STATUS SAM

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

Earthwork

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2307;2314;2315;2310;2327

PART OF

42578

The first NGR for this site refers to a barrow, 150m S of 2306, now visible although much damaged since the forestry was clear-felled and not a SAM. The second NGR refers to a small mound a few metres from the edge of barrow 2306, which is either a satellite mound to 2306 (if this site itself is interpreted as a ring barrow), or a spoil heap (if 2306 is interpreted as a round barrow that has been dug into) and is included within the scheduling remit for the area (SAM CM 109). The site originally recorded by the OS at SN36403268 has been severely denuded and is not particularly visible in the landscape, and especially not amongst the brash which covers the area. We located the site using this original NGR recorded by the OS plotted in our GPS. The site was particularly noticeable by the quantity of loose stone visible all around the area of the monument, and also discovered underneath the mossy vegetational cover disguising the site when probed with ranging rods. A possible cist arrangement consisting of a series of small stone uprights, 1m x 1.3m, set at right-angles to each other and orientated NNE-SSW was recorded and just visible on the surface of the monument.

Located further downslope from 2306 but with the same views. The view to the N/NE is obscured by the land which rises up to a local highpoint on which another barrow, 2312, is situated. To the ESE of the site, a view now obscured today by forestry, and on the other side of a small stream which separates the two areas, are the remains of a round barrow (2315) and a chambered tomb (2314) which lie on the same contours as the barrows here at Nant Grow and may have originally been intervisible with them. The longest views here are out to the W.

Close to Afon Bele and a natural spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0235

<u>PRN</u>

2309

NGR

SN35103104

SITE NAME

CRUG BACH

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

E

Earthwork

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

SITING

FORM

High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2300;2310

Nothing remains of this once extant round barrow. The mound has been destroyed by the construction of a water reservoir on its northernmost fringes, and by a modern farm track that has removed the S part of the barrow and may also be responsible for destroying any evidence of another round barrow, c.200m to the W of this site originally recorded from APs.

Fantastic views out from this location, shared with neighbouring barrow 2300, with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the SW/WSW, Black Mountain to the E, Rhosilli Down and the Gower to the S with the best views through the S sector from E to W. It is possible that this site, along with its neighbour 2300, would have been intervisible with standing stone 2292 and barrow 2299 located c.1.7km to the W

On high ground between Nant Gochen and Afon Fawr.

PRN 2310 NGR SN35963197

SITE NAME CRUG YR AST FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled
CONDITION E SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2307;2308;2309

No longer any visible presence of this once extant round barrow located on a local highpoint and overlooking Afon Bele and the Nant Gronw barrows (2306-8) across the water to the NE, and looking over the gully of Nant Gochen and towards the Crug Bach barrows (2309 and 2300) on the other side of the river to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2311 NGR SN37183470

SITE NAME CRUCTARW FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2303;2305;2312;42512

A well-defined round barrow, 1.7m high and c.20m in diameter located in a rough pasture field on top of a local high point on an undulating large high plateau on which this site, and a number of other barrows (2305,2303,2302 & 2312) were located. A concave depression is visible in the middle of the barrow, and this has marsh-grass growing within it, with gorse-bushes established on the slope of the mound. There is some evidence of disturbance to the mound but none recent. A possible outer bank and ditch were noted on the S side of the mound.

Magnificent views out from the site all through the northern sector from W to E. This site was intervisible with barrow 2305 located c.1.4km away and on the same high plateau on which this barrow was built. The barrow has commanding views out over the local topography, with the large hill at Moelvre visible to the WNW, on which a number of round barrows were concentrated (42569) and also the hill to the left of Moelvre on top of which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) was sited. To the ESE the location of barrows 2316-8 on the high ground would have been visible, which is now enclosed within the Waunfawr conifer plantation.

Overlooking Nant Bargod to the NE and close to other small streams.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0230

PRN 2312 NGR SN36893369

SITE NAME CRUG PENDWLL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2305;2311;2327

The remains of a denuded round barrow, 16m in diameter and only c.0.2m high, surviving as a faint ground swelling at the E end of a pasture field. The monument has not decreased in height in the last 15 years since previously visited by DAT and thus remains in a stable condition.

Fantastic views out from the site especially to the N and E. To the NW there is the large hill of Moelvre on which a concentration of round barrows were located (group PRN 42569). To the WNW it is likely that this barrow would have been intervisible with barrows 2305 and 2303, but today this view is blocked by conifer plantations. This barrow may also have been intervisible with barrow 2311 to the NNE and white quartz standing stone 2327, now engulfed within forestry, to the WSW/SW. To the E the site overlooks the location of barrows 2316-8 on the high ground in Waunfawr woods and may also have just been able to look over to the barrows on the high ground on the other side of the Duad at Crugiau Fach (1805-6) to the ESE.

On high ground in between Afon Bele and Afon Bargod.

PRN 2314 **NGR** SN37383258

SITE NAME CERRIG LLWYDION **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE **CHAMBERED TOMB**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Chambered Cairn-long SITE STATUS SAM CONDITION D **SITING** High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2307;2308;2315

The remains of a much mutilated chambered long cairn, with only one chamber left in any kind of order which has been incorporated into a stone and hedge field boundary. The surrounding cairn material has been robbed away, possibly for building the boundaries around the site, but some blocks of stone remain, and there was evidence for potentially two further cists/chambers on the E side of the monument. An account of 1877 makes reference to stones being broken up and removed to build the house at Nantyclawdd (Arch.Cambr.) and may indicate that more than one chamber originally existed within the long cairn, the orthostats having been destroyed sometime in the first half of the 19th century. The extant chamber opens to the N and is fenced off on a boundary line which divides two farms on the top of a N-S flat tongue of upland. There is a tree growing immediately outside the entrance to the chamber and a white quartz block visible at its root. The portion of the monument that would have existed on the W side of the field boundary has been cleared during land improvement measures and nothing remains of the monument on this side.

Good views out to the S and SSE over the uplands and also looks NE up to the high ground (now forestry) on which barrows 2316-8 were located and these barrows may have been visible from this site.

Located on high ground between Afon Cloddil to the E and Afon Bele to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0227

> SN37283237 <u>PRN</u> 2315 **NGR**

SITE NAME CRUG CLUN GOCH **FORM** Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound Not Scheduled SITE STATUS D <u>SITING</u> High plateau/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2307;2308;2314

Located c.220m SSW of chambered tomb 2314, slightly downslope and on a flat tongue of land running N-S, and S down towards the junction of the Afon Bele with the Cloddil and Duad at Cwmduad. This barrow is covered with gorse bushes and has a water reservoir built on top and on its northern side, destroying this part of the mound. It is no longer possible to see the surface of the barrow, although when last visited by DAT in 1984 a number of white quartz blocks were visible on the surface of the portion of the mound which survived to the S.

Good views to the S down the valley of the Duad and may have overlooked the tumuli at Nant Gronw (2306-8) to the WNW. To the NE this barrow overlooked the high ground on which barrows 2316-8 were sited, with the view to the N obscured by the higher ground rising immediately beyond the site and on which the chambered tomb was prominent.

On high ground between the two rivers, overlooking their confluence to the S where they also join with the Duad.

DIGITAL CAMERA

CONDITION

PRN 2316 NGR SN39113349

SITE NAME CRUG GLAS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular
CONDITION
C
SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2317;2318;10446;10447

<u>PART OF</u> 42577

We were frustratingly unable to find a way into the forestry area containing this and other sites in the Waunfawr plantation. None of the tracks shown on our Pathfinder map were either visible or passable apart from the main footpath adjacent to stone 1803. From recent AM107 reports, however, the barrow remains in a reasonable condition although damaged by previous forestry activity.

Although the view is currently restricted by the forestry which surrounds the site, this barrow was clearly intervisible with the other barrows (2317,2318 & possible mounds 10446 and 10447) which were aligned in a roughly linear NE-SW orientation on the same spine of high ground on which this barrow was located, to the NE. This barrow was also visible from the barrow pair at Crugiau Fach (1805 & 1806) to the SSE, and also from barrows 1802 and 2319 to the S.

Located on a spine of high land above the Afon Duad.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 2317 <u>NGR</u> SN39393363

SITE NAME CRUG BACH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2316;2318;10446;10447

<u>PART OF</u> 42577

We were frustratingly unable to find a way into the forest area containing this and other sites in the Waunfawr plantation. None of the tracks shown on our Pathfinder map were either visible or passable apart from the main footpath adjacent to stone 1803. From recent AM107 reports, however, the barrow remains in a reasonable condition although damaged by previous forestry activity.

Although the view is currently restricted by the forestry which surrounds the site, this barrow was clearly intervisible with the other barrows (2316,2318 & possible mounds 10446 and 10447) which were aligned in a roughly linear NE-SW orientation on the same spine of high ground on which this barrow was located. This barrow was also visible from the barrow pair at Crugiau Fach (1805 & 1806) to the SSE, and also from barrows 1802 and 2319 to the S.

Located on high ground above and to the WNW of Afon Duad.

PRN 2318 NGR SN39903397

SITE NAME CARN WEN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

 DESCRIPTIVE TYPE
 Cairn-circular
 SITE STATUS
 SAM

 CONDITION
 D
 SITING
 Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2316;2317;10446;10447;42577

We were frustratingly unable to find a way into the forestry area containing this and other sites in the Waunfawr plantation. None of the tracks shown on our Pathfinder map were either visible or passable apart from the main footpath adjacent to stone 1803. From recent AM107 reports, however, the barrow remains in a reasonable condition although damaged by previous forestry activity.

Although the view is currently restricted by the forestry which surrounds the site, this barrow was clearly intervisible with the other barrows (2316,2317 & possible mounds 10446 and 10447) which were aligned in a roughly linear NE-SW orientation on the same spine of high ground on which this barrow was located, to the SW. This barrow was also visible from the barrow pair at Crugiau Fach (1805 & 1806) to the SSE, and also from barrows 1802 and 2319 to the S.

On high ground to the NW above Afon Duad.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 2319 <u>NGR</u> SN39603147

SITE NAME CRUG BACH FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B SITING
ASSOCIATED WITH 1802

A spread but well-preserved round barrow further along the same high plateau and to the SW of a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments spread over 2km to the NE and following the course of the

Afon Duad which runs along the bottom of this high ground to the W. The barrow remains standing to a height of c.1.3m metres and has been spread from a recorded diameter in 1982 of 22m to a current width of c.30m, as well as reducing in height from 2m to its current state. The grass-covered mound has an even and rounded profile.

Fantastic views out from the hilltop on which this site is located. This barrow would have been intervisble with a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, including barrows 2316,2317, and 2318 on the high ground to the NW, possibly barrow 1804 as an outlier to the pair of barrows at Crugiau Fach which are definitely visible to the NE, and barrow 1802 also to the NE. There were also wide views out through the eastern sector over the valley of Nant Aeron and the high ground up to the ESE on which barrow cemetery 11115, was located, and Frenni Fawr is just visible to the W.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0250

<u>PRN</u> 2320 NGR SN36363040

Earthwork SITE NAME CRUG Y BIGWRN FORM

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **SITING** Hillslope/gentle/middle D

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

The remains of a spread and ploughed down round barrow, now cut by a modern fenceline running N-S over the top of the mound. The mound has halved in height since last visited by DAT in 1984, as a result of modern farming practices.

Good views out to the the whole of the eastern sector and along the valley of the Duad to the NE and up to the high ground on which barrows 2319 and 1802 are located. To the W can be seen the valleys of the Gochen and the Fawr where they meet and Nant Gochen then continues to the SSE.

Lying close to a number of springs and between two streams.

ROUND BARROW

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 2324 NGR SN37833350

Earthwork SITE NAME **CRUG Y DURN** <u>FORM</u>

SITE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound Hillslope/gentle/middle D **SITING** CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

Located on a break of slope on an gentle hillside just before the land runs down to the E and the stream of Afon Cloddil. Only faintly visible as a ground swelling at the top of a pasture field. Monument has not denuded any further since last visited by DAT in 1984.

Good views to the N and S down the valleys of the Bargod to the N and Cloddil and Duad to the S. Also looks over to the high ground to the E on which round barrows 2316, 2317 and 2318 are located, and ESE/SE over to barrows 1805,1806,1802 and 2319 respectively.

Adjacent to the Afon Cloddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0226

2327 **NGR** SN35753337 PRN

O.Struct **FORM** SITE NAME **GARREG WEN**

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Hillslope/moderate/W В SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 2306;2307;2308;2312

Unable to gain access to this stone due to dense afforestation all around the site, which was also the case when the stone was last visited in 1984, although the trees have matured for a further 15 years since then. It is recorded as a white quartz boulder, with packing stones around its base, and is likely to remain in a stable condition until such time as the forestry is felled. This stone potentially marks the start of a concentration of monuments following the course of the Afon Bele as it flows to the SE to meet with the Cloddil and Duad rivers, and is part of a wider landscape which is particularly dense in prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments. (see discussion under 1802).

Would have possibly been intervisible with the tumuli at Nant Gronw to the SE (2306-2308) which were located on a different slope of the same high ground on which this stone was also situated, and on the same contour (255m).

Overlooking Afon Bele which runs along the bottom of this hill to the SW.

<u>PRN</u>

2328

NGR

SN35173407

SITE NAME

BLAEN PANT

O.Struct **FORM**

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

SITING

Not Scheduled High plateau//top

CONDITION

U

ASSOCIATED WITH 42512

Unable to gain access to assess the condition of this stone due to it having been engulfed by forestry.

Shared the same views as nearby barrow 2303 which was located on the same high plateau as this stone, c.400m to the E/ENE.

Originally in waterlogged ground close to a number of springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3381

NGR

SN440353

SITE NAME

FELIN BELE

FORM Finds

INHUMATION SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITE STATUS

SITING

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

3402

NGR

SN381222

SITE NAME

BWLCH MAENLLWYD

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

3439

NGR

SN288285

SITE NAME

CRUG BACH

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

FORM

Earthwork

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

<u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

SN12311893 **PRN** 3729 **NGR**

Earthwork **FORM** SITE NAME **GAER Y**

SITE TYPE **HENGE?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-oval SITE STATUS SAM Level/gentle/top C SITING

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

Large oval-shaped enclosure with the lowered bowl-like interior giving the impression of an amphitheatre. Defined by an exterior bank with a possible entrance on the SSE side. The field is still cultivated and the banks have been spread by ploughing but the monument remains impressive on the landscape. This site is similar to the henge at Castell Garw (1024) and is likely to be a ritual rather than domestic/defended enclosure, dating to the late Neolithic/early Bronze age.

The site overlooks Frenni Fawr clearly to the N and the Preselis to the NW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0316;Dcp 0586;Dcp_0587

NGR SN13771844 <u>PRN</u> 3733

Earthwork FORM SITE NAME **BRYN DWYRAIN**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS level/flat/middle SITING C CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

A well defined circular earthen mound standing to c.0.75m with a diameter of c.30m. The mound has been ploughed and spread but nonetheless remains in a reasonable condition. It is located on a flat tongue of low-lying land in a poorly-drained pasture field and the area around the mound is waterlogged and boggy.

Fantastic views to the E, N and W. To the N Frenni Fawr is visible with the Preselis to the NW.

Close to s spring and a series of streams.

3816

Dcp 0315;Dcp 0585 DIGITAL CAMERA

SN19341050 **PRN**

Earthwork SITE NAME PARC Y TWMP **FORM**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

NGR

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle В CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

A large and well-defined round barrow standing to a height of just over 2m in a pasture field at a point where the land begins to gently slope down to the S. On the N side of the monument there is a 9x1m trench excavated into the mound which looks to be recently back-filled. This back-fill is an admixture of soil and small shales, with some larger angular blocks of stone, and on the S side of the mound there is a similar trench.

Good views along the valley to the E and towards the high ground of Marros Mountain to the S.

Close to a number of springs and a small stream.

Dcp_0251 DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

3819

NGR

SN21780927

SITE NAME

GREENBRIDGE CIRCLE

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

RING BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

Originally the location of a ring cairn part-excavated in 1911 by Treherne. On the last DAT field visit in 1985 the site was barely visible, and 15 years on the site has been completely destroyed and we could find no trace of the monument or any associated features at all in the immediate area.

Viewshed focused to the SE along the valley and towards the sea.

Close to a small stream which ran along the bottom of the hillslope on which the site was situated and 2km from Pendine sands and the sea.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3820

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular

NGR

SN212091

SITE NAME

PWLL MOUNTAIN II

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

RING BARROW?

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 3821

Not a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument but along with immediately adjacent structure 3821 forms the outline of a later Iron Age or perhaps Mediaeval domestic settlement enclosure. Interior and exterior walls of the homestead are clearly visible although denuded. Site should be properly surveyed and recorded. Site has been additionally classified as a homestead within the SMR.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3821

NGR

SN212091

SITE NAME

PWLL MOUNTAIN III

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

RING BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 3820

Not a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument but along with immediately adjacent structure 3820 forms the outline of a later Iron Age or perhaps Mediaeval domestic settlement enclosure. Interior and exterior walls of the homestead are clearly visible although denuded. Site should be properly surveyed and recorded. The site has been additionally classified in the SMR as a homestead.

<u>PRN</u>

3822

NGR

SN22130743

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

MORFA BYCHAN "A"

CHAMBERED TOMB

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Chambered Cairn-oval

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 3825;7634;42519

PART OF

4314

FORM

SITE STATUS **SAM**

SITING

Coastal ridge/steep/top

Earthwork

The best preserved of the four chambered tombs situated on a rocky terrace at Morfa Bychan. A rectangular chamber, measuring 2x1m and 1.3m high and defined by 8 orthostats, appears to open to the east with a large slab acting as a 'closing' or blocking stone at its eastern and. The chamber is surrounded by a cairn, which stands to a height of c.1m and extends for a diameter of c.10m, and this tomb is the most southerly of a roughly linear arrangement of tombs which run along the length of, although not parallel with, a prominent limestone outcrop escarpment to the W known as 'The Druid's Altar'. The capstone of the chamber has fallen and lies propped up against the 3 uprights which form the south side of the chamber. The extent and shape of the cairn, and its relationship to the chamber, is easily observed from the top of the limestone outcrop. This site is only intervisible with tomb 'B' (3823) which lies 40m away to the N.

Fantastic views out to the E, over to Gilman's Point (on top of which is a possible ring barrow and prehistoric enclosure (3828) and Iron Age promontory fort) and Pendine sands, as well as out to sea and along the Carmartheshire coast.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0606;Dcp_0607;Dcp_0609

PRN

3823

NGR

SN22140748

SITE NAME

MORFA BYCHAN "B"

CHAMBERED TOMB

SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Chambered Cairn-circular

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 42518;3825;7634;42519

PART OF

4314

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE STATUS SAM SITING

Lying 75m south of tomb 'C' (3824) and 40m north of tomb 'A' (3822) this is a well-preserved chambered cairn, although there has been some damage to its fabric. A possible chamber opens to the E, looking over to Gilman Point and the long stretch of sands at Pendine, and leads W to a pentagonal chamber consisting of at least 7 uprights. Two particularly large slabs now lying to the E and NW of the chamber may be possible displaced roofstones. Large blocks and rubble are in situ and define the definite circular edge of the cairn, with the whole are infilled with a number of angular blocks of stone. This tomb lies 15m S of the cupmarked stone (42518) recorded during fieldwork in January 2001. The circular nature of the cairn material and the relationship of the chamber to the cairn is easily appreciated by standing on the top of the limestone escarpment running to the W of the tombs and affords an 'aerial' view of both this site and tomb A.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0605;Dcp_608;Dcp_0610

PRN 3824 **NGR** SN22160754

MORFA BYCHAN "C" SITE NAME **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE **CHAMBERED TOMB**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group SITE STATUS

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 3825;42518

4314 PART OF

80m S of Morfa Bychan 'D' (3825) and 75m north of tomb 'B' (3823), this tomb is one of four chambered tombs located on a rocky terrace at the foot of a limestone escarpment just north of Ragwen Point at Marros. The tomb is more ruined than the others, and in many ways its shape is more easily discernible when viewed from the prominent outcrop which rises above the tomb, known as 'The Druid's Altar' (see Dcp 0613). The remains of the monument consist of a series of uprights and some blocks of the cairn material, but no capstone in situ. From the eastern edge of the cairn it is possible to see Tomb 'D' to the N and tombs 'A' (3822) and 'B' are also intervisible to the S. The tomb also looks over to Gilman Point and the possible ring cairn and prehistoric enclosure (3838).

SAM

Coastal ridge/steep/top

SITING

Out to the sea, along Pendine sands to the E and across to Gilman Point.

Located by the sea

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0603;Dcp 0613

PRN 3825 **NGR** SN22160762

SITE NAME MORFA BYCHAN "D" **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE **CHAMBERED TOMB**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Chambered Cairn SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION SITING Coastal ridge/steep/top С

ASSOCIATED WITH 3822;3823;3824;42518

PART OF 4314

The most northerly of four chambered tombs located below a limestone rock escarpment on a rock-strewn clifftop just N of Ragwen Point at Marros. The massive capstone is supported by 11, and possibly 13, smaller uprights creating a subterranean chamber surrounded by a low circular cairn of angular blocks of stone. A small passage leads from the edge of the cairn to the chamber area which is light and cool, with very good acoustics. The monument appears to make use of the natural edge of the rocky escarpment on one side, and is currently surrounded by a ring of gorse on its eastern edge. There are extensive views from the site along the Pendine sands to the east and is intervisible with 3828 (a possible ring cairn and/or prehistoric settlement) situated on top of the opposite headland of Gilman Point.

Overlooking the sea to the S, Pendine sands and Gilman Point to the E and just intervisible with tomb C (3824) to the SSE.

Located on a windswept cliff-top rocky terrace on the Pembrokeshire Coastal path.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0602;Dcp 0617

SN21290783 PRN 3835 **NGR**

HAMMER'S END **FORM** Earthwork SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH 3836;7682

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

> SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

A reasonably well-preserved although damaged round barrow which is surrounded by a definite ditch, c.1m wide, and a possible bank. Some robbing of the cairn material has taken place which accounts for the central depression and damage to the cairn. Lots of small and medium-sized angular blocks are visible on the surface of the mound and there is also some damage caused to the monument by horse-treading.

Fantastic views along the Pembrokeshire coast to the W and also looks over to the location of the Morfa Bychan cairns to the SE.

Overlooking the sea at Marros

Dcp_0590;Dcp_0591 DIGITAL CAMERA

SN21440754 <u>PRN</u> 3836 **NGR**

HAMMER'S END **FORM** Earthwork SITE NAME

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS

Hillslope/moderate/middle В SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 3835

A pronounced large bracken-covered round barrow, standing to a good height, c.1.3m, with a number of angular blocks of stone visible over its surface. Some damage was noted to the barrow on its southern and western sides where it has possibly been robbed for stone. The site enjoyed the same good views as 3835, situated c.300m away upslope to the NW, and thus looked over to the location of the Morfa Bychan cairns to the SE and along the Pembrokeshire coastline to the W.

Out to sea and along the coastline in both directions.

Located overlooking the sea.

Dcp_0593 **DIGITAL CAMERA**

PRN 3840 NGR SN23520954

CADNO TUMULUS **FORM** Earthwork SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

D SITING Hillslope/moderate/top CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

This mound is still visible in the landscape but has been dramatically reduced in height since previously visited in 1985 by DAT when it stood c.1m high. The field, including the barrow, used to be regularly ploughed, hence the denudation of the barrow, but now the monument stands in a pasture field with cattle grazing and is possibly in a more stable condition. The site was part-excavated in 1909-10 during which a number of cremated bones, pottery urns and other finds were recovered.

Fantastic views out from the site, particularly throughout the S sector overlooking the sea. Virtually a 360 degree panorama with only the view to the N obscured by the land rising up immediately behind the site to the summit of the hill on which this barrow is located.

Overlooking Pendine sands and the sea to the S.

PRN

3842

NGR

SN20710893

SITE NAME

ST LAWRENCE'S CHURCH

<u>FORM</u> Finds

SITE TYPE

CREMATION

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

PRN

3851

NGR

SN28550927

SITE NAME

COYGAN

<u>FORM</u>

O.Struct

Finds

Not Scheduled

Not Scheduled

Not Scheduled

Not Scheduled

SITE TYPE

INHUMATION

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 3859

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed by the limestone quarry.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3858

NGR

SN285091

SITE NAME

COYGAN

SITE TYPE **INHUMATION?**

SITE STATUS

FORM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITING

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3859

NGR

SN28000958

SITE NAME

PLASHYATT

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

<u>FORM</u> Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn **CONDITION**

E

SITE STATUS

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 3851

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

<u>PRN</u>

3866

NGR

SN20341536

SITE NAME

RHIW ROSSER MOUND

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

 \mathbf{E}

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Earthwork

SITING

FORM

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible hut.

No archaeological traces of a monument remain, with the monument having been bulldozed away and the field put under cultivation in 1975. The stones that once formed part of the monument have been removed to the lower corner of the field at SN20441535, and it is impossible to assign a category to these remains with any certainty.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

3867

NGR

SN23431547

SITE NAME

DOLWERYDD

Earthwork FORM

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE CONDITION

U

Hillslope/moderate/middle SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 13061;13370;29504

PART OF

29504

In the area where the monument is situated there have been a series of land improvement measures, particularly the dumping of large amounts of shattered shale which the farmer said he had put there to stop the water running down from the fields and into the farmyard. The farmer recalls the barrow but the shale has been dumped over the top of the monument, so some traces of the monument may exist underneath.

The view would have particularly been down to the valley of the River Taf and over to the rising land on the other side of the river to the E and ENE. The view W was obscured by the land which rose up to the summit of the hill where cairnfield 13370 and barrow 13061 were located.

Located on a hillslope leading down to the River Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0642

<u>PRN</u>

3878

NGR

SN27521589

SITE NAME

EITHIN BACH MOUND

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

3879

PART OF

42582

A substantial round barrow truncated on its NW edge by a hedgeline and track leading down to Maes-y-Coed farm. The mound stands to a good height, c.1.3m, and has a clearly defined circular edge and rounded profile. The mound appears to have been dug into on its southern side at some point, but otherwise the barrow is in very good condition. Cropmark barrow 3879, c.80m to the NE, is on slightly lower ground and could mean that originally this site was one of a barrow pair intervisible with each other.

There are good views from the site from 200-140 degrees through north and almost an entire panorama. The view from 140-200 degrees (SE-S) is obscured by the hillslope on which this mound is situated rising up to the SE and thus obscuring the view of the actual confluence of the two rivers.

Located close to the confluence of the River Taf with the Afon Cynin at the NW end of a local highpoint.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0060

PRN 3879 SN27591593 **NGR**

SITE NAME **EITHIN FACH FORM** Cropmark

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3878 PART OF 42582

3882

Unable to see any visible trace of this cropmark round barrow in the field, although if and when extant this mound would have been one of a barrow pair (42582), its twin 3878 located c.80m to the SW of this site and intervisible with it, although now both barrows are separated by a small road.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN NGR SN29541501 **PANT DWFN**

SITE NAME FORM Earthwork SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D High plateau/flat/middle SITING

3902 ASSOCIATED WITH PART OF 42581

Severely denuded and spread round barrow located towards the top end of a large and regularly ploughed field. Field used for silage during summer so this site is best visited in the winter months when the grass has been cut. It is likely that the barrow will soon be eradicated by ploughing. May have formed one of a pair with barrow 3902 which lies just over 100m away to the SE on the same plateau of land and both sites are likely to have been intervisible, the view between them today only obscured by modern field boundaries.

Good views out to the N and E over towards the valley of the River Cywyn, with a viewshed of 250-180 degrees through N. To the NW on the horizon can be seen Frenni Fawr, Llanboidy windfarm and the Preselis.

Located on high ground between the River Taf to the W and the Afon Cywyn to the E.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0598 PRN 3898 NGR SN24361031

SITE NAME CASTLE LLOYD TUMULUS I <u>FORM</u> Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular **SAM** SITE STATUS

CONDITION C

SITING Summit/gentle/top ASSOCIATED WITH 3899

The ploughed and spread remains of a large round barrow located on top of a local highpoint of land in a high plateau of undulating gently rolling hills. This barrow is being damaged by ploughing, the furrows visible running over the top of the monument, with lots of loose stones visible all over the area of the mound. Tracks are also visible running over the top of the mound and have slightly dug into the barrow on its SE side.

This barrow was sited in a commanding location with incredible views. Throughout the SE sector there were huge views over Camarthen Bay, with Rhosilli Down, the Gower and Worms Head visible to the SE, Lundy Island to the S, Caldey Island to the SW, the Preselis to the NW/NNW and Frenni Fawr and the Llanbody wind farm to the N. Throughout the NE sector there were fantastic views of the Towy estuary and Black Mountain right round to the start of Carmarthen Bay to the ESE. The view was only partially blocked from being a complete 360 degree panorama by the next hill to the W of the site, which obscured the view from 290-310 degrees. The farmer told us that on a clear night it was even possible to see the lights of Ilfracombe, Devon from this site.

Located close to a spring and small stream which run S and down to the sea at Llanmiloe/Pendine.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0145

> 3899 SN24481066 PRN **NGR**

CASTLE LLOYD TUMULUS II Earthwork SITE NAME **FORM**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-long SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

E **SITING** CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 3898

Situated just below the local summit on which barrow 3898 is located. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Regularly ploughed field. Site destroyed c, 1905.

Good views E over to Taf estuary.

PRN 3902 **NGR** SN29681493

SITE NAME **BRYNHELIG** <u>FORM</u> Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular **SITE STATUS** Not Scheduled

CONDITION C High plateau/gentle/middle <u>SITING</u> **ASSOCIATED WITH** 3882 42581

Well preserved and substantial round barrow, standing some 1.3m high with a diameter of c.35m. Possibly formed a pair with mound 3882 100m away to the NE with which it would have been intervisible. The farmer is sympathetic to the monument and ploughs only around the mound and not over it. In the past he has attempted to plough it but can only get to a depth of c.0.2m before he hits stone, suggesting this is a round barrow cairn rather than simply an earthen mound, which has no doubt contributed to its preservation.

Looks SE towards the Cynyn/Taf estuary and also has fantastic views around the landscape from W to E through north, with Frenni Fawr, Llanboidy windfarm and the Preselis visible on the horizon in the NW sector, o

Located on high ground separating the river Taf to the W from the Afon Cynin to the E, with both rivers meeting at the Taf estuary to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0599

3904

PART OF

<u>PRN</u> **NGR** SN2563414875

SITE NAME FORM LLAIN Y COLLEGE O.Struct SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION Α Floodplain/flat/edge <u>SITING</u> ASSOCIATED WITH

A tall and tapering standing stone, 1.3m high, 0.5m at its base and narrowing to 0.25m at its top, with a breadth of 0.5m. The stone stands in a flat pasture field, in long grass and is orientated NW-SE on its narrow sides, and NE-SW for its larger flat faces. On past field visits by DAT this stone has wrongly been confused with 8046, located in an adjacent field and of which there is no trace.

Good views along the valley of the Taf to the W and E, today obscured by trees.

Located on the floodplain of the Afon Taf to the S of the river.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0144 <u>PRN</u> 3912 <u>NGR</u> SN26661080

SITE NAME TAFARN DIFLAS I FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS SAM

<u>CONDITION</u> C

ASSOCIATED WITH 3913;3915

PART OF 42580

One of a pair of barrows (42580), this site being a SAM, its twin 3913 c.100m away upslope to the NE and intervisible with it, not having SAM status and therefore being unprotected and much more severely denuded. This barrow stands at a height of c.1.25m with a diameter of c.16m and a clearly defined circular shape and rounded profile.

SITING

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

Hillslope/gentle/top

Fantastic views to the NW and out to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr. The view across to the rest of the plateau to the SE is today obscured by modern field boundaries and farm buildings but originally this barrow is likely to have been intervisible not only with its twin barrow 100m away to the NE, but also with now almost destroyed round barrow 3915 which was originally located on the same contour 700m away to the ESE.

Overlooking the Taf estaury to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0150

PRN 3913 NGR SN26761086

SITE NAME TAFARN DIFLAS II FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 3912;3915

PART OF 42580

One of a pair of barrows, the least well-preserved of the two, with its twin 3912 located slightly downslope c.100m away to the SW. The barrow has been ploughed and spread and is severely denuded to a height of c.0.25m. During ploughing it has been recorded that three flint artefacts (a scraper, a blade and a flake) have been found on the surface of the mound, which was also partially excavated in 1921 when two cremations were discovered.

Fantastic 360 degree views all around the landscape, over to the Taf estuary and also out to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the NW. This barrow was intervisible with its twin 3912, and also would have been interivisble with another barrow, 3915, located c.700m to the SE.

Overlooking the Taf estuary to the SE.

<u>PRN</u> 3914 <u>NGR</u> SN28441144

SITE NAME LLANDAWKE MAEN HIR FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> M

ASSOCIATED WITH

There was no sign of this stone in either of the two grid references given to the site in the SRF. If we had found the stone, recorded as moved and recumbent at SN28441138 by the OS in 1967, then it would have been sited within a gully running between two hillslopes, and perhaps its original location was further upslope from which there would have been greater views.

SITING

Gully/gentle/middle

Possibly originally further upslope from its recorded moved position, from which it would have had good views out over the Taf.

Overlooking the Taf estuary and close to a small stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 3915 <u>NGR</u> SN27321045

SITE NAME PARC Y CNAP FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3912;3913

Situated just downslope from the local highpoint and 700m SE of barrows 3912 and 3913. Traces of a very slight earthen mound visible in the field c.10m in from the hedgeline. The mound is very spread and denuded from its original form and now measures some 30m in diameter. The field is regularly ploughed and it is unlikely that the barrow will survive for much longer if current agricultural practice is maintained.

Good views out to the ESE and over to the Taf estuary.

Close to the Taf estuary at Laugharne.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0646

<u>PRN</u> 3917 <u>NGR</u> SN29491005

SITE NAME BROADWAY STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/steep/bottom

ASSOCIATED WITH

A rectangular thin flat slab, leaning to the ENE, with is larger flat faces orientated SSE-NNW. The stone stands 1.4m high, and measures 0.7m at its base on its large flat side, narrowing to 0.5m at the top. The stone is a slab of Old Red Sandstone, and has been used as a cattle-rubbing stone, with evidence of animal-treading and a hollow around its base.

The site itself may have been visible hills and ridges that enclose the view from this site.

Located close to a small stream and the Taf estuary at Laugharne.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0146

<u>PRN</u>

3926

NGR

SN21392654

SITE NAME

CRUGYWEL

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

CONDITION

C

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS SAM

SITING High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 3935;3936;12039;12044;12045;12043;12041;

A large round barrow, c.22m in diameter, now with a cone-shaped clearance cairn of white quartz boulders on top of the mound, which may have originally capped the monument. The barrow currently lies in a field now used for grazing cattle. There is some erosion to the mound on its top and NW side from cattle-treading but otherwise remains in a stable condition.

Fantastic views out from the site, with Frenni Fawr to the N, the Preselis to the W and NW, and immediately adjacent to the Llanboidy windfarm, visible for miles around. The location of this barrow, if not the site itself, was visible from the standing stones at Berllandawel (42513-4) to the WNW and more immediately from the numerous other barrows located on this high plateau c.400m to the S of the site.

SN245275

On high ground between two streams.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0217

PRN

3928

NGR

SITE NAME

CASTELL MAWR

ROUND BARROW?

SITE TYPE

ASSOCIATED WITH 3929

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

Ε

PART OF

42589

FORM Earthwork

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. One of a pair of barrows ploughed out of existence.

Good views down the valley of Afon Sien.

Located overlooking the junction of two streams which join to flow as Afon Sien to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3929

NGR

SN245275

SITE NAME

CASTELL MAWR

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

FORM

SITING

Not Scheduled

Hillslope/gentle/middle

Earthwork

CONDITION

PART OF

E

ASSOCIATED WITH 3928

42589

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. One of a pair of barrows ploughed out of existence.

Along the valley of Afon Sien to the SE.

Located overlooking the confluence of two streams which join to flow into the Afon Sien.

PRN

3930

NGR

SN20962523

SITE NAME

NOLAIS TUMULUS

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

C

<u>SITING</u> False crest/moderate/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 3948;8870;3949;3951;3950;14190

Situated c.650m NE from, and perhaps an outlier of, the linear barrow 14190, this round barrow lies at the top of a pasture field, with the southern half of the original barrow having been destroyed by a modern road. The field is regularly ploughed and there looks to be some damage to the barrow on its NE edge.

Looks NNE towards Llanboidy windfarm and the setting of another series of Bronze age monuments at Pantglas (12039) and also Crug Hywel (3926).

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0332

<u>PRN</u>

3931

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN23492888

SITE NAME

CRUGELWIN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SAM SITE STATUS

CONDITION

R

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

Barrow and the area surrounding it completely impenetrable due to dense vegetational cover, especially gorse. The barrow does not look to have declined in condition but it may be advisable for at least some of the vegetation to be cleared from the site.

Fantastic views all around from the site, and particularly over to Frenni Fawr to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

3933

NGR

SN20142694

SITE NAME

CRUG BACH

SITE TYPE

FORM

Earthwork

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SAM

CONDITION

C

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 5073

An elliptical barrow located adjacent to a hedgebank at the top of a pasture field. The barrow still stands to a good height, c.1m, and remains in a stable condition. It is included within the scheduled area Cm134, which also includes another mound, 5073, within its remit, described by Cadw as a second round barrow c.175m to the SE of this site but listed on the Pathfinder and in the DAT SMR as a motte.

Good views out to the NNE over to Frenni Fawr and NW to the Preselis. Also looked SE over to the high ground on which the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel barrow (3926) were located, and SSE to barrow 3930 and possibly the Lan barrow cemtery further S.

Downslope from a stream which runs down the other side of the hill to the N into Nant Elwyn and the Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0216

<u>PRN</u>

3934

NGR

SN2147926131

SITE NAME

PANTGLAS TUMULI

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

SAM

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;12040;120

PART OF

12039

Of two round barrows supposedly adjacent to one another, the other being 5825, only this site remains visible in the landscape and has been severely reduced in height since the last recorded Cadw visit in 1989 contained within the DAT files. The barrow now stands to only c.0.5m high, having lost over a metre in height in the last 10 years. Ownership of the land has now changed and the monument is likely to remain in a more stable condition in the future. Although neighbouring site 5825, located a few metres to the SE, is included in the scheduled area for the site (Cm133) there is no sign of it in the field now, and is not commented on in any of the AM107 reports.

Fantastic views out to the southern sector, with the Preselis visible to the W and Frenni Fawr to the N over the undulating high plateau on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0219

<u>PRN</u>

3935

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

NGR

SN212261

SITE NAME

BRONYSCAWEN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

3926;3934;3936;5825;8048;12038;12040;120

PART OF

12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed and possibly quarried away. Part of barrow cemetery 12039.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3936

NGR

SN212261

SITE NAME

BRONYSCAWEN

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

Earthwork Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

E

SITING

FORM

ASSOCIATED WITH

3926;3934;3935;5825;8048;12038;12040;120

PART OF

12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed and possibly quarried away. Part of barrow cemetery 12039.

<u>PRN</u> 3937 SN28522966 <u>NGR</u>

SITE NAME CRUG WAUN TWR Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

Unable to gain permission to get access to the site, but the mound was clearly visible from the road/hedgebank at the top of a pasture field and was located on a local highpoint. The barrow is well-preserved and stands to a good height, nearly 1m tall. Barrow 3939 is located c.1km to the SSE of this site on the other side of a small hill on the same high plateau as this barrow.

Excellent views, almost certainly a virtual 360 degree panorama.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 3938 **NGR** SN26672576

SITE NAME MAEN GWYN HIR **FORM** O.Struct STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS

CONDITION **SITING** M

ASSOCIATED WITH

A white quartz standing stone which has been moved from its original location in the middle of a pasture field and cleared to the southern corner of this field adjacent to the lane which leads to Pant-y-maen farm. Originally located on a hillslope in between Afon Cynin to the E and Afon Sien to the W on land gently sloping down to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

SN28832859 SITE NAME **CRUG MAWR FORM** Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

3939

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D High plateau/undulating/top SITING ASSOCIATED WITH

A severely denuded and ploughed down round barrow remaining as a ground swelling in a field adjacent to the hedgebank along the track leading to Berthlwyd farm. This barrow is located on the other side of the small rise in land from barrow 3937, located c.1km to the NNW of this site.

There would have been good views out through the S and W sectors.

<u>NGR</u>

PRN 3944 NGR SN28062720

SITE NAME TREPARCAU STONES FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 8054;42525

A small, possibly broken, standing stone located on the edge of a pasture field in a very boggy waterlogged area next to a field boundary. This square block only remains extant to a height of c.0.4m; when last visited by DAT in 1894 it stood c.0.9m high, but at the time the farmer said that he thought the stone was gradually sinking. If so, in another 15 years this stone will have totally disappeared! This stone is possibly part of a larger ritual complex focused on this particular hillslope, with the farmer at Treparcau telling us of two other standing stones and a possible round barrow (now destroyed) which once in the middle of the adjacent field, to the E of this site and further upslope at c.SN28252725 (see PRN 42525).

There would have been good views out to the S and the W from the site, and particularly down the valley of the Cynin to the SSW.

Close to two small streams and overlooking a small river and some springs which flow into the Afon Cynin to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA DCp 0202

<u>PRN</u> 3948 <u>NGR</u> SN20552463

SITE NAME LAN "C";PLEASANT VIEW "A" FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM
CONDITION C SITING Ridge//top

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930;3949;3950;3951;8870

PART OF 14190

In the last 10 years the mound has been denuded from a height of 1m to just 0.35m and is well spread, but still visible as a circular earthwork. The area around the mound is waterlogged and boggy. This barrow is intervisible with 8870 which lies c.60m to the W and would have been intervisible with the other 4 barrows which make up the linear barrow cemetery 14190, but the view is now obscured by modern buildings.

Fantastic views out to Frenni Fawr to the N and the location of other barrows in the area, with Llanboidy windfarm clearly visible to the NE and the Preselis to the NW. Good views also to the W towards Black Mountain.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0330

PRN 3949 NGR SN20712464

SITE NAME LAN "D"; PLEASANT VIEW "B" FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION D SITING Ridge//top

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930;3948;3950;3951;8870

PART OF 14190

A severely denuded mound and only vaguely visible in a paddock at the back of Pleasant View.

Fantastic views out to Frenni Fawr to the N and the location of other barrows in the area, with Llanboidy windfarm clearly visible to the NE and the Preselis to the NW. Good views also to the W towards Black Mountain.

PRN 3950 NGR SN20812464

SITE NAME LAN "E"; PLEASANT VIEW "C" FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930;3948;3949;3951;8870

<u>PART OF</u> 14190

A well defined and impressive round barrow, 22m in diameter, and cut on its NW side by a hedgeline adjacent to the road. From this site there are 360 degree views all around the landscape, and of all the barrows in this cemetery group this is by far the best preserved. The turf-covered earthen mound stands to a height of c.1.75m and would have been intervisible with 3948,3949,3951 and 8870, but today this view is obscured by modern farm buildings. The mound is being slightly damaged by animal treading, particularly when the ground is waterlogged after heavy rain.

SITING

SITING

Ridge//top

Ridge//top

Fantastic views out to Frenni Fawr to the N and the location of other barrows in the area, with Llanboidy windfarm clearly visible to the NE and the Preselis to the NW. Good views also to the W towards Black Mountain.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0331

<u>PRN</u> 3951 <u>NGR</u> SN20952465

SITE NAME LAN "F"; PLEASANT VIEW "D" FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM

<u>CONDITION</u> D

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930;3948;3949;3950;8870

<u>PART OF</u> 14190

Unable to gain permission for access to the site but were able to view the monument from the gate into the field. This mound is considerably smaller than the others in terms of diameter, and has been considerably denuded. Nonetheless the mound is still visible within the field. but this too has been gradually reduced in height during the last 10 years.

Fantastic views out to Frenni Fawr to the N and the location of other barrows in the area, with Llanboidy windfarm clearly visible to the NE and the Preselis to the NW. Good views also to the W towards Black Mountain.

PRN

3964

NGR

SN29342500

SITE NAME

CRUG Y DEYRN; CRUG Y DWRN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2226

This site was also listed in the SMR as a potential round barrow.

A large mound, 3.2m high, located in the corner of a pasture field. The mound has been dug into on its north side but there is no recent damage apparent and the monument appears to be in a stable condition. A large flat slab is exposed in the hollow in the middle of the mound and the barrow is covered with rough grass and some small gorse bushes. Would appear to be a round barrow rather than a chambered tomb: with chambered tombs there is usually a passage allowing access into the chamber area from the edge of the surrounding mound or cairn. In the example there is no evidence of a passage, and it is likely that the large flat stone taken as evidence for a possible burial chamber may instead be the capstone of an internal cist.

Good views out from the site, especially to the SE towards destroyed round barrow 10745 and along the course of the Cynin river.

Overlooking the valley of the Afon Cynin to the W.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3966

NGR

SN29862289

SITE NAME

BRON NIWL MOUND

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound CONDITION

E

SITING

FORM

Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This was a possible round barrow located outside the ramparts of promontory fort 3965, but we were unable to find any visible presence for the monument during our field visit.

Close to a couple of springs and overlooking the Afon Dewi Fawr.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

3968

NGR

SN253242

SITE NAME

FFYNNON WEN

FORM

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE CONDITION

Е

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

PRN

3974

NGR

SN299248

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

PEN YR ALLT STONE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

O.Struct

CONDITION

E

SITING

FORM

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

4314

NGR

SN221074

SITE NAME

MORFA BYCHAN

11430

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB CEMETERY

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

C

SITING Coastal ridge/steep/top

SAM

ASSOCIATED WITH

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-5?

CONSISTS OF

3822;3823;3824;3825;7634;42518;42519

Group PRN assigned to the four Morfa Bychan tombs, but which should perhaps also include the long cairn 11430 as part of its extent. The tombs are well-preserved although easier to see during the winter and also from the top of the prominent limestone escarpment which rises over the rocky terrace on which the four passage graves are located. There is an interesting arrangement of intervisibility between the cairns: from tomb 'A' only tomb 'B' can be seen. From tomb 'B' tomb 'A' can be seen to the S and tomb 'C' to the N. Between tombs 'B' and 'C' lies cupmarked stone 42518. From tomb 'C' both tombs 'A' and 'B' are visible to the S, and tomb 'D' is only visible to the north when standing at the very eastern edge of C's cairn. From tomb D only tomb C is intervisible. All four cairns are visible in an arc from the top of the limestone escarpment which runs to the west of the tombs and just back from which long cairn 11430 is sited. In between tombs 'B' and 'C' up on the exposed flat slabs at the edge of the limestone outcrop there are a series of particularly distinctive and pronounced cupmarks on three stones overlooking the cairns (42519) which are not simply the result of recent natural weathering.

Fantastic views out to the E along the Carmartheshire coast and over to the S.

Overlooking the sea, Gilman Point and Pendine sands.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp0602-0617

PRN

4724

NGR

SN51331964

SITE NAME

CAE GARN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW? DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

A natural feature and not a prehistoric monument.

PRN 4852 NGR SN52154077

SITE NAME BEDD Y FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

E

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 754;7517;755;7518

PART OF 42574

A number of very large stones have been generally cleared to the sides of the fields in this area, but otherwise there are no specific archaeological traces of the possible site of a standing stone in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Would have had good views out to the SW round to the E through the W and N sectors, and to the S looked up to Mynydd LLanybydder and the location of the Crugiau Edryd barrows (14191).

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 4910 NGR SN14141806

SITE NAME PARC Y GARREG FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION M SITING Level/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

Originally sited c.500m SE of round barrow 3733 in the middle of a field to the west of Castelldwyran farm. The stone was removed from its original location and incorporated into the barn at Glan-rhyd c.650m to the NE when the barn was built in 1778.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 5061 NGR SN294120

SITE NAME MILTON BANK FORM Documents; O. Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone, previously recorded from documentary evidence alone, was discovered lying alongside the field boundary just to the E of the footpath cutting through this field, and within 100m of standing stone 8039 which still stands to the NE. Originally once upright, this stone has presumably been cleared to the edge of the field and dumped in its present location at SN2937112098, on the other side of the boundary from the field which once contained 8040. This stone was possibly one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne.

Good views from its current location out to the SE and over the sands and estuary of the Taf, and would have had the same views if it had presumably been located anywhere within this field.

Overlooking the waters of the Taf estuary and with the River Coran running along the bottom of the slope to the S.

PRN

5066

NGR

SN282113

SITE NAME

LLANDAWKE HOUSE

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE CIST

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

This site was discovered and destroyed during the digging of foundations for Llandawke House in c.1841.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

5067

NGR

SN28831203

SITE NAME

PARC POUND; BRIXTON STONES

<u>FORM</u>

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

CHAMBERED TOMB?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITING

Hillslope/moderate/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5061;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;

A group of stones described by the RCAHM in 1917(p.162): 'Three recumbent stones lie deeply embedded in the soil, their upper surface alone being visible. They are probably the remains of a ruined cromlech, seeing that they are described in Curtis' Antiquities of Laugharne as marking the burial place of some Briton'. It is difficult to say with any certainty that they are not the remains of a monument of some kind, given that they seem to be within a hollow on a slope in a pasture field in an area where rock does not seem to outcrop close to the surface, as well as their close proximity to, or their part of, the complex of at least 7 standing stones dotted around the land belonging to Brixton Farm. The stones remain in the landscape just as they were when described by the RCAHM in 1917, and although possibly more sunken they do not suggest the remnants of a chambered tomb, but may instead be the remains of a cairn. Standing stone 8043 originally stood c.250m to the NW of this site and would have been intervisible with it. Standing stone 8045, recently destroyed, originally stood c.450m to the N of this site, but upslope and out of view from these stones.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0152;Dcp_0153;Dcp_0154

<u>PRN</u>

5073

NGR

SN20252678

SITE NAME

CASTELL COSSAN

FORM

Earthwork

SAM

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

В

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3933

This site is listed in the DAT SMR as a motte, but is scheduled by Cadw as a round barrow under Cm134, an area which also contains another scheduled round barrow, 3933, located c.175m away to the NW of this mound. This mound stands to a good height, c.2.5m, and has been ploughed too close in the past which is considered to be the reason for its steep sides as a round barrow rather than its interpretation as a mediaeval motte.

Good views out to the NNE over to Frenni Fawr and NW to the Preselis. Also looked SE over to the high ground on which the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Crug Hywel barrow (3926) were located, and SSE to barrow 3930 and possibly the Lan barrow cemtery further S.

Close to a number of springs.

PRN 5116 NGR SN60824623

SITE NAME CARREG TRYR CROES FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

ASSOCIATED WITH

PRN 5248 NGR SN35701092

SITE NAME CARREG FAWR NANT JACK FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

This stone would have been located at the waters edge of the Towy estuary and despite looking for this stone at low tide we were unable to find any trace of it on Llanstephan beach, although from historical records we know it to have been upstanding in 1912.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 5249 <u>NGR</u> SN36491324

SITE NAME PANT YR ATHRO MAEN LLWYD FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 5257 NGR SN3520

SITE NAME GARREG WEN Y FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Standing stone moved from Cwm Castell Meadow to Trawsmawr hall at SN37622421.

PRN 5357 NGR SN41521434

SITE NAME CAE GARN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

The barrow is located within an undulating landscape on poorly drained, clayey soil. The monument is a roughly circular mound standing to a height of c.0.7m in places, but averaging at 0.4m. On the SE edge a hedgeline has clipped the side of the mound whilst to the N the site is immediately adjacent to an ancient stream with a modern drainage channel to the W. We were not entirely convinced as to the authenticity of this site, and have suggested that it may be a natural feature. If it is a prehistoric monument it has made interesting use of the natural river bank to define one edge of the monument, with the rest of the mound defined as a clear circular feature around its edges.

Site additionally classified as a possible natural feature within the SMR.

Wide views out to the W from the site over to the topography of the Towy estuary and possibly the coastline around Carmarthen Bay to the SW. View to the NE obscured by the hillslope rising behind the site to a local summit.

Located just beneath the local highpoint to the NE on which there is a trig point, and also lies adjacent to a stream which runs alongside the barrow on its N edge.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 5369 **NGR** SN45002595 SITE NAME OLD QUARRY CRUG **FORM** Earthwork ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION Е **SITING** Hillslope/moderate/middle ASSOCIATED WITH 10232

No trace of this barrow remains in the field and has possibly been quarried away. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Fantastic views would have been achieved from the site, especially over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the WNW and NW, as well as all around to the W and SW.

PRN 5382 NGR SN45982112

SITE NAME MERLIN'S STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

B

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Floodplain/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 9827

This stone was also listed in the SMR as an inscribed stone.

This is a substantial monolith of Millstone Grit with bedding planes clearly visible and containing a large number of quartz fragments. On the W side of the stone there are two deep hollows, one of which may have been culturally embellished. On the S face the stone is weathered and bears a large depression on the right hand side. The N face is extremely flat and covered with lichen. The E side is also flat and demonstrates the tapered nature of the stone. This monolith rises in height from W-E, from 1.45m to 1.7m, i.e. towards the prominent hill at Nantgaredig, and also towards round barrow 9827 c.150m to the ENE, with which this stone was intervisible. The stone is set in a hollow and remains in a stable condition although some animal erosion was noted around its base. No ogham inscriptions previously recorded on this stone were detected. At the base of the stone on its S side there is a 'step' which suggests that part of the stone has broken off at some point, possibly in antiquity.

To the east the stone overlooks the prominent hill at Nantgaredig and behind the stone to the NNW is Merlins Hill, a prominent local landmark.

Close to the River Towy and glacial features, with a stream feeding into the Towy close by.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 5387 NGR SN42363736

SITE NAME CAE DOMEN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1782;1783

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site has been quarried away and destroyed. Originally this site formed an alignment to the SE with standing stone 1782 500m away and another round barrow, 1783, a further 170m away to the SE from this site.

Good views out to the W, N and E sectors, with the view to the S and SE obscured by the rising land on which barrows 1665 and 1781 lie, 1.5km away.

Overlooking the Afon Tyweli to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 5392 NGR SN40643376

SITE NAME CRUG WAUN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 1803

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. When originally built, this barrow was c.80m NNE of standing stone 1803 and marked the start of a whole series of barrows either side of, and following the course of, the Afon Duad to the SW. (see discussion under 1802).

PRN 5825 **NGR** SN21462611

SITE NAME PANTGLAS TUMULUS **FORM** Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E **SITING** High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3934;3935;3936;8048;12038;12040;120

PART OF 12039

No visible trace of this mound survives today, despite being included in the scheduled surrounding neighbouring barrow 3934 (Cm133). When last visited by DAT in 1984 the mound stood 0.3m high and measured 10m in diameter, but has now disappeared. Part of barrow cemetery 12039.

Huge views throughout the S sector, with the Preselis to the W and Frenni Fawr to the N.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 7344 **NGR** SN40100865 PENLAN ISAF SITE NAME **FORM** O.Struct SITE TYPE CIST **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION E SITING False crest/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1393;1394;2129

Despite a thorough investigation of the area no sign of a cist remains in this regularly-ploughed arable field, apart from a hollow in the area of the field roughly where the cist (and its associated cairn) was originally sited on a break of slope c.0.5km away from barrow 1394 located upslope to the NE. A large stone was noted in the hedgeline which may have originally been part of the monument. The farmer said that whilst ploughing this part of the field he has hit a concentration of stone and cockle shells which may also indicate the original location of the monument. No other archaeological traces of this monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site now destroyed. This cist/cairn may be part of a processional routeway through the landscape which began with the monuments located on Mynydd Llangendeirne, moving SW and encountering various other funerary and ritual monuments en route, including the barrows at Capel Dyddgen (42569), and a collection of standing stones (1702,1682,1683,1684,1685) before reaching the two barrows at Allt Cunedda just over 500m away to the ENE. After reaching this monument the routeway continued SW to incorporate another barrow at 2129 and two standing stones, 2125 and 2111, which eventually led down to the waters of the Gwendraith, Towy and Taf estuaries.

There would have been fantastic views out from the site over the coast and may well have overlooked the location of the Morfa Bychan cairns on Ragqwen Point to the WSW.

Close to the Gwendraith estuary and overlooking Cefn Sidan sands, the Gower and Pendine/Laugharne.

PRN 7347 NGR SN4588809849

SITE NAME MAENSANT; CAE LLAN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Boulder-recumbent SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

This large recumbent boulder-type standing stone is located just downslope and only 15m away from the highest part of the landscape from which there were commanding views. This stone, which is orientated SW-NE tapers to a point at its NE end, which interestingly faces in the direction of Mynydd Llangendeirne, which has a dense concentration of prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments located on its ridges and col (see 42532). On top of the stone, which measures 1.5m in length and 0.75m high, there are two hollows weathered into the surface and which were water-filled at the time of our visit. Two small stones and other packing material were visible around the base of the stone, whilst c.50m away to the NW at the bottom of the slope there is a smaller (marker?) stone located in slightly boggy ground. In both of these stones there is a marked concentration of quartz veins running through their matrix.

Amazing views are possible from the ridge on which this stone is situated, but from the stone itself, located just downslope from the top of the ridge, the views are slightly more obscured. Even so, there are fantastic views to the SSW over to the Gower and Cefn Sidan sands.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0024

PRN 7517 NGR SN520409

SITE NAME GOETRE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith
CONDITION
E
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
Ridge/flat/top

CONDITION E SITING KIDGE/Havtop

ASSOCIATED WITH 753;754;755;4852;7518;7519

PART OF 42574

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Prior to the current owners, it was reported by DAT in 1983 that several large stones had been cleared to the side of the field, and may account for the absence of this and two other nearby standing stones which were part of prehistoric monument complex 42574 and sited in the same field as barrow 754.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 7518 NGR SN520409
TENAME GOETRE FORM O.Struct

SITE NAME GOETRE FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 753;754;755;4852;7517;7519

PART OF 42574

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Prior to the current owners, it was reported by DAT in 1983 that several large stones had been cleared to the side of the field, and may account for the absence of this and

that several large stones had been cleared to the side of the field, and may account for the absence of this and two other nearby standing stones which were part of prehistoric monument complex 42574 and sited in the same field as barrow 754.

7519 <u>PRN</u> **NGR** SN51874093

SITE NAME **GOETRE FORM Earthwork**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION <u>SITING</u> Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 753;754;7517;755;7518

PART OF 42574

A small cairn, c.3-4m in diameter, located in the middle of a flat tongue/ridge of high ground down from and N of Mynydd Llanybydder and the Crugiau Edryd barrows which lie immediately to the S. The cairn has an elliptical shape and is centred in the middle of a pasture field with cairn 753 clearly visible to the NW, c.150m away. This site would also have been intervisible with another barrow, 754, located c.300m to the E/ESE. The cairn is almost certainly a ritual monument rather than the result of clearance given its location and proximity to other prehistoric monuments in the immediate area, and survives as a cluster of stones loose on the surface of an otherwise grass-covered cairn, with a number of white quartz stones also visible.

Fantastic views all around the landscape, overlooking the Tefi valley to the N and W, with Crugiau Edryd (14191) on Mynydd Pencarreg immediately behind to the S, both blocking and dominating the view in this direction. Down to the SW on the distant horizon it was possible to see the Camrthenshire/Pembrokeshire coastline and to the N Plynlimon and the Ceredigion/Camrian uplands with the Preselis over to the WSW.

Overlooking the Teifi and close to spring and small stream at the foot of the hilltop on which this site and the rest of the complex was situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 7634 **NGR** SN22150749

SITE NAME MORFA BYCHAN **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE CHAMBERED TOMB?

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Stone group SITE STATUS

CONDITION C

SITING Coastal ridge/steep/top ASSOCIATED WITH 3822;3823

PART OF 4314

This site was also originally listed in the SMR as possible quarry waste.

The site consists of a group of very large stones just to the SSE of Morfa Bychan tomb 'B' and inbetween this tomb and neighbouring tomb 3822 (tomb 'A'). Appeared to be a natural feature rather than a purposefully-built monument, although as a 'natural' place it may have been a focus of ceremonial activity during the Neolithic and Bronze age by association with the Morfa Bychan cemetery.

Intervisible with tombs 'A' and 'B' and overlooking the sea and Pendine sands.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN21620818 <u>PRN</u> 7682 NGR

SITE NAME GARNESS FARM <u>FORM</u> Earthwork **RING BARROW** SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION D **SITING** Level/gentle/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 3835

Denuded remains of a possible ring cairn which survives as a horse-shoe shaped feature. The boundary which truncated the cairn on its SW side has been grubbed out and has thus damaged the monument. A ditch is visible around the edge of the barrow with some stones piled up on the western side. Some small blocks of stone visible within the cairn ring which is otherwise grass-covered. Some damage is occurring to the fabric of the cairn ring and its interior by animal treading. Located c.500m upslope from 3835 which lies to the SW of this site.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0594 <u>PRN</u> 7683 **NGR** SN34201305

GILFACH WEN Earthwork SITE NAME FORM

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING Hillslope/gentle/bottom CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH

Located c.550m to the NW of standing stone 2153 are the reasonably well-preserved remains of a round barrow, which may originally have been intervisible with this substantial stone when first built. The barrow is located at the bottom of a north-facing slope on a parcel of flat land with good views to the E down one valley towards the Towy estuary and W across to another valley which flows down to the estuary of the Taf. The mound still stands to a good height, c.0.8m, and was clearly visible in the field despite the coverage of long grass. The stones previously mentioned by T.James in 1977 on top of the mound were no longer visible. It is probable that the mound has been ploughed and spread, although not recently and it appears to be in a stable condition with no change to its height or diameter in the last 25 years.

Located on undulating land directly betweent the estuaries of the Taf and the Towy.

NGR

dCP 0056 DIGITAL CAMERA

7693

SN34671087

SITE NAME LANFACH **FORM** Earthwork SITE TYPE RING BARROW?

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 2182

PRN

A possible circular feature abutting an old field boundary which seems to have transected it. The presumed ring cairn lies to the S of the boundary, while the portion of it to the N appears to have been destroyed. Other features are evident around the supposed ring cairn (linear boundary lines, other enclosure walls) which throws doubt on the validity of this site as a ring barrow. The remains in the field are too denuded to be able to say with certainty that this is a prehistoric ritual or funerary monument. However, a short distance to the SW on the edge of the field lies stone group/chambered tomb 2182, c.175m away on the same break of slope, which dos denote prehistoric ritual activity was focused in this immediate area. This possible ring cairn it situated in the middle of a steeply sloping pasture field, with the land dropping down to the SE towards Llanstephan and the water.

Fantastic views from this site, with the view to the E dominated by the Towy estuary right round to the S and the sea, Pembrey, Rhosilli Down and Worms Head on the Gower. Directly E on the other side of the Towy can clearly be seen Iscoed mansion where a standing stone (2201) is located and which may have been intervisible before the present tree cover was in situ.

Overlooking the waters of the Towy estuary.

PRN 7706 NGR SN28993825

SITE NAME CARNAU-ISAF FORM Place-name; Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. The farmer said that he remembered there having been a small mound, c.0.3m high and 4m in diameter and that he had removed a large boulder $(1m \times 0.6m)$ from it whilst ploughing the area during the 1960s. The boulder is incorporated into the hedge at the gateway to the field.

View to the N and E sectors obscured by high ground. Main view out over the SW sector and the valley of the Afon Cych.

Overlooking the Afon Dwrog and a number of springs which runs along the bottom of the hill on which this site is situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 7707 NGR SN48801250

SITE NAME YSGUBORWEN FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE CAIRNFIELD

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-30 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING High plateau/

ASSOCIATED WITH 42532

Located on a tongue of high land overlooking Mynydd Llangendeym (42532) to the N. This ritual cairnfield is under threat and is being damaged by animal and other activity. Some cairns have been robbed of their stones, whilst others have had soil dumped on top of them. Based on the plan produced by James and Barnie in 1976 it was clear that some sites have been destroyed, whilst others may have been missed, or are the result of recent robbing/moving of cairn material. The site really needs to be fully and properly surveyed and investigated before it is damaged any further. On the basis of the 1976 plan, cairns 28-30 have been destroyed, cairns 2, 9 and 11 have been robbed by the farmer, cairn 25 has been partially robbed on its S side, whilst 7 new possible small mounds of stones were recognised elsewhere on the site, 4 on the northern edge behind cairns 1,2, and 3, and 3 between site 16 and site 21.

Widespread views over to Black Mountain to the E and Mynydd Llangendeyrn to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0577;Dcp_0578;Dcp_0579

<u>PRN</u> 7710 **NGR** SN48021305

MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE **FORM** O.Struct SITE NAME

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled Corridor/flat/middle CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 8773;10744;7711;1661;42532

PART OF 42532

This standing stone is located between two rock outcrops in a corridor of land which gives access to the central plateau of Mynydd Llangendeirne on which a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments are placed. The stone is located just at the point where the ground rises up and is quite specifically placed at a particular point in the landscape where limestone outcrops to the north and Millstone grit outcrops to the south, only a few metres away. The stone itself may perhaps be seen as some kind of 'marker' stone at the gateway to this rich ritual landscape, perhaps performing a similar feature to 'indicateurs' known to accompany chambered tombs in the Breton Neolithic. About 60m away from this standing stone within the same 'corridor' area there are a pair of chambered tombs, whilst on the limestone ridge to the NE of the site there are a series of ring and round barrows. A cist lies c.12m to the south of the stone with another round barrow within the immediate vicinity. This is a fine standing stone: a slab of quartzite pitted and well-weathered on its northern face and smooth on its S face. The W side of the stone is vertical with the E side tapering to form a roughly triangular shape to the stone. The long axis of the stone mimics the long axis of the two rock outcrops between which this stone is located. On the E side of the base of the stone there is a well-set smaller stone, which is partially exposed, and both stones seem to be set within a small mound. When excavated by Ward post-holes and pits were found surrounding the stone, with finds including a flint awl and charcoal returning a radiocarbon date of 1140-+100bc.

Fantastic views out to the W and SW. To the SW can be seen a long ridge which in profile looks like a trapezoidal long cairn and which is probably high ground on the Gower peninsula. To the W can just be seen the sands at Laugharne, Cefn Sidan and the sea, although part of this view is obscured by the outcrop behind the stone to the N on which a number of other prehistoric monuments are situated. The view to the east is dominated by the landscape of Mynydd Llandgendeirne itself.

Situated between two rock outcrops on a flat routeway leading onto the rest of Mynydd Llangendeirne. A spring rises c.10m to the W of the stone.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0622

PART OF

PRN 7711 NGR SN48111306

O.Struct SITE NAME LLANGENDEIRNE FORM

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Cairn-circular

CONDITION C SITING Saddle

ASSOCIATED WITH 7710

1661;42532

Gorse-covered round barrow only really assessable on a winter visit when the brambles and bracken have died back. Some damage to the barrow visible on its north side where it has been dug into. The monument is

located at the end of a spinal rock outcrop running parallel to that on which sites 8873, 1694,7712 and 11586 are located.

Views mainly confined along the saddle to the SW and WSW in one direction, being intervisible with standing stone 7710, and back along the saddle to the NE and towards 1693. Cairns 1694,7712 and 11586 overlook the site from the ridge immediately to the N.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0640 **PRN** 7712 **NGR** SN48241327

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-irregular SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION В

ASSOCIATED WITH 1694;1693;11586 PART OF 1661;42532

This round barrow/platform cairn is located on the top of a limestone ridge and makes use of the natural outcrop of rock for its SE edge. It has a trig point sited on top of the flattened mound and is located 35m SE of ring barrow 1694, with another denuded barrow, 11596, lying in between. The site is largely grass-covered with a few stones protruding and defining its circular edge. More visually distinctive on our winter visit in January 2001 when the site was photographed.

Ridge/flat/edge

SITING

Commanding views over the wider surrounding landscape as well as over the rest of Mynydd Llangendeirne. Black Mountain is visible to the E, the Preselis are visible to the NW, the sea and Pendine to the WSW, the Gower/Rhosilli Down to the S and the high ground of the Rhondda to the SE.

Directly situated on and incorporating part of the edge of the rock outcrop on which it is situated.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0627

> **PRN** SN48961354 7713 NGR

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular; Stone Chamber SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION ¢ <u>SITING</u> Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1695

PART OF 1661;42532

The remains of an exposed and well-preserved cist, enclosed by a possible kerb and surrounding mound of small stones. The site is located on top of a small local highpoint along an E-W running limestone ridge and a few metres downslope to the S and clearly visible from the site is ring barrow 1695. The cist-chamber is roughly square with its side-stones in situ and a capstone. A large stone at the back of the cist may be a displaced closing stone.

This site may be more accurately described in the SMR as a cist than a round barrow, and bears similarities to the monument at Gelli Wrol (8492).

Fantastic views especially out to the southern sector towards Burry Inlet and the Gower. To the N the Brechfa hills and Mynydd Llanybydder are visible, whilst to the E Black Mountain rises in the distance. To the W are the valleys of the Cynin and the Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0631

> <u>PRN</u> 7714 SN49281372 NGR

CAREG-EIDON SITE NAME FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE CLEARANCE CAIRN

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork-2 **SITE STATUS** Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 7715;27212

When visited in 1993, two clearance cairns were noted in this location. The first cairn measured 3m in diameter and stood to a height of c.0.5m and was flat-topped. It was associated with a second cairn, located just to the east, which measured 4m in diameter, was cone-shaped and stood to a height of c.1m. Both cairns lie in field system 27212 and are not considered likely to be prehistoric funerary or ritual monuments. A similar cone-shaped clearance cairn was recorded on the opposite high-ground at SN49421362 (7715) and may date to the same phase of agricultural activity as these mounds.

PRN 7715 NGR SN49281372

SITE NAME CAREG-EIDON FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE CLEARANCE CAIRN

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork

CONDITION

B

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Local summit/moderate/midt

ASSOCIATED WITH 7714;7716;7717

When assessed by DAT in 1986 this site was described as a cone-shaped mound, c.3m in diameter and standing to a height of c.1.5m. Its morphology is similar to nearby cairn 7717 and also one of the clearance cairns recorded under PRN 7714, and it is likely that neither this site, nor 7717, nor the two cairns recorded under 7714, are prehistoric funerary or ritual monuments. The area is densely overgrown with bracken, brambles and brash and is impossible to access. We were unable to locate this cairn during our winter visit to Mynydd Llangendeirne.

View to the ENE dominated by the hillside and Garn quarry opposite and looks over to the location of 27775, 42516 and 42528. View also looks to SSW and over to the cairnfield at Ysguborwen (7707) and over the valley of the Gwendraeth Fawr to the S.

Close to natural springs and overlooking a little stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 7716 NGR SN49501365

SITE NAME CAREG-EIDON FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE RING BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Local summit/moderate/mide
ASSOCIATED WITH 7715;7717

PART OF 1661;42532

A possible ring cairn badly damaged in the 1980s when cables were laid and the cairn had a trench put

A possible ring cairn badly damaged in the 1980s when cables were laid and the cairn had a trench put through its N-S axis by workmen. During our winter visit to Mynydd Llangendeirne we were unable to locate the monument in amongst the dense vegetational cover (bracken, brambles and brash) which made it impossible to access the area and assess the site. However, given the description made DAT during fieldwork in 1986 of banks and possible enclosures 50m to the S of this site, and also the two clearance cairns (not round barrows) recorded as 7715 and 7717, my feeling is that this site may not be a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument, but the result of later agricultural/subsistence activity.

View to the ENE dominated by the hillside and Garn quarry opposite and looks over to the location of 27775, 42516 and 42528. View also looks to SSW and over to the cairnfield at Ysguborwen (7707) and over the valley of the Gwendraeth Fawr to the S.

Close to some natural springs and overlooking a small stream.

PRN 7717 NGR SN49451360

SITE NAME CAREG-EIDON FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION U SITING Local summit/moderate/mid:

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 7715;7716 <u>PART OF</u> 42532

A cone-shaped cairn, 1.5m high and c.3m in diameter. This cairn was given an identical description by DAT during fieldwork in 1986 as its near neighbour 7715 and also one of the cairns recorded under 7714, and it is likely that this too represents a clearance cairn and is not a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument. The area is densely overgrown with vegetational cover including bracken, brambles and brash, and during our winter visit was completely inaccessible. It was therefore impossible to assess or record any of the sites on this particular part of Mynydd Llandgendeirne. This area as a whole, however, is an outlier to the rest of the concentration of prehistoric monuments on Mynydd Llangendeirne and my feeling is that the monuments on this knoll are the result of a later phase of agricultural/subsistence activity and are not contemporary with the other Neolithic /Bronze age monuments in the immediate landscape.

View to the ENE dominated by the hillside and Garn quarry opposite and looks over to the location of 27775, 42516 and 42528. View also looks to SSW and over to the cairnfield at Ysguborwen (7707) and over the valley of the Gwendraeth Fawr to the S.

Close to some natural springs and a small stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 7765 <u>NGR</u> SN549188

SITE NAME PEN PAL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 42507;42509;42805

<u>PART OF</u> 42568

This round barrow, part of prehistoric monument complex 42568, is located on top of a ridge running SE-NW and with a complete panoramic view out over huge tracts of the landscape. There is a trig point located off-centre on top of this flattened circular barrow, the mound still standing to a height of c.1m. The monument is covered with grass but is clearly visible in the landscape and almost certainly an authentic prehistoric ritual monument. The barrow has been somewhat denuded but remains in a stable condition and there is no recent damage to the site. A boulder-type standing stone (42507), previously recorded in passing as a glacial erratic, lies c.75m to the W of this monument, and two other possible round barrows (42508 & 42509) lie in between this mound and the stone, although they are severely denuded and only faintly visible.

Fantastic views out for the site with a 360 degree panorama (see slide show Dcp_0023-Dcp_0039). Within the northern sector there are wide views out over the Towy valley with Black Mountain to the E and the high ground at Brechfa/Mynydd Llanybydder to the N. To the S this site overlooks Mynydd Llangendeirne and to the SW looks towards the coast, although it isn't possible to see the actual sea. To the WNW are the Preselis, with Frenni Fawr and possibly Moelvre hill also visible.

Overlooking the meandering course of the Towy river as it weaves through the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0040;Dcp 025-Dcp 0039

PRN

7769

NGR

SN46321255

SITE NAME

CAPEL DYDDGEN FARM

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 8903;8904;42517 PART OF

42570

FORM Earthwork

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

A ploughed and spread round barrow, still standing to a reasonable height although gradually being eroded by farming practices. Located in field used for growing silage which is under long grass in the summer: a winter visit is required to properly assess this site. This is the best preserved of the three, and possibly four, barrows which form part of barrow cemetery/group 42570.

Fantastic views out over to the Preselis to the NW, with Frenni Fawr particularly visible on the horizon.

Close to a natural spring, c.170m away to the NE

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0581

<u>PRN</u>

8037

NGR

SN29091242

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

BRIXTON FARM

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith CONDITION

E

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

O.Struct

SITING

FORM

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 5067;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;8044;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

There is no longer a standing stone in this area, and the stone has been moved/destroyed. The same fate has befallen other stones situated on land owned by Brixton Farm (8045,8038,8040,8043 and possibly 8044) which has been in the same family for many years. On our visit we were refused access to the land to assess the sites, but this particular stone would have been visible from the track down to the farm and had clearly disappeared. According to the farmer, Mr Jones, all the stones on the farm were removed during the Second World War because they got in the way of the plough. However, our records show that both this stone, and its neighbour 8045, were intact and upstanding during the last field visit to the site in 1985 and therefore both of these stones have been moved/destroyed during the last 15 years. This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S and running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne. A neighbour to Brixton Farm, Jonathan Owen from Parsons Lodge, remembers the farmer moving either this stone or 8045 to a far field and putting it on a fire. He also remembers stones 8038 and 8040 upstanding in the landscape but being cleared to the boundaries of their respective fields to the positions recorded for them by DAT in 1985 and re-visited by us in September 2000.

View dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estaury of the Taf to the SE above Laugharne.

Overlooking the Taf with the River Coran running along the bottom of this hill to the S.

PRN 8038

NGR SN293123

SITE NAME **CROSS INN** **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5061;5067;8037;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne. This stone, which once stood towards the centre of the field, has now been moved to the northern (road-side) part of field (currently under maize cultivation) just in from the gate at SN2937612393. The stone, 1m high and triangular shaped, now lies recumbent and covered with brambles.

The view would have been dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf, with the view clearly orchestrated in this direction.

Overlooking the Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 8039 **NGR** SN29441216

SITE NAME PARSON'S LODGE

<u>FORM</u> O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION

Α

Hillslope/gentle/middle <u>SITING</u>

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5067;8037;8040;8041;8042;8043;8044;5061;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne. This is the only stone to survive upstanding in the landscape of the whole complex, which has systematically been destroyed by the family running Brixton Farm over the course of the last 50 years or so, with the most recent destruction of two stones (8037 and 8045) within the last 5-10 years. Although previously suggested to be a cattle-rubbing stone, this stone feels like a genuine standing stone that has no doubt been re-used as a rubbing stone, especially given the erosion evident around the base of the monolith from animal-treading, which has revealed lots of loose stones/packing and created a hollow. The stone is well-weathered and smoothed and perhaps is the only stone of the group to survive as it is located on a public footpath across the field at the bottom of the garden of Parsons Lodge, and to a certain extent is 'guarded' by the occupants of the Lodge who have a keen interest in local archaeology. The stone tapers in width on its larger flatter NNE-SSW sides to an almost point at its top giving the stone a distinct triangular

The view is dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf. Other views are enclosed by the surrounding hills and so the focus of attention and gaze is quite clearly orchestrated into one particular direction, towards the water.

Overlooking the Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0148 <u>PRN</u> **8040** <u>NGR</u> SN293121

SITE NAME PARSON'S LODGE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5061;5067;8037;8038;8039;8041;8042;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne. The stone, which originally stood in the middle of a pasture field which is now cultivated with maize to the SW of Parsons Lodge, was cleared some time ago to the edge of the field and recorded by DAT in 1985 as lying recumbent in the NE corner abutting Parsons Lodge. It was noted as being a shelly limestone, rectangular, and measuring 1.7m in length, 0.56m high and 0.25m deep at that time. We were unable to find the stone despite looking in this area which is now overgrown and dense with brambles. Jonathan Owen from Parsons Lodge remembers the stone being here on the edge of his property and also remembers that when the field was recently ploughed a circular area of stones was found in the middle of the field, which may have been packing or a small cairn surrounding this stone and indicating its original location.

The view would have been dominated by the SE sector, with the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf orchestrating the view towards the water.

Overlooking the Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 8041 NGR SN293119

SITE NAME MILTON FARM FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5061;5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8042;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. It is possible that this stone, and its near neighbour 8042, have been cleared downslope and thrown into the gully of the River Coran running along the bottom of this field. Both stones may have been part of, or outliers to, the standing stone complex once extant on Brixton Farm, consisting of at least 7 standing stones and a possible chambered tomb, of which only stone 8039 now remains intact.

<u>PRN</u> **8042** <u>NGR</u> SN293118

SITE NAME MILTON FARM FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

E

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

SITING Hillslore/modes

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/moderate/middle <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5061;5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone, previously recorded by DAT as an 'A' condition (based on OS field visit in 1975), has, along with its near neighbour 8041, disappeared completely and is likely to have been cleared to the bottom of this field and thrown into the gully of the River Coran which runs along the S edge of this field. Both stones may have been part of, or outliers to, the standing stone complex once extant on Brixton Farm, consisting of at least 7 standing stones and a possible chambered tomb, of which only stone 8039 now remains intact.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 8043 NGR SN28631218

SITE NAME BRIXTON FARM FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8044;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. When visited by DAT in 1984 the farmer of Brixton Farm remembered the stone standing in the middle of this field, and also remembers his father blowing the stone up when he was a child sometime in the 1940s. This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne.

The view is dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf. Other views are enclosed by the surrounding hills and so the focus of attention and gaze is being orchestrated into one particular direction, to the water.

Overlooking the River Coran to the S and the Taf estuary to the E.

PRN 8044 NGR SN286124

SITE NAME BRIXTON FARM FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

E

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Hillslope/gentle/middle

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillsle ASSOCIATED WITH 5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. If this one existed, it would have been one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne.

The view is dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf. Other views are enclosed by the surrounding hills.

Overlooking the River Coran to the S as it runs SE to join the Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 8045 NGR SN28891247

SITE NAME BRIXTON FARM FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 5067;8037;8038;8039;8040;8041;8042;8043;

Also listed in the SMR as a possible Post Med rubbing stone.

There is no longer a standing stone in this area, and the stone has been moved/destroyed. The same fate has befallen other stones situated on land owned by Brixton Farm (8037,8038,8040,8043 and possibly 8044) which has been in the same family for many years. On our visit we were refused access to the land to assess the sites, but this particular stone would have been visible from the track down to the farm and had clearly disappeared. According to the farmer, Mr Jones, all the stones on the farm were removed during the Second World War because they got in the way of the plough. However, our records show that both this stone, and its neighbour 8037, were intact and upstanding during the last field visit to the site in 1985 and therefore both of these stones have been moved/destroyed during the last 15 years. This stone was one of a complex of standing stones located on the land of Brixton Farm and formed part of a group of at least 7, and perhaps 10, standing stones and possibly a chambered tomb covering an area c.900m E-W and c.500m N-S on a particular hillslope overlooking the River Coran to the S running into the Taf estuary to the E above Laugharne. A neighbour to Brixton Farm, Jonathan Owen from Parsons Lodge, remembers the farmer moving either this stone or 8037 to a far field and putting it on a fire. He also remembers stones 8038 and 8040 upstanding in the landscape but being cleared to the boundaries of their respective fields to the positions recorded for them by DAT in 1985 and re-visited by us in September 2000. A quernstone (3918) was found in the same original location as this stone and although this is recorded as a possible Roman find, it is worth noting that querns were often finds associated with Neolithic/Bronze age monuments and could therefore be contemporary with this standing stone, as well as authenticating the site as a prehistoric monument rather than a Post Medieval rubbing stone.

View is dominated by the SE sector and the sands, sea and estuary of the Taf.

Overlooking the Taf estuary with the River Coran running along the bottom of the hillslope to the S.

<u>PRN</u> 8048 **NGR** SN21522606

SITE NAME **PANTGLAS FORM** Cropmark

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-'U' shaped SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3934;3935;3936;5825;12038;12040;12041;12

PART OF 12039

No features of this site were visible to assess with any certainty the shape and size of this site, although there did appear to be a very slight undulation in the area indicated by the grid reference for this site. The grass in this field was too long to properly distinguish any features, but as this field has long been under regular plough, it is likely that any features which may have once existed here have been eradicated like so many of its neighbouring barrows. If this were indeed a Bronze age monument it would have formed part of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039).

Good views out to the S with the Preselis to the W and Frenni Fawr visible to the N over the undulating high plateau on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located. This site, and the other barrows in the group, would have been intervisible with Lan 'A' barrow (3920) c.1km to the SSW.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN NGR SN284273 **SITE NAME** PARC Y MAEN Place-name; O. Struct **FORM**

STANDING STONE? SITE TYPE

8054

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M **SITING** Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3944;42525

The farmer told us about this stone, a white quartz block, as having been moved from its original location in the middle of the field and placed in the hedgeline to the left of the farm track. The farmer also told us about a round barrow (now destroyed -see PRN 42525) which he noticed halfway down the slope at c.SN28252725 and which lay directly between this standing stone and another stone at Treparcau, 3944 on a roughly WSW-ENE alignment. He also told us about a second large white quartz boulder which has been re-used as a gatepost, which may have been directly associated with the barrow.

Good views out to the S and W and particularly along the Afon Cynin. Frenni Fawr may have been visible to the W, as may have the high ground on which the Llanboidy windfarm now stands, adjacent to the location of the now destroyed barrow cemetery at Pantglas (12039).

Close to a number of springs and small streams and above a very boggy and waterlogged area of land.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 8057 SN270296 **NGR** SITE NAME PARC Y DOMMEN Place-name; Cropmar

FORM SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

SITE STATUS **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Not Scheduled

CONDITION **SITING** ASSOCIATED WITH

This site is also listed in the SMR as a motte.

SN288214 PRN 8058 **NGR**

PARC Y DOMEN SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

E

FORM

Place-name; Earthwork

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONDITION

This site is also listed in the SMR as a possible motte.

No archaeological trace of any monument, either round barrow or motte, in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area.

DIGITAL CAMERA

8059 NGR SN258227 PRN

GARREG WEN SITE NAME

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

SITE TYPE

E

FORM

Place-name; O.Struct

Not Scheduled

SITE STATUS SITING

Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. There is local knowledge of this white quartz stone having been upright in the middle of Garreg Wen field, standing c.1.6m tall, which was removed c.1950.

View down the valley of the Cynin to the E and SE and the valley of the Fenni to the W.

Overlooking the Afon Cynin to the E and SE.

<u>PRN</u> 8492

NGR

SN5989445419

SITE NAME **GELLI-WROL**

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION C

Earthwork

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

<u>SITING</u> Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

SITE TYPE

Previously described by DAT in 1983 with the cairn being in 'a good state of preservation and.....a chalk constructed mound 0.5m high'. This feature was mistakenly recorded as the round barrow and its grid ref. changed to SN597453: this feature is actually a modern platform/drain constructed of mortar and hardcore, with the real site of the barrow located at its original NGR further to the NE beyond the field boundary. The barrow itself is more specifically characterised as an exposed potential cist located in the middle of a steep sided hillslope just above a small terraced/levelled area. Rock outcrops naturally all over this hillside, but this site in particular has a curious arrangement of large flat slabs which is clearly not natural, nor the result of clearance. The stones are so arranged as to form a cist-like hollow looking out over commanding views from the S through to N, with the location of the barrow group at Gellidewi-Blaenycwm (42529) visible as the immediate higher ground to the S below Mynydd Pencarreg. At the bottom of the field to the SW of the site by the gate there is a large stone which looks as though it may possibly have once been a standing stone that has long been cleared to the corner of the field, and may have been associated with this monument. Although stone outcrops readily within a short distance of this possible cist the structure and location of this site very much suggests it to have been of ritual and ceremonial significance in the Bronze age, not least by its close proximity to a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments in the local area. The cist appears to have been incorporated into the natural landscape, rather like the cist/barrow 7713 on Mynydd Llangendeirne, and inserted into a hillside rather than a cairn. It is also almost as if the chamber area was meant to be open and visible rather than enclosed within a barrow mound, and in effect may be closer morphologically to a chambered tomb than a round barrow.

This site may be more accurately described as a cist than a round barrow within the SMR.

180 degree viewshed from S to N, looking S to Mynydd Pencarreg and round to the N, with the Teifi valley clear to the NW. The Preselis are also visible on the distant horizon and there is an amazing view over the undulating topography over a wide area of the landscape.

Close to a small stream which runs into nant Eiddeg to the SW of the site.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

8773

NGR

SN480131

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

CASTELL TWBY

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

CONDITION

В

ASSOCIATED WITH 7710;1661;42532

PART OF

42532

Small triangular stone with its large, flat faces orientated E-W and measuring 0.8m in height, 0.75 maximum width tapering to 0.2m at its top, and 0.35m wide. This stone was surrounded by other large blocks of stone and on an earlier field visit in July 2000 this stone was not located due to dense vegetational cover. A winter

O.Struct

Not Scheduled

Ridge/undulating/top

FORM

SITING

SITE STATUS

visit in January 2001 allowed the stone to be found and properly recorded.

Good views out from 120 to 340 degrees all around the surrounding landscape and looking onto the rest of Mynydd Llangendeirne.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0624

PRN

8870

NGR

SN20502468

LAN "B" SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW

SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

D

SAM SITE STATUS

FORM

SITING Ridge//top

Earthwork

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930;3948;3949;3950;3951

PART OF

CONDITION

14190

Remains of a round barrow, cut by the boundary line of the field containing 3948, with the bulk of the mound on the other side of the boundary in the adjacent field. Although the mound is severely denuded it is still visible. There is some damage being done to the barrow by a large tree in the hedgebank on the mound's eastern side.

Fantastic views out to Frenni Fawr to the N and the location of other barrows in the area, with Llanboidy windfarm clearly visible to the NE and the Preselis to the NW. Good views also to the W towards Black Mountain.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

8875

NGR

SN553406

SITE NAME

PANTEG STONE

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

ASSOCIATED WITH 804

CONDITION

В

O.Struct FORM

SITE STATUS SAM

> Hillslope/steep/middle SITING

Massive diamond-shaped standing stone now visible due to the forestry in which it was situated having been clear-felled in 1999. A number of other large stones are also visible in the vicinity and may have been associated with this stone, having once been standing stones which have now fallen.

Good vies out to NW.

Close to two streams.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

8903

NGR

SN46291255

SITE NAME

CAPEL DYDDGEN TUMULI

Earthwork FORM

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

Hillslope/gentle/middle SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 7769;8904;42517

PART OF

42570

Very denuded round barrow, even less distinct in the field than 8904. Part of barrow cemetery/group 42570. This monument is being gradually eroded by ploughing and grass-cutting and will soon be eradicated.

Fantastic views out over to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr.

Close to a natural spring located c.170m away to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0583

<u>PRN</u> 8904 <u>NGR</u> SN46261253

SITE NAME CAPEL DYDDGEN TUMULI FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 7760-8003-42517

SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 7769;8903;42517
PART OF 42570

Very denuded barrow but still vaguely visible. Has, and continues to be, damaged by ploughing and grass-cutting. Part of barrow cemetery/group 42570.

Fantastic views over to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr.

Close to a natural spring, located c.170m away to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0582

PRN 8906 NGR SN46621529

SITE NAME PLAS BACH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval
CONDITION
D
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
SITING High plateau/Stat/se

ASSOCIATED WITH 8907

SITING High plateau/flat/top

Immediately to the NW of standing stone 8907 and adjacent to it are the remains of a possible round barrow, 12.5m in diameter and remaining to a rough height of 0.4m. The oval mound was just visible but difficult to properly see during our visit due to the long (silage) grass covering it and the surrounding field. This barrow was in very close proximity to standing stone 8907, and it is important to perhaps view both these sites as forming one overall monument, rather than two separate sites despite their individual PRNs.

Fine views out from the site overlooking the valley of the Gwendraeth Fach as it runs NE-SW at the foot of the slope on which this barrow and its adjacent standing stone (8907) are located. To the E it is possible to see Black Mountain, with the location of the monuments on Mynydd Llangendeirne also visible to the SE. Just over 1km away to the W of this site on the high ground immediately opposite this site are two standing stones (1673 and 1674) and a possible henge (14237), and when first constructed it may have been the case that these sites were intervisible with each other.

Close to a series of springs and also overlooking the Gwendraeth Fach.

SN46621529 8907 **NGR** PRN

FORM PLAS BACH SITE NAME

STANDING STONE? SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith High plateau/flat/top SITING В CONDITION

O.Struct

ASSOCIATED WITH 8906

This standing stone is located on top of a high plateau/local summit with the ground sloping gently away all around from the site, but particularly S down to the Gwendraeth Fach which runs at the bottom of the slope. This stone, a block of Old Red sandstone is sited immediately next to round barrow 8906, and is well-weathered, particularly on it S face. The stone, a tapering square-ish block, stands 1.2m tall and is orientated on its long axis (narrow sides) SSW-NNE, with its other faces looking ESE-WNW.

Fine views out from the site overlooking the valley of the Gwendraeth Fach as it runs NE-SW at the foot of the slope on which this barrow and its adjacent standing stone (8907) are located. To the E it is possible to see Black Mountain, with the location of the monuments on Mynydd Llangendeirne also visible to the SE. Just over 1km away to the W of this site on the high ground immediately opposite this site are two standing stones (1673 and 1674) and a possible henge (14237), and when first constructed it may have been the case that these sites were intervisible with each other.

Overlooking the Gwendraeth Fach to the S and is also close to a number of springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN54604218 NGR <u>PRN</u> 9468 O.Struct FORM **CAPEL IAGO** SITE NAME STONE CIRCLE? SITE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Groupsetting-circular Hillslope/moderate/middle SITING E CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH 1194

No archaeological traces of this monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. When originally recorded in 1979 the site was described as consisting of nine recumbent stones arranged in a circle with a diameter of c.110m. A number of stones had been cleared to the hedgerow of the field by 1983 and any traces of the possible stone circle had been removed. Standing stone 1194, itself now destroyed, originally stood c.250m to the NE of this potential circle, and may have acted as a 'marker' for it.

Mynydd Llanybydder and the Crugiau Edryd barrows dominate the view to the S, whilst originally the site would have had wide view out to the NW and over the Teifi valley.

<u>PRN</u> 9613 <u>NGR</u> SN581421

SITE NAME CEFN-BLAENAU FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

Lots of large angular blocks of stone make up the cairn material of this barrow, and these are all visible on its surface. In the centre of the mound there are some large white quartz blocks, and it looks as though the cairn has been robbed, perhaps for material when the boundary walls nearby were constructed. The cairn is clearly circular, 10m in diameter, and stands to a height of c.0.35m. It is located in a pasture field on undulating land sloping down gently to the S and E.

Has the most fantastic views out all around the SE sector looking down the valleys and over the undulating landscape. The Brecon Beacons are visible, as is Balck Mountain.

Close to two streams, Nant yr Yrfa and Nant Ceimant.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0288

PRN 9619 NGR SN591440

SITE NAME GELLIDEWI UCHAF FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH

No trace of this barrow was found during fieldwork in the area suggested by its grid reference. A setting of three small upright stones was noted in the same field between this site and cairn 42520 but could not be considered as the remains of a barrow and may be a natural feature. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 9753 <u>NGR</u> SN13682653

SITE NAME PANT-WRAIGEN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH 667;1000;1083;12690;13034

PART OF 42571

During our visit the area was under long grass and difficult to assess but no clear archaeological features for this or any of the other monuments were discernible and apart from the Yr Allor stones (1000), it would appear that this site and the other round/ring barrows in the immediate area have been destroyed during recent land improvement measures and agricultural activity. Part of prehistoric monument complex 42571.

Fantastic views over Carn Meini and the Preselis.

<u>PRN</u>

9754

NGR

SN14002614

SITE NAME

GOODWIN'S ROW

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 9755;9772;9773

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

Site destroyed to make way for a modern building plot.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

9755

NGR

SN13982612

SITE NAME

LLAIN

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

FORM

Earthwork

Not Scheduled

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING

CONDITION

C

ASSOCIATED WITH 9754

Site destroyed. Although in the gazetteer of sites at Glandy Cross (Williams, Ward and Darke 2000) as a doubtful barrow, it may have been a genuine monument given that three perforated baked clay beads were found in this location in the garden of No.4, Goodwins Row (pers. comm.).

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

9757

NGR

SN13602717

SITE NAME

TROED Y RHIW

O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

ASSOCIATED WITH 9758

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

U

SITING

FORM

Unable to access and assess site due to dense vegetational cover. The footpath indicated on our map and point of access to the area was totally overgrown and impassable.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

9758

NGR

SN135271

SITE NAME

TROED Y RHIW

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

E

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 9757

Impossible to access or assess the area due to dense vegetational cover, but on a previous field visit no archaeological traces of a monument existed in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

PRN 9759

NGR

SN1466127076

SITE NAME FFYNNON-LWYD

ASSOCIATED WITH 1013;1225

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn **CONDITION**

D

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

The remains of a partially excavated barrow still visible in the landscape and occupying a prominent position on a tract of land which gradually rises up to the NE, leading to the Carn Besi burial chamber (1135) 1km away. The barrow overlooks Castell Garw henge (1024) to the S, the location of Gwal-y-Filiast (1138) to the SE and the location of the rest of the Glandy Cross complex to the SW. This barrow lies c.80m away to the NE of cairn 1013 and overlooks a surrounding landscape rich in prehistoric monuments. It may have been one of four cairns running in a NE-SW alignment, including 1013, 1225 and 1020, the latter two sites now

Fantastic views all around, over to Carn Meini to the N, the rest of the Preselis, Llanboidy to the E and even down to the coast, with the refineries at Milford Haven visible to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0343

<u>PRN</u>

9760

<u>NGR</u>

SITE NAME

FFYNNON-LWYD

SN147271

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

U

SITING

FORM

ASSOCIATED WITH

Feature excavated by DAT in 1991-2 and shown to be natural. **DIGITAL CAMERA**

PRN

9765

NGR

SN14052670

SITE NAME

CROSS INN

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

Cropmark

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

9769

NGR

SN14812629

SITE NAME

PANTYMENYN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

HENGE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 9770;13036

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible settlement.

Site excavated by DAT in the 1990s and nothing remains of this monument. Excavation revealed an elongated enclosure and pit circle defined by two parallel banks, of uncertain extent on the SW but with a curved terminal on the NE end. Within the terminal lay a hollow enclosing pit circle with central hearth. Finds included pottery sherds from a Bronze age Food Vessel.

This site is more likely to be a prehistoric ritual monument rather than a settlement, especially given its association with the Glandy Cross complex of prehistoric monuments.

PRN 9770 NGR SN14382608

SITE NAME PANTYMENYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled
CONDITION C SITING High plateau/flat/middle

CONDITION C
ASSOCIATED WITH 0;1077;9769

A good example of a round barrow, still in a reasonably good state of preservation, and located on the peripheries of the Glandy Cross monument complex (). The mound is grass-covered with some small stones showing up through the surface. 50m away to the SW in the bottom corner of the field there is a huge white quartz boulder, some smaller lumps of white quartz and an upright monolith which may originally have been associated with the monument and cleared in more recent times.

Fantastic views over to the Preselis and particularly Carn Meini to the north.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0345

PRN 9771 NGR SN13662580

SITE NAME MAEN-GWYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled
CONDITION D SITING High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

Badly denuded round barrow cut across its centre by a hedgeline running roughly E-W. On the N side of the boundary (farmed by Hafod Wen) the barrow has been ploughed down considerably since last visited by DAT in 1984, losing some overall height of approximately 30cm. There is also some vehicle damage to the site. We were unable to gain access to the land on which the other half of the barrow is situated and the land is higher on this S side of the hedgeline with the outline of the mound clearly visible but only standing to a similar height. When the barrow was cut into in c.1980 for a pipe trench a layer/floor of round pebbles/stones were exposed (pers. comm.). From the barrow Castell Garw henge (1025) was clearly visible.

Fantastic views round especially over to Carn Meini to the N and the rest of the Preselis. Viewshed roughly 270 to 80 degrees (W to E through the northern sector)

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0588

PRN 9772 NGR SN13972606

SITE NAME TY-NEWYDD RHOS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SAM
CONDITION C SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 9754;9773

Lying 100m north of 9773 this very denuded round barrow is in an appalling state for a SAM. The monument is only really visible by a rise in the hedgebank along the A478 road. The mound is very overgrown with bracken and long grass and there has also been some dumping of soil on its eastern edge. On the opposite side of the road there is a clear section of buried soil, which may possibly represent the western edge of this mound which has been largely destroyed by the main road. This section consisted of an admixture of small lumps of white quartz and earth.

Fine views of the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0338

PRN

9773

NGR

SN13932600

SITE NAME

TY-NEWYDD RHOS

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION

D

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 9754;9772

Barrow covered by long grass and bracken with rubbish being dumped around its edge. The mound is truncated by the A478 road on its west side and is not clearly visible due to vegetational cover. The monument is in an appalling state for a SAM.

Fine views of the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

9827

NGR

SN46112121

SITE NAME

FRON-YN

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

В

SITE STATUS SITING

Floodplain/flat/edge

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 5382

A large well-preserved and defined circular round barrow once overrun by the now dismantled railway. The barrow is still intersected by the remnants of the old railway and other hedge boundaries. The monument is clearly visible in the field and currently under long grass with cattle grazing on and around the mound. Unable to assess the orthostats previously noted by Williams (1983) and Cadw (1994) although the site appears to remain in a good and stable condition.

View is dominated by the prominent hill at Nantgaredig to the E, at the bottom of which lies another round barrow 9958, and also overlooks (and is overlooked by) Merlins Hill to the NNW. The site may also have been visible with standing stone 5382 c.200m to the SW.

Located on the floodplain of the River Towy.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

9866

NGR

SN49751365

SITE NAME

BRYN-TAWEL

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITING

FORM

Hillslope/gentle/bottom

ASSOCIATED WITH

Listed in the SMR as a possible Bronze age round barrow but not likely to be a prehistoric funerary or ritual monument. A well defined and still visible round platform. Possibly too low-lying to be a round barrow, with the evidence for terracing/building up of the eastern side suggesting that this may be a hut platform rather than a prehistoric monument. From the evidence in the field it is difficult to establish an exact period for this site, but it is certainly of historic date.

Dominated by the hillside and Garn Quarry to the E.

Close to two springs

<u>PRN</u> 9958 <u>NGR</u> SN49302164

SITE NAME LLECHWENNY FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Floodplain/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 1752;1754

A low but clearly visible mound, much denuded and spread, located at a point where three boundaries meet, with the greater portion of the surviving barrow located in the local park/playing field of a school. The site is predominantly grass-covered but the portions of the monument in the adjoining fields are overgrown with long grass, trees and shrubs. On top of the mound towards its centre there is a fenced-off area which presumably surrounded the 'water-tank' noted by DAT in 1982 but which is no longer visible.

View along the Towy valley E-W and dominated by the immediate hills at Nantgaredig and at Felin-Wen (Merlins Hill).

Located on the edge of the floodplain of the River Towy at the foot of Nantgaredig hill, a prominent local landmark visible from miles around, including from the monument complex at Pen-Pal (42568) and standing stone 1744 sited on Merlins Hill to the W, and from more nearby sites such as 5382 and 9827 further E along the Towy valley c.3km from this site.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 10093 NGR SN31011721

SITE NAME PWLLYGRAFEL FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Floodplain/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 13019;42526;42590

The remains of a round barrow, cut on its north-eastern side by a modern driveway that has obliterated part of the barrow. The mound is very denuded and spread although still visible as a round mound standing c.0.3m high and with a rough N-S diameter of 20m. It is located in the SW corner of a pasture field adjacent to the main A40 road and is probably occasionally ploughed. The barrow would have formed a linear alignment with two other barrows, 13019 and 42526, located c.400m and c.300m to the WSW of this site respectively and intervisible with each other when first built.

To the S it is possible to see the Taf estuary, visible as a topographic change as opposed to being able to see the water itself, but nonetheless a significant view. To the E/NE the view is dominated by hills with ridges to the W.

Located on lowland to the NW of the floodplain/course of the Afon Cywyn which flows S to join the Taf estuary.

PRN 10206 NGR SN40283687

SITE NAME CRUG WAUN MERCH (West) FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1771;1772;1773

A very spread low mound, c.30cm high, with a scatter of small stones visible on its surface. The barrow lies on a west-facing slope overlooking the Afon Seidi and another round barrow, 1773, lies c.400m upslope from this site to the E.

SITING

Hillslope/moderate/middle

Good views throughout the W sector although the view to the E is restricted by the land rising up to the highest point on which destroyed barrows 1771 and 1772 once stood.

Close to a natural spring.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 10213 <u>NGR</u> SN49022126

SITE NAME YSTRAD WRALLT STONE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Floodplain/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1754

No archaeological traces of this standing stone exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This stone when originally constructed would almost certainly have been intervisible with round barrow 9958 c.450m to the NE and with henge 1754 c.350m to the E/ESE and formed one of a series of prehistoric monuments focused on the floodplain of the Towy valley at this particular point in the landscape.

Good views all along the valley of the Towy in both directions with Merlins Hill prominent to the W and Nantgaredig hill immediately to the N.

Located on the floodplain of the River Towy.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 10232 <u>NGR</u> SN45092613

SITE NAME BLAEN Y PANT FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 5369

No trace of this barrow remains in this area. The field in which it was located has been well ploughed and no archaeological features were visible. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed.

Good views over to the NW and WNW where the Preselis and Frenni Fawr were clearly visible, and well as to the SW and W.

PRN 10235 **NGR** SN15832354

SITE NAME RECTORY THE **FORM**

SITE TYPE LONG BARROW?

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Stone group SITE STATUS SITING Streamside **CONDITION**

O.Struct

ASSOCIATED WITH

A seemingly linear arrangement of stones located on a break of slope adjacent to the river Wenallt in the garden of The Hermitage/Manor Gwyn, Login. The site consists of a series of large stones and a possible earthwork, with at one of the blocks having the appearance and positioning of a potential orthostat. A fence cuts through the site at its W end and in the adjacent field at this W end there are a collection of massive blocks of stone and evidence of a raised mound. This site has previously been classified as a stone circle, but there was nothing on our field visit to suggest a circular nature to the site. If anything it seems much more likely to be a Neolithic trapezoidal long cairn, and its location is not dissimilar to that of Twlc-y-Filiast (2141) and Parc le Breos Cwm in Glamorgan, sited in the bottom of a narrow steep-sided valley. The mound appears to extend in length for 70m, is orientated E-W and has a width of approximately 16m N-S. Although rock does outcrop close to the surface in this area, there does seem to be a distinct linear feature here which needs to be properly surveyed and recorded.

The site has been additionally classified as a possible long barrow in the SMR.

All along the Wenallt steep-sided valley.

Adjacent to a small river, the Afon Wenallt, which flows down into the Afo Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0318

PRN 10412 NGR SN305259

PARC Y GARREG WEN FORM O.Struct SITE NAME

STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING CONDITION E

ASSOCIATED WITH 2226

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. If this stone had existed, it would have been within c.200m of another stone, 2226, located on the same high plateau and intervisible with it.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

SN39303360

GRUG-BACH Earthwork SITE NAME <u>FORM</u>

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING Ridge/flat/top **CONDITION** U

ASSOCIATED WITH 2316;2317;2318;10447

NGR

PART OF

10446

We were frustratingly unable to find a way into the forestry area containing this and other sites in the Waunfawr plantation. None of the tracks shown on our Pathfinder map were either visible or passable apart from the main footpath adjacent to stone 1803. The condition and authenticity of the site remains unknown, but what little of the site remains is likely to have been severely damaged or even destroyed by forestry activity. Both this site, and 10446, were part of a complex of barrows located on a narrow spine of land running NE-SW above the Afon Duad and overlooking a number of other prehistoric ritual and funerary monuments to the SE on the other side of the gully.

Would have enjoyed the same good views as barrows 2316 & 2317.

<u>PRN</u> 10447 **NGR** SN39203350

SITE NAME **GRUG-GLAS FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular Not Scheduled SITE STATUS CONDITION SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2317;2316;2318;10446

PART OF 42577

We were frustratingly unable to find a way into the forestry area containing this and other sites in the Waunfawr plantation. None of the tracks shown on our Pathfinder map were either visible or passable apart from the main footpath adjacent to stone 1803. The condition and authenticity of the site remains unknown, but what little of the site remains is likely to have been severely damaged or even destroyed by forestry activity. Both this site, and 10446, were part of a complex of barrows located on a narrow spine of land running NE-SW above the Afon Duad and overlooking a number of other prehistoric ritual and funerary monuments to the SE on the other side of the gully.

Would have enjoyed the same good views as barrows 2316 and 2317.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 10604 **NGR** SN38951875

SITE NAME **GLASFRYN FORM** Documents; Place-nam

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION **SITING**

ASSOCIATED WITH

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible boundary stone.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 10744 SN48031304 **NGR**

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE **FORM** O.Struct

SITE TYPE CIST?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Not Scheduled SITE STATUS CONDITION D **SITING** Corridor/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH 7710;1661;42532

PART OF

42532

A possible cist located just a few metres away from standing stone 7710 at the start of a corridor leading onto the rest of Mynydd Llangendeirne. It comprises of a series of large boulders defining one end of the cist, with other uprights in situ and what is possibly a displaced capstone (1.1mx0.7mx0.2m) which has fallen into the cist at one end.

Shares the same fantastic views to the SW and W as standing stone 7710 but with a less obscured view of the sea, with Caldey island also visible. However, the 'long-barrow' shaped hill visible on the Gower from 7710 is obscured from this site by the outcrop to the S of the cist.

Located in between two rock outcrops, at the edge of a Millstone grit ridge and c.15m S of a parallel limestone ridge.

SN28252314 PRN 10745 NGR

FORM **Earthwork** SITE NAME **PANTYRHEDIN**

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Cairn-circular SITE STATUS

CONDITION E

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. However, this was almost certainly the site of a round barrow which has now been ploughed out totally. The site was located on top of a long ridge on a local highpoint was commanding views out across the landscape. Another barrow, 3966, was located 1.6km away to the ESE at the other end of the same long ridge.

SITING

Ridge/undulating/top

To the WNW can be seen the Llanboidy wind farm and the Preselis with Frenni Fawr also clear to the NW. There was also fine views out to the S and E sectors.

Overlooking the valley of the Afon Cynin through the W sector.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 10746 NGR SN48073342

SITE NAME **CRUGIAU RHOS-WEN** FORM Cropmark?

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 10747 **NGR** SN289320

Earthwork SITE NAME **CARREG WEN** FORM

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Hillslope/gentle/middle C SITING CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH 1130;42576

A large and well-preserved round barrow, clearly circular and well-defined, which stands within a pasture field used for grazing cattle. The grass-covered mound measures some 23m in diameter and survives to a height of c.1.5m. In 1984 when the site was last visited by DAT there was a white quartz stone visible on the E side of the barrow. No such boulder was visible this visit next to the mound, although a large lump of white and rose quartz was spotted in the hedgeline by the gatepost and may have been cleared there from the

Had fantantastic views out to the northern sector, including Moelvre, as well as to the S. Overlooks the high ground to the SE on which a group of other barrows are located (1132-4, 1136).

Divided from the opposite high ground on which the Tryuchrug-Crug Glas barrow group (42576) is located by a small stream running between the two hills.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0206 <u>PRN</u> 11109 <u>NGR</u> SN43323124

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11116;1111

<u>PART OF</u> 11115

Located downslope to the SE from the summit on which the majority of the barrows from cemetery 11115 were sited. This cairn is visible in a pasture field standing to a height of c.0.3m on its W side. The view to the NW was obscured by the rising land on which the rest of the cairns were once situated, and apart from slight traces of barrow 1808 this site is all that remains of a barrow cemetery that once boasted at least 10 monuments clustered around this local highpoint.

Commanding views particularly to the SE, S and SW.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 11115 <u>NGR</u> SN4231

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW CEMETERY

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-10 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Summit/gentle/top

CONDITION D
ASSOCIATED WITH 1815

CONSISTS OF 1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;11116;11117;11

Group PRN for a series of 10 round barrows located on the SW slopes and on the highest part of an upland summit. Of the group only the very slight remains of one cairn remains on the summit (1808) and also of the one cairn on the SE slope (11109).

Commanding views achievable from the highest part of the site where the bulk of the barrows were located, with particularly fine views out to the S, W (the Preselis) and SW. To the NE lies the high ground of Mynydd Rhos-wen and set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818).

Close to a stream which runs down into Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 11116 <u>NGR</u> SN43083139

SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;1111

PART OF 11115

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This barrow once formed part of barrow cemetery 11115 which originally comprised at least 10 barrows, with all but one now virtually destroyed.

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

11117 NGR SN43103135 PRN

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim SITE STATUS Summit/flat/top CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;1111

11115 PART OF

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. This barrow was originally one of at least 10 barrows forming part of barrow cemetery 11115.

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

NGR SN43043132 PRN 11118

Earthwork SITE NAME CRUGIAU PEN YR ESGAIR FORM

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn Summit/flat/top

SITING CONDITION

1807;1808;1809;1810;1811;1812;11109;1111 ASSOCIATED WITH **PART OF** 11115

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. One of at least 10 barrows which originally formed part of

As with the other barrows located on the same upland plateau there would have been commanding views out to the W (the Preselis), to the S and SW, whilst on the high ground up to the NE, today covered in forestry, there was another set of barrows (1816,1817 & 1818) on Mynydd Rhos-wen and Tre-beddau.

A stream flows past the hill at its bottom on the NW side and flows into the Nant Aeron.

DIGITAL CAMERA

barrow cemetery 11115.

11162 NGR SN21781353 PRN Place-name; Earthwork

FORM

SITE NAME **PARC GARN ROUND BARROW?** SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-2 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Hillslope/gentle/middle D SITING **CONDITION**

ASSOCIATED WITH

Situated just below the local summit of Brandy Hill 2km SW of Coed Old Pale (13370 and 13061). One possible barrow was identified in the SE corner of a pasture field, adjacent to the road and just visible through the hedgeline, on the basis of the collection of large stones and vague mound visible (see Dcp_0645), which now has a recent water system on top of it. These stones contained a notable high quantity of white quartz within them. There was no trace of a second barrow in the area suggested by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area (Dcp_0644).

Good views were particularly focused towards the SE and over to the Taf estuary.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0644;Dcp_0645 PRN 11222 NGR SN388098

SITE NAME CEFN MAEN FORM Place-name; O. Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

CONDITION M SITING

Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SIT

A recumbent slab lies at the entrance to Treforis Fach farm and may originally have been a standing stone. Other place-name sites in the immediate area (11222 and 11223) may also have taken their field names from this one stone.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 11224 NGR SN386094

E NAME LLAIN GARN FORM Place-name: Earthwor

SITE NAME LLAIN GARN FORM Place-name; Earthwork SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 11222

A visible earthen mound situated amongst low-lying undulating hills close to the sea, although not visible from the site. The mound is situated on very gently sloping land with a stream at the foot of the hill where the ground slopes away to the S. In the last 30 years the surrounding hedgebanks have been removed from these fields and there has also been a lot of ploughing. The mound assumes a regular circular form and is suggested to be earthen rather than stone on the basis that the farmer has had no difficulty in ploughing over the site. Three standing stone place-name sites (11221-3) are recorded for the fields in the vicinity of this possible barrow: evidence for at least one standing stone may be found at the entrance to Treforis Fach where a recumbent slab is placed at the entrance to the farm. Originally this stone was moved here from a building which itself may have robbed the stone from its original location many years ago.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 11230 NGR SN374097

SITE NAME PARK MAIN FORM Place-name; O. Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

CONDITION U

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING

CONDITION U SITE ASSOCIATED WITH

11430 **NGR** SN22100755 **PRN**

Earthwork SITE NAME MORFA BYCHAN FORM

LONG BARROW SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Cairn-long SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING Coastal plateau/flat/top **CONDITION** C

ASSOCIATED WITH 4314;42519

A well-preserved trapezoidal long cairn, orientated SW-NE, with the broadest end looking NE. The tail end of the monument faces SW and looks out to the sea whilst tapering to a width of 5m. At the NE end of the tomb, which increases to a width of 8m, there appears to be a shallow forecourt area, 3.5m wide and 3.5m deep, which is delimited on either side by two distinct horns. In other similar monument traditions (e.g. the Cotswold-Severn tombs) this forecourt area is generally considered to be the spatial focus of the ceremonial and ritual activities which took place at these sites during the Neolithic and Bronze Age. The forecourt also looks towards the edge of the limestone escarpment immediately below which tomb 'D' (3825) is located, which makes use of the natural outcrop for part of its form. A central spine runs along the length of the cairn and there are indications of the tumble of some of the cairn material on both sides. Although there is no immediately apparent evidence for an orthostatic chamber or passage within the monument, it is possible that there may be one or more cist-chambers within the body of the cairn material instead, a feature familiar at other Neolithic long cairns known from a Welsh context. There is some damage at the SW end of the cairn where the cairn appears to have been dug into on both sides 2 metres in from the tail. All the evidence points to this site as being a genuine Neolithic long cairn rather than a more modern clearance cairn.

Fantastic views out to sea and along Pendine sands to the E.

Located on the coast overlooking the sea and the Carmarthenshire coastline.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0611;Dcp 0612

> SN4821313260 PRN 11586 **NGR**

FORM **Earthwork** SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS SITING Ridge//top

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 1694;7712;42532

1661;42532 PART OF

Lying between ring caim 1694 and round barrow 7712 this badly trampled round barrow occupies a prominent position on a rocky ridge on Mynydd Llangendeirne. Some damage to the monument visible on its SE side which looks to have been caused by quad-bikes used for rounding up the animals (sheep, ponies) which graze in this area. Some angular blocks of the cairn material were visible on the surface of the mound. The monument was more visually distinctive during our winter visit than during our first visit in July 2000.

Fantastic views including Worms Head and the Gower peninsula to the S and Caldey Island to the SW, with Black Mountain to the E and the Preselis visible to the NW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0626 <u>PRN</u> 11590 <u>NGR</u> SN50323555

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANFIHANGEL RHOS Y CORN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 712;13590

<u>PART OF</u> 42592

This site is also listed in the SMR as a possible clearance cairn.

A regular and defined oval cairn located a few metres NNE of Crug Penheol (712) with another similar oval cairn (13590) located just to the W. It is more likely to be a ritual monument than a clearance cairn, although it has been substantially damaged and now has marsh-grass growing all over it. Nonetheless stones are visible protruding through the surface of the mound. Located in an area of high potential environmental deposits on open peaty moorland in the uplands rising up above the valleys of the Teifi and the Cothi.

Massive views out over the immediately surrounding bleak upland on which the site is located, and also out over the wider undulating and colourful landscape srurounding the site.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 11593 <u>NGR</u> SN49833582

SITE NAME BLAEN-RHYD-GOCH I FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH

Not a prehistoric monument.

This site has been additionally classified as a possible spoil tip.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 11594 <u>NGR</u> SN49843583

SITE NAME BLAEN-RHYD-GOCH II FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Not a prehistoric monument.

This site has been additionally classifed in the SMR as a spoil tip.

11984 **NGR** SN54131523 PRN

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME **HEOL-DDU**

RING BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS SAM Level/flat/middle CONDITION D SITING

A trial excavation by DAT in 1984 revealed a large ring cairn, 30m in diameter composed of a 6m wide bank of limestone boulders and stones surrounding a central circular area with a limestone pavement. The monument has been cut by a modern boundary and the E side of the monument is far better preserved and

visible than the portion located in the other field to the W. Currently there are horses and sheep grazing in the field and on top of the monument: the horses in particular may be causing damage to the site. The views from the site are limited by the surrounding hills.

Located close to the Gwendraith Fach but not intervisible with it.

DIGITAL CAMERA

ASSOCIATED WITH

PRN SN21502613

Earthwork SITE NAME **PANTGLAS** FORM

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular

SITING High plateau/flat/middle CONDITION Ε

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12040;1204

NGR

PART OF 12039

12038

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Part of barrow cemetery 12039 and the most westerly of a linear arrangement of three barrows running in front of a field boundary. No visible trace of any of the mounds today, the only surviving example from the immediate area being barrow 3934 c.50m to the SW of this site. In the area of the old boundary and the new track to the NW of the site there is an area of loose stone, earth and a few lumps of white quartz which may represent some of the barrow material cleared to the edge of the field.

Huge views out to the southern sector, with the Preselis to the W and Frenni Fawr visible to the N over the undulating high plateau on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located.

Located on high ground between two small rivers.

PRN 12039 NGR SN2126

SITE NAME **PANTGLAS FORM** Earthwork

ROUND BARROW CEMETERY SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-9 **SITE STATUS** Not Scheduled

CONDITION E ASSOCIATED WITH 3926

CONSISTS OF 3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;12040;12041;12042;1

Only one barrow, SAM Cm133 (3934), and one possible barrow (42511), remain in this landscape, the rest of the barrows and potential cropmark sites having been destroyed by regular and intensive ploughing and cultivation of the land in this area. This complex possibly originally comprised a cluster of at least 12 sites within a radius of 200m from the central point arbitrarily set at 12043, the single standing stone within the barrow group (also destroyed).

SITING

FORM

Cropmark

High plateau/flat/top

Fantastic views achievable from all around this high plateau, with Frenni Fawr to the N, the Preselis to the WNW/NW and Llanboidy windfarm immediately to the N. This landmark is visible from miles around, and thus the locations of these barrows, if not the monuments themselves, were also visible from afar. Lan 'A' (3930) and the rest of the Lan barrow cemetery lay c.800m and beyond to the S/SSW of the area.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 12040 **NGR** SN21582605 SITE NAME **PANTGLAS**

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;12041;120

PART OF 12039

No visible traces of an archaeological feature indicated in the area suggested for the monument. When extant it is possible that this site was part of the larger barrow cemetery at Pantglas (12039), and is sited in the same field as destroyed barrows 12038,12041,12042 and 5825, and sole surviving mound 3934. Any features which may have survived in the landscape have almost certainly been ploughed away.

Good views out to the S with the Preselis to the W and Frenni Fawr visible to the N over the undulating high plateau on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located. This site, and the other barrows in the group, would have been intervisible with Lan 'A' barrow (3920) c.1km to the SSW.

On high ground between two small rivers.

<u>PRN</u> 12041 <u>NGR</u> SN21552614

SITE NAME PANTGLAS FORM

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING High plateau/gentle/middle

Earthwork

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

<u>PART OF</u> 12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Part of barrow cemetery 12039. This site formed part of a linear arrangement of three barrows with 12038 and 12042 aligned roughly E-W running along the boundary line of the field, and 3934 and 5835 offset to the SW.

Huge views out over the S sector with the Preselis visible to the W and Frenni Fawr visible to the N over the undulating landscape on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 12042 NGR SN21622613

SITE NAME PANTGLAS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING High plateau/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

PART OF 12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Part of barrow cemetery 12039 and also the most easterly of a linear arrangement of three barrows running along the edge of the field boundary. A small ring of longer grass was noted at SN2159426131 measuring c.7m in diameter and may represent the remains of a ditch which originally surrounded the barrow which no longer has a visible presence in the landscape. Part of the boundary line just to the N of this barrow has been grubbed out.

Huge views out to the S with the Preselis to the W and Frenni Fawr visible to the N over the undulating high plateau on which Crug Hywel (3926) is also located. This site, and the other barrows in the group, would have been intervisible with Lan 'A' barrow (3920) c.1km to the SSW.

On high ground between two small rivers.

PRN 12043 NGR SN21362608

SITE NAME PANTGLAS FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E <u>SITING</u> Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

PART OF 12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exist in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Part of barrow cemetery 12039 and separated from barrows 12044,12045,3935,3936 and 42511 located on the same hillside by a modern road. No visible sign of this standing stone although at the entrance to this field some large white quartz boulders have been cleared to the boundary and by the gate. From the position of this standing stone, the only one recorded within the barrow cemetery, all the other barrows were located within a 200m radius of this stone which may have acted as a central focal point of the ritual and ceremonial area.

Huge views out over the S sector with the Preselis to the W, with Frenni Fawr visible over the undulating high plateau to the N on which Crug Hywel (3926) is located.

Located on high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 12044 <u>NGR</u> SN21302607

SITE NAME PANTGLAS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

<u>PART OF</u> 12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Site would have been situated within the middle of the gentle slope down to the SSW of the hill on which 3936, 3935 and 42511 were also located.

Hillslope/gentle/middle

All around the S sector, with the Preselis out to the W. Viewshed 110 to 300 degrees through the S.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 12045 <u>NGR</u> SN21282600

SITE NAME PANTGLAS FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

PART OF 12039

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Part of barrow cemetery 12039 and would have been situated within the middle of a gentle slope down to the SSW on which barrows 3835,3836 and 42511 were also located.

Huge views out around the southern sector with the Preselis out to the W. Viewshed from 110-300 degrees through the S.

On high ground between two small rivers.

PRN 12065 NGR SN41251197

SITE NAME CAE POMPREN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/steep/middle
ASSOCIATED WITH

This stone, if it ever were standing and is not a natural feature, is embedded in the earth with only one of its large faces exposed. This exposed surface is heavily weathered with various pitted erosions. Given its current position, if this stone had been upright it would have been orientated SW-NE on its long axis (narrow sides) with its larger flat faces looking SE-NW following the lie of the land and the view over to the location of other prehistoric monuments in the landscape.

Commanding views out to the E and SE, right round to the W. The site overlooks the Gwendraith valley to the E, Llangendeyrn to the E, with the view over to the Towy estuary obscured by the uplands inbetween. Behind the site to the N/NW the view is shielded by the rising slope, but to the SW sector overlooks the location of the standing stone at Gwempa (1682) and also the location of the Llechdwnni complex of stones (1683-5) closer to the S.

Close to a spring to the SW and overlooking a stream which runs into the Gwendraith Fach.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 12690 NGR SN13682681

NAME GLANDY CROSS FORM Earthwork

SITE NAME GLANDY CROSS FORM ES

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING Hillslope/moderate/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 667;1000;1083;9753;13034;14180

An oval cairn, 1m high and measuring c.4m x5m, which surrounded a standing stone. Noted by DAT in 1991, this monument is described as having large stones protruding from its sides (a kerb?) and a central stone projecting 0.6m above the top. By the time of the Glandy Cross fieldwalking programme (July 2000) and field visit under this project there was no visible presence of this cairn, the field having been subject to land improvement measures and many large stones having been cleared. During fieldwalking a noticeable concentration of white quartz was recovered from around the area where this monument once stood.

Fantastic views over to the Preselis and Carn Meini.

Close to a spring and with the Cleddau-Ddu c.1km to the W.

<u>PRN</u> 12802 <u>NGR</u> SN46352634

SITE NAME PANT-Y-LLYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork

CONDITION

D

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 1720;1721;42505;42531

PART OF 42530

Both this site and its immediate neighbour 1721 were very indistinct in the field. These sites were first visited in August 2000 but were under long grass and thus difficult to see. However, during a return visit in January 2001 when the grass had been cut they proved no easier to see. The area is regularly ploughed and the mounds have been severely denuded. Nonetheless they form part of the barrow cemetery 42530 and would possibly have been intervisible with barrow 12803 and the white quartz boulders 1726, 1827 and 1728 which form part of the prehistoric monument complex 42531 c.350m away to the SW. A telegraph pole is situated at the western end of this site and although it is intervisible with barrow 1720 which lies a few metres to the W, both are separated from each other by a modern reservoir.

Widespread views all around from the site, and particuarly over to Frenni Fawr to the WNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0663

<u>PRN</u> 12803 <u>NGR</u> SN46122621

SITE NAME PANT-Y-LLYN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> D <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH 1718;42530

PART OF 42531

A large round barrow clearly visible in the field, and located directly between two groups of monuments, starting with the barrow cemetery at Penycwnc (42530) and running WSW towards the Meini Gwyn monument complex (43531). The barrow has been somewhat denuded but remains otherwise in a reasonable condition.

Huge views visible from the site: to the S is the coast, and Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W and WNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0567

<u>PRN</u> 13006 <u>NGR</u> SN55414409

SITE NAME BANC Y GARN FORM Earthwork
SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Not a prehistoric monument. Reliably informed by the farmer of Derlwyn farm, on whose land the feature lies, that this is in fact the remains of a well hole dug by him in 1976 during the drought to try and find water, and thus is not a round barrow, despite its close proximity to barrow group 42575. This site has been re-classified in the SMR as a well.

PRN 13019 NGR SN30601704

SITE NAME CLYN COCH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Floodplain/flat/edge

SOCIATED WITH 10002-42526

ASSOCIATED WITH 10093;42526 PART OF 42590

A denuded and spread round barrow underneath a hedgeline which cuts it on its western side. The mound is visible against the field boundary as a roughly circular and rounded feature, c.17m in diameter and remaining to a height of c.0.4m. It is located on the W edge of a pasture field which is probably occasionally ploughed. This mound is potentially one of a pair, its twin 42576 now destroyed but originally located c.100m away to the ENE. This barrow, along with its twin, also formed a linear alignment with barrow 10093 located c.400m to the ENE and all three sites would have originally been intervisible with each other. This site was originally given NGR SN30721706 which actually belongs to barrow 42526. Its proper NGR is SN30601704: the confusion occurred because the barrow was originally recorded by Williams from the road and the field boundary he had plotted it onto had already been grubbed out. It is actually sited under the hedgeline as described but further to the W.

To the S it is possible to see the Taf estuary, visible as a topographic change as opposed to being able to see the water itself, but nonetheless a significant view. To the E/NE the view is dominated by hills with ridges to the W.

Located on the floodplain of the Afon Cywyn which flows down to the Taf estuary to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 13034 NGR SN13742656

SITE NAME PANT WRAIGEN FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone setting-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 667;1000;1083;9753;12690

PART OF 42571

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible ring barrow.

During our visit the area was under long grass and difficult to assess but no clear archaeological features for this or any of the other monuments were discernible and apart from the Yr Allor stones (1000), it would appear that this site and the other round/ring barrows in the immediate area have been destroyed during recent land improvement measures and agricultural activity. Part of prehistoric monument complex 42571.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 13036 NGR SN14842628

SITE NAME PANTYMENYN FORM Buried Feature

SITE TYPE HENGE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH 9769

Also listed in the SMR as a possible settlement.

Site excavated by DAT in the 1990s and nothing remains of this monument. Excavations revealed a circular hollow which may have been of natural origin but which contained basal deposits dating to the Neolithic. Thiis site is neither likely to be a henge nor a settlement, but perhaps a ritual pit.

PRN 13041 NGR SN45662101

SITE NAME GLYNMYRDDIN I FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 13042

One of two possible round barrows identified in this field from the main road. From the road they admittedly look convincing features but once in the field it is clear that they are natural, and possibly the remnants of glacial river courses. The old railway line has been grubbed out just beyond the end of this site and on the ground these features are both more linear in nature and ill-defined. The farmer at Glanmyrddin farm on whose land the sites are located told us that this field was 'full of lumps of sandy loam' which further lends weight to the argument that these are natural rather than cultural features of the terrain.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 13042 NGR SN45712092

SITE NAME GLYN MYRDDIN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

<u>DESCRIPTIVE TYPE</u> Mound-circular <u>SITE STATUS</u> Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> C <u>SITING</u>

ASSOCIATED WITH 13041

One of two possible round barrows identified in this field from the main road. From the road they admittedly look convincing features but once in the field it is clear that they are natural, and possibly the remnants of glacial river courses. The old railway line has been grubbed out just beyond the end of the other potential site to the N of this feature and on the ground these 'mounds' are both more linear in nature if anything, and certainly ill-defined. The farmer at Glanmyrddin farm on whose land the sites are located told us that this field was 'full of lumps of sandy loam' which further lends weight to the argument that these are natural rather than cultural features of the terrain.

Site additionally classified in the SMR as a natural feature.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 13061 <u>NGR</u> SN22541511

SITE NAME OLD PALE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 3867;13370;13371

PART OF 29504

Only a very faint mound visible in the field with cropmark evidence for a possible ditch running round it on its NE side, the ditch area being visibly greener than the rest of the field. The mound has been very spread

and denuded through agricultural activity in the area, particularly ploughing. The barrow was located on top of a flat local highpoint with commanding views and adjacent to cairnfield 13370.

Looks over the Taf valley to the E and has fantastic views all around with Frenni Fawr to the NNW.

Situated on top of a local summit overlooking the meandering River Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0643

PRN

13129

NGR

SN17302735

SITE NAME

PLAS FARM

FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

CONDITION

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 13130;13142;13143

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

A possible standing stone which may have been part of a stone row of at least three, and maybe originally more, stones including 13142 and 13130 lying c.40m apart from each other and running in a SW-NE direction, and also associated with round barrow 13143 40m to the SW.

Good views out to the SE and over the Taf valley.

Close to a small stream which runs down into the Afon Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

13130

NGR

SN17262733

SITE NAME

PLAS FARM

O.Struct **FORM**

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith CONDITION

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 13142;13129;13143

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

A standing stone, possibly one of a stone row/alignment running NE-SW consisting of at least three stones and also associated with a round barrow (13143) 80m to the SW. This stone is the most north-easterly of the group, the other stones (13129 and 13142) lying 40m and 80m to the SW of this stone respectively.

Good views out to the SE and over the Taf valley.

Located close to a small stream which runs down into the Afon Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

13142

NGR

SN17232729

SITE NAME

RHYD YCHAIN

O.Struct FORM.

SITE TYPE

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

M

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 13129;13130;13143

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible rubbing stone.

This stone has been moved from its original location in the driveway of the house onto the top of round barrow 13143. Both the barrow and the stone are now used as practice ramps for a moto-X circuit in the back garden of Barrow. This stone may originally formed part of a stone row/alignment which ran in a SW-NE direction and included stones 13129 and 13130, which lay c.40m and 80m NE from this stone respectively.

Good views out to the SE over the Taf valley.

Located close to a small stream wheih runs down into the Afon Taf.

PRN 13143 NGR SN17242729

SITE NAME RHYD YCHAIN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-oval SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 13129;13130;13142

The very much mutilated remains of a round cairn. A number of large angular blocks of stone are visible on the surface of the mound. Part of the barrow has been destroyed by the road which runs past the cairn on its N side, and part of it has also been destroyed by the driveway of the house Barrow on whose land the site is located. A standing stone (13142) once located in the driveway of this house has been dumped on top of the barrow when the driveway was constructed and both this stone and the barrow are now used as obstacles for a moto-X practice circuit established in the garden of this house. Christmas trees have also been planted on top of the barrow and around the edge of the mound. A hedgebank which separates this site from the adjacent road runs over the top of the cairn. This barrow lies adjacent to a possible stone row or alignment of at least three stones (13142, 13129 and 13130) which ran NE-SW and perhaps started with stone 13142 which originally stood a few metres (c.10m) to the W of this barrow, with the other stones lying c.40m and 80m away to the N respectively.

Good views out to the SE and over the Taf valley.

Close to a small stream which runs down into the Afon Ta.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 13144 <u>NGR</u> SN17082664

SITE NAME BANC Y FELIN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

CONDITION

D

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

A roughly circular mound located just inside the gate of a field, measuring some 11m in diameter (N-S) and standing to a height of c.0.25m. On the eastern side of the earthen mound there is a possible stone socket with 2 large monoliths lying against the hedge 5m away from the N edge of the barrow. On the W side of the barrow the mound is being severely and quickly eroded by tractors and farm machinery coming through the gateway and since first recorded by DAT in 1987 the monument has been so denuded so as to warrant a downgrading from a C to a D condition (from damaged to substantial destruction).

Fantastic views to the SSW along the Taf valley, with Llanboidy windfarm and the location of the Pantglas barrow cemetery (12039) and Curg Hywel (3926) to the E. Although the Preselis lie beyond the ridge to the NW of the site the view across to them is obscured by the higher land which rises behind this site. The chambered tomb of Gwal-y-Filiast (1138) lies on the upper slopes on the other side of the Taf just to the SSE of this barrow and may have been visible from here in prehistoric times.

Overlooking the valley of the Taf to the S

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0321

PRN

13254

NGR

SN51223931NW

SITE NAME

MYNYDD LLANLLWNI

Earthwork **FORM**

Not Scheduled

SITE TYPE

RING BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-ring; Cairn-circular

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

This potential site was spotted from APs and from the air gave the impression of a ring cairn. However, when visited there was no archaeological features in the area suggested by the grid reference for the site, nor in the landscape surrounding the area which was thoroughly investigated. The large clumps of gorse which cluster in the area may have been what showed up on the APs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

13370

NGR

SN228149

SITE NAME

COED OLD PALE

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

CAIRNFIELD

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-00; Earthwork-00

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

U

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 3867;13061;13371

PART OF

29504

Access to this site was impossible due to dense vegetational cover (brash, scrub) with the bulk of the site under forestry. The forest has been felled and replanted with deciduous trees on the trackside margins and conifers on the interior and it was impossible to see any of the cairns or assess their condition. A cluster of large blocks of Old Red Sandstone were noted at the side of the wood on the boundary line at c.SN22601520.

Commandding views over to Frenni Fawr in the N and the valley of the Taf and high ground on the other side of the river to the E.

Situated on local highground immediately next to the meandering River Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

13371

NGR

SN224158

SITE NAME

GREAT PALE WOOD

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

CAIRNFIELD

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

В

SITING

Hillslope/steep/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH **PART OF**

29504

13061;13370

When surveyed by DAT in 1988 the site consisted of 7 small cairns clearly visible in a group. Today some heaps of stones are visible but the area is much disturbed and difficult to assess and a number of loose stones are literally strewn amongst other piles of small stones. The site is situated in an area of woodland close to a boundary wall and the vegetational obstacles (brambles, tree stumps, fallen leaves) prevented a proper view of the area. However it is clear that there has been some recent disturbance and the owner, Mr James of Great Pale, said that he had used some of the stone last year and that the cairnfield as a whole was the result of clearance. If this were indeed a ritual site the cairns were situated in a typical location, with good views out over the surrounding landscape.

Good views out to the N and NE and over the valley of the Taf but today obscured by woodland.

On a steep-sided valley slope leading down to the Afon Taf.

<u>PRN</u> 13372 <u>NGR</u> SN22961559

SITE NAME UNKNOWN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE CLEARANCE CAIRN

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-2
CONDITION
C
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
SITING

CONDITION C
ASSOCIATED WITH

PART OF 29504

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 13373 <u>NGR</u> SN23221570

SITE NAME UNKNOWN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE CLEARANCE CAIRN

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING

CONDITION C ASSOCIATED WITH

<u>PART OF</u> 29504

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 13374 <u>NGR</u> SN21950875

SITE NAME UNKNOWN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-2 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. Originally there were two in circular and regularly-shaped mounds c.1m high and approx.8m in diameter. They were unlike the other clearance cairns in the area as these mounds were constructed from earth and not stone and thus it is likely that they were burial mounds rather than clearance cairns. They have now been destroyed.

Located on high ground at Ragwen Point overlooking the sea and the area of the Morfa Bychan cairns.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 13375 <u>NGR</u> SN21960774

SITE NAME UNKNOWN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-3 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION E SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

No archaeological traces of any of the three kerbed cairns mentioned by K. Murphy during the Marros Mountain survey (3826) were located in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Sites destroyed?

Located on the high ground immediately above the area of the Morfa Bychan cairns.

SN53453948 PRN 13489 NGR

FORM **CRUGIAU EDRYD** SITE NAME

RING BARROW SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS SAM **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Ring cairn

CONDITION D

SITING Summit/flat/top

Earthwork

707;710;718;719;1188;1189;1190;1191 ASSOCIATED WITH

14191 PART OF

A small and denuded ring cairn lies c.10m away to the WSW from the edge of barrow 1188. A single earthfast white quartz block lies at its centre, the interior of the barrow being lower than the surrounding ground level. On our visit the interior of the barrow was waterlogged, as was much of the area surrounding the rest of the barrow cemetery (14191). This site is the least visible of the monuments in this group and as a result is far more threatened.

Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. Another monument complex of four barrows and three standing stones lies immediately to the N on lower ground at Pen Cil-garn (42574).

Close to Geredig spring and stream

Dcp_0281;Dcp_0283 DIGITAL CAMERA

> SN50293555 13590 **NGR** PRN

Earthwork MYNYDD LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN **FORM** SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Caim-Oval

Summit/flat/top SITING CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH 712;11590

42592 PART OF

A probable round barrow rather than a clearance cairn, located a few metres to the NNE of Crug Penheol (712), and still visible in the landscape, but very badly damaged. Located on top of open peaty moorland, and environmental deposits are likely to be high. Oval cairn, some blocks of stone visible on its surface.

Massive views out over the bleak immedaite landscape and the undulating and colourful wider landscape surrounding the site.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN2024 PRN 14190 NGR Earthwork **FORM** LAN

SITE NAME ROUND BARROW CEMETERY-LINEAR SITE TYPE

SAM DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-5-linear group SITE STATUS

High plateau/gentle/top SITING CONDITION C

ASSOCIATED WITH 3930

3948;3949;3950;3951;8870 **CONSISTS OF**

This is the group PRN for a series of 5 round barrows located in a 450m stretch of high slightly undulating land and within 1.5km of another barrow cemetery located to the NE (12039). Another alignment is formed almost at right-angles to the Lan barrows starting with Crug Hywwel (3926) 2km away to the NNE and running southwards to the Nolais or Lan 'A' barrow (3930) located 750m away from the mid-point of the Lan barrows.

Fantastic views out over to Frenni Fawr to the N, Llanboidy wind farm to the NE and the Preseli ridge to the NW. Good views also to the W.

Dcp_0330;Dcp_0331;Dcp_0332 DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 14191 <u>NGR</u> SN534394

SITE NAME CRUGIAU EDRYD FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW CEMETERY-LINEAR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-4; Cairn-ring-1 SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION B

ASSOCIATED WITH 707;718;719;1191;42585 CONSISTS OF 710;1188;1189;1190;13489

A group of four large and well-preserved round barrows and a ring cairn situated at the top of Mynydd Llanybydder on open peaty moorland in an area rich in Bronze age monuments. This area would undoubtedly have played a very important ceremonial and ritual role in prehistory, with the locale where this barrow group is placed being particularly significant for the wide-ranging views achievable from the sites and the amazing colours visible in the landscape. The four large barrows are arranged in a linear fashion, orientated NE-SW, and all sited within a few metres of each other. Other Bronze age monuments close by in the surrounding landscape include the now-destroyed stone row (719), single standing stone (718) and round barrow (725) directly to the E, Crug y Biswal round barrow and ring cairn (707 and 1191) to the W, and the cluster of barrows and standing stones (753,754,755,4852,7517,7518 and 7519) located on top of Pen Gil-garn (the next local summit visible to the NW).

SITING

Summit/flat/top

Huge views out over large tracts of the landscape. The Preselis are visible to the W, Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the NNE, the coastline of the Gower/Rhosilli Down is just visible to the S and Cader Idris/Plynlimon is visible to the N. In the immediate view to the N this cemetery overlooks the location of another monument complex sited on Pen Cil-garn (42574) on slightly lower ground at the foot of this highpoint which comprised four round barrows and and three standing stones, of which only three barrows (7519,754 & 753) remain.

Close to Geredig spring and stream.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0286

<u>PRN</u> 14237 <u>NGR</u> SN455150

SITE NAME CLOS TEG FORM Cropmark

SITE TYPE HENGE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING Local summit/flat/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1673;1674

CONSISTS OF 1674

Could see no sign of an earthwork feature as indicated by the aerial photographs for the area, but the ground was very muddy and well trampled by animals, and thus would have made it very difficult to see.

Fantastic panoramic views with Black Mountainn to the NE, and commanding views out over the wider landscape, with Frenni Fawr possibly visible to the NW.

Close to a natural spring and overlooking the valley of the Gwendraith Fach.

14280 NGR SN13152497 <u>PRN</u>

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME LAN

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-Circular High plateau/flat/middle SITING CONDITION D 1034

Small round mound which when first recorded in 1990 stood approximately 1m high, but has now denuded to roughly 0.4m in height. Some lumps of white quartz were noted as having been cleared to the edge of the narrow field in which this barrow is located close to the stile, and these stones may have originally been part of the barrow fabric.

Overlooks the Preselis and Carn Meini.

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0346

> 14338 NGR SN17051878 PRN

SITE NAME LLANGAN V **FORM** Cropmark **ENCLOSURE** SITE TYPE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Enclosure-circular

Hillslope/gentle/middle SITING CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 14340;34442

We were unable to visit the site because the farmer said the ground was too wet, but he did tell us that there is a feature visible on the ground in the area indicated for the cropmark which is only apparent during drought conditions and when the grass covering the field has totally died back. This cropmark feature lies close to the original location of a standing stone, 34442, c.200m SW, which has been moved from the middle of the field to the hedgebank and would have been intervisible with this site, A second cropmark site, 14340, lies c.100m to the E of this site and both circular features may feasibly have been contemporaneous with one another, and perhaps associated with the standing stone.

Overlooking the meandering river Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA

SN17201895 PRN 14340 NGR LLANGAN IV FORM Cropmark

SITE NAME **ENCLOSURE** SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS

Hillslope/gentle/middle CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 14338;34442

We were unable to visit the site because the farmer said the ground was too wet, but he did tell us that there is a feature visible on the ground in the area indicated for the cropmark which is only apparent during drought conditions and when the grass covering the field has totally died back. This cropmark feature lies close to the original location of a standing stone, 34442, c.300m SW, which has been moved from the middle of the field to the hedgebank and would have been intervisible with this site, A second cropmark feature lies c.100m to the W of this site and both features may well have been contemporary with one another.

Overlooking the meandering river Taf.

PRN 14341 NGR SN17911915

SITE NAME **LLANGAN VI**

FORM Cropmark

SITING

SITE TYPE **ENCLOSURE**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Enclosure-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 14407 **NGR** SN43531285

SITE NAME PONT GLAN-RHYDW **FORM Buried Feature**

SITE TYPE **CREMATION**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Pit **SITE STATUS** Not Scheduled

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 14420 <u>NGR</u> SN309407?

SITE NAME **CASTLE STREET FORM Finds**

SITE TYPE INHUMATION

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 14421 <u>NGR</u> SN195230

SITE NAME **CROSS HANDS FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW CEMETERY

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-5? SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D

<u>SITING</u> High plateau/undulating/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 940

CONSISTS OF 937;938;939

Barrows 937 and 938 are denuded and spread but still visible in the field and two further smaller and very denuded barrows, possible satellite mounds, were noted just to the east of 938. No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference for barrow 939, nor in the immediately surrounding area. This site has been destroyed. The remains of a possible chambered tomb, 940, should also be considered part of this barrow complex.

Good views out to the Preselis to the NW and NNW, as well as down towards the Taf valley to the W and N over to Frenni Fawr and Moelvre to the NE.

Close to a small stream which runs down the valley to the W and eventually into the Afon Taf.

<u>PRN</u>

27045

NGR SN246162

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

ZABULON

U

ROUND BARROW CEMETERY

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cropmark-Circular-3

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

FORM Cropmark

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

SITING

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

27667

NGR

SN5684615284

SITE NAME

BANC Y LLYN

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork

CONDITION

C

FORM

Earthwork

Not Scheduled

SITE STATUS

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Possible round barrow dug into on its western side. Other nearby mounds surrounding it are natural but this one has stones protruding through its surface. The mound is located within the Llyn Owain country park.

Huge 360 panoramic views with Frenni Fawr particularly striking to the WNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0568

PRN

27775

NGR

SN50481388

SITE NAME

MYNYDD CERRIG

ROUND BARROW? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork

CONDITION

FORM:

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Earthwork

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

Site also listed within the SMR as a possible natural feature.

Impossible to gain access to this site to assess its form, condition and authenticity due to dense vegetational cover.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

29504

NGR

SN2214

SITE NAME

KIFFIG DEER PARK

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

CAIRNFIELD

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-00

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

SITING

Hillslope

CONDITION

D

ASSOCIATED WITH 3867;13061;24641;29703

CONSISTS OF

3867;13061;13370;13371;13372;13373

A number of the monuments within this complex were assessed and recorded. The sites are rapidly coming under threat from different agricultural activities and land improvement measures. Some monuments may be the result of agricultural activity but others clearly played a ritual and ceremonial role in the prehistoric past.

Close to the valley of the River Taf

PRN 30318 NGR SN45321058

SITE NAME GARN LLWYD FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Earthwork SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION B SITING Hillslope/moderate/bottom
ASSOCIATED WITH

This site was also listed in the SMR as a possible spoil tip.

An extremely large earthen and turf-covered round mound with a clearly defined circular shape. It is difficult to tell whether this is a well preserved Bronze age barrow or the result of some other, more modern, activity. It's quite clear circular nature and profile is suggestive of a round barrow, but the fact that such a large and good example of its type should have so far gone unscheduled raises doubts as to its authenticity which may only be solved by sourcing local knowledge. The owner of the site was unable to be contacted (Ffoswilkin), but a neighbour from Bwlchwythaint said that she believed the site was 'an ancient burial ground' on the basis that a friend had been over it with a metal detector. The mound is surrounded by a waterlogged area supporting marsh grass.

Limited but good views from W to N.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0580

<u>PRN</u> 34442 <u>NGR</u> SN16851881

SITE NAME SARN LAS FARM FORM O.Struct
SITE TYPE STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-recumbent SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle
ASSOCIATED WITH 14338;14340

According to the farmer this stone, which was originally recumbent and situated in the middle of the field as indicated by the grid reference, has been cleared by him to the hedgebank. We were unable to gain access to the site. It is possible that this stone may have been associated with the two cropmark circular features identified from APs c.200m and c.300m upslope from its original location to the NE

Overlooking the meandering river Taf to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 42504 NGR SN41043600

SITE NAME BLAENNANTRHYS FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP-LINEAR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE CAIRN-CIRCULAR-3 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1767;1768;1769

PART OF 42572

1763;1764;1765;1766

Group PRN for a series of at least 3, and perhaps originally 4, round barrows in a linear alignment on

Blaennantrhys farm. Three of the circular cairns are still extant (1763, 1765 and 1766), A fourth cairn is recorded at 1764, and would have been the most northerly of the group, but no evidence for a cairn exists in this area today. The linear arrangement of cairns extended for c.350m running NW-SE (incl. destroyed cairn 1764) and forms part of prehistoric monument complex 42572.

All three extant cairns were intervisible with chambered tomb 1768 c.200m to the E, and all overlooked the same NE view along the Gwyddil valley which flows into the Afon Tyweli.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

CONSISTS OF

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0266;Dcp_0267;Dcp_0268

<u>PRN</u>

42505

NGR

SN4630526387

PENCWNC SITE NAME

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

1720;1721;12802;42531

PART OF

42530

A possible round barrow, c.50m NNE of barrow 1720 and c.30m from barrows 1721 and 12802, and part of barrow cemetery 42530. This circular mound, currently with an animal feeder on top of it and being damaged by animal erosion, stands to a height of c.0.5m with a diameter of c.9m and appears to be an earthen rather than stone mound. Two small clearance cairns of white quartz boulders have been cleared to the edge of the field adjacent to the water reservoir and may have originally been part of both this mound and/or barrow 1720.

Not intervisible with large white quartz standing stones 1727 and 1728 like its neighbour 1720, but nonetheless still enjoys fantastic views with Black Mountain visible to the E, the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W and Carmarthen Bay to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

42506

NGR

SN45962612

SITE NAME

MEINI GWYN

SITE TYPE

RING BARROW?

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-ring

D

SITE STATUS SITING

FORM

Not Scheduled Ridge/flat/top

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 1718;42530

PART OF

42531

c.20m to the WNW of stone 1727 there is a large circular cairn/stone ring with a central hollow/depression now overgrown with nettles. A clearly circular area, c.12m in diameter and standing 0.6m high, consists of a bank c.1.3m wide with a possible entrance at the NE side. The SW side of the monument is the best preserved, and the site lies within monument complex 42531, and is associated with at least three standing stones and two round barrows, with barrow cemetery 42530 a short distance away to the NE.

Huge views visible from the site: to the SW is the coast (Carmarthen Bay and the sea), with Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W and a large vista over the surrounding landscape, particularly through the W sector from S to N. The barrow is also intervisible with barrow 1720 of the Penycnwc cemetery 42530 c.350m away to the NE.

PRN 42507 NGR SN54851885

SITE NAME PEN PAL FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith-recumbent SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION B SITING Ridge/flat/top

CONDITION B

ASSOCIATED WITH 7765 PART OF 42568

This large Old Red sandstone boulder, referred to previously in passing as a 'glacial erratic', is located c.75m to the W of barrow 7765 and forms part of a prehistoric monument complex (42568) with three barrows on top of this SE-NW running ridge. The stone is diamond shaped and orientated 150-330 degrees (roughly NNW-SSE) and clearly intervisible with rest of the sites in its immediate locale. Even if this stone were a glacial erratic, by virtue of the fact that there are three barrows in its immediate vicinity it would suggest that this stone was a part of the Bronze age ritual and ceremonial activity which took place on this hilltop, and may have been appropriated as a 'standing stone' even though it was a natural rather than cultural structure.

Fantastic views out for the site with a 360 degree panorama (see slide show Dcp_0023-Dcp_0039). Within the northern sector there are wide views out over the Towy valley with Black Mountain to the E and the high ground at Brechfa/Mynydd Llanybydder to the N. To the S this site overlooks Mynydd Llangendeirne and to the SW looks towards the coast, although it isn't possible to see the actual sea. To the WNW are the Preselis, with Frenni Fawr and possibly Moelvre hill also visible.

Overlooking the meandering course of the Towy river as it weaves through the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0041

<u>PRN</u> 42508 <u>NGR</u> SN54881882

SITE NAME PEN PAL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPECairn-circularSITE STATUSNot ScheduledCONDITIONDSITINGRidge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

<u>PART OF</u> 42568

Located 30m to the W of round barrow 7765 and 42m from stone 42507 we noted the remains of a severely denuded but still visible ovoid mound, 5m long and 3m wide, standing to a height of c.0.3m and forming part of prehistoric monument complex 42568. c.13m to the S of this mound lies another barrow, 42509, also part of the same complex.

Fantastic views out for the site with a 360 degree panorama (see slide show Dcp_0023-Dcp_0039). Within the northern sector there are wide views out over the Towy valley with Black Mountain to the E and the high ground at Brechfa/Mynydd Llanybydder to the N. To the S this site overlooks Mynydd Llangendeirne and to the SW looks towards the coast, although it isn't possible to see the actual sea. To the WNW are the Preselis, with Frenni Fawr and possibly Moelvre hill also visible.

Overlooking the meandering course of the Towy river as it weaves through the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0041

PRN 42509 NGR SN54851884

SITE NAME PEN PAL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 7765
PART OF 42568

A second ovoid mound located on top of a ridge and part of monument complex 42568, associated with another ovoid mound (42508) 13m to the N, a round barrow (7765) 32m away to the NE, and a standing stone (42507) 32m away to the NW. The mound is severely denuded but still visible in the landscape, standing to a height of c.0.3m, and measuring 7.5m in length and 6m in width with the same orientation as its twin 42508, aligned WNW-ESE.

Fantastic views out for the site with a 360 degree panorama (see slide show Dcp_0023-Dcp_0039). Within the northern sector there are wide views out over the Towy valley with Black Mountain to the E and the high ground at Brechfa/Mynydd Llanybydder to the N. To the S this site overlooks Mynydd Llangendeirne and to the SW looks towards the coast, although it isn't possible to see the actual sea. To the WNW are the Preselis, with Frenni Fawr and possibly Moelvre hill also visible.

Overlooking the meandering course of the Towy river as it weaves through the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0041

PRN 42510 NGR SN3256936103

SITE NAME CRUGIAU MOELVRE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS N

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2274;2275;2276

PART OF 42569

Part of barrow cemetery 43569. This is a newly discovered barrow found when making a field visit to the other three barrows located on top of Moelvre hill, and is intervisible with these mounds which are sited just 50m away to the NE. This barrow is much more denuded than the others and it is unclear as to why this should have eroded more than the other mounds, unless of course it was never as big as them in the first place. The mound measured c.11m in diameter and survives to a height of c.0.5m, with a more pronounced rounded profile when viewed looking W towards Frenni Fawr.

Almost 360 degree panorama with the view only obscured to the S (from 160-200 degrees) by the local summit on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) is located. To the WSW are the Preselis and to the W Frenni Fawr, with huge views also throughout the northern sector and over to the numerous barrows on the high ground to the ESE and SE (2316-8,1802,2319,2302,2303,2305), whose locations would have been visible even if the sites themselves were not. Intervisible also with the high ground on which the Trychrug-Crug Glas cemetery (42576), with an identical arangement of barrows to this hilltop, located to the SSW.

Overlooking a number of springs and small rivers to the E,NE and W.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0214

PRN 42511 NGR SN2119426172

SITE NAME BRONYSCAWEN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/flat/top

<u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 3926;3934;3935;3936;5825;8048;12038;1204

PART OF 12039

Located at the end of a quarry section, on a flat high plateau of upland at the top of the hillslope just before the land begins to slope down to the SSW. The remains of a possible barrow, consisting of a circular mound of a stone and earth admixture similar to barrow 3926 further to the NNE. The barrow has been disturbed by animals and has also suffered erosion on its W and N sides. This may be the remnants of either one of the barrow pair 3935 or 3936 which were only given the same 6 figure gird reference and impossible to find in the field. It is possible that this is a new site at the end of a quarry section which had already destroyed the barrow pair.

Fantastic views out over Frenni Fawr to the N, the Preselis to the NW and W, to the S and SW towards the Lan barrow cemetery and down the valley of the Afon Gronw.

On high ground between two small rivers.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0218

<u>PRN</u> 42512 <u>NGR</u> SN35483452

SITE NAME TY-MATIAU FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE STONE ROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone Group SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING Hillslope/gentle/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 2301;2302;2303;2305;2311;2328

A row of at least three, and possibly originally more, standing stones, aligned NE-SW with one stone separated from the others by a modern road, and situated c.275m SE of Ty-Matiau farm. The stones, all white quartz boulders, were located just downslope from the flattish higher ground of a large high plateau on which a number of round barrows were situated, with 2302,2303 & 2305 being the ones immediately behind the stones to the S, and all lying c.400m away from the stones to the SW, SSE and SE respectively. A large recumbent slab was noted in the field boundary further to the NNE of the two stones in the field at Ty-Matiau, whilst other stones were visible further down the field and in the hedgebanks. We were unable to gain access to the stones to properly record and assess them and could only plot them from the road which separates the stones.

Fantastic views out to the W and E through the N sector, overlooking the valley of Nant Bargod to the N, and the large hill at Moelvre visible to the WNW, on which barrow cemetery 42569 was located. It is possible that the stones were also intervisible with round barrow Cruc Tarw (2311) to the ENE, and whilst possibly overlooked by the other round barrows to the S of these stones, the barrows themselves were not visible from the stones which lay downslope from the high ground.

Located just below the highest part of an upland plateau at the start of a convex slope which runs down to the NE and joins with some springs and a small stream flowing into Nant Bargod.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 0232

PRN 42513 NGR SN1718228030

FORM O.Struct **BERLLAN-DAWEL** SITE NAME

SITE TYPE STANDING STONE

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith

B CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 42514

Standing stone spotted from the road and also made apparent to us by local knowledge. A fine standing stone located on a break of slope in the middle of a steeply sloping pasture field running down to the SE. Another stone, 42514, was noted in the boundary line 50m SE of this stone, and whilst they technically do not comply with the definition of a stone pair, they are clearly closely associated with one another.

SITING

Hillslope/steep/middle

Overlooking the Taf valley to the S/SE and with fantastic views over to Llanboidy also to the SE, and throughout the southern sector.

Dcp 0348;Dcp 0349 **DIGITAL CAMERA**

> 42514 SN1717327980 PRN **NGR**

SITE NAME **BERLLAN-DAWEL** <u>FORM</u> O.Struct STANDING STONE SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Monolith

SITING Hillslope/steep/middle В CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 42513

Located 50m downslope of 42513, this large recumbent boulder is now incorporated into the boundary line running across the field. Both this stone and its close ally 42513 are sited specifically on their own break of slope within a steeply sloping pasture field.

Fantastic views throughout the southern sector, partcularly over to Llanboidy and the valley of the Taf.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp 350

> SN4597226116 <u>PRN</u> 42515 **NGR**

MEINI GWYN Earthwork FORM SITE NAME

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular Not Scheduled SITE STATUS Ridge/flat/top D SITING

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 1726;1727;1728;12803;42506

42531 PART OF

Possible ploughed-out round barrow, 12m in diameter and located in the same small area as stones 1727, 1728 and possible ring barrow 42506. Part of the Meini Gwyn monument complex (42531). Quartz boulder 1727 lies 10m away to the S of the barrow and 1728 lies 18m away to the ESE. A couple of possible kerbstones were visible on the SE side of the mound.

Huge views visible from the site: to the S is the coast, and Frenni Fawr and the Preselis clear to the W.

<u>PRN</u>

42516

NGR

SN4985413464

BLAENBEREM SITE NAME

STANDING STONE?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monolith;Stone Group

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

O.Struct

CONDITION

SITE TYPE

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 42528;42532 PART OF

42532

One upright monolith and one recumbent stone surrounded by lots of large angular blocks of loose stone. The upright stone is incorporated into a dry-stone boundary wall dividing a section of triangular woodland, in which the recumbent stone lies, from the garden of Blaenberem. The triangular stone measures 1m in height, Im in depth, and has a maximum width across its middle also of Im, tapering at the bottom and top to form a rough rhomboid shape for its large NNE-facing flat face. The recumbent stone is itself a rhomboid-shaped stone, lying 0.5m to the SW of the upright stone and measures roughly 1m in maximum length and 0.5m in depth. Many large blocks of stones are laid both regularly and irregularly in a mass throughout the small triangular piece of land in which these monoliths are located. It is possible that there are features within the mass of stone blocks, which are unlikely to be the result of clearance given their even distribution in the area and their concentration in this distinct triangular piece of land. The site is close to the start of Mynydd Llandgendeym and its associated monuments (42532).

This site has also been listed in the SMR as a possible stone pair.

Good views out to the south and west.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0573

PRN

42517

NGR

SN4623212492

SITE NAME

CAPEL DYDDGEN

Earthwork **FORM**

<u>SITING</u>

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW?

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular

Not Scheduled SITE STATUS

Hillslope/gentle/middle

CONDITION

D

ASSOCIATED WITH 7769;8903;8904

PART OF

42570

Located roughly 20m SW of 8904 this new possible round barrow was spotted, although it is also very denuded and spread like the other barrows which make up the cemetery/group 42570.

Fantastic views out to the NW and over to the Preselis and particularly Frenni Fawr.

Close to a natural spring located c.180m away to the NE

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0584

PRN

42518

NGR

SN22130751

SITE NAME

MORFA BYCHAN

SITE TYPE

CONDITION

CUP MARKED STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE

В

ASSOCIATED WITH

3823;3824;3825

PART OF

4314

Lying directly inbetween tombs B and C (3823 and 3824), c.15m N of tomb B, there is a large flat slab bearing two fine cupmarks, which are large and well-rounded and possibly contemporary with the chambered tombs. Although they may have been naturally weathered rather than the result of cultural agency they did occur side by side on a loose slab which could quite feasibly have been specifically selected and specially moved to its current location between the two tombs by the builders and users of these megalithic monuments. The left-hand/southern cupmark was ovoid, 10x8cm, and the right-hand/northern was circular and 11cm in diameter and c.5cm deep.

Intervisible with tombs B and C (3823 and 3824) and with commanding views along Pendine sands to the E.

Overlooking the sea and Pendine sands.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0604

PRN

42519

NGR

SN2215007589

SITE NAME

MORFA BYCHAN

SITE TYPE

CUP MARKED STONE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 3822;3823;11430;3824;3825

PART OF

4314

Located on the edge of the outcrop ('The Druid's Altar') which sits above the Morfa Bychan chambered tombs there is a series of three flat slabs which bear a number of cupmarks which are particularly deep and well-rounded, and would seem to be possibly be more significant than just the result of natural weathering, especially as these stones are located directly above and between tombs B and C (3824 and 3823).

Looks down over the Morfa Bychan tombs to the E and across to the opposite headland (Gilman's Point) and Pendine sands, as well as further along the Carmarthenshire coast,

Located by the sea.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0614;Dcp_0615;Dcp_0616

PRN

42520

NGR

SN5900244098

SITE NAME

GELLI DEWI UCHAF

Earthwork

O.Struct

O.Struct

Not Scheduled

Coastal plateau/flat/edge

FORM

SITING

SITE STATUS

Coastal ridge/steep/top

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

FORM

<u>SITING</u>

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular CONDITION

C

SITING

FORM

High plateau/undulating/mid

ASSOCIATED WITH 794

PART OF

42529

A new cairn, c.8m in diameter and 0.5m high, was discovered during field visits to round barrows 793 and 794, and may form part of a linear barrow cemetery (42529) running along the upland plateau between the local summits of Mynydd Pencarreg to the SW and the higher ground in Cellan to the NE on which the massive Hirvaen Gywddog standing stone (1912) is located. Some stones which form part of the fabric of the cairn were visible on its surface but otherwise it was grass covered and well defined in the landscape.

Intervisible with 794. Good views particularly to the SW and to the Teifi valley as well as over to the higher ground of Mynydd Pencarreg and Cellan where other prehistoric monuments were located.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0656

<u>PRN</u> 42521 SN5928143720 NGR

SITE NAME GELLI DEWI UCHAF FORM Earthwork

ROUND BARROW SITE TYPE **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Caim-circular **SITE STATUS** Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING High plateau/undulating/mid ASSOCIATED WITH 793;42524

42529 PART OF

Just downslope from barrow 793 in the next field another new cairn was discovered which measured some 7m in diameter and stood to a height of 0.6m. The site has a well-defined circular edge and a number of large angular stones which made up the fabric of the cairn were visible on its surface. Some particularly large slabs were also visible at the centre of the mound in a slight hollow depression. This cairn forms one of at least seven similar monuments which span the plateau area running from the SE to the NW and towards the enclosure at 787, recorded as an Iron Age hillfort but which may possibly have had earlier origins in the Bronze age.

Views dominated by the upland to the SW and NE and also by barrow 793 to the NW and the large rock outcrop and cairns at 42523 and 42524.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0661

PRN SN5409543862 42522 **NGR**

SITE NAME **GELLI DEWI UCHAF** Earthwork **FORM** SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW?**

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

Hillslope/moderate/middle **CONDITION** D SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 793;794 42529 PART OF

Located on a direct alignment between barrows 793 and 794 this possible cairn made use of a natural rock outcrop to delimit part of its extent and is situated on land sloping down from 793 to 794. A number of large blocks of stone were visible on the surface of the mound as well some blocks which seemed to form a rough kerbing to the cairn. This site forms part of the possible linear barrow cemetery which runs the length of the upland plateau at the base of Mynydd Pencarreg.

Good views to the Teifi valley to the NW and WNW and dominated by the upland flanking the site, particularly Mynydd Pencarreg to the SW.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0662

SN5937943538 **PRN** 42523 NGR

FORM Earthwork SITE NAME **BLAENYCWM**

SITE TYPE **ROUND BARROW**

Not Scheduled DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS High plateau/undulating/mid SITING **CONDITION** C

ASSOCIATED WITH PART OF 42529

This cairn, so far the most south-easterly of a new linear barrow cemetery running along the edge of an area of undulating upland at the base of Mynydd Pencarreg (PRN 42529), consists of a roughly circular cairn, c.11m in diameter with a small central depression. Although largely grass-covered, a number of angular blocks of stone were visible as part of the cairn material, whilst in the shallow depression in the middle of the cairn there lies a large stone block. This site is separated from 42524 by a large rock outcrop which has a number of naturally-formed 'chamber-like' areas, which although natural do look as though they could have been structured purposefully, and may have been significant in the prehistoric past by virtue of their perceived 'ancestral significance' and which may have encouraged the siting of the barrow cemetery in this particular location.

Looking southerly up to Mynydd Pencarreg and northerly over to Cellan and the direction of the monuments around Bryn Hirvaen (PRN1912), with particularly good views throughout the NW quandrant to the Teifi valley.

Close to a large rock outcrop dividing this site from 42524

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0669

> SN5936443438 <u>PRN</u> 42524 **NGR**

SITE NAME **BLAENYCWM** FORM Earthwork **ROUND BARROW** SITE TYPE

Not Scheduled **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Caim-circular SITE STATUS

SITING

High plateau/undulating/mid CONDITION D ASSOCIATED WITH 793;42521

42529 PART OF

This cairm, also part of linear barrow cemetery 42529, lies roughly 30m south of the large rock outcrop that separates it from cairn 42523 which lies some 100m to the N. Both cairns are intervisible with one another, and also with cairn 793 to the NW. This cairn is slightly smaller than 42523, measuring some 50cm in height and approximately 10m in diameter and has a clear circular edge. In its northern quadrant where some of the cairn material has been robbed it is possible to see part of the platform upon which this cairn was built, which continues underneath the rest of the cairn and is discernible around most of its perimeter. A potential low bank and ditch surround the cairn. Some angular blocks of stone which make up the fabric of the monument were visible on what was otherwise a grass-covered mound.

Same as 42523

c.30m south of a large rock outcrop which separates this site from 42523, although both cairns are intervisible.

<u>PRN</u> 42525 <u>NGR</u> SN28252725

SITE NAME TREPARCAU FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E

ASSOCIATED WITH 3944;8054

A now destroyed round barrow which originally stood halfway down the slope of a field between standing stones 8048 and 3944 which lay c.150m to the ENE and WSW of this site respectively. The farmer at Treparcau said that he had noted a distinct concentration of numerous blocks of white quartz at this particular point in the field when he was ploughing, and also that a large white quartz boulder was taken from this area and re-used as a gatepost many years ago, which may have been part of the barrow structure or certainly closely associated with it. The site has long been destroyed by regular ploughing. The field is now cultivated with a winter barley crop.

Hillslope/gentle/middle

Floodplain/flat/edge

SITING

SITING

Fantastic views out to the S and W, along the valley of the Afon Cynin to the SW and possibly also with Frenni Fawr visible to the W.

Close to and overlooking a number of springs and small streams, as well as being sited just above an area of very boggy and waterlogged land.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 42526 <u>NGR</u> SN30721706

SITE NAME CLYN COCH FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

<u>CONDITION</u> E

ASSOCIATED WITH 10093;13019

PART OF 42590

No archaeological traces of a monument exists in the area indicated by the grid reference, nor in the immediately surrounding area. Site destroyed. While visiting site 13019 the farmer of this land told of this round barrow, now eradicated, which he had noticed as a dense stony area unlike any other in the field and was unable to plough. It was located c.100m away from 13019 which lies to the WSW and thus formed a barrow pair. Roughly 300m to the ENE lies another barrow, 10093, which formed a linear alignment with this barrow and its twin, running WSW-ENE.

To the S it is possible to see the Taf estuary, visible as a topographic change as opposed to being able to see the water itself, but nonetheless a significant view. To the E/NE the view is dominated by hills with ridges to the W.

Located on the flat floodplain of the Afon Cywyn which flows S to the estuary of the Taf.

PRN 42527 **NGR** SN3153414120

O.Struct SITE NAME **MEINI TY-RHOS** FORM

STANDING STONE PAIR? SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Stone group SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION M

Hillslope/gentle/middle SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 2179;2180;2181

Mr Williams from Talybont farm told us of a pair of large stone in his field adjacent to Ty-Rhos which were cleared many years ago judging from their current overgrown state to their current position a few metres to the W of the stream that runs through the field. One stone of the pair is a large recumbent boulder, 2.2m x 2m, with the second stone a smaller and more regular stone, c.0.8m x 1m, and it is probable that if they were a stone pair they would have been sited further upslope, and were perhaps cleared when the electricity pylon was established.

This possible stone pair may well have originally been intervisible with another stone pair, 2180, c.200m away to the SW/SSW and possibly also with another potential stone pair at 2170, c.300m away downslope to the SW.

Close to the river Cywyn.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 42528 NGR SN4993413434

SITE NAME TAN-Y-GRAIG FORM None

SITE TYPE QUARRY; NATURAL FEATURE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Rock outcrop SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

SITING **CONDITION**

ASSOCIATED WITH 42516

This site was spotted during fieldwork and was noticed as a result of its cairn-like profile as a collection of massive angular blocks of stone. Although rock outcrops close to the surface in this area, this site was particularly noticed for appearing so unusual. There is evidence of a possible quarry around the outcrop and especially on its southern margins. Although this is a natural formation, given its unusual shape and size, and its proximity to Mynydd Llangendeyrn and the possible Blaenberem standing stone/stone pair (42516), it may have been a 'sacred' place during the Neolithic and Bronze age and may have been appropriated for ritual activity because it looked like certain kinds of megalithic monument.

SITING

Good views out to the south and west.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0575;Dcp_0576

42529 SN5943 PRN **NGR**

GELLIDEWI BLAENYCWM O.Struct SITE NAME FORM

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW CEMETERY-LINEAR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH

42523;42520;42521;42522;794;793;42524 CONSISTS OF

PRN 42530 NGR SN46352635

SITE NAME PENCWNC FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION D SITING Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH 42506;1726;1718;1727;1728;12803;42531

CONSISTS OF 12802;1720;42505

Barrow cemetery group situated on a local highpoint in the landscape and close to, and intervisible with, the prehistoric monument complex at Meini Gwyn (42531). This barrow cemetery consists of a group of four barrows: 1720, 1721, 12802 and 42505, which are closely clustered together.

Fantastic views achievable from all around the area on which the barrow cemetery is placed, with Frenni Fawr visible to the WNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 42531 <u>NGR</u> SN46002610

SITE NAME MEINI GWYN FORM O.struct

SITE TYPE PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE
CONDITION
B
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
SITING
Ridge/flat/middle

<u>CONDITION</u> B <u>SITING</u> Rid <u>ASSOCIATED WITH</u> 1720;1721;12802;42505;12803;1718;42530

CONSISTS OF 1726;1727;1728;12803;42506;42515

Complex of monuments consisting of three large white quartz boulders (standing stones 1726, 1726 and 1728), round barrow 12803, plus the newly recognised possible round barrow 42515 and ring cairn 42506. This complex may also be associated with barrow cemetery 42530 which lies on higher ground just to the NW of the site.

Fantastic views out particularly to the western sector and Frenni Fawr, with the Preselis also visible to the west, and the coast to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u> 42532 <u>NGR</u> SN4813

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANDGENDEIRNE FORM O.Struct

SITE TYPE PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION C SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 7707

CONSISTS OF 0;1693;1694;1695;1696;1697;1698;1699;7710;7712;771

PRN 42568 NGR SN54871884

SITE NAME PEN PAL FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-3;Monolith-recu
CONDITION
C
SITE STATUS
Not Scheduled
Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF 7765;42507;42508;42509

Group PRN for a series of 3 round barrows (7765, 42508 & 42509) and a boulder-type standing stone (42507) located on top of a SE-NW running ridge with extensive views out over the landscape.

Fantastic views out for the site with a 360 degree panorama (see slide show Dcp_0023-Dcp_0039). Within the northern sector there are wide views out over the Towy valley with Black Mountain to the E and the high ground at Brechfa/Mynydd Llanybydder to the N. To the S this site overlooks Mynydd Llangendeirne and to the SW looks towards the coast, although it isn't possible to see the actual sea. To the WNW are the Preselis, with Frenni Fawr and possibly Moelvre hill also visible.

Overlooking the meandering course of the Towy river as it weaves through the landscape.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0041

PRN 42569 NGR SN32603610

SITE NAME CRUGIAU MOELVRE FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE SITE STATUS SAM

CONDITION C SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

<u>CONSISTS OF</u> 2274;2275;2276;42510

Group PRN for a group of barrows on top of Moelvre hill. The group consists of a triangular arrangement of three barrows at one end of the hilltop, with a fourth barrow, 42510, lying outside of the group c.50m to the W. A similar arrangement of barrows also occurs on top of the high plateau/local summit at Trychrug, directly intervisible with this site to the SSW (group PRN 45276).

Almost 360 degree panorama with the view only obscured to the S (from 160-200 degrees) by the local summit on which Crug Gorllwyn (2293) is located. To the WSW are the Preselis and to the W Frenni Fawr, with huge views also throughout the northern sector and over to the numerous barrows on the high ground to the ESE and SE (2316-8,1802,2319,2302,2303,2305), whose locations would have been visible even if the sites themselves were not. Intervisible also with the high ground on which the Trychrug-Crug Glas cemetery (42576), with an identical arangement of barrows to this hilltop, located to the SSW.

Overlooking a number of small rivers and springs to the E, NE and W.

PRN

42570

NGR

SN46251250

SITE NAME CAPEL DYDDGEN SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW GROUP

FORM Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-4

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH 1702

CONSISTS OF

7769;8903;8904;42517

Group PRN for the Capel Dyddgen tumuli. Cemetery/group consists of four barrows, only one of which is reasonably well-preserved. All four barrows are being eroded and spread by agricultural activity and are in danger of being eradicated altogether.

Fantastic views over to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the N and NW.

Close to a natural spring located c.170m away to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0581-Dcp 0584

PRN

42571

NGR

SN13852660

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

GLANDY CROSS

PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Monument group-5

SITE STATUS

FORM

Not Scheduled

O.Struct

CONDITION

D

SITING

High plateau/flat/middle

990;1050 ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

1000;1083;9753;12690;13034;667;14810

A group PRN for a collection of various monuments located within a short distance of each other in the field containing the Yr Allor stones (1000). The monuments which form this group consist of two possible round barrows (9753 and 1083), two possible ring cairns (667 and 13034) and a standing stone surrounded by a cairn (12690). These sites have recently been destroyed as a result of farming practices and land improvement measures. Also associated with these monuments and included in the complex is the rhyolite axe factory 14810, as it is important to consider that the making of axes may have been an activity imbued with ritual significance and symbolism, and thus should be considered equally as a ritual site as well as an industrial one.

Fantastic views over the Preselis and Carn Meini.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0336

<u>PRN</u>

42572

NGR

SN41003600

SITE NAME

BLAENNANTRHYS PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

Earthwork

SAM

SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular-4;monolith-2;ch

SITE STATUS

FORM

CONDITION

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

1770;1771;1772;1773

CONSISTS OF

1763;1764;1765;1766;1767;1768;1769;42504

Prehistoric monument complex at Blaennantrys, consisting of linear barrow cemetery 42504 and also chambered tomb 1768 and standing stones 1767 and 1769.

Good views particularly to the NE along te valley of the Gwyddil which flows into the Afon Tyweli. To the SW the view is upslope to the higher ground on which another chambered tomb, 1770, once stood. On the higher ground to the N there was once a barrow pair (1771 and 1772) which looked down on this complex, but they have since been destroyed.

Close to Nant Gwyddil.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0265;Dcp_0266;Dcp_0267;Dcp

<u>PRN</u> 42573 <u>NGR</u> SN54454355

SITE NAME TAN Y COED COCHION FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP-LINEAR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular-3 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Ridge//top

ASSOCIATED WITH 784;782;783;42575

<u>CONSISTS OF</u> 770;771;772

A linear arrangement of three round caims (770,771 & 772) running roughly E-W along a ridge of the same alignment. 770 is the most westerly of the group and lies c.80m W of 771. 772 is the most easterly of the group lying c.150m E of the middle caim, 771. All three caims have been damaged/robbed of their material, much of which has probably been used for the stone field boundaries. Sites now on land owned by Pen-lan farm, Llanybydder (SN53904345). It is likely that these barrows at Tan-y-Coed Cochion are closely related to another set of three barrows, arranged in a linear fashion on the high ground immediately to the NE of the site at Blaen-bydernyn (42575), all three barrows of which are scheduled (PRNs 782,783 & 784, SAM Cm 84) and may have been intervisible with the cairns here.

Fantastic long-distance views out from the sites, over the Teifi valley and out to the Preselis to the SW, as well as throughout the W and N sectors. The Cambrian mountains rise to the N, whilst to the NE these cairns overlook the location of another series of three barrows on the high ground at Blaen-bydernyn (42575) just over 1km away. Mynydd Pencarreg lies to the E and Mynydd Llanybydder & Crugiau Edryd to the S.

Close to a number of small streams running below the high ground on which these monuments are located.

DIGITAL CAMERA Dcp_0252;Dcp_0253;Dcp_0254

<u>PRN</u> 42574 <u>NGR</u> SN51854090

SITE NAME PEN CIL-GARN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE PREHISTORIC MONUMENT COMPLEX

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-4;monolith-3 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled CONDITION D SITING Ridge/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF 753;754;755;4852;7517;7518;7519

Group PRN for a prehistoric monument complex located on the high ground at Pen Cil-Garn, consisting of a series of round barrows and standing stones, of which only three round barrows remain (753,7519 & 754), the standing stones and one other round barrow having been destroyed (7517,7518,4852 & 755).

Fantastic views all around the landscape, overlooking the Tefi valley to the N and W, with Crugiau Edryd (14191) on Mynydd Pencarreg immediately behind to the S, both blocking and dominating the view in this direction. Down to the SW on the distant horizon it was possible to see the Camrthenshire/Pembrokeshire coastline and to the N Plynlimon and the Ceredigion/Camrian uplands with the Preselis over to the WSW.

<u>PRN</u>

42575

NGR

SN553442

SITE NAME **BLAEN-BYDERNYN**

ROUND BARROW GROUP

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-3

C

SITE STATUS SAM

FORM

CONDITION

SITE TYPE

Local summit/moderate/top SITING

Earthwork

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

782;783;784

42573

Group PRN for a series of three round barrows, arranged in a roughly linear fashion running NW-SE on high ground opposite to the NE of a similar series of three barrows at Tan-y-Coed Cochion (42573) just over 1km SW of these cairns, and possibly intervisible with them at least from the mound located on the highest part of the immediate landscape, 784. Both groups of three cairns are so close together in the landscape, and so similar to one another, that it is hard to believe that they were not closely associated with each other in some way during their construction and use in the Bronze age.

Fantastic views from the S round through the western and northern sectors (from 160-60 degrees) and immediately to the SW looked over to the high ground on which the similar Tany-y-Coed Cochion barrows were located, with the Preselis just visible in the distance. To the E the view is obscured by the rising uplands of Mynydd Pencarreg with Mynydd Llanybydder to the S/SSE. To the N there are dramatic views of the Cambrian mountains and the Teifi Valley to the NNE.

Close to a number of small streams.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp_0255;Dcp_0256

PRN

42576

NGR

SN295316

SITE NAME

TRYCHRUG-CRUG GLAS

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW GROUP **DESCRIPTIVE TYPE** Mound-circular-4

10747

SITE STATUS

FORM

CONDITION

В

SITING Summit/flat/top

SAM

Earthwork

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

1132;1133;1134;1136

Group PRN for a triangular group of three barrows with a fourth outlier forming a barrow cemetery on top of a high plateau/local summit overlooking large tracts of the landscape. The field in which these barrows stand has been recently ploughed and lots of small fragments of white quartz are visible around the barrows. The three barrows which make up this triangular group (1132,1133,1134) lie a few metres away from each other, with outlier 1136 c.300m to the SE. A similar group of three barrows in a triangular arrangement with a fourth outlier is also apparent on top of the hill at Moelvre (see group PRN 42569) which is directly intervisible with this site.

Fantastic long distance views through an almost 360 degree panorama, although the view is more retsricted through the SE sector by the higher ground on which Crug Ieuan (2297) and other barrows following the course of the Afon Duad are located. From this site there are good views out over to Moelvre and its barrows to the NNE/NE as well as over to Frenni Fawr and the Preselis to the W.

Overlooking Dewi Fawr river to the SE, Afon Cawnen to the SSW, Afon Sylgen to the NNE and various other small rivers and springs.

DIGITAL CAMERA

Dcp 0203;Dcp 204;Dcp 0205

PRN 42577 NGR SN39253355

SITE NAME WAUNFAWR PLANTATION FORM Earthwork

ROUND BARROW GROUP SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-4 SITE STATUS SAM (part)

SITING

SITING

CONDITION

U

ASSOCIATED WITH 2318

CONSISTS OF

2316;2317;10446;10447

Group PRN for a cluster of barrows, with an outlier 2318 located c.650m away to the NE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 42578 NGR SN36353275

SITE NAME **CRUGIAU NANT GRONW FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP

C

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-3 SITE STATUS SAM (part)

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF 2306;2307;2308

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 42579 **NGR** SN40700900

Earthwork SITE NAME **ALLT CUNEDDA FORM**

ROUND BARROW PAIR SITE TYPE

D

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2 SITE STATUS Not Scheduled SITING Ridge/flat/top

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH

1393;1394 CONSISTS OF

Although not strictly speaking a barrow pair, as the two barrows are more than 100m apart, these two barrows (1393 & 1394) have nonetheless been given a group PRN because of their clear inter-relationship on top of this particular ridge and point in the landscape. Barrow 1393, the most easterly of the pair is the best preserved, the more westerly barrow 1394, c.200m away, more severely denuded although still faintly visible in the field. Both of the barrows located on top of this ridge may have been part of a wider processional pathway through the landscape that began at Mynydd Llangendeirne, moving SW to encounter the barrows at Capel Dyddgen (42570), various standing stones (1702,1682,1683,1684,1685) before reaching these barrows and continuing SW to incorporate the cist/ cairn at 7344, another barrow at 2129 and two standing stones 2125 and 2111 which led eventually down to the water.

Huge 360 degree panoramic views from all around the site. There are amazing views to the S over the sand, sea and Gwendraith estuary as well as down to the Gower Peninsula/Rhosilli Down/Worms Head. To the NE lies Mynydd Llangendeirne with its numerous prehistoric and funerary monuments, whilst to the NW and W of the site there would have been clear views of both the Taf and the Towy estuaries and over to the Preselis and Llanboidy. To the WSW it was possible to see the coastline of Carmarthen Bay around Pendine Sands and possibly over to the location of the Morfa Bychan caims on Ragwen Point. Caldey Island would also have been visible in the SW sector but today the views are obscured by the trees marking out the modern field boundaries.

Overlooking the Gwendraeth estuary and the sea to the S.

<u>PRN</u>

42580

NGR

SN26701080

TAFARN DIFLAS SITE NAME

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-2

SITE STATUS SAM (part)

CONDITION

C

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

3912;3913

Group PRN for a pair of barrows, 3912 and 3913, located c.100m apart on the same local highpoint. Barrow 3912 is a SAM (Cm) and reasonably well-preserved whereas its twin, 3913, has not been given SAM status and as a result has been more severely denuded. This pair of barrows would originally have been intervisible with another round barrow, 3915, an outlier to the pair c.700m away to the SE.

Fantastic views out to the Preselis and Frenni Fawr.

Overlooking the Taf estuary to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

42581

NGR

SN29651500

SITE NAME

BRYNHELIG-PANT DWFN

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

SITING

High plateau/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

3882;3902

Group PRN for a pair of barrows, 3902 and 3882, located c.100m from each other. Barrow 3902 is the better preserved of the two, with barrow 3882 having been severely denuded by ploughing. The barrows were orientated on a NW-SE alignment and are today separated by a modern field boundary dividing two different farms.

Looks SE towards the Cynyn/Taf estuary and also has fantastic views around the landscape from W to E through north, with Frenni Fawr, Llanboidy windfarm and the Preselis visible on the horizon in the NW

Located on high ground separating the river Taf to the W from the Afon Cynin to the E, with both rivers meeting at the Taf estuary to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

NGR

SN27571593

SITE NAME

EITHIN FACH

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

C

42582

SITING

Hillslope/gentle/middle

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

3878;3879

Group PRN for two barrows, 3878 & 3879 of which only 3878 survives. The barrows were sited c.80m apart on a NE-SW alignment and the sites today are separated by a modern road and field boundaries.

There are good views out from the site, and almost a 360 degree panorama.

Located close to the confluence of the River Taf with the Afon Cynin at the NW end of a local highpoint.

PRN

42583

NGR

SN12282060

SITE NAME SITE TYPE

CRUGIAU

FORM

SITING

Earthwork

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled Level/flat/middle

CONDITION ASSOCIATED WITH

C

CONSISTS OF

926,927

ROUND BARROW PAIR

Group PRN for two barrows, 926 & 927 located only a few metres from each other but today separated by a modern field boundary.

Good views to the S with the Preselis visible to the NNW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

42584

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-2

NGR

SN50153710

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU GEIR

FORM

Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

SITE STATUS

SAM

CONDITION

В

SITING

High plateau/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

714;715

Group PRN for a pair of barrows, 714 & 715, located on top of Mynydd Llanllwni in open peaty moorland and located c. 100m form each other on a NNW-SSE alignment.

Almost 360 degree panoramic vista. To the ENE/NE Crugiau Edyrd (14191) is clearly visible, and there are huge views out over swathes of the landscape to the SE,S.SW,W and NW.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

42585

NGR

SN51753880

SITE NAME

CRUG Y BISWAL

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular-2 CONDITION

C

SITE STATUS

High plateau/flat/top

SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH 14191

CONSISTS OF

707;1191

Group PRN for two barrows, 707 and 1191, located a few metres away from one another on a N-S alignment and c.1.75km to the WSW of the Crugiau Edryd barrow cemetery (14191).

Huge views particularly to the N, W and NE.

Close to the steep-sided valley of Nant Iar.

PRN 42586 **NGR**

SN41273725

SITE NAME **CRUGIAU** **FORM** Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Caim-circular-2

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

SITING Summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

1771;1772

Group PRN for two barrows, 1771 & 1772, recorded by the RCAHM in 1917 but now destroyed. They were sited on top of a local summit and overlooked the prehistoric monument complex at Blaennantryhs (42572).

Would have had good views out over surrounding landscape and was located only a short distance away from a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, with barrow 1773 just downslope 600m to the SW, barrows 1763-1766 c.1.1km downslope to the S and other monuments on the higher ground to the SE (1781 & 1665) and E (1783).

Close to Nany Gwyddil and overlooking this and the valley of the Afon Tyweli.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN 42587 **NGR**

SN43003615

SITE NAME CRUG SGETHLIN

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-2

SITE STATUS

SAM (part)

CONDITION

D

<u>SITING</u>

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

1665;1781

Group PRN for two barrows, 1781 and 1665, located c.100m from each other on a NE-SW alignment.

Commanding 360 degree views from the site all around the landscape, with Mynydd Pencarreg and Mynydd Llanybydder (both locations with a large concentration of Bronze age monuments) clearly visible to the E. 1km to the N and downslope from this site lies barrows 1783, 5387 and standing stone 1782, whilst 2km to the W lies the prehistoric monument complex at Blaenantrhys, with both locations clearly visible from this

Overlooking the Afon Tyweli to the N

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

42588

NGR

SN40543270

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU FACH

<u>FORM</u>

Earthwork

SAM

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-2

SITE STATUS

CONDITION

В

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

ASSOCIATED WITH

1804

CONSISTS OF

1805:1806

Group PRN for two barrows, 1805 and 1806, with an outlier 1804 located c.375m away to the NE.

Fantastic views out from the hilltop on which this barrow pair are located. These barrows would have been intervisble with a number of other prehistoric funerary and ritual monuments, including barrows 2316,2317, and 2318 on the high ground to the NW, barrow 1804 as an outlier to the pair c.400m to the NE, and barrow 1802 on the high ground rising up to the SW. There were also wide views out through the eastern sector over the valley of Nant Aeron and the high ground up to the ESE on which barrow cemetery 11115 was located.

Lying on high ground separating Afon Duad and Nant Aeron.

<u>PRN</u>

42589

NGR

SN245275

SITE NAME

CASTELL MAWR

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2

SITE STATUS Not Scheduled

CONDITION

Ε

Hillslope/gentle/middle SITING

ASSOCIATED WITH

CONSISTS OF

3928;3929

Group PRN for two barrows, 3928 & 3929, now destroyed.

Good views down the valley of Afon Sien.

Located overlooking the junction of two streams which join to flow as Afon Sien to the SE.

DIGITAL CAMERA

PRN

42590

NGR

SN30651708

SITE NAME

CLYN COCH

FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-2

ROUND BARROW PAIR

SITE STATUS

Not Scheduled

CONDITION

D

SITING

Floodplain/flat/edge

ASSOCIATED WITH

10093

CONSISTS OF

13019;42526

Group PRN for two barrows, 13019 & 42526 (the latter site destroyed), with an outlier 10093 c.300m away to the NE.

To the S it is possible to see the Taf estuary, visible as a topographic change as opposed to being able to see the water itself, but nonetheless a significant view. To the E/NE the view is dominated by hills with ridges to

Located on the floodplain of the Afon Cywyn which flows down to the Taf estuary to the S.

DIGITAL CAMERA

<u>PRN</u>

42591

NGR

SN39702415

SITE NAME

CRUGIAU GARN FAWR

Earthwork **FORM**

SITE TYPE

ROUND BARROW PAIR

SAM

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Mound-circular-2

C

SITE STATUS

SITING

Local summit/flat/top

CONDITION

ASSOCIATED WITH 2270

CONSISTS OF

2259;2260

Group PRN for two barrows, 2259 & 2260 aligned roughly SE-NW and adjacent to henge monument 2270.

Commanding views achieved all around the landscape with the Preselis and Frenni Fawr to the W and WNW, Lundy Island and the sea to the SSW and Black Mountain and the Towy valley to the ESE.

The site overlooks the Gwili valley to the N, the Towy valley to the ESE and the sea to the S. Also located close to some natural springs.

<u>PRN</u> 42592 <u>NGR</u> SN50253555

SITE NAME MYNYDD LLANFIHANGEL RHOS-Y-CORN FORM Earthwork

SITE TYPE ROUND BARROW GROUP

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE Cairn-circular-3 SITE STATUS SAM (part)

<u>SITING</u>

CONDITION D

ASSOCIATED WITH
CONSISTS OF 712;11590;13590

 $Group\ PRN\ for\ a\ group\ of\ three\ barrows\ on\ top\ of\ Mynydd\ Llanfihangel\ Rhos-y-Com.$

Appendix 3 LIST OF PLACE-NAME SITES EXTRACTED FROM THE SMR

The distribution of these sites recorded in the SMR from documentary sources or placename evidence is shown on Figure 22.

PRN	Site name	Site type	NGR
822	CAE GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN5942
1241	PARC Y GARREG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN300248
1242	MAENLLWYD INN	STANDING STONE?	SN27702115
1748	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN488216
1786	DOL GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN447362
1790	CAE GARREG LWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN46043951
1836	ST LLWNI'S CHURCH;ST	CIST	SN47344129
	LLONIO'S CHURCH		
2143	PEN-Y-MOELFRE	ROUND BARROW?	SN34171590
2225	LLAIN WEN	ROUND BARROW	SN31062938
2227	BLAEN-PARSEL	STANDING STONE	SN324289
2249	CAE'R GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN315239
3386	TROEDYRHIW	STANDING STONE?	SN576394
3838	TREMOILET SCHOOL	CIST	SN22630901
4723	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN51071714
4733	GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN53471486
4761	CAE GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN50763662
4907	PARC CARREG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN11861870
4914	PARC GARN WEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN14551836
4955	PARC Y DOMEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN181277
4957	PARC Y MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN12362379
4958	PARC Y GARREG LWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN13132359
4969	PARC CARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN18202373
4970	PARC GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN18222424
5042	STONE PARC	STANDING STONE?	SN245085
5049	PARC Y TWMP	ROUND BARROW?	SN29791608
5060	PARC Y MEINI	STANDING STONE?	SN26671375
	LLWYDION;FIELD OF THE		
	HOARS		
5063	PARC Y GARREG; PARC MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN25441194
5091	PARC MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN29423553
5093	PARC CRUG MAWR	ROUND BARROW?	SN29753693
5094	PANT Y GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN29553787
5204	CAE GARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN29073256
5236	PARC Y MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN334190
5252	PARC GARN UCHA	ROUND BARROW?	SN36882553
5259	PARC PEN Y GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN30953633

5355	GARN WEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN49891800
5356	GARN FACH;GARN FAWR	ROUND BARROW?	SN41301226
5359	PARC Y MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN40701298
5361	PARC TWMPATH	ROUND BARROW?	SN446255
5373	GARN FACH	ROUND BARROW?	SN43862271
5374	PARC PEN Y GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN44882385
5390	CAE MAEN SION	STANDING STONE?	SN47673985
5654	CAE'R HEN GARREG	STANDING STONE?	SN48584006
5692	TWMPATH	ROUND BARROW?	SN32332828
5826	CARNAU	ROUND BARROW?	SN29852803
7314	CAE GARREG FAWR CLUN	STANDING STONE?	SN31393641
	GOSEN		
7315	PEN Y GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN310376
7417	PARC PEN CARN FAWR	ROUND BARROW?	SN21322346
7458	PARC Y GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN297255
7729	CRUGYNFARCH	ROUND BARROW?	SN34243615
8031	PARC Y TUMP	ROUND BARROW?	SN259193
8032	STONE	STANDING STONE?	SN271164
8034	WAUN FACH TUMULUS	ROUND BARROW?	SN272161
8046	PARC NEWYDD; CASTELL	STANDING STONE	SN25511474
	STONE		
8052	PARC MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN263268
8053	PARC Y MAEN GWYN	STANDING STONE?	SN285280
8055	PARC MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN287260
8056	PARC GARREG	STANDING STONE?	SN287260
8359	LLAINGARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN420184
9923	MEINI-GWYR	STONE PAIR	SN141263
10214	PARC CERRIG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN338171
10215	PARC MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN35851730
10216	PARC CERRIG	STANDING STONE?	SN353170
10594	CEFN HIRAETH; CEFN ARETH	ROUND BARROW	SN3437
		CEMETERY?	
10723	CAE MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN458103
	BACH;CAE MAEN LLWYD		
	MAWR		
10724	GARN WEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN467108
10729	GARN LLWYD	ROUND BARROW?	SN451106
10730	CAE MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN478138
10755	PARC CARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN257183
10756	PARC CARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN252184
10757	PARC MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN262200
10758	PARC FFOS Y GARREG;PARK	STANDING STONE?	SN239192
	FOSSE Y GARREG;P	·	
10761	PARC MAINE	STANDING STONE?	SN236185
10770	ALLT Y GARREG;PARK ALLT	STANDING STONE?	SN264204
			•

	Y GARREG		
10804	CAE GARREG	STANDING STONE?	SN50031720
10805	CAE GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN49151722
10806	CAE GRAIG	STANDING STONE?	SN49431655
10807	CAE MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN49951590
10808	TIR GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN50251570
10809	CAE GRAIG	STANDING STONE?	SN51491610
10810	CAE MAIN;CAE MAIN ISHA	STANDING STONE?	SN52631716
10811	GARN LLWYD	ROUND BARROW?	SN541162
10812	GRAIG WARTHIG;GRAIG	STANDING STONE?	SN540161
	FACH;GRAIG SEETH;GRA	on the brone.	5115 10101
10813	GRAIG FACH	STANDING STONE?	SN53271612
10814	CAE MAIN;SARN Y MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN513153
10816	CAE GARRIG	STANDING STONE?	SN51951380
10840	CORS Y MAEN LLWYD CAE'R	STANDING STONE?	SN561158
	MAEN LLWYD	51111151110 510112.	511501150
10843	CAER GARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN547171
10851	GARREG LWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN51041870
10852	CAE MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN541177
	BACH;CAE'R MAENLLWYD		0110 111,
10854	CAE MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN518196
	PELLAF;CAE MAEN LLWYD		
10856	CAE'R GARREG LWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN526199
10858	CAE MAEN LLWYD GWNDWN	STANDING STONE?	SN530202
10863	CAER GARREG	STANDING STONE?	SN517155
10864	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN187207
10866	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN188203
10867	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN179206
10868	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN162203
10869	PARK Y CRUG; PARK BERTH ROUND BARROW? SN171		SN171204
	CRUG		
10870	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN165212
10873	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN166198
10874	DDOL GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN160191
11164	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN244120
11165	PARK Y CERRIG	STANDING STONE?	SN232124
11166	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN247131
11167	STONE PARK;PARC CERRIG	STANDING STONE?	SN242127
11187	PARC CERRIG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN35301335
11188	PARC Y CARREG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN334126
11189	PARC Y MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN331108
11190	PARC CERRIG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN36901480
11191	PARC CERRIG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN34201125
11194	PARC MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN34701370
11195	PARC LLWYN MAIN ISSA	STANDING STONE?	SN35151410

11196	PARC MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN355143
11197	PARC MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN34751100
11198	PARC MAIN SLANG	STANDING STONE?	SN35851205
11211	CAE GARREG LWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN374103
11212	PARK MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN372101
11213	CAE MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN3811
11214	PARK Y MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN38551080
11216	PARK MAIN DAN UDLAN	STANDING STONE?	SN38751050
11218	PARK CRIG BACH	ROUND BARROW?	SN392101
11219	PARK MAIN BACH	STANDING STONE?	SN39341000
11220	PARK MAEN MAWR	STANDING STONE?	SN39150985
11221	CAE MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN38900945
11223	LLAIN FAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN387094
11227	LLANSAINT TUMP	ROUND BARROW?	SN387082
11229	PARK MAIN (etc)	STANDING STONE?	SN3709
11231	PARK CARREG LLOYD	STANDING STONE?	SN368090
11232	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN369085
11284	PARK MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN397113
11285	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN401114
11286	PARK Y GRAIG	STANDING STONE?	SN432137
11287	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN424138
11288	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN417133
11289	CAE MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN429126
11290	CAE MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN432264
11291	PARK MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN436158
11292	PARK MAEN UCHA	STANDING STONE?	SN432164
11293	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN430167
11294	CAE MAEN UCHA;CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN423171
	ISA		
11295	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN417162
11296	CAE MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN436154
11297	MAEN DY WRTH CEFN TY	STANDING STONE?	SN411154
11298	PARK CANOL MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN412148
11299	PARK Y MAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN407130
11300	BRGWIN GARREG	STANDING STONE?	SN394126
11301	CAE GRAIG	STANDING STONE?	SN4015
11302	CAE CARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN401118
11305	LLANGARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN423172
11306	LLAIN PEN Y GAR	ROUND BARROW?	SN428148
11307	PARK PEN Y CRUG	ROUND BARROW?	SN395121
11308	LLAIN GARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN408166
11320	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN411143
11610	CROFT THE	CIST GRAVE	SN30191128
		CEMETERY	
11668	PLAS-MAEN-LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN177211

. . .

11703	PARK MAEN;RHYD-MAEN- GWYN	STANDING STONE?	SN224290
11704	PARK CARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN227287
11706	PARK CRIG R'ADARN	ROUND BARROW?	SN220284
11709	CARREG DDU	STANDING STONE?	SN2029
11710	PARK MAEN GWYN	STANDING STONE?	
11711	PARK CERRIG GWYNION		SN212283
11711		STANDING STONE?	SN215284
	CWM CARREG UCHAF;CWM CARREG ISAF	STANDING STONE?	SN218279
11714	PARKMAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN214278
11715	PARK MAEN GWYN	STANDING STONE?	SN203275
11716	PARK MAEN LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN198283
11720	PARK CARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN204266
11721	PARK MAEN GWYN;PARK	STANDING STONE?	SN201266
	MAEN GWYN UCHAF;PARK		
11723	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN197267
11724	CARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN195268
11726	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN186268
11736	PARK MAIN ISAF	STANDING STONE?	SN28251322
11737	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN27361458
11738	PARK CERRIG LLWYDION	STANDING STONE?	SN27051410
11739	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN28181225
11740	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN27731272
11741	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN25221115
11742	PARK MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN26951475
11743	GREAT STONE PARK	STANDING STONE?	SN27521034
11748	CARREG FACH NANT JACK	STANDING STONE?	SN35701092
11749	PARC CARREG ISAF;PARC	STANDING STONE?	SN24501475
	CARREG UCHAF		
11752	PARC MAIN	STANDING STONE?	SN25701420
11753	CARN ISAF	ROUND BARROW?	SN25901395
11957		INHUMATION-MASS	SN45621398
	KENTIGERN		51115021576
11980	MAEN Y PRENVOL	STANDING STONE	SN64NW
	GWALLTGWYN		D110 11111
12068	GARREG LLWYD	STANDING STONE?	SN431403
12106	CARREG WEN	STANDING STONE?	SN28703155
12122	PARC Y DOMEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN148247
12130	CRUG-LLWYD	ROUND BARROW?	SN28853675
12159	CLYNMAENLLWYN	STANDING STONE?	SN3530
12160	TRIOLMAENGWYN	STANDING STONE?	SN3934
12166	MAEN-LLWYD	STANDING STONE? STANDING STONE?	SN3934 SN3215
12175	MAENLLWYD	STANDING STONE? STANDING STONE?	SN373214
12173	MAENLEW ID MAEN Y PRENVOL	STANDING STONE? STANDING STONE?	SN64574790
13035	GLANDY CROSS	COVE?	SN04374790 SN1426
13033	OPVIAD I CKOPP	COVE:	9141470

13083	CAE DOMMEN HEN	ROUND BARROW?	SN5829
13084	CAE'R DOMMEN ISSA	ROUND BARROW?	SN5829
13366	Y WAEN FAEN	STANDING STONE?	SN525126
14217	MAEN LLOID Y	STANDING STONE	SN421408
36312	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	CIST	SN48991348
36313	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	CLEARANCE CAIRN	SN49351381
36314	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	CLEARANCE CAIRN	SN49421361
36315	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	RING BARROW	SN49501365
36316	MYNYDD LLANGENDEIRNE	ROUND BARROW	SN49451360

Appendix 4 SITES RECORDED FROM CROPMARK EVIDENCE

Where possible all cropmark sites were visited and are recorded within their relevant site type. Figure 23 shows the distribution of cropmark sites in the west Carmarthenshire area.

List of sites

PRN	Site name	Site type	NGR
1084	Maen-Gwyn	Round barrow?	SN13892607
1085	Ty-Newydd-Pant	Round barrow?	SN14162644
1086	Maen-Gwyn	Round barrow?	SN13932621
1223	Glandy Cross	Round barrow?	SN14052625
1730	Turbary	Round barrow?	SN46682632
2300	Blaen-Ffynnon	Round barrow?	
SN3	34873108		
3879	Eithin Fach	Round barrow?	SN27591593
9765	Cross Inn	Round barrow?	SN14052670
10746	Crugiau	Round barrow?	SN48073342
14237	Clos Teg	Henge?	SN45501500
14338	Llangan V	Enclosure	SN17051878
14340	Llangan IV	Enclosure	SN17201895
14341	Llangan VI	Enclosure	SN17911915
27045	Zabulon	Round barrow group?	SN24601620

Appendix 5 NEW SITES ADDED TO THE SMR

In total, 53 new prehistoric funerary and ritual sites have been added to the SMR, including the group PRNs added as a hierarchy over existing sites. The distribution of these sites is shown on Figure 24.

A total of 23 sites were newly discovered and are listed below. 6 prehistoric monument complexes, 1 round barrow cemetery, 9 round barrow groups and 13 round barrow pairs were also added to the SMR.

List of new sites

PRN	Site name	Site type	NGR	Condition
42505	Pencwnc	√Round barrow?	SN4630526387	D
42506	Meini Gwyn	Ring cairn?	SN45962612	D
42507	Pen Pal	X Standing stone	SN54851885	В
42508	Pen Pal	✓ Round barrow?	SN54881882	D
42509	Pen Pal	✓ Round barrow?	SN54851884	D
42510	Crugiau Moelvre	Round barrow	SN3256936103	D
42511	Bronyscawen	 Round barrow 	SN2119426172	C
42512	Ty-Matiau		SN35483452	C
42513	Berilandawel	→ Standing stone	SN1718228030	В
42514	Berllandawel	✓ Standing stone	SN1717327980	В
42515	Meini Gwyn	Round barrow	SN4597226116	\mathbf{D}
42516	Blaenberem	Standing stone/pair?	SN4985413464	C
42517	Capel Dyddgen	∨Round barrow?	SN4623212492	D
42518	Morfa Bychan	O Cup marked stone	SN22130751	В
42519	Morfa Bychan	O Cup marked stone	SN22157590	В
42520	Gellidewi Uchaf	Round barrow	SN5900244098	C
42521	Gellidewi Uchaf	Round barrow	SN5928143720	C
42522	Gellidewi Uchaf	✓Round barrow?	SN5409543862	D
42523	Blaenycwm	Round barrow	SN5937943538	C
42524	Blaenycwm	 Round barrow 	SN5936443438	D
42525	Treparcau	Round barrow	SN28252725	E
42526	Clyn Coch	Round barrow	SN30721706	E
42527	Meini Ty-Rhos	Stone pair?	SN3153414120	M

Appendix 6 LIST OF CREMATIONS AND INHUMATIONS

All the cremation and inhumation sites extracted from the SMR had no visible archaeological presence in the landscape and so were not visited during the fieldwork phase of the project. These sites are listed below and their distribution shown on Figure 25.

PRN	Site name	Site type	NGR	Condition
655	Drawsdre Isaf	Cremation?	SN547154	Finds
806	Rhydowen	Cremation	SN560447	Finds
1663	Pencelli	Cremation?	SN186273	Finds
1788	Pen-y-Lan	Cremation	SN43023929	Finds
2243	Pantykendy	Cremation	SN3423	Finds
3842	St Lawrences Church	Cremation	SN20710893	Finds
3381	Felin Bele	Inhumation	SN440353	Finds
3851	Coygan	Inhumation	SN28550927	Struct/E
3858	Coygan	Inhumation?	SN285091	Finds
14407	Pont Glan-Rhydw	Cremation	SN43531285	Buried/E
14420	Castle Street	Inhumation	SN309407	Finds

PREHISTORIC FUNERARY & RITUAL SITE PROJECT WEST CARMARTHENSHIRE 2000-2001

REPORT NUMBER 2001/25

14
MARCH 2001
This report has been prepared by Nikki Bestley
This report has been prepared by Mikki Bestley
Position Project Officer
Signature N.J. Restley Date 15" March 2001
This report has been checked and approved by Ken Murphy on behalf of Cambria Archaeology,
Dyfed Archaeological Trust Ltd.
Position Deputy Director
W
Signature Date 21.03.01
As part of our desire to provide a quality service we would welcome any comments you may have
on the content or presentation of this report