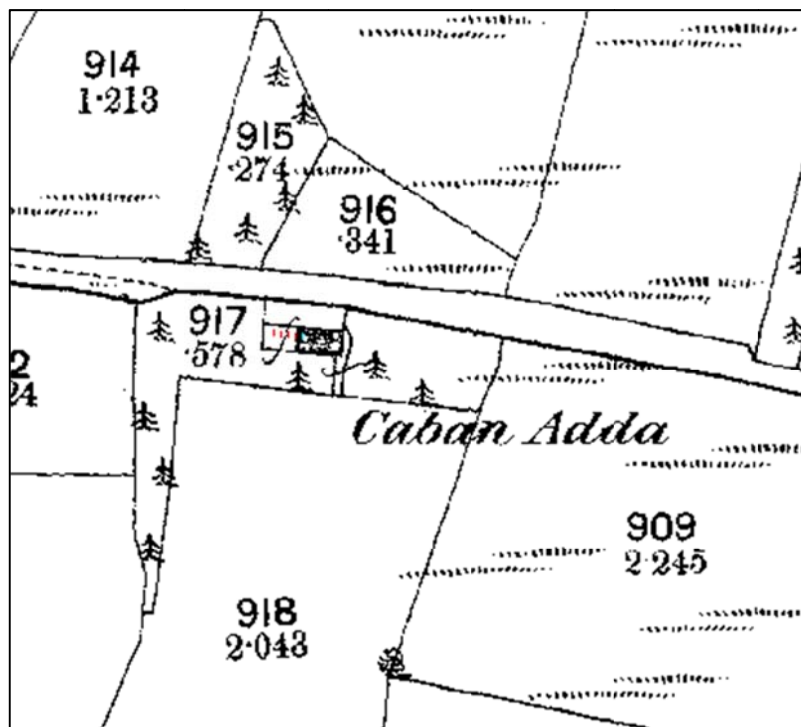


Historic Environment Feature Management Report:

Cabin Adda, Ruined Cottage

Customer Reference Number: A0028402

UID: 310,046



Detail from the Ordnance Survey 1st edition map (1891) © and database right Crown copyright and Landmark Information Group Ltd (All rights reserved 08/05/2012)

This management plan has been produced by Dyfed Archaeological Trust Heritage Management to inform the positive management of the identified Priority Historic Environment Feature. The identified management outcome will meet the objective for the Historic Environment Feature Targeted Layer as part of the Glastir Land Management Scheme.

PRN 9483 Name CABIN-ADDA

Period Post-medieval **Site Type** Cottage

NGR SN6244249047

Site Description

A late 18th/early 19th century ruined cottage. The first currently known reference is its depiction on the Cellan Tithe Map of the 1840s where it is marked as Cabin Adda. It is shown as being on the road side at the boundary between the enclosed land and the open landscape of Cellan Common. This area was brought into cultivation in the late 18th century which places the origins of Cabin Adda in the late 18th/ early 19th century. It is shown on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map of 1891 surrounded by small regular fields which were part of the enclosure of that part of the common in the late 19th century. It appears again on the 1906 mapping but by this time appears to have been abandoned. Its size and location on the roadside on the margins of enclosed land suggests it started as a squatter dwelling, one of a number of small properties which developed on the edges of marginal land. It was then incorporated into the widespread but short lived expansion of settlement onto the upland margins of open common evidenced by the numerous abandoned farmsteads and cottages indicating the area had a larger population than today.

The holding includes the remains of a three cell cottage and associated outbuildings within a walled enclosure. At a field visit in 2000 the walls survived to a height of 1.5m. The outbuilding appears to have been an open sided lean to structure and only the east wall survived to any height. The building is shown on the most recent Ordnance Survey Mapping (Mastermap, 2011). On aerial photographs (Next Perspectives, 2009) the complex is partly obscured by vegetation but surviving stone walls can be identified.

Management Issues

The main management issue for this site is the control of vegetation which has the potential to damage buried archaeological remains through the disruptive activity of root development, and built structural remains by the prising apart of masonry bonds. Excessive vegetation cover can provide shelter for livestock and for burrowing animals which can also cause damage. It also leads to archaeological features being obscured from sight.

Desired Management Outcome

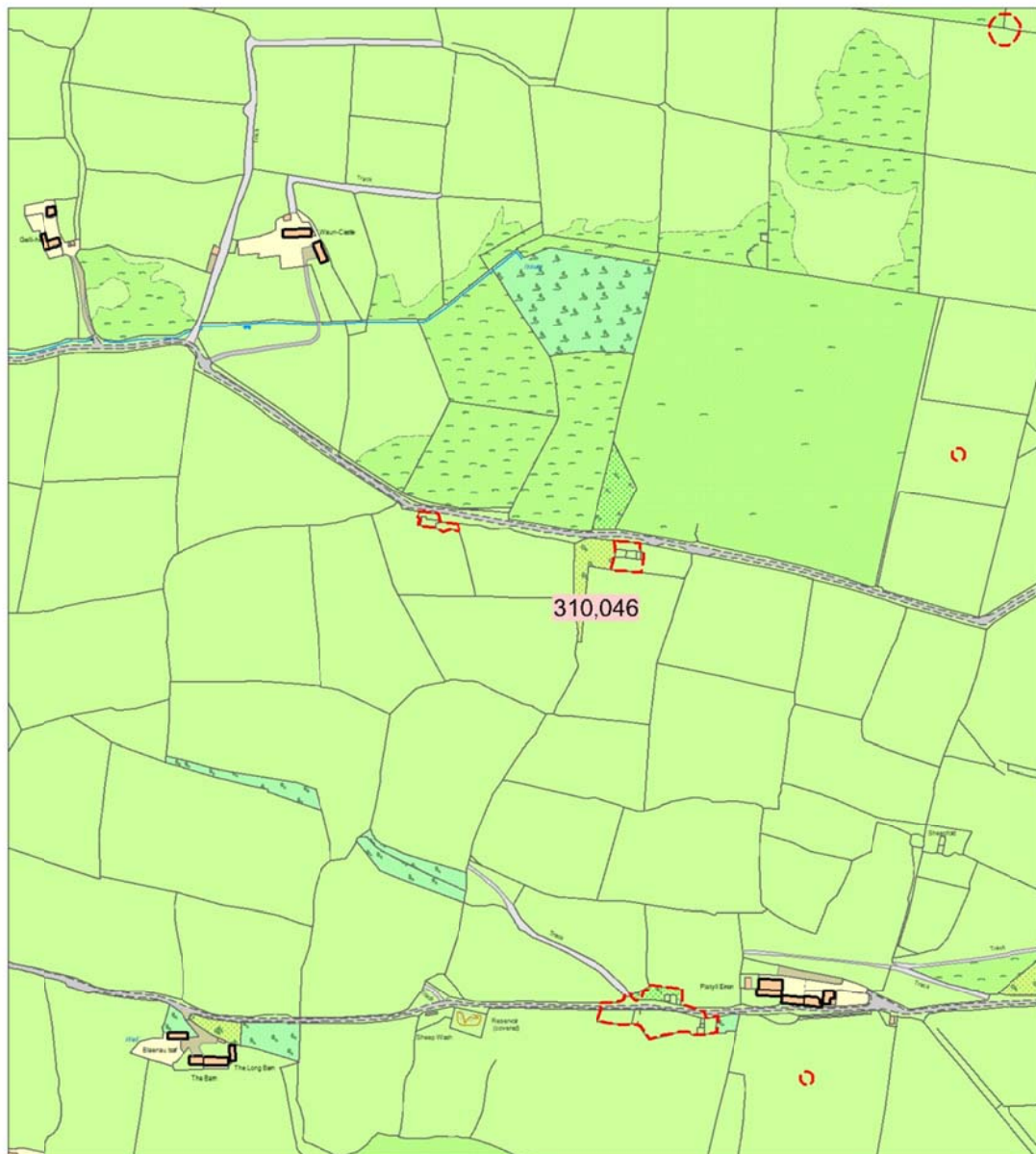
The desired outcome is to arrest any further damage to the standing remains and buried deposits of the building and the enclosure boundaries and to make the remains more visible in the landscape.

Management Actions

The following management actions are required in order to keep the structures in a stable and visible condition:

- Cut back vegetation by hand in order to prevent further damage and to enhance the visibility of the structure.
 - Do not pull-up by the roots as this is potentially destabilising to masonry bonds.
 - Spot treat to prevent re-growth – Secure any existing viable corrugated roof coverings to prevent further degradation of the stonework
-

Location Map



Historic Environment Feature UID 310,046

Aerial Photograph



© Next Perspectives. Welsh Assembly Government 2009



Historic Environment Feature UID 310,046

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[05.08.13](#)

Archaeological data, from the Regional Sites and Monuments Record, supplied by The Dyfed Archaeological Trust in partnership with Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX DAT, 2011 (and in part Crown, 2011 [08.05.13](#) - HTML file produced for Glastir management report, DAT file number [443](#)).

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