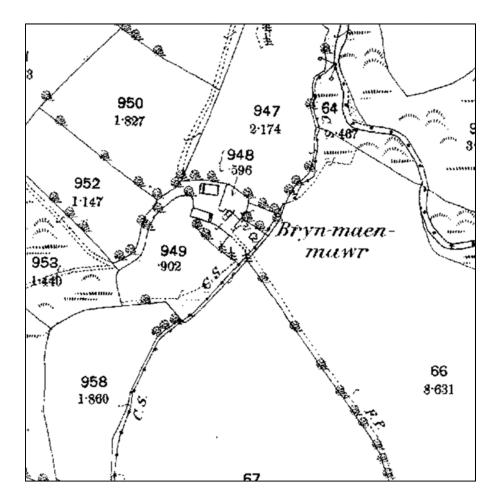
Historic Environment Feature Management Report:

Bryn Maen Mawr Ruined Farmstead

Customer Reference Number: A0025576

UID: 309802



Detail from the Ordnance Survev 1st edition map (1889) © and database right Crown copyright and Landmark Information Group Ltd (All rights reserved 08/05/2012)



This management plan has been produced by Dyfed Archaeological Trust Heritage Management to inform the positive management of the identified Priority Historic Environment Feature. The identified management outcome will meet the objective for the Historic Environment Feature Targeted Layer as part of the Glastir Land Management Scheme.

PRN 9211 Name BRYN-MAEN-MAWR
Period Post-medieval Site Type FARMSTEAD
NGR SN53556231

Site Description

A minor farmstead named as Bryn Maen Mawr on the Ordnance Survey 1st edition map (1889). It includes two opposing ranges of rectangular buildings one the farm house and the other a separate barn. There are two small fields around the buildings, which may have been gardens or paddocks.

The buildings are not shown on the most recent Ordnance Survey mapping (Mastermap 2011). However recent aerial photographs (Ordnance Survey Next Perspectives 2009) clearly show the remains of walls of the buildings and fields now ruined and partly overgrown with vegetation and rough grass.

Management Issues

The main management issue for this site is the control of vegetation which has the potential to damage both buried archaeological remains and the built structure.

Desired Management Outcome

The desired management outcome is to reduce further decay of the built structural remains and to keep them in a stable and visible condition

Management Actions

The following management recommendations are required in order to keep the structure in a stable condition:

- Cut back vegetation by hand in order to prevent further damage and to enhance the visibility of the structure.
- Do not pull-up by the roots as this is potentially destabilising to masonry bonds.
- Manage livestock levels on the ruins by fencing where appropriate.

Management Opportunities

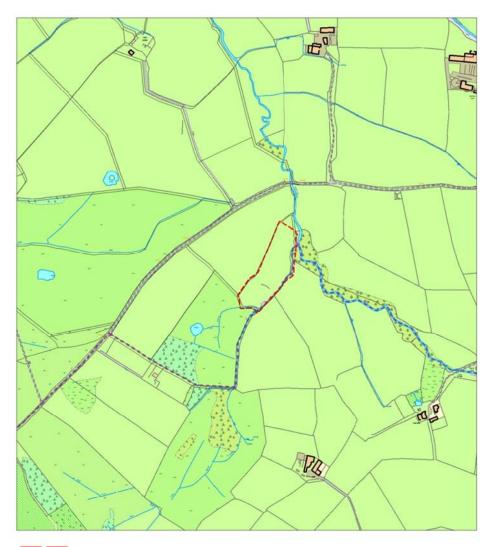
It may be desirable to carry out a programme of masonry consolidation and repointing in order to make the structure safe. Contact Dyfed Archaeological Trust for further advice.

Glastir Whole Farm Code

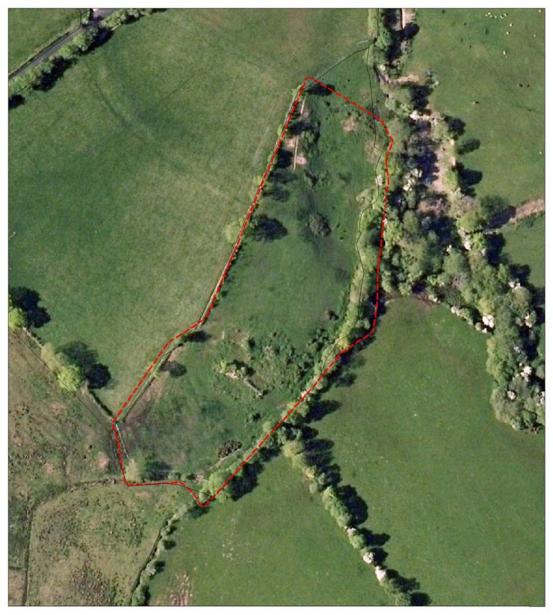
Please also remember that, unless we have indicated otherwise, the Glastir Whole Farm Code should be observed for all historic features on your farm. The Whole Farm Code states that you must not damage any historic feature identified on your agreement map. Definitions of damage to a historic feature include ANY of the following:

- Ground disturbance or excavation especially extending beneath topsoil.
- Dumping or storage of material, including temporary storage.
- Removal of any material, including stones, soil or subsoil.
- Visible signs of active erosion (loss and disturbance of topsoil) caused by livestock and vehicles or other agricultural practice.
- Planting trees.
- Allowing scrub to develop.
- Ploughing or reseeding.
- Displacing individual stone features.

Location Map



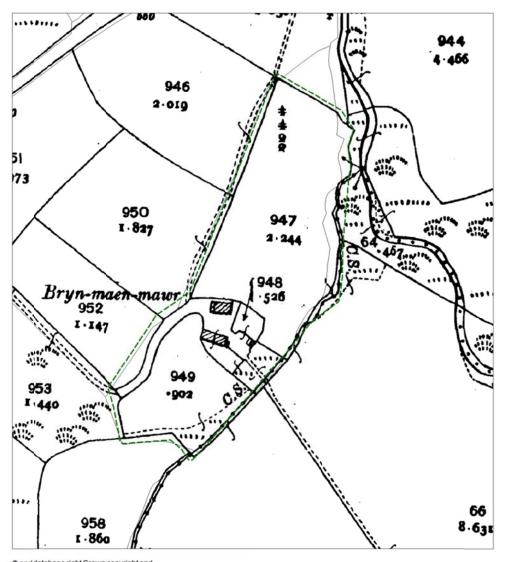
Aerial Photograph



© Next Perspectives. Welsh Assembly Government 2009



Detail from the Ordnance Survey 2nd edition map (1907)



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Archaeological data, from the Regional Sites and Monuments Record, supplied by The Dyfed Archaeological Trust in partnership with Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX DAT, 2011 (and in part Crown, 2011).