

## CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING

Pays

#### **BASELINE 1995**

A

OS 1:1000 SHEET: SM/SN 79	GRID REF: SM/SN 7643 9431				
PRN: 1354 SITE NAME: Camedolan	PRN: 1354 SITE NAME: Cameddau Hafod Unnog.				
AIR PHOTO No 650 - 91	LANDSCAPE TYPE: IIa				
DATE SURVEYED: 25/10/95	SURVEYED BY: G. HOPWOOD				
ACCESS: Land owned by Mr 9. Jones, Cumyrhaiadr fm, Glaspwll. Tel: 01654 702223.  Access wa brack from farm. (get key from above)					

B

### LAND COVER:

SITE: SNRG - Calluna / Vaccinium with Newdus.

HALO: similar to above. Doggy sheet with mawn pools on flatter areas.

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**BASELINE 1995** 

**PRN** 

 $\boldsymbol{C}$ 

### LAND MANAGEMENT:

SITE: Rough grazing - unimproved moonland

regetation.

HALO: As above.

D

DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT: A natural rocky mound covered with calluna / vacainium and novolus with the cairh built on top. Not immediatly obvious as such because of continuous vegetation cover which makes the natural landform and the earn blend into each other.

Natural mound some 2m high, ovoid in shape

F

# POTENTIALLY THREATENING FACTORS: (see Table 1)

Very exposed position - highert point in area at 500mt. Vegetation come is however good and there appears little damage from livestock. Monoment is probably stable at present and under little threat.

F

RATE OF DECAY:

(STABLE)

**SLOW** 

RAPID

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#### **BASELINE 1995**

Philos 7/8- Le main

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO FIELD SURVEYS PAGE..... OF..... PRN: The longest axis being 18-20m. The cairn itself is some 4-6m in diameter with a beignt of less man 1 metre. Hollow on top of cains contains quartz boulders. Sheep tracks obutions up the faces of monoment. quartz boulders Second mound - cairn site?? sheep brack, view booking West. quartz boulders Plan view

4800

POTENTIALLY TH				
AGENT	PRES	ENT	ACTION	SIGNIFICANCE
ANIMALS	Y	N	Burrowing - badgers, foxes, rabbits	Damage/disturbance to underground artefacts
	Y	N	Overgrazing - cattle, horses, sheep	Loss of vegetation cover/soil
	Y	N	Poaching - cattle, horses, sheep	Damage to vegetation cover, leading to erosion
	Y	N	Rubbing point 'erosion focus point - cattle. horses, sheep	As above, plus possible damage to upstanding features
HUMAN	Y	N	Demolition or removal of monument	Active removal of artefacts/monument
	Y	N	Rubbish dumping	Infilling/contamination
	Y	N	Trampling/poaching - on footpaths/desire lines	Loss of vegetation cover/soil damage resulting
	į			in erosion
	Y	N	Mountain bikes/Motorcross etc	As above
	Y	N	Deep ploughing/Drainage works/Building	Damage/disturbance of artefacts
	Y	N	Shallow cultivation/reseeds	As above
	Y	N	Tree/Scrub removal by uprooting	As above
	Y	N	Scrub burning in bonfires	Intense heat at point source, damage to artefacts and
				alteration of soil profile
VEGETATION	Y	N	Root damage - trees and scrub (especially where deep rooted - heavy crowns)	Damage/disturbance of artefacts
	Y	N	Tree windthrow	Potential massive damage/disturbance
	Y	N	Scrub encroachment - bracken, gorse,	Root or rhizome damage/disturbance
			rhodedendron, thorn	(bracken least significant)
WEATHER/SITE	-	N	High rainfall/windspeeds - exposure	Greater erosion risk than level, non exposed site
FACTORS	Y	N	High gradient	

#### CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

A

OS 1:10,000 SHEET: SN/ <del>SO/SH</del>	GRID REF: SN/ <del>SO/SH</del> 7643 9431		
PRN: 1354 SITE NAME: Carnedow Hafod Wonnog.			
AIR PHOTO No: 650 - 91	LANDSCAPE TYPE:		
No GROUND PHOTOS:			
DATE RESURVEYED:	RESURVEYED BY: W. Somerfield		

IF CHANGES TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE OCCURRED SINCE THE BASELINE, DETAIL THESE CHANGES IN THE APPROPRIATE SECTION OF THE RESURVEY PROFORMA.

A:CHANGES TO ACCESS?

B:CHANGES TO LANDCOVER

C:CHANGES TO LAND MANAGEMENT

D:CHANGES IN DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT

E:CHANGES IN POTENTIALLY THREATENING FACTORS

F:CHANGE IN RATE OF DECAY

NO 🗸	YES
NO /	YES
NO V	YES
NO	YES
NO	YES
NO 🗸	YES

A: ACCESS	

Checkel + QC & 15/6/99

# CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

PRN

B:LANDCOVER	
SITE:	
HALO:	
C:LAND MANAGEMENT	
SITE:	
HALO:	
D:DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT	
	*

E:POTENTIALLY THR	EATENING FACTO	RS (see table 1)		
		(See table 1)		
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# CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO FIELD SURVEYS	PAGE OF PRN:
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WEATHER/SITE	(Y)	N	High rainfall/windspeeds - exposure	Greater erosion risk than level, non exposed site
FACTORS	Y	N	High gradient	