CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING

BASELINE 1995

A

OS 1:1000 SHEET: &M/SN 78	GRID REF: SMISN 7950 8545			
PRN:9177 SITE NAME: PLYNLIMON LEAD MINE				
AIR PHOTO No 650 - 164	LANDSCAPE TYPE: Ia			
No GROUND PHOTOS: 17				
DATE SURVEYED: 26/10/95	SURVEYED BY: G. HOPLIOND			
hack.	coutpaths. Access from culary Physhium frotpath/ s. Thomas. 01970 890 684			

B

LAND COVER:

SITE: Grany SNRC with unvegetated spoil tips, and areas of mine buildings, waterwheel pits etc. Dam has continuous granny snrcq cover.

HALO: Grany SMRG, Agroths / Nardus / Enophonum/

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA. HISTORIC MONITORING

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PRN 9177

 \boldsymbol{C}

LAND MANAGEMENT:

SITE: Rough grazing - Theep present. Does not appear to have been improved to any significant extent. Mine area open to theep, HALO: and spoil heaps have been used as a source of material for road! hack building.

D

DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT: Extensive area of lead mine workings with some interesting features remaining. There include
3 water wheel pirs, I having been filled in, showing remains of himber frames and iron bats A large dam, now breached, approx John wide by lon high.

A shaft winding wheel approx 2m in diameter, intact

E

POTENTIALLY THREATENING FACTORS: (see Table 1)

Damage due to live bock and to a lever extent human access onto site through poaching and direct evolvon. Areas of spoil hips have been removed for brack building. Douping of carcanes in shafts I nateruleed pits. Very little Nobish present.

F

RATE OF DECAY:

STABLE

SLOW

RAPID

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING

BASELINE 1995

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO FIELD SURVEYS PAGE. OF. PRN: 9171

and in good wording . Presently lying wext to back on its side.

Remains of an incline / hamvay from workings higher up the hill above the main like.

At least one fenced off mine shalf with an anociated adit (now blocked).

An exposed adit showing wooden beams in sim. Remains of nine shaff, now killed in, with substantial wooden beams and iron rods pubably the remains of shaft headgear.

A row of wooden pilings vunning from about shaft head to rite of large vakenned pit approx 100m away (location K to F). Could be remains of water shute to power wheel or support for rods taking power from waterwheel to shaft head unding gear.

Oweall condition is quite good, although buildings are becoming indistinct and show/wood structures combling. Some intilling of wheel pits and thatts has taken place and spoil heaps have been dishubed. livesbock seem to favour unive area and are couning damage to features from trampling / wbbing

Area is exposed to elements which will equie slow

deterioration owall, accelerated by animal I human impact.

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING, BASELINE 1995

AGENT	PRESENT	ACTION	SIGNIFICANCE
ANIMALS	Y N	Burrowing - badgers, foxes, rabbits	Damage/disturbance to underground artefacts
	Y N	Overgrazing - cattle, horses, sheep	Loss of vegetation cover/soil
	₩ N	Poaching - cattle, horses, sheep	Damage to vegetation cover, leading to erosion
	N (Y)	Rubbing point/erosion focus point - cattle, horses, sheep	As above, plus possible damage to upstanding features
HUMAN	Y N	Demolition or removal of monument	Active removal of artefacts/monument
	Ŋ N	Rubbish dumping	Infilling/contamination
	Ø N	Trampling/poaching - on footpaths/desire lines	Loss of vegetation cover/soil damage resulting
			in erosion
	Y N	Mountain bikes/Motorcross etc	As above
	Y N	Deep ploughing/Drainage works/Building	Damage/disturbance of artefacts
	Y N	Shallow cultivation/reseeds	As above
	Y N	Tree/Scrub removal by uprooting	As above
	Y N	Scrub burning in bonfires	Intense heat at point source, damage to artefacts and
			alteration of soil profile
VEGETATION	Y N	Root damage - trees and scrub (especially where deep rooted - heavy crowns)	Damage/disturbance of artefacts
	Y N	Tree windthrow	Potential massive damage/disturbance
	Y N	Scrub encroachment - bracken, gorse,	Root or rhizome damage/disturbance
		rhodedendron, thorn	(bracken least significant)
WEATHER/SITE	ŶN	High rainfall/windspeeds - exposure	Greater erosion risk than level, non exposed site
FACTORS	Y N	High gradient	

117/1, 0

Site 9177

Key to Features on map

A	Large waterwheel pit
В	Adit with spoil tip
C	Small waterwheel pit - filled with rocks
D	Fine tailings from crushing mill?
E	Fine tailings from crushing mill?
F	Large waterwheel pit - partially filled with rubble. Timber frame and bolts
	visible.
G	Cast iron winding wheel - 1 - 1.5 m in diameter, intact and lying on its side.
Н	Dam, now breached
I	Remains of incline from shaft higher up hill
J	Fenced off mine shaft
K	Filled in shaft with substantial wooden headgear still in situ
L	Exposed adit with timber stopes visible
M	Extensive area of spoil tips.

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

Α

OS 1:10,000 SHEET: SN/ SO/SH	GRID REF: SN/SO/SH 7950 8575		
PRN: 9177 SITE NAME: PLYNLIMON LEAD MINE			
AIR PHOTO No: 650 - 164	LANDSCAPE TYPE: エ ~		
No GROUND PHOTOS: 17			
DATE RESURVEYED:	RESURVEYED BY: W. SOMORFIELD.		

IF CHANGES TO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE OCCURRED SINCE THE BASELINE, DETAIL THESE CHANGES IN THE APPROPRIATE SECTION OF THE RESURVEY PROFORMA.

A:CHANGES TO ACCESS?

B:CHANGES TO LANDCOVER

C:CHANGES TO LAND MANAGEMENT

D:CHANGES IN DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT

E:CHANGES IN POTENTIALLY THREATENING FACTORS

F:CHANGE IN RATE OF DECAY

NO 🗸	YES
NO .	YES
NO /	YES
NO /	YES
NO 🗸	YES
NO 🗸	YES

m + nws	Thomas	01970	890 684	
	Mu + mus	Mr + mrs Thomas,	Mrt mrs Thomas, 01970	Mr + mrs Thomas, 01970 890 684.

Checked + QCG SANOPWOOD 15/6/99

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

PRN **B:LANDCOVER** SITE: HALO: C:LAND MANAGEMENT SITE: HALO: D:DESCRIPTION/CONDITION OF MONUMENT

E:POTENTIALLY THREATENING FACTORS (see table 1)			
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7			

F
RATE OF DECAY: STABLE SLOW RAPID

CONTINUED?

YES

CAMBRIAN MOUNTAINS ESA, HISTORIC MONITORING RESURVEY 1999

13886 W

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES TO FIELD SURVEYS	PAGE OF PRN:
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		7		
POTENTIALLY THE	REATEN	NING F	FACTORS	
AGENT	PRES	ENT	ACTION	SIGNIFICANCE
ANIMALS	Y 1	N	Burrowing - badgers, foxes, rabbits	Damage/disturbance to underground artefacts
	<u>Y</u> 1	N	Overgrazing - cattle, horses, sheep	Loss of vegetation cover/soil
	(Y)	N	Poaching - cattle, horses, sheep	Damage to vegetation cover, leading to erosion
	(Y)	N	Rubbing point/erosion focus point - cattle,	As above, plus possible damage to upstanding features
			horses, sheep	
HUMAN	(Y) I	N	Demolition or removal of monument	Active removal of artefacts/monument
		N	Rubbish dumping	Infilling/contamination
	(Y) 1	N	Trampling/poaching - on footpaths/desire lines	Loss of vegetation cover/soil damage resulting
	u			in erosion
	Y	N	Mountain bikes/Motorcross etc	As above
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	Y	N	Shallow cultivation/reseeds	As above
	Y	N	Tree/Scrub removal by uprooting	As above
	Y	N	Scrub burning in bonfires	Intense heat at point source, damage to artefacts and
				alteration of soil profile
VEGETATION	Y I	N	Root damage - trees and scrub (especially where deep rooted - heavy crowns)	Damage/disturbance of artefacts
	Y	N	Tree windthrow	Potential massive damage/disturbance
	Y	N	Scrub encroachment - bracken, gorse,	Root or rhizome damage/disturbance
			rhodedendron, thorn	(bracken least significant)
WEATHER/SITE	(Y) 1	N	High rainfall/windspeeds - exposure	Greater erosion risk than level, non exposed site
FACTORS	Y I	N	High gradient	non exposed site